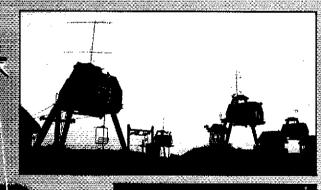
January 1989

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VHF Contesting from the Ski Lifts of Blue Knob





HENRY PADIOLS THE PLAGE. ...THE BEST PLAGE.

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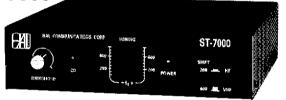


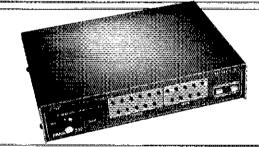
The TEMPO MPP1

...a unique new mobile data printer, includes a packet controller and a 13.6 VDC printer that interfaces with any mobile radio, in a recent user test it proved to have about twice as much audio level range tolerance as other TNCs. It is also an ideal unit for emergency work and a commercial version is perfect for dispatching service, emergency and police vehicles.

HAL Communications' ST-7000

HF-Packet Modem. . . a high performance modem designed specifically for 300 baud HF-Packet. It offers no-compromise performance to assure optimum operation under the most demanding signal conditions. Techniques developed for government and military use are used in the ST-7000. AGC-controlled AM signal processing provides a wide dynamic range. All filters and detectors are optimized for 300 baud HF-Packet. It offers the 200 Hz shift mode and a wider 600 Hz shift mode, each supported by separate 6-pole input filters and a 40 db AGC system.

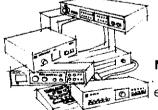




The PK-232 by AEA

...the only controller offering Morse Code, Baudot, ASCII, AMTOR, Packet, and facsimile Transmission & Reception plus the ability to monitor the new Navtex marine weather and navigational system...? modes in one controller. The PK-232 makes any RS-232 compatible computer or terminal the complete amateur digital operating position. All decoding, signal processing and protocol software is on ROM. Only a simple terminal program (like those used with telephone modems) is required to interface the PK-232 with your computer. Watch for the new and exciting AEA FSTV-430. Have fun on amateur TV!

Obviously, we can fill in a system that you have already started. Or we can furnish a complete system to fit your needs and budget. For example, here's some suggestions for the amateur just enterting the exciting field of data communications, or: for the amateur who wants the best available.



NO. 1 For the fun (and very affordable) mode, VHF Packet, AEA PK-88 with personal mailbox, 8K programmable memory and TCP-1P compatability. For serious 20 M world-wide DXing on Packet, 200 or 600 Hz shift...add the superb HAL ST-7000.

NO. 2...top of the line! The HAL ST-8000 or HAL ST-6000 and AEA's PK-232 ...the winning combination. You can't do better for all-mode, all-band enjoyment of hi-speed data communications.

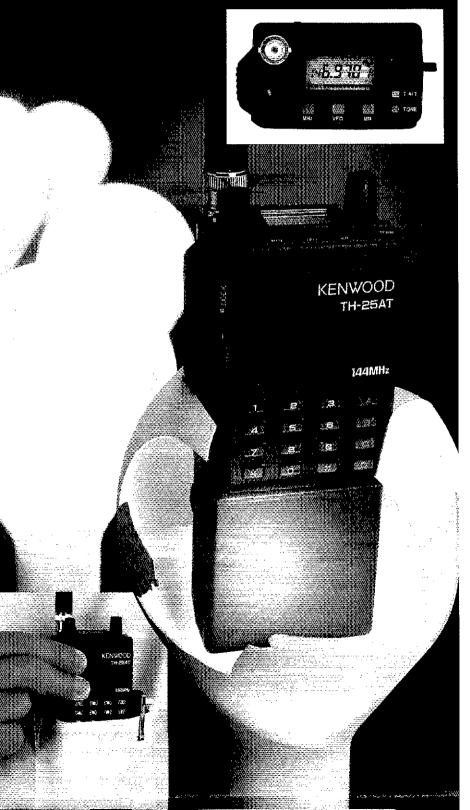
If you have any questions concerning these units, or would like to discuss your requirements with a knowledgeable specialist, please call and ask for George Sanso, AB6A. We also carry a large selection of excellent commercial products for data communications and emergency systems as well as a complete inventory of amateur equipment and linear power amplifiers.



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TH-25AT/45AT

New Pocket Portable Transceivers

The all-new TH-25 Series of pocket transceivers is here! Wide-band frequency coverage, LCD display, 5 watt option, plus...

- Frequency coverage: TH-25AT: 141-163 MHz (Rx); 144-148 MHz (Tx). (Modifiable for MARS/CAP. Permits required.)
- TH-45AT: 438-450 MHz.
- Automatic Power Control (APC) circuit for reliable RF output and final protection.
- 14 memories; two for any "odd split" (5 kHz steps).
- Automatic offset selection (TH-25AT).
- 5 Watts from 12 VDC or PB-8 battery pack.
- Large multi-function LCD display.
- Rotary dial selects memory, frequency, CTCSS and scan direction.
- T-ALERT for quiet monitoring. Tone Alert beeps when squetch is opened.
- Band scan and memory scan.
- Automatic "power off" circuit.
- Water resistant.
- CTCSS encoder/decoder optional (TSU-6).
- Supplied accessories: StubbyDuk, PB-6 battery pack for 2.5 watts output, wall charger, belt hook, wrist strap, water resistant dust caps.



Optional accessories:

PB-5 7.2 V, 200 mAh NiCd pack for 2.5 Woutput • PB-6 7.2 V, 500 mAh NiCd pack • PB-7 7.2 V, 1100 mAh NiCd pack • PB-8 12 V, 500 mAh NiCd for 5 Woutput • PB-9 7.2 V, 600 mAh NiCd with built-in charger • BC-10 Compact charger • BC-11 Rapid charger • BT-6 AAA battery case • DC-1/PG-2V OC adapter • HMC-2 Headset with VOX and PTT • SC-14, 15, 16 Soft cases • SMC-30/31 Speaker mics. • TSU-6 CTCSS ** decode unit • WR-1 Water resistant bag

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Dual Band Radios from ICOM!

Double your operating pleasure with Icom's new dual band IC-3210 mobile and IC-32AT handheld FM transceivers. Each unit incorporates a wealth of special features and options designed to move you into the forefront of today's expanded 2-meter and 440MHz activity. Icom dual banders: the FM enthusiasts dream rigs!

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Optional Beeper. Monitors for calls with your subaudible tone, then gives alerting beeps.

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OUR COVER

VHF contesting from a mountaintop is especially attractive during September's warm days and cool nights. These photos show the W1XX contest team in action at the Blue Knob ski area in rare grid square FN00. Turn to page 97 for complete results of the ARRL September VHF QSO Party. (photos by David Love, KA3JRI)

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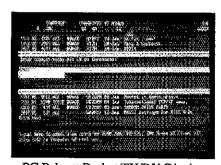


It's a lesson you learn very early in life. Many can be good, some may be better, but only one can be the best. The PK-232 is the best multi-mode data controller you can buy.

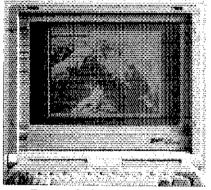
1 Versatility

The PK-232 should be listed in the amateur radio dictionary under the word Versatile. One data controller that can transmit and receive in six digital modes, and can be used with almost every computer or data terminal. You can even monitor Navtex, the new marine weather and navigational system. Don't forget two radio ports for both VHF and HF, and a no compromise VHF/HF/CW internal modem with an eight pole bandpass filter followed by a limiter discriminator with automatic threshold control.

The internal decoding program (SIAM^{tm)} feature can even identify different types of signals for you, including some simple types of RTTY encryption. The only software your computer needs is a terminal program.



PC Pakratt Packet TX/RX Display



Facsimile Screen Display

2 Software Support

While you can use most modem or communications programs with the PK-232, AEA has two very special packages available exclusively for the PK-232....PC Pakratt with Fax for IBM PC and compatible computers, and Com Pakratt with Fax for the Commodore 64 and 128.

Each package includes a terminal program with split screen display, QSO buffer, disk storage of received data, and printer operation, and a second program for transmission/reception and screen display of facsimile signals. The IBM programs are on 5-1/4" disk and the Commodore programs are plug-in ROM cartridges.

3 Proven Winner

No matter what computer or terminal you plan to use, the PK-232 is the best choice for a multi-mode data controller. Over 20,000 amateurs around the world have on-air tested the PK-232 for you. They, along with most major U.S. amateur magazines, have reviewed the PK-232 and found it to be a good value and excellent addition to the ham station.

No other multi-mode controller offers the features and performance of the PK-232. Don't be fooled by imitations. Ask your friends, or call the local amateur radio store. We're confident the PK-232 reputation will convince you that it's time to order your very own PK-232.

Call an authorized AEA dealer today. You deserve the best you can buy, you deserve the PK-232.

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corner of the globe, not by changing its shape, but by improving the performance of your ham station.

A4S has all of the features that you expect from a premium 20-15-10 meter beam, with high power precision tuned traps, optimum element spacing on a rugged 2" diameter boom, high strength fiberglass insulators and all stainless steel hardware. a clean radiation pattern. You can also corner 40 meters with a simple add-on kit.

Specifications: Forward gain and front to back ratio excellent, power rating 2KW PEP, boom length 18', longest element 32', turn radius 18.4', wind load 5.5 ft, weights 37 lbs.

Your fellow hams agree about our products: Love the A4, it's my



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S-440S Compact high performance HF transceiver with general coverage receiver

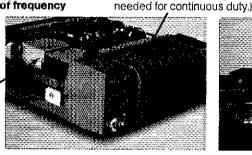
Kenwood's advanced digital know-how brings Amateurs world-wide "big-rig" performance in a compact package. We call it "Digital DX-citement"-that special feeling you get every time you turn the power on!

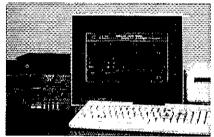
- . © Covers All Amateur bands General coverage receiver tunes from 100 kHz-30 MHz. Easily modified for HF MARS operation.
- Direct keyboard entry of frequency
- e All modes built-in USB, LSB, CW, AM, FM. and AFSK. Mode selection is verified in Morse Code.
- Built-in automatic antenna tuner (optional)
- Covers 80-10 meters.
- VS-1 voice synthesizer (optional)

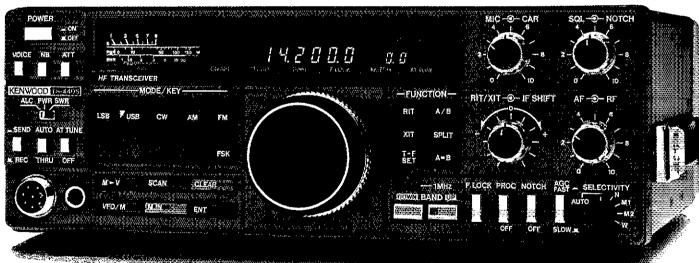
- Superior receiver dynamic range Kenwood DynaMıx™ high sensitivity direct mixing system ensures true 102 dB receiver dynamic range, (500 Hz bandwidth on 20 m)
- e 100% duty cycle transmitter Super efficient cooling permits continuous key-down for periods exceeding one hour. RF input power is rated at 200 W PEP on SSB, 200 W DC on CW, AFSK, FM, and 110 W DC AM, (The PS-50 power supply is
- * Adjustable dial torque
- € 100 memory channels

Frequency and mode may be stored in 10 groups of 10 channels each, Split frequencies may be stored in 10 channels for repeater operation.

- TU-8 CTCSS unit (optional)
- Superb interference reduction IF shift, tuneable notch filter, noise blanker, all-mode squelch, RF attenuator, RIT/XIT. and optional filters fight QRM.
- MC-43S UP/DOWN mic. included
- Computer interface port
 - 5 IF filter functions
 - e Dual SSB IF filtering A built-in SSB filter is standard. When an optional SSB filter (YK-88S or YK-88SN) is installed, dual filtering is provided.
 - e VOX. full or semi break-in CW
 - AMTOR compatible







Optional accessories:

 AT-440 internal auto, aritenna tuner (80 m−10 m) AT-250 external auto, tuner (160 m-10 m) ● AT-130 compact mobile antenna tuner (160 m-10 m) •1F-232C/IC-10 level translator and modem IC kit • PS-50 heavy duty power supply • PS-430/ PS-30 DC power supply • SP-430 external speaker • MB-430 mobile mounting bracket 88SN 2.4 kHz/1.8 kHz SSB filters • MC-60A/80/85 desk microphones • MC-55 (8P) mobile microphone . HS-5/6/7 headphones . SP-40/50B mobile speakers • MA-5/VP-1 HF 5 band mobile helical antenna and bumper mount • TL-922A 2 kw PEP linear amplifier • SM-220 station monitor ◆VS-1 voice synthesizer ◆SW-100A/200A/2000 SWR/power meters • TU-8 CTCSS tone unit PG-2S extra DC cable.





Complete service manuals are available for all Kenwood transceivers and most accessories Specifications and prices are subject to change without notice or obligation.

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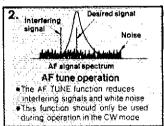
3.

TS-940S Competition class **HF** transceiver

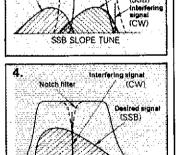
TS-940S-the standard of performance by which all other transceivers are judged. Pushing the state-of-the-art in HF transceiver design and construction, no one has been able to match the TS-940S in performance, value and reliability. The product reviews glow with superlatives, and the field-proven performance shows that the TS-940S is "The Number One Rated HF Transceiver!"

- 100% duty cycle transmitter. Kenwood specifies transmit duty cycle time. The TS-940S is guaranteed to operate at full power output for periods exceeding one hour, (14,250 MHz, CW, 110 watts.) Perfect for RTTY, SSTV. and other long-duration modes.
- First with a full one-year limited warranty.
- Extremely stable phase locked loop (PLL) VFO. Reference frequency accuracy is measured in parts per million!

1. CW VBT Desired eignals (C:W) Interfering Interfering signal (CW) signals /(SSB) CW **VBT**



- 1) CW Variable Bandwidth Tuning, Vary the passband width continuously in the CW, FSK, and AM modes, without affecting the center frequency. This effectively minimizes QRM from nearby SSB and CW signals.
- 2) AF Tune. Enabled with the push of a button, this CW interference fighter inserts a tunable, three pole active filter between the SSB/ CW demodulator and the audio amplifier. During CW QSOs, this control can be used to reduce interfering signals and noise, and peaks audio frequency response for optimum CW performance.



TUNE

(SSH)

3) SSB Slope Tuning. Operating in the LSB and USB modes, this front panel control allows independent, continuously variable adjustment of the high or low frequency slopes of the IF passband. The LCD sub display illustrates the filtering position.

Interfering signal is of the desired signal

4) IF Notch Filter. The tunable notch filter sharply attenuates interfering signals by as much as 40 dB. As shown here, the interfering signal is reduced, while the desired signal remains unaffected. The notch filter works in all modes except FM.

 Complete all band, all mode rransceiver with general coverage receiver. Receiver covers 150 kHz-30 MHz, All modes built-in: AM, FM, CW, FSK, LSB, USB,

- Superb, human engineered front panel layout for the DX-minded or contesting ham. Large fluorescent tube main display with dimmer; direct keyboard input of frequency: flywheel type main tuning knob with optical encoder mechanism all combine to make the TS-940S a joy to operate.
- One-touch frequency check (T-F SET) during split operations.
- Unique LCD sub display indicates VFO, graphic indication of VBT and SSB Slope tuning. and time.
- Simple one step mode changing with CW announcement.
- Other vital operating functions. Selectable semi or full break-in CW (QSK), RIT/XIT, all mode squelch, RF attenuator, filter select switch, selectable AGC, CW variable pitch control, speech processor, and RF power output control, programmable band scan of 40 channel memory scan.

Optional accessories:

• AT-940 full range (160-10m) automatic antenna tuner • SP-940 external speaker with audio filtering • YG-455C-1 (500 Hz), YG-455CN-1 (250 Hz), YK-88C-1 (500 Hz) CW filters; YK-88A-1 (6 kHz) AM tilter • VS-1 voice synthesizer • SO-1 temperature compensated mic. MC-60A, MC-80, MC-85 deluxe base station mics. • PC-1A phone patch • TL-922A linear amplifier . SM-220 station monitor

SWR and power meters • IF-232C/IF-10B computer interface.

crystal oscillator . MC-43S UP/DOWN hand

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Vice Director: Sam C. Sitton, KV5X, 1800 Jessie James, Edmond, OK 73034 (405-340-1357)

*Executive Committee Member

Section Managers of the ARRL

Reports Invited: The ARRL Board of Directors (see list at left) determines the policies of ARRL. The 15 divisions of the League are further arranged into 68 administrative "sections," each headed by an elected Section Manager. Your SM welcomes reports of club and individual activity. ARRL Field Organization appointments are available covering a wide range of Amateur Radio volunteer interests. Whatever your license class, your SM has an appointment available. Check with your SM (below) for further information.

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Delaware Eastern Pennsylvania Maryland-DC Southern New Jersey Western New York Western Pennsylvania

Central Division

Illinois Indiana Wisconsin

Dakota Division

Minnesota North Dakota South Dakota

Deita Division

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Great Lakes Division

Kentucky Michigan Ohlo

Hudson Division Eastern New York

NYC-Long Island Northern New Jersey

Midwest Division

lowa Kansas Missouri Nehraska

New England Division

Connecticut Eastern Massachusetts Maine New Hampshire Rhode Island Vermont Western Massachusetts

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Alaska Idaho Montana Oregon Washington

Pacific Division

East Bay Nevada Pacific Sacramento Valley San Francisco

San Joaquin Valley Santa Clara Valley

Roanoke Division North Carolina

South Carolina Virginia West Virginia

Rocky Mountain Division

Colorado New Mexico

Wyoming

Southeastern Division

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West Gulf Division

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THE AMERICAN RADIO RELAY LEAGUE, INC

The American Radio Relay League, Inc, is a noncommercial association of radio amateurs, organized for the promotion of interest in Amaestablishment of networks to provide communications in the event of disasters or other emergencies, for the advancement of the radio art and of the public welfare, for the representation of the radio arrateur in legislative

for the representation of the radio amateur in legislative matters, and for the maintenance of fraternalism and a high standard of conduct.

ARRL is an incorporated association without capital stock chartered under the laws of the State of Connecticut, and is an exempt organization under Section 501(c)(3) of the internal Revenue Code of 1986. Its affairs are governed by a Board of Directors, whose voting members are elected every two years by the general membership. The officers are elected or appointed by the Directors. The League is noncommercial, and no one who could gain financially from the shaping of its affairs is eligible for membership on its Board.

"Of, by, and for the radio amateur," ARRL numbers within its ranks the vast majority of active amateurs in the

within its ranks the vast majority of active amateurs in the nation and has a proud history of achievement as the standard-bearer in amateur affairs.

standard-bearer in amateur affairs.

A bona fide interest in Amateur Radio is the only essential qualification of membership: an Amateur Radio license is not a prerequisite, although full voting membership is granted only to licensed amateurs in the US.

Membership inquiries and general correspondence should be addressed to the administrative headquarters at 225 Main Street, Newington, CT 06111 USA.

Telephone: 203-666-1541 Telex: 650215-5052 MCI.

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MCI MAIL (electronic mail system) ID: 215-5052 FAX: 203-665-7531 (24-hour direct line)

Canadian membership inquiries and correspondence should be directed to CRRL Headquarters, Box 7009, Station E, London, ON N5Y 4J9, tel 519-680-1200.

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Hiram Percy Maxim, W1AW (1869-1936)

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*Executive Committee Member

"It Seems to Us .

Why Morse Code?

In mid-November, a number of members spotted press reports of the planned demise of Morse code in the Maritime Service. At a meeting in London, the International Maritime Organization decided to bring its long-awaited Global Maritime Distress and Safety System on line during the uncoming decade. By 1999, ships worldwide will be so equipped as to permit any member of the crew to send a distress signal at the press of a button. Ship owners are expected to use this development to phase out their shipboard Morse radio operators, and to rely on satellites and maritime telex to keep in touch with their vessels.

Except for those among us who earn their daily bread as maritime radio operators, this has nothing directly to do with us. Still, it's only natural to look for analogies to our own Amateur Radio Service, where similar technological changes have taken place. Now that there are so many ways of communicating by radio that don't depend upon the skill of the operator in sending and receiving Morse, will we soon see the end of Morse Code in Amateur Radio?

We think not, for there's a fundamental difference between the two services. For the commercial services, radio is a means to an end. In this context there are only two reasons for doing, or not doing, something: safety and economics-and even safety considerations can be regarded cynically as exercises in minimizing insurance premiums. You and I may feel safer on board a ship with a skilled radio operator on board, because we think we know something about radio and about how things can go wrong with sophisticated devices; but unless that can be translated into dollars and cents on some statistical basis, shipboard Morse will follow the landline telegraph into the annals of history and legend.

Amateur Radio is different. We're hams because we want to be; we operate because we enjoy it. We can't offset the cost of an investment in hardware with reduced personnel expenses because, by definition, our personnel expenses are zero. Besides, the invention of the steamboat may have doomed the sail as a means of commercial locomotion, but if you think that meant the death of sailing, just look in any marina and think again.

There's joy to be had in doing something well, and hundreds of thousands of radio amateurs the world over have felt that joy through their skill at Morse. We also note the rediscovery by the military services that the high-frequency spectrum, unlike a satellite network, is invulnerable to being put permanently out of commission by hostile action. There are 13 letters in this month's "Correspondence" column that say it better than we can. Interestingly, our pro-code correspondents average just 38 years oldabout ten years younger than the average American radio amateur!

Commercially viable or not, Morse code's future in Amateur Radio is assured. But this doesn't end the discussion of a related, yet somewhat different, issue: whether there isn't some place in American Amateur Radio for people who, for whatever reason, don't choose to learn the code. We say "American Amateur Radio" because the ITU Radio Regulations require Morse proficiency to operate below 30 MHz, but no such international requirement exists for VHF and above; in many other countries, VHF privileges are available without passing a code test. Leading amateurs in those countries have seen both positive and negative effects of a no-code license, but in no case have they reported it led to "the end of Amateur Radio as we know it." Indeed, at international meetings we have found some to be as ardent in boosting the concept of a no-code amateur license to us as we have been in promoting the American concept of a Novice license to

If it believed the public interest would be served, the FCC could create such a class of amateur license here. But the last time it tried, in 1983, public comments ran about 25 to one against an inartfully crafted, schizophrenic FCC proposal. As a democratic organization, the League's position reflected that overwhelming sentiment. ARRL leaders were criticized at the time about equally from both sides: from one side for not opposing the proposal more quickly, and from the other for being too eager to shoot it down. We suppose this means we had it just about right!

The subject is bound to be raised again, sooner or later. Will the sentiment be different? That will depend upon the particular proposal, and upon how well the no-code proponents state their case. And there may well be a case to be made; for, while no one wants unqualified, unmotivated people joining our ranks, a casual tune across the bands shows that the past and present entry-level filters have been far from perfect. Should basic Morse code ability be a requisite for each and every radio amateur, irrespective of their interests? Do the present Morse requirements separate the sheep from the goats, or do they simply let in fewer of each? Reasonable people can differ on these and similar questions.

As for the League's position, as always it will be determined by the Board of Directors that you members elect—a Board that has shown itself to be very responsive to members' desires. And every member has a voice in shaping that position. That is exactly as it should be.

One thing is certain. In an organization as large as the ARRL, there will always be differences of opinion. It is not enough simply to tolerate differences that arise from divergent views of what is best for Amateur Radio. Rather, they must be welcomed as a healthy and necessary part of any representative democracy. As we toast the New Year, let us resolve to remember that everyone who has the best interests of Amateur Radio at heart, whether they agree with us or not, has a place in our League.—Larry E. Price. W4RA, and David Sumner, K1ZZ

You'll be hard-pressed to beat the performance of Yaesu's new FT-411 handheld.

Let Yaesu's "next generation" handheld lighten your load! Picking up where our popular FT-209R Series left off, the 2-meter FT-411 will amaze with its astounding array of features!

The brains of a base station. "Sophisticated operation" takes on new meaning in the FT-411. You get 49 memories, plus dual VFOs for quick band-hopping. Keyboard frequency entry. Automatic repeater shift. DTMF autodialer with ten memories of up to 15 digits each.

Built-in CTCSS encode/decode, Selectable channel steps: 5/10/12.5/20/25 kHz. Programmable band scan with upper/lower limits. Selectable memory scan. And

extended receive coverage of 140-174 MHz (MARS/CAP permit required for transmit on 140-150 MHz).

Not bad for a handheld measuring just $55(w) \times 32(d) \times 139(h)$ mm (the same size as our FT-23R Series HTs)!

Friendly operation. For operating convenience, the FT-411's keypad features a "do-re-mi" audible command verification. Both the display and keypad can be backlit. (brightly!) for night operation at the push of a button. A rotary channel selector allows fast manual tuning. Or key in the frequency directly. Operate VOX (with YH-2 headset option). Plus you get a battery saver to conserve power

while monitoring. And a (defeatable) automatic power-off feature that shuts down your radio if you forget to turn it off!

High power capability. The FT-411 comes equipped with the 2.5-watt, 600-mAh FNB-10 battery pack. Try our optional FNB-12 5-watt, 500mAh pack or tiny FNB-9 2.5-watt, 200-mAh pack. Or get 6 watts output by applying 13.8-volts DC from an external power supply.

Swap options with Yaesu's FT-23R Series. Our rugged best-seller's chargers, batteries, and microphones are fully compatible with the FT-411. The FT-23R is the perfect companion for the FT-411, and at a great price!

Try out an FT-411 today. Ask for it now at your local Yaesu dealer. Or call 1-800-999-2070 for a free brochure. And experience the legendary

Yaesu HT performance!

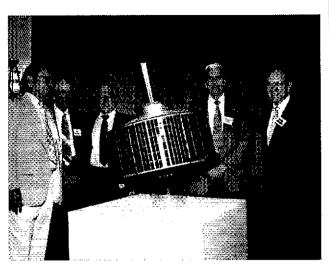


Yaesu USA 17210 Edwards Road, Cerritos, CA 90701 (213) 404-2700. Repair Service: (213) 404-4884. Parts: (213) 404-4847. Prices and specifications subject to change without notice. Specifications guaranteed only within amateur bands.

UP FRONT in 回記



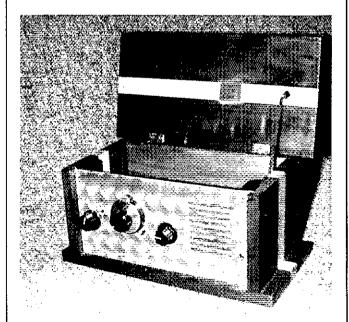
Another Life Member: ARRI. President Larry Price, W4RA (I), and ARRI. Central Division Director Edmond Metzger, W9PRN (r), caught up with Bill Henry, K9GWT, president of HAL Corp, to present him with his new Life Member plaque at the ARRI. National Convention in Portland last September.



Happy 25th: The 25th anniversary of the first successful synchronous-orbit communications satellite, SYNCOM, was celebrated in Los Angeles in August. Among the amateurs who were involved in this communications technology milestone and were there to relive some memories were (I-r) Frank Carver, K6KR; Tom Hudspeth, W6LHN; John Swancara, WA6LOD; Meredith Eick, K6QEC; and Paul Arndt, WB6JOI. (photo courtesy WA6LOD)



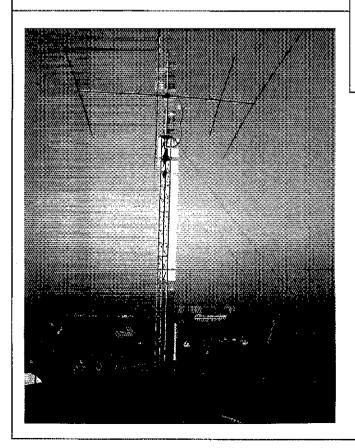
The land down under: Amateur Radio can be very exciting. Richard Stuart, WF7A, of Lynnwood, Washington, is living proof—his chair collapsed as he was working a VK, his first DX QSO. His wife was in the right place at the right time to catch the event. (photo courtesy WF7A)



On the panel...The Neophyte Receiver (Feb 1988 *QST*, p 14) served as an excuse for Chuck Wilson, N6MVI, of Baywood Park, California, to build an old-fashioned engine-turned front panel. It certainly lends an attractive look to this popular receiver. (photo courtesy N6MVI)



Attic ashes: Chuck Bender, W1WPR, Chief Operator of W1AW, inspects damage to an air-conditioning duct in the Maxim Memorial Station's attic caused by a minor fire on Nov 15. Strong sunlight focused by one of the attic's circular windows ignited the aged duct tape. The Newington Volunteer Fire Department responded and damage was minimal. The W1AW Fund Drive continues to grow. Please be sure you're one of the supporters of this important project. For details on how to contribute, turn to page 42. (photo courtesy KC1MP)







From the mountains to the sea: Kent Powloski, N7KPN, of Portland, Oregon, talked to his non-ham friends in Portland from the 12,276-foot summit of Mt Adams in Washington via phone patch last summer. "The phone calls were a complete surprise," said Kent. "They had no idea you could do this with ham radio." Kent was able to hit the Portland repeater using ½ W. Kent also made good use of 2 meters from his floating QTH off the Pacific coast of Vancouver Island, Canada last summer. He talked to local VE hams via the Barkley Sound repeater, and found that "those plastic hand-held transceiver bags really are waterproof." (photos courtesy N7KPN)



The beam on the hill: Richmond Hill High School in New York City sports a 4-band beam at 185 feet above street level and a group of students who are active amateurs. Three of the students are Robert Savocha, KB2EUM (I), Louis Mistrini, KB2EUK, and Michelle Ortega, KB2EUY. Bob Weinstein, KE2FE, who is science chairperson at the school, teaches Amateur Radio classes there. (photo courtesy KA2NRR)

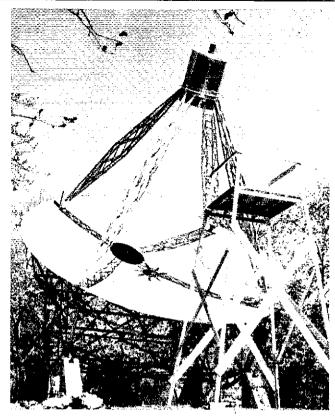


Cheering for the home team: Our 1987 Hiram Percy Memorial Award recipient, Stacey L. Garner, KA9WDE, of Harshaw, Wisconsin, brought her whole family and cheering section when she received her \$1000 check and plaque. Central Division Director Edmond Metzger, W9PRN (I), presented the award at the Illinois State Convention on October 2 in Rockford. Wisconsin Section Manager Richard Regent, K9GDF (r), was also present.



Just what is the limit for a 2-meter EME array? It may be larger than you thought, as demonstrated by W5UN. For the scoop on Dave's very impressive

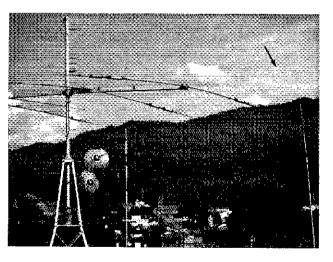
array, as well as a tantalizing glimpse of its capabilities, check out his article, which begins on page 15 of this issue.



Listening for the ultimate DX: Radio astronomy got its start with this dish, designed by Grote Reber. Grote built the dish, which is 10 meters in diameter, in 1936. For the story on the first radio astronomer and his continuing work, see the story on page 58 of this issue. (photo courtesy National Radio Astronomy Observatory)



Amateur Radio genetic?: Amateur Radio seems to run in some families. Jo Anne, KB9BMD (I), and Jennifer, KB9BHR, Gustafson, of Arion, Illinois are 16-year-old twins who are active amateurs. Their grandparents, Leslie and Mary Conrad, NO9X and KA9WAG, of Lynn Center, Illinois, are also active hams. Jo Anne and Jennifer are seen here at their grandparents' station. (photo courtesy NO9X)



The eyes have it: Or don't, as the case may be. Shizuka Ohki, JA3RTU/9, of Fukui, Japan, suffered from antenna loading problems—of the crow variety, that is. (Notice the arrow at right: crows had completely bent his 6-meter ground-plane antenna!) Taking a cue from Japanese farmers, he mounted two big "eyes" near his tribander—his antenna is no longer an attraction for local birds. (photo courtesy JA3RTU/9)

League Lines

ARRL election results: Incumbents defeated challengers this year, except for one Vice Director race. However, since one Director retired and several Vice Directors chose not to run or, instead, ran for Director, there will be a number of new faces present at this month's Board meeting. See the Happenings column on page 62 for complete details.

The ARRL Board of Directors will meet in Hartford January 20-21. Now is the time to express your views to your Director. An updated list of Board members can be found on page 8.

ARRL has filed extensive comments with the FCC in response to the FCC's proposed reorganization of the Amateur Radio rules, PR Docket 88-139. Annexed to the League's comments was a complete rewrite of the rules developed by a committee of the ARRL Board of Directors.

The League's rewrite was developed over a seven-month period of intensive study by an ARRL Working Group consisting of Vice President George Wilson, W4OYI, and Directors Steve Mendelsohn, WA2DHF, Marshall Quiat, AGØX, and Rod Stafford, KB6ZV, with support from the ARRL HQ staff. The final document was reviewed and approved by the ARRL Board of Directors by mail vote.

The Working Group noted that a common thread in many of the comments filed early by individual radio amateurs was that the proposed rules should allow for "due process of law" rather than FCC administrative sanctions taken without judicial hearings. The ARRL rewrite took these comments into account and strengthened "due process" provisions of the rules. The ARRL version of its rewrite of the amateur rules is styled as "Part 96," a number not previously assigned to any portion of the FCC rules, to prevent confusion between old and proposed new rules. Next month's issue will carry this story in detail.

Copies of the ARRL rewrite and our comments to the FCC are available from the Regulatory Information Department for a $9- \times 12$ -inch SASE with \$1.25 postage.

FCC proposes to expand the 6-meter repeater subband to include 51-52 MHz. For further details, see this month's Happenings column.

Job opening at HQ: HQ has an immediate opening for an Assistant Contest Manager. The Assistant Contest Manager works with the Contest Manager in administering the League's contest program, including the scoring of logs, preparing QST results, and conducting the Special Events and Contest Corral columns in QST. Applicants should be thoroughly interested and knowledgeable in the League's varied contest program. An amateur license, PC familiarity and some writing skills preferred. Accuracy is a must. The starting salary range is \$15,418-16,960. For further information, contact Billy Lunt, KR1R, at HQ.

ARRL outgoing QSL service rates increase. Effective February 1, the rates for the ARRL outgoing QSL service will increase to \$2 per pound (approximately 150 cards). The \$1 rate will continue for packages of 10 cards or less. This is the first increase in rates for this important membership service since it began in 1976!

New DXCC country: The ARRL Awards Committee has unanimously accepted the DX Advisory Committee majority-decision recommendation to add Malyj Vysotskij Island to the DXCC Countries List beginning with the July 1988 4J1FS operation. DXCC credit will be issued starting March 1, 1989. QSL cards submitted before that date will be returned without credit. This raises the total number of current countries on the DXCC list to 320. See DXCC Notes on page 76 for details.

A New Year's Resolution: Join the ARRL Field Organization! Take a moment right now to write or phone your Section Manager (see page 8) and apply for appointment as an Official Relay Station, Official Emergency Station, Assistant Technical Coordinator, Official Observer, Official Bulletin Station or Public Information Assistant. Give something back to Amateur Radio, help your fellow radio amateurs and have fun all at the same time! And to those of you who have toiled as League volunteers this past year—a hearty thanks for a job well done!

Contests: Remember the First ARRL RTTY Roundup on January 7-8 (see November QST, page 88 for details), VHF Sweepstakes, January 14-16 (see December QST, page 104) and Novice Roundup, January 28-February 5 (details on page 102 of this issue). Then, of course, for noncontesters, there's Straight Key Night, held New Years Eve and Day (see December QST, page 105). Get out your straight key and start practicing for the "best fist" award!

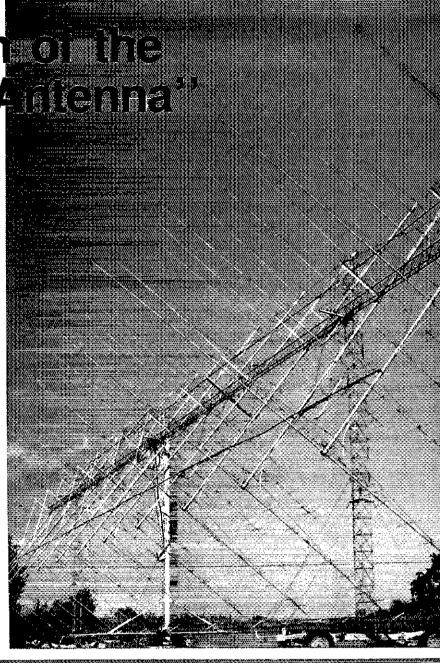
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The Evolution of the "Mighty Big Antenna"

Even a decade ago, EME was out of reach for all but a few amateurs. Today, with even a modest 2-meter signal, you can work some of the bigger stations off the moon—W5UN, for one! Here's a look at Dave's antenna system.

By Dave Blaschke, W5UN 9102 Kings Dr Manvel, TX 77578

Dave Blaschke, W5UN, is a truly ambitious man. He designed and built one of the world's largest 2-meter EME (earth-moonearth) arrays—32 Yagis—at his home in Texas. He later expanded the array to 48 Yagis. In this article, Dave describes the history of the array, how he built it, and some of his operating achievements with his EME array, or—as he calls it—the "Mighty Big Antenna."



first got the idea of building a large 2-meter EME array-a "Mighty Big Antenna" (MBA), as I have come to call it-while I was driving to the Dayton HamVention® in 1984. I stopped to pick up my friend Lance Collister, WA1JXN, at the airport in St Louis, Missouri; then we drove to Dayton. A large part of the next few hours was spent discussing two of our favorite subjects: 2-meter EME and large antennas. We discussed how we might overcome the physical support limitations that seemed to make a 4×4 -Yagi 2-meter EME array the maximum practical size that a ham could build without having it fall down in the first high wind.

Even though our discussion was based on one of those wild dreams we hams sometimes have during convention season, it was during the trip to Dayton that we first discussed the design methods that I would ultimately use in the construction of the MBA. I couldn't build anything larger than the 16-quagi array that I was using then, because I lived on an average-size city lot. My dream would have to wait.

After the convention, we went home, time passed and our discussion about big antennas was pretty much forgotten. Two months later, I learned that I was to be transferred to a new job assignment in Houston, Texas. This would happen, I was told, sometime in early 1985. In the meantime, I would be spending three months in Anaheim, California, on a temporary job assignment. The time in Anaheim gave me the opportunity I needed to think about, design, and plan construction of the MBA—a 32-Yagi 2-meter EME array.

During late 1984, I began to locate, collect and assemble all the hardware needed to build such an array. One of the

major decisions I made during this time was to purchase special long-boom Yagi antennas designed by Mike Staal, K6MYC, and made available through KLM. Mike had heard of my interest in constructing a super-large EME array while he was developing a new antenna similar to, but larger than, the popular KLM 16LBX. Mike and I discussed the properties of the special Yagis, and I decided to use them. The gain of this Yagi over the 16LBX seemed worthwhile, and the volume price discount for 32 antennas made the overall cost a little more reasonable. Mike modified the feed points of the new beams to allow the use of 75-Ω CATV Hardline, which I planned to use for phasing lines. While waiting for the Yagis to arrive, I started to assemble the power dividers and the other parts.

Upon finishing the Anaheim job assign-

ment in September, my wife and I went to Houston to begin looking for suitable real estate on which to build our new home. Of course, there would have to be enough room for the antenna farm! We finally found the right spot: about 25 miles south of Houston, near the small community of Manyel.

While our new house was being built, I got down to the serious business of preparing the antenna farm. Concrete foundations were poured for all the antennas that I planned to build. (These antennas included 20, 15 and 10-meter Yagis on a self-supporting tower, a 40-meter beam on a 200-foot guyed tower, 80- and 160-meter antennas, and—last but not least—the 2-meter MBA.) In all, about 20 cubic yards of concrete were poured for tower foundations and guy supports.

Building the "Mighty Big Antenna"

I must admit that building the MBA was a massive project to undertake. Its design and construction tested all the skill and knowledge that I had gained from constructing large arrays in the past. Building the MBA totally consumed all of my spare time during the four months from April through August 1985 (that was when the preliminary project was completed and the MBA was first put on the air.) The array construction also kept me in good physical condition—once I got over the initial soreness from the intensive physical activity, that is! I owe a lot of credit to my son Mark. He came home from college in May, just in time to help me with some of the heavier construction work, Mark spent quite a few hours assembling the Yagis. Even though Mark is not an Amateur Radio operator, he contributed without complaint.

One of the more difficult aspects of this project was making the adjustment to doing a lot of outdoor work in Manyel's summer climate. Humidity is almost always high here—usually greater than 75%—even during the heat of a summer day. Often the humidity is above 90%, and temperatures above 90°F are common. These conditions can extend past sunset. (Of course, that's exactly the way it was most evenings while I was outside working on the antenna!) I lost a few pounds and learned to tolerate a lot of perspiration, but looking forward to hearing those often-dreamed-of loud echoes returning from the moon far outweighed such minor sacrifices!

The MBA Support Structure

I originally built the MBA as a 32-Yagi antenna, with plans in the beginning to perhaps expand the array to 48 Yagis at some time. I made design allowances that would permit this upgrade without major structural changes. I built the 32-Yagi array around what I call a fish-spine-frame support structure. This structure was expanded to hold 48 Yagis in 1987 (see Fig 1).

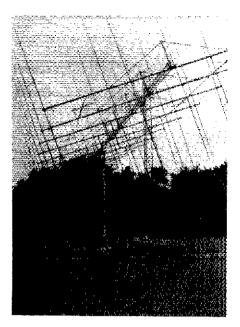


Fig 1—End view of W5UN's 48-Yagi 2-meter EME array. The array was originally built as a 32-Yagi antenna and was expanded to its present size in 1987. (All photos by W5UN)

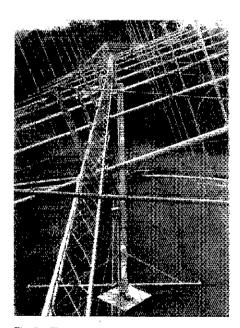


Fig 2—The main boom of W5UN's 48-Yagi 2-meter EME array is made of 152 feet of Rohn 25 tower. This photo was taken from atop one of the mobile-platform support masts, about 35 feet above the ground.

The main boom, visible in the title photo and Fig 2, is made of 152 feet of Rohn 25 galvanized steel tower. It is supported and held in place on the mast and end supports by hinges (see Fig 3). The Yagis mounted on the frame each have 31-foot-long, 1½-inch-diam tapered-aluminum booms. The frame structure also supports all the coaxial phasing lines, power dividers and other related components.

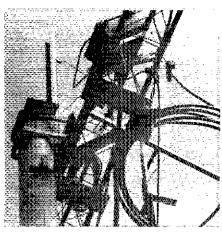


Fig 3—The main boom attachment point to the rotating mast of the MBA. The Rohn 25 boom is attached to the mast via a homemade hinge and is elevated by a winch system. Part of the cable and pulley system is visible above the boom.

Twelve 3-inch-diameter, 38-foot-long aluminum cross arms are attached to the main boom. Four Yagis are fastened to each of these arms-two above and two below the main boom on each arm, all equally spaced. I purchased the cross-arm tubing from a local irrigation-tubing supplier. The arms are very lightweight, and have a wall thickness of 0.050 inches. Each cross arm is supported with 3/4-inch EMT-conduit braces. For additional strength, 1/8-inchdiam cables extend to the ends of the cross arms from above their centers. I added the extra supports to keep the cross arms from sagging from the weight of the Yagis mounted on them, and to prevent windinduced flexing of the cross arms. During the first three years that the antenna has been in place, it has survived winds as high as 100 mi/h with no structural damage, but the long booms of the Yagis do flex somewhat in such strong winds.

Before I started to design the array, I determined that it was essential for this array to have adequate physical strength to survive high winds. Because Manvel is located in "hurricane alley," high winds can occur during the late summer and early fall. Tie-down anchors were designed and installed to keep the array from rotating or swaying in the wind. Even so, on several occasions, the array has remained untied and in use when winds were over 40 mi/h. During these conditions, I've been able to hold the array on target, with no sign of drifting or windmilling.

The Rotating Mast

The main support mast is constructed from a 33-foot length of 5/16-inch-wall 8-inch ID pipe, as shown in Fig 4. The bottom of this mast rotates inside a six-foot length of 10-inch ID steel pipe that is embedded in a concrete foundation capped at the bottom with a flat steel plate. A

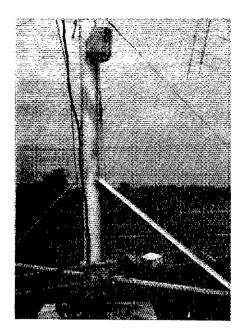


Fig 4—The lower part of the rotating main mast used in the MBA. The trash can covers the winch used in the elevation-rotation system. Part of the cable and pulley arrangement used for elevation positioning is visible above the mast strut.

Teflon® sheet between the bottom of the mast and this flat plate acts as a bearing surface for rotation. A split-sleeve collar on the concrete foundation holds the lower part of the rotating mast in a vertical position. This collar is covered with sheet Teflon to provide a bearing surface for smooth mast rotation.

Once the rotating mast pipe was installed in the foundation, I filled the space between the 10-inch pipe and the 8-inch mast with automotive antifreeze. This provides additional lubrication and keeps rain water and condensation out of the bearing. The concrete foundation for the rotating mast is 5 feet square and 7 feet deep.

The Mobile Support Platforms

The mobile support masts are each constructed from 30 feet of Rohn 45 tower mounted on mobile platforms. The mobile platforms are the key to the success of the MBA's mounting and rotating system. They are stripped-down chassis from two junked pickup trucks: a 1947 Ford (see Fig 5) and a 1951 International. Any old automobile frames would probably have worked in this application, but construction was simplified by using vehicles with solid front axles. Most modern automobiles have independently suspended front wheels, which would make them unstable in this application. [In this case, there's something to be said for "old" technology!—Ed.]

I bought the old pickups at one of the local wrecked-car yards, brought them home, stripped them down and equipped them for their new roles. The Ford is now

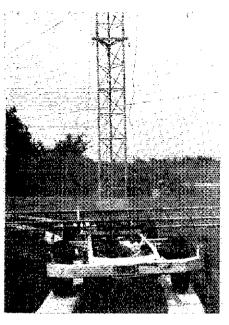


Fig 5—The 1947 Ford plckup chassis used as one of the two mobile platforms in W5UN's 2-meter EME array.

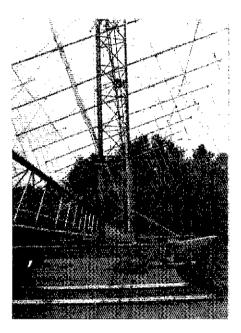


Fig 6—Side view of the 1947 Ford pickup chassis that drives the array. The drive motor is attached to the truck's modified drive shaft and stock rear differential. A 360° azimuth rotation takes over six minutes, but precise antenna aiming is possible with this system.

powered by a 400-inch-pound-torque reversible electric motor equipped with a friction-plate brake that engages when power is removed from the motor. This brake holds the antenna in position when it is not being rotated, and stops the antenna "on a dime"—a requirement for precise aiming. The motor is visible in Fig 6. The International truck chassis is

unpowered—it's just pulled "along for the ride." In the original 32-Yagi MBA version, I used only the Ford pickup chassis for support and rotation duty. The second mobile platform was added during the expansion to 48 Yagis.

The array azimuth-rotation motor is connected via a short drive shaft and a flexible coupling to the Ford's rear differential gears. "Driving" the array in this manner permits smooth and precise azimuth rotation. Both of the pickup chassis are kept on the track by two 56-foot lengths of Rohn 25 tower that extends outward from the rotating mast. Guys connected between the rotating mast and the truck chassis hold them at a constant position with respect to the rotating mast. The guys also minimize flexing of the Rohn 25 arms during array rotation.

The rear axles of the trucks are not exactly perpendicular to their respective chassis—they've been offset slightly to permit perfect front- and rear-wheel tracking along the circular track. (I had to make this modification to the truck chassis shortly after the system was first tested. Without it, the rear wheels slipped sideways as the array turned.) Many people have asked me how steering of the front wheels is done. The truth is, I let the wheels go where they want to—without locking them into place. Experience has shown that the front wheels will go where they need to go: right on track.

The Track

The track on which the mobile platforms roll has a circumference of 355 feet. This circular track is centered on the rotating mast. At first, the track was unsurfaced. This was okay in dry weather, but when it rained, the track turned to mud, causing the mobile platform tires to slip and slide. Azimuth rotation of the antenna became all but impossible under such conditions. At times, in fact, rotation was impossible.

After about a year of frustrating operation with the unsurfaced track, I decided to install a concrete surface. Ed Stallman, N5BLZ, my son Mark and I poured 24 cubic yards of concrete for the track in the summer of 1987. The concrete track has two 16-inch-wide, 4-inch-thick concentric circular strips that match the wheel spacing of the mobile platforms. The track handles the weight of the mobile platform without difficulty; the weight from each platform wheel is less than 150 pounds.

System Mechanical Workings

The turning radius for the MBA is approximately 76 feet, which means that almost a full acre is necessary for 360° azimuth rotation. The time required for a full rotation is about 6½ minutes. This works out to less than one degree of angular movement per second (about 11 inches along the track), which is slow enough to permit positioning the array

Moon Tracking with the MBA

To measure array azimuth and elevation positions, I use precision potentiometers driving A/D converters and LED displays in the shack. Because the MBA has an azimuth-plane beamwidth of only 2.4°, good positioning accuracy is essential. For the azimuth system, a chain-driven gear set with a 5:1 ratio rotates a 10-turn potentiometer (see Fig A). (One 360° revolution of the mast causes the potentiometer to make five revolutions.) This arrangement permits the mast to travel a few degrees outside the 0 to 360° range without hitting the potentiometer stops. The potentiometer has a worst-case linearity error of less than 0.25%, so azimuth direction can be resolved to within less than one degree. Elevation angle is read using a single-turn precision potentiometer mounted into the boom with a pendulum attached to the potentiometer shaft.

Both the azimuth and elevation rotation systems are controlled by an HP-41CX calculator. The calculator does moon-position computations, reads the antenna position and turns the az/el positioning motors on and off. This makes moon tracking at W5UN fully automatic. When using this system, I usually turn on the HP-41 and control circuit power when the moon rises and let the calculator do the positioning until the moon sets.

For anyone contemplating using a similarly automated tracking system, I strongly urge that az/el limit switches be installed on the array to prevent rotation past the stops, just in case the computer or some other component in the system fails.—Dave Blaschke, W5UN

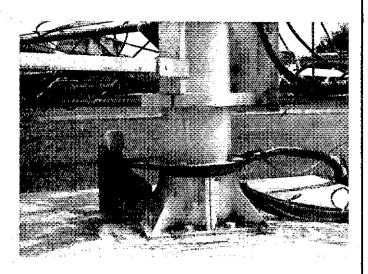


Fig A—The lower end of the rotating mast shows details of the reduction-geared azimuth-position-reading system. Also visible are the homemade split-sleeve collar that keeps the mast in place, and the brackets holding the radial-arm supports.

within 1/10.º of its target (usually the moon). That is about as close as I can accurately measure with the position indication system I use (see the sidebar, "Moon Tracking with the MBA"). Elevation positioning is accomplished by using a winch-and-hinge system, as shown in Fig 4.

I was concerned from the beginning of this project about the design of the winch elevation-rotation method. After all, it had to be capable of uniformly raising and lowering a 152-foot-long boom, with all the cross arms and Yagis attached, and it had to do this without causing any twisting or misalignment. As it turns out, the method I use works very well. The heart of the elevation-rotation system is a winch mounted on the center mast, with cables routed through a pulley system to lift arms on the boom at the center and both ends of the array. When power is applied to the winch, cable tension is applied equally, via the pulleys, to the lift arms, causing the boom to pivot on its mounting hinges. The only mechanical limitation imposed by this type of elevation system is that the Rohn 25 boom must be rigid enough to resist twisting as the array is elevated. It works fine, even with 48 Yagis.

"Smoke Testing" the MBA

After assembling the original 32-Yagi array, I immediately tested it to make sure all was well. Initial testing of the array gave results that were encouraging and disappointing. With the array feed point over 200 feet from the shack, a low-loss

feed line is essential. When the array was completed, however, I did not yet have the 1-5/8-inch Hardline that I planned to use, so I temporarily connected 250 feet of RG-8 coax, knowing full well that the feed-line loss would be significant. I discovered—much to my surprise—that the loss of the RG-8 was almost 9 dB! That meant that my 1500-W amplifier was delivering only 200 watts to the array feed point! The received signals were also affected, but a GaAsFET preamp at the antenna kept the received-signal attenuation from crippling the system.

My echo testing method consisted of sending single long dashes and then observing the signal strength of the returning echoes on an HP-400 ac voltmeter connected to my receiver audio output (with the AGC off, of course). Even with 9 dB of feed-line loss, my first echo tests produced reflected signals 2 to 4 dB above the noise level.

The First OSO

Shortly after connecting the coax to the array, I called Lance, WAIJXN, on the telephone and set up a schedule with him. Moonrise at his QTH would occur in a few minutes. My first QSO using the MBA was a 2-way SSB contact with Lance on 144.105 MHz, at 0500 UTC on August 5, 1985.

During the first week of operation, I replaced 175 feet of the RG-8 with ¼-inch, 75-0 CATV Hardline. This reduced the cable losses to only 3.5 dB. Even though it wasn't 1-5/8-inch Hardline, it sure was an improvement over the previous feed

line! With this arrangement, the strength of returning echoes was measured at 5 to 10 dB above the noise level. Occasionally I observed signal peaks that were more than 20 dB out of the noise. (The 1-5/8-inch Hardline has since been installed, and feed-line losses are now less than 1 dB.)

For reference purposes, I routinely monitor noise levels from the sun and other noise sources using the array. The MBA typically yields about 14.5 dB of quiet sun noise (as compared to the noise from a 50- Ω reference resistor-the reference resistor generates about 1.1 dB more noise than the quietest spot in the sky). The MBA gives about 12 dB of noise from Sagittarius, in the Milky Way, and about 10 dB when pointed toward Cassiopeia. Making extraterrestrial noise source measurements on frequencies as low as 144 MHz is difficult and somewhat imprecise, but by making and logging these measurements on a regular basis, I can determine if the array performance is degrading over time.

The gain of the 48-Yagi MBA, by my estimation, is about 32.5 dBi. I determined this from the following information: The gain of each of the 32 Yagis is approximately 17 dBi (14.85 dBd), and the array gain increases by about 2.8 dB each time the number of Yagis is doubled. When phasing-line losses are considered, this 32.5-dBi figure agrees closely with gain computations based on the azimuth- and elevation-plane beamwidths that I have measured.

With the original 32-Yagi MBA, I worked a lot of stations. Many who

answered my random CQs were using single Yagis and low power (less than 200 W). When conditions were excellent I could work stations running 150 W to good, single 14-dBd-gain Yagis. I was often able to work stations running less power and smaller antennas when schedules were prearranged. Stations using small and medium-sized OSCAR-type antennas have reported hearing my echoes from the moon, but very few such stations were worked with the original array.

I ran some tests with the 32-Yagi system to characterize the minimum receiving setup required to hear my echoes, and I found that while running 1500 W output, I could copy my own echoes using my ICOM IC-251, without a preamplifier, and with a 6-dB attenuator in the feed line between the array and the receiver. This encouraged me, because the front-end sensitivity of my IC-251 is poor. Since upgrading the array to 48 Yagis, results have been even better. I've occasionally heard my own echoes from the moon while running less than 1 W output!

Operating Highlights

When the 32-Yagi MBA first went on the air in 1985, I hoped that I could meet several operating goals. My main objective was to work stations not specifically equipped for EME communications. The MBA has allowed me to meet that goal quite often. I've worked many stations running low power to single antennas-the first of which was W2RS (Ray Soifer). Ray was running 150 W to a single 3.2-wavelength-boom, 19-element Yagi. Ray had never made an EME contact before working me. (Incidentally, since that initial contact, Ray has become an enthusiastic "QRP" EME operator and has worked several other well-equipped stations on 2-meter EME. Look for Ray's article on "QRP" 2-meter EME in an upcoming issue of QST.) I have since worked Ray on random calls (he has answered my CQs) several times.

Other operating highlights during the

past three years include giving many stations their first EME contact. During this time, over 1,000 different stations in 75 countries have been worked. I've had a great deal of fun on 2-meter EME, logging more than 2700 QSOs since first firing up the MBA. I can truthfully say that I have enjoyed every single contact.

The most thrilling contacts for me have been the ones with stations in rare places that I least expected to hear. Memorable contacts include T12BEV, OX3AX, UL7BAT, VP9IB, ZS4TX/A22, T7ØA, EA6FB, EI7M, OY9JD, LA6HL/TF, and KC3RE/TA3. All of these contacts represented new countries for me on 2 meters. I was honored to be the first to establish EME contact with stations in these countries. An interesting thing about EME: The distance is about equal, no matter what the call or country. I like to think of all EME QSOs as the ultimate DX.

My long-range goal is to work DXCC on 2-meter EME. Most people probably don't realize just how difficult this goal will be to achieve. At my current new-country-worked rate, it will take me several lifetimes to get to DXCC, so things will need to speed up.

I hope that a new interest is sparked in 2-meter operators in far-off lands when they hear about the W5UN MBA. I often receive comments and questions about EME from DX stations that I work on the HF bands, so it appears that many of them may be considering giving EME a try (let's hope so!). Perhaps there is a chance to get that DXCC!

Summary

Since the MBA was expanded to 48 Yagis in 1987, small stations who had trouble working me before have become much easier for me to hear. Single-Yagi stations running 150 W are able to routinely hear and work me without prior scheduling. I believe that some stations with goodperforming OSCAR antennas are also now within EME range.

I'd like to hear from any and all who are

interested in trying to make 2-meter EME contact. I can usually be found on the 14.345-MHz EME net (beginning around 1700 UTC) on Saturdays and Sundays. I can be reached at my home address (given at the beginning of the article). Also, I often call CQ on 144.008 MHz when my time and moon conditions permit.

The best time for those of you with smaller stations to listen and call is at your local moonrise or moonset, depending on whether you are east or west of me. (Stations to the east have best conditions around local moonset, and those to the west have peak times around local moonrise.) When the moon is just above the horizon (as you view the moon), ground gain can help increase reflected signal strength from the moon by as much as a few decibels under some conditions. When the moon is more than 12° above the horizon, ground-gain enhancement rarely occurs, so moon position plays an important role in the success of smaller stations attempting EME communications.

Acknowledgments

I want to extend my thanks to all who have worked W5UN via the moon. Special thanks to Lionel Edwards, VE7BQH, who faithfully continues his role as net control for the 2-meter EME net, making station scheduling easy. I also thank WA1JXN. Lance conspired with me to locate and obtain critical materials used in both of our EME antenna systems. Thanks to Ed, N5BLZ, and my son Mark, who gave many hours of their time and effort helping me build and upgrade the MBA system.



Dave Blaschke was first licensed as W5WZQ, and has been active for 36 years. Before taking up 2-meter EME, Dave spent most of his ham time DXing and contesting (he finished first and second twice each in the 1960-63 ARRL CW November Sweepstakes contests). He has earned DXCC, 5BDXCC and WAZ awards, is on the DXCC Honor Roll, and is a life member of ARRL. Dave still needs only Albania to have worked them all—anybody in ZA-land want to try EME?

W5UN Mighty Big Antenna: Vital Statistics

Array type: 48 Yagis (4 high, 12 wide); approx 32.5 dBi gain.

Beamwidth (azimuth \times elevation plane): Approx. 2.4 \times 6°. Dimensions (H \times W \times D—not including mast): 38 \times 152 \times 31 feet.

Yaqi tvpe: 17-element, 31-foot boom, 14.85-dBd gain.

Total volume: Approx 179,000 cubic feet.

Main boom: 152 feet of Rohn 25 steel tower.

Array weight (not including mobile platforms or radial-arm tower sections attached

to platforms); Over 1200 pounds.

Main mast section: 33-foot-high, 8-inch ID pipe; 5/16-inch wall. Concrete track: 110-foot-diam; two 16-inch-wide, 4-inch thick strips.

Mobile platforms: Two stripped pickup truck chassis.

Mobile platform boom supports: Two 30-foot sections of Rohn 45 steel tower.

Feed line: 200 feet of 1-5/8-inch air-dielectric Hardline; <1 dB loss.

A Speaker Amplifier for Hand-Held Transceivers

Does background noise make it difficult for you to hear your hand-held talking to you? By spending a couple of enjoyable hours at the workbench, you can build this simple amplifier to boost your transceiver's audio output.

By Leonard Van Prooyen, K8KWD 7474 Hessler, NE Rockford, MI 49341

y introduction to 2-meter mobile operation (many years ago) was with a converted GE Progress Line transceiver. This was a popular tubetype, trunk-mounted commercial radio that was available on the surplus market. Together with its control head, speaker and cables, it was quite a "boat anchor." That radio had one feature I really enjoyed: a transistorized speaker/amplifier that could boost the receiver audio level above traffic or vehicle noise.

When I got rid of the Progress Line radio, I missed that speaker/amplifier. Most hand-held transceivers and portable radios in use today supply 200 to 300 milliwatts of audio, which doesn't quite cut it under high background noise conditions. While looking over some linear IC application notes, I spotted a device that I could use to build a replacement for my old GE speaker/amplifier—the National Semiconductor LM383.

The LM383 is an audio-power amplifier IC. Only four resistors, five capacitors and a couple of homemade parts need be used with this chip to build a high-performance speaker/amplifier that is capable of producing up to 8 W of audio output. The project is simple to build, and it can be completed on a weekend afternoon.

Circuit Notes

The amplifier circuit (Fig 1) follows that shown in National Semiconductor's application notes for the LM383. The LM383 is a fairly high-gain device: Too much audio drive will destroy the LM383 (as a couple of friends of mine who made copies of this amplifier found out). I added R1 and R2 to protect the IC. R1 is essentially a load resistor for the hand-held transceiver's audio output. R2 can be composed of two fixed resistors in a 10:1 divider

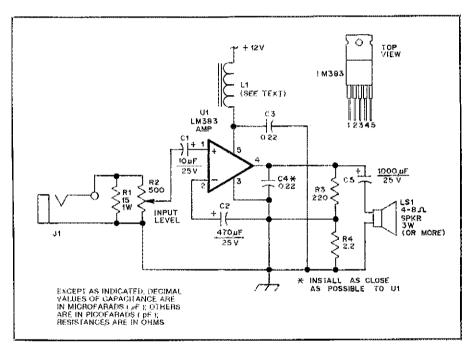


Fig 1—Schematic diagram of the amplifler circuit. A heat sink is required for U1. C4 should be installed as close as possible to pin 4 of U1. L1 is an alternator-whine choke and can be homemade (see text).

(In the parts list below, part numbers in parentheses are Radio Shack.) C1—10 μ F, 25 V (272-1012). C2—470 μ F, 25 V (272-1018). C3, C4—0.22 μ F, 55 V (272-1066). C5—1000 μ F, 25 V (272-1019). J1—1/8-inch phone Jack (274-251). L1—See text.

LS1—8-Ω, 5 W (21-549).
R1—15-Ω, 1 W (271-003).
R2—500-Ω, ¼-W trimmer potentiometer (271-226).
R3—220 Ω, ¼-W (271-1313).
R4—2.2 Ω, ¼-W; four 10-Ω, ¼-W resistors (271-1301) in parallel (see text).
U1—LM383 audio amplifier IC (276-703).

arrangement, but using a potentiometer makes it easy to set the amplifier's maximum gain.

C4 kills any oscillations that can make U1 "history." R4, a 2.2-ohm resistor, can be made of four 10-ohm resistors in parallel if you can't find a 2.2-ohm resistor.

When powered from the vehicle's electrical system, the amplifier's +12 V power source requires a filter (L1 of Fig 1) to eliminate alternator whine. If you can find a junked car radio, a suitable choke can probably be obtained from it. Many old Delco[®] radios have a suitable

choke, mounted outside the radio, in the +12 V supply line. A satisfactory choke can be made from two 8d, 1½-inch-long nails and some no. 18 enameled wire. The two nails make up the choke core. Simply wind about 100 turns of the wire around the core and secure the coil windings with a layer of electrical tape.

Construction

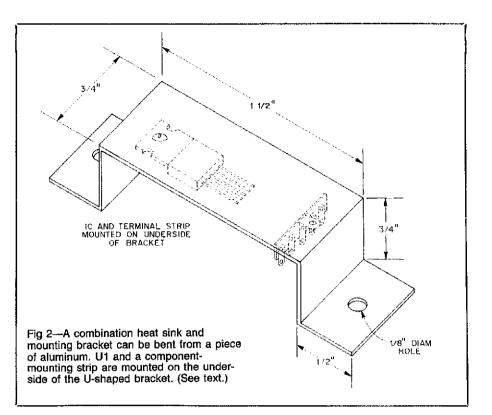
First, get a suitable speaker and enclosure, if you don't have them in your "iunk box" already. The speaker should be capable of handling three watts (or more) continuously. Because the speaker/amplifier is to be used in a vehicle, the enclosure should be fairly compact. I used a Radio Shack® mobile extension speaker (21-549). The speaker (an 8-Ω, 5-W unit) is housed in a rugged, black enclosure and comes complete with an under-the-dash mounting bracket and ten feet of cable equipped with a 1/8-inch-diameter plug. A surplus two-way radio speaker, often supplied complete with a mounting bracket, is another eligible candidate. Such speakers can be found at most hamfest flea markets for a couple of bucks. Just make sure the speaker in the enclosure isn't damaged.

The LM383 requires a heat sink. For the unit I built, I made a U-shaped heat sink for the LM383 that would also hold a terminal strip for mounting some of the other components; see Fig 2. (A close-up photo of the components mounted on this bracket is shown in Fig 3.) I made the bracket from a ³4- × 4-inch piece of 16-gauge aluminum. The bracket's dimensions allow it to fit inside the speaker's enclosure while clearing the speaker itself. The dimensions of your bracket may be different to suit your enclosure.

The LM383 can be mounted directly on the heat sink because the mounting tab is at ground potential. If the speaker enclosure is metal, you can mount the LM383 and the terminal strip directly to the inside of the enclosure. If you use a U bracket as I did, prewire the components on the bracket and then install it in the speaker housing.

Except for the placement of C4, component layout is not critical. C4 should be connected as close as possible to pin 4 of U1. Most of the components can be mounted near U1 using point-to-point wiring to and from the terminal strip.

Figs 4 and 5 show the way I mounted the components inside the Radio Shack speaker enclosure. J1 is a 1/8-inch phone jack that can be installed on the side or back of the speaker enclosure. R1 and R2 can probably be connected directly to J1. C5, the output capacitor, will probably be physically large. I found space for C5 in a corner of the speaker enclosure and secured it in place with Duco® cement; epoxy glue is a good substitute. In another corner of the



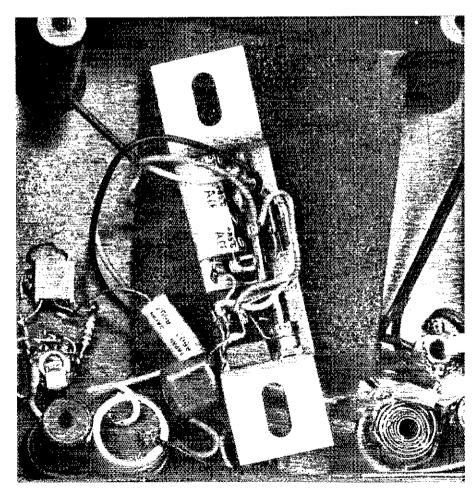


Fig 3—A close-up of the mounting bracket/heat sink combination. In this view, the audio amplifier IC is at the bottom of the bracket. Connections are made directly to the IC's pins, which are bent back over the body of the IC. C5 and L1 are to the left and right, respectively, of the bottom of the bracket. The INPUT LEVEL potentiometer is at the left and immediately above J1. The jack above and to the right of L1 connects directly to the speaker, bypassing the amplifier; this jack is not shown in Fig 1.

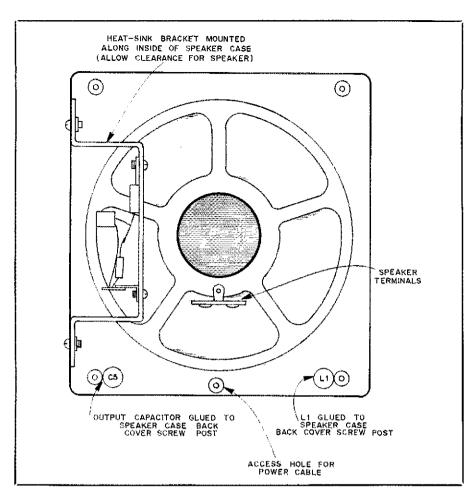


Fig 4-Parts placement of the components in the speaker enclosure. See text for details.

enclosure, I found space for L1 and glued it in place, too. Depending on your installation, a couple of items you might add to the speaker/amp are a power switch and pilot light. For power connections, I ran short lengths of red and black no. 16 wires from the positive and negative points in the circuit through a 1/4-inch hole in the enclosure and terminated the wires with a two-pin

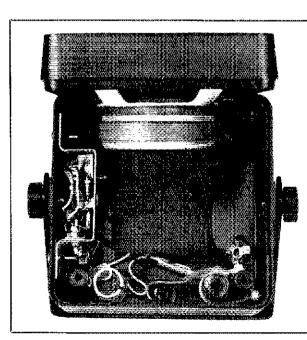


Fig 5—An inside view of the speaker/amplifier. The heat sink/mounting bracket is at the left. The dc power cord exists through a hole at the middle of the bottom of the cabinet between C5 and L1.

male Molex connector. A knot in the wires on the inside of the enclosure serves as a strain relief. If your speaker enclosure is metal, be sure to place a rubber grommet in the hole.

The power cable from the vehicle is fitted with a matching female connector that makes it convenient to remove the speaker/amplifier from the vehicle. Don't use a power cable without a fuse! I use a 2-A inline fuse in the +12 V lead of the vehicle's power cable; it's attached to the vehicle's radio connection on the fuse block. This is usually a switched (ignition switch) source of +12 V. Connect the -12 V lead to a good ground point on the vehicle.

Operation

Most hand-held transceivers use either a 1/8-inch or 3/32-inch phone jack for the external speaker output, and many of the new speaker/microphones also have provisions for an external speaker output. Simply plug in a cable fitted with a male 1/8-inch phone plug at the amplifier end, and a connector for the radio's externalspeaker connector. (I didn't find it necessary to use a shielded cable.) Use the transceiver's volume control to set the output level. I adjust R2 (see Fig 1) so that setting the hand-held transceiver's volume control about 1/3 open produces a comfortable audio output level from the speaker/ amplifier. This setting allows me to control the amplifier output by using the transceiver's volume control, and I don't worry about overdriving the amplifier.

Thirty years ago, at the age of 14, Leonard Van Prooyen received his Novice license, KN8KWD. Six months later, he upgraded to Technician. His early interest in radio led him to get his FCC First Class radiotelephone ticket at the age of 17. By working part-time as a TV repairman, two-way-radio repairman, broadcast engineer and disc jockey, Leonard financed his way through Michigan State University and earned his BSEE degree.

After graduating from MSU, Leonard took a position with the Lutheran World Federation Broadcasting Service in Addis Ababa, Ethiopia. There, he helped build a high-power shortwave station (ETLF), relying heavily on material that appeared in the ARRL Handbook. The station used two 100-kW transmitters and several curtain arrays. While in Ethopia, Leonard assisted in investigating and refining buckscatter-propagation measurement techniques.

After his tour in Ethiopia, Leonard returned to the US and worked as a radio engineer, including a brief stint at WRC (NBC, Washington) as chief engineer. In 1973, he returned to MSU and worked as a radio engineer for the University's various broadcast services. During his second stay at MSU, Leonard's vocational interests expanded to include digital systems and computers. He's currently employed as a computer-systems engineer doing logic design for computer control systems.

Leonard's Amateur Radio interests primarily include RTTY and packet-radio operation, with some HF DXing and 2-meter FM activity to round things out.

Adding 160-Meter Coverage to HF Amplifiers

Getting an HF amplifier going on 160 needn't involve guesswork or fried components once you've got a handle on what has to be done. Here's what you need to know to do the job right.

By Richard L. Measures, AG6K 6455 La Cumbre Rd Somis, CA 93066

f you have ever tried to use the 80/75-meter band for local communications on winter evenings, you have probably experienced situations in which propagation was almost nonexistent for paths shorter than 120 miles or so. The group of friends that I talk with on 75 meters was plagued by these "winter doldrum" conditions, so a few of us put up 160-meter antennas to see if communication could be improved. We discovered that when the 75-meter band was essentially useless for short-haul propagation, the 160-meter band often provided good communication.

There were some trade-offs to using the 160-meter band: Most of us had to put up compromise antennas—like the end-fed Marconi—that would fit on a city lot. Such antennas are not as efficient as full-size dipoles; the only practical way to compensate for the lack of efficiency is to increase power. We discovered another characteristic of 160 meters: a peculiar type of fading that takes a 100-W signal down into the noise for 10 to 20 seconds every couple of minutes. Again, the solution to this is to increase power.

Most commercial HF Amateur Radio amplifiers manufactured in the last 20 years do not cover 160¹ because maximum legallimit power has been permitted there only since 1984. The easiest way to increase power on 160 meters nowadays is to sell the old 80- through 10-meter amplifier and buy an amplifier that covers 160. Instead, I decided to add 160-meter coverage to my Heathkit® SB-220 amplifier. A successful amplifier modification would net me knowledge, experience and the sense of a job well done—plus the 600-or-so-dollar difference between the cost of an SB-220 and a new amplifier that covers 160!

The modification succeeded. Since putting my own SB-220 on 160, I have been involved in modifying six more amplifiers to cover the band. These experiences indicate that 160-meter coverage can be added to similar amplifiers by applying the theory and practice I used to modify my SB-220. This article describes that theory and practice.

The Basics of Adding 160

To make an 80-meter amplifier work on 160 meters, the circuit reactances—capacitors and inductors—must generally be doubled in value. This includes components in the amplifier's input and output resonant circuits, the anode RF choke, and bypass capacitors. The filament RF choke—if there is one—usually need not be doubled in reactance, as will be explained later.

Some of the amplifier circuit reactances can be doubled (relative to those employed on 80) without affecting operation of the amplifier at HF; others cannot. For instance, additional bypass capacitors can be left in place for operation on 80 through 10 meters, as can the inductance added to the stock anode RF choke. Components that tune the amplifier's input and output circuits to 160 meters, though, must be switched out for operation at HF.

If the amplifier manufacturer has provided extra band-switch contacts, switching 160-meter components in and out of line is a piece of cake—but such contacts don't exist on the SB-220 and many other HF amplifiers. Because of this, the switching must be done with relays controlled by a front-panel switch (S1A in Fig 1A). One S1 position selects 80-through-10-meter operation; the other selects 160 meters—with the amplifier's main band switch set to 80 meters.

Fig 1 shows all of the circuit modifications necessary to add 160-meter coverage to a Heathkit SB-220 amplifier. The Fig 1 caption lists all the parts you need to put an SB-220 on 160, but does not explain specification, selection and construction of critical parts—information you must have to successfully put an SB-220 or other HF amplifier on MF. We'll cover that information next.

Component Ratings

The ratings of the components used in this project deserve special attention because we are dealing with surprisingly high RF currents and voltages. For example, the RF circulating current in the amplifier output network is much higher than the dc anode current (in this case, 0.8 A) might imply.

Capacitor current ratings: The capacitors used must possess sufficient voltage and current capability at 1.8 MHz. (Just because a 500-pF TV doorknob capacitor is rated at 20 kV dc does not mean that it can handle even 530 V RMS at 1.8 MHz. At 1.8 MHz, the reactance of 500 pF is about $-j177 \Omega$. Applying 530 V RMS across such a capacitor results in an [apparent] current flow through it of about 3 A-enough current to cause severe heating of the capacitor dielectric, rapid capacitance shift and destruction of the capacitor.) RF-current-rated capacitors include transmitting micas and ceramics, and air- or vacuum-dielectric capacitors.

The RF (circulating, or flywheel) current in an amplifier's output pi network is roughly equal to network Q multiplied by the amplifier's dc anode current. In the case of an SB-220, the output network circulating current is about 12×0.8 A, or 10 A. The output-network tuning capacitor must be able to withstand this current. When the tune padder (C55A) is switched into the circuit on 160 meters, and the tuning capacitor is set to minimum capacitance, C55A must be able to withstand at least 90% (9 A) of the RF circulating current in the network. It's safest to assume that the tune padder must handle 100% of the network circulating current. As specified in the Fig 1 caption, C55A consists of two 150-pF, 5-kV, or three

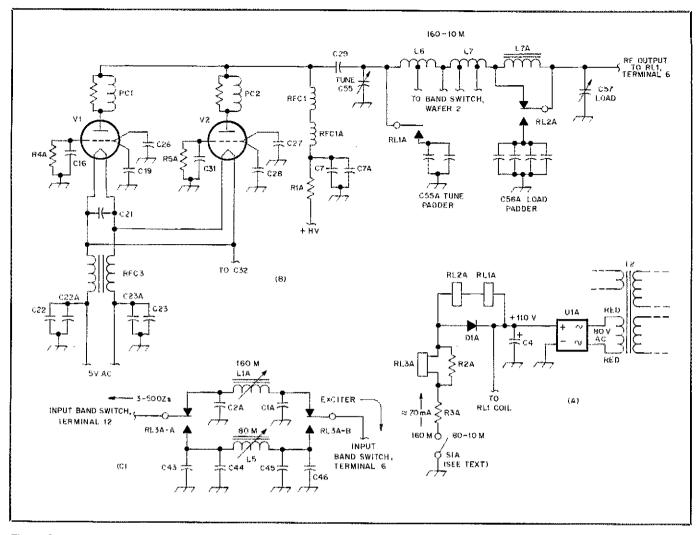


Fig 1—Schematic showing the changes necessary to put the Heath® SB-220 amplifier on 160 meters. (Components added for 160-meter operation are designation by the suffix A; components without the A suffix are original Heath parts. Component designators not in keeping with QST style are used for compatibility with designators on the SB-220 schematic.) Modified in this way, the SB-220 is switched to 160 meters by setting its BAND switch to 80 meters and selecting 160 M with S1A. Control circuitry for the added band-switching relays, and changes to the SB-220's relay power supply circuit, are shown at A. Modifications to the '220's filament, anodesupply and output circuitry are shown at B. C shows changes to the '220's input circuitry. R1A is included as an HV current limiter to protect amplifier components in case of VHF parasitic oscillation by the 3-500Zs. See text.

C1A-2700-pF, 500-V mica.

C2A-3000- to 3300-pF, 500-V mica. C7A-4700-pF, 3-kV (or greater) disc

ceramic. C22A, C23A-0.02-µF (or greater), 1-kV

disc ceramic. C55A—Three 100-pF, or two 150-pF, 5-kV ceramic "doorknob" transmitting capaci-

tors in parallel.

C56A-2000-pF, 2-kV mica; four 500-pF units (Heath part no. 20-711 suitable) in parallel. D1A-200 (or greater) PIV, 1-A rectifier

diode.

L1A-Slug-tuned, 4- to 6-μH coil wound with no. 24 (or heavier) enameled copper wire.

L7A-9 µH: 16 turns of no. 14 stranded, Teflon® -insulated wire on a T-225A-2 powdered-iron toroidal core. Cover the core with silicone-rubber or fiberglass tape before winding the coil. See text. (T-225A-2 cores are available from Àmidon Associates, Palomar Engineers and RADIOKIT.)

R1A-10 Ω, 7 W, wirewound. R2A-430 Ω, 2 W, metal film. See RL3A. R3A-620 or 680 Ω, 4 W. Select for a current of approximately 70 mA through

R4A, R5A-24 to 30 Ω, 1/2 W. These resistors replace RFC4 and RFC5, respectively.

and serve as fuses to protect the 3-500Zs against grid-to-filament shorts. RFC1A-65 to 135 μ H; see text.

RL1A, RL2A—Jennings RB1, Kilovac H-8 or similarly rated vacuum relays with 26-V coils. See text.

RL3A-Metal-can relay, 26-V coil, coil resistance about 700 Ω, 2-A contacts. If your relay's coil resistance differs greatly from 700 Ω, adjust the value of R3A to maintain the correct voltage drop across the coil. See R3A.

U1A-1-A, 200-PIV bridge rectifier.

100-pF, 5-kV, transmitting capacitors in parallel. The 100-pF capacitors are rated at 3.4 A each at 1 MHz; in parallel, the three have a total current rating of 12 to 15 A at 1.8 MHz—sufficient for the job.

The RF current ratings of transmitting ceramic capacitors vary with frequency. For example, a 500-pF, 5-kV Series 58 Centralab™ (now Jennings™ Series 58) capacitor is rated to handle 2.5 A at 10 MHz. but only 1.1 A at 1 MHz. At 1.8 MHz, this capacitor can probably handle around 1.5 A. Assuming that a 500-pF capacitor was called for in the first place, this unit won't cut it at C55A or C56A (the load padder) in Fig 1B. Investigation of the Jennings Series 58 range reveals that even the 1000-pF Series 58 entry is unsuitable

for use at C56A: Its current rating is only 1.4 A at 1 MHz.

Relays: The current and the open-contact voltage ratings of the output-network switching relays, RL1A and RL2A, deserve special consideration because RF energy is much more capable of jumping across open switch contacts than 60-Hz energy. Breakdown voltage decreases with frequency: At 30 MHz, the breakdown voltage between two points separated by a given dielectric is roughly 60% of the 60-Hz value.

Conductor ratings: RF current travels on the surface of conductors, largely bypassing the conductive path below the conductor's skin. This is known as skin effect, and it becomes more pronounced as frequency increases. Because of skin effect, the effective RF resistance of a given conductor increases with frequency. As a result, the ac current capability of wire and contacts must be derated with frequency. (Example: No. 12 copper wire, which is rated to handle over 20 A continuously at 60 Hz, can handle only 5 A continuously at 30 MHz.).

RF-current-rated relays are normally derated to about 20 to 30% of their dc or 60-Hz current ratings for use at 30 MHz. Unlike RF voltage breakdown ratings—which are absolute and can't be pushed—the continuous-duty RF current ratings of wire and relay contacts can be exceeded in intermittent applications like CW and SSB. The result of this is a bit more conductor heating and a slight decrease in overall circuit efficiency.

Voltage ratings: The maximum RF peak voltage encountered by the output-network tuning capacitor in a properly tuned grounded-grid amplifier is approximately equal to the anode supply voltage minus about 200 V. In the SB-220, this is about 2.7 kV minus 200 V, or about 2.5 kV peak.²

Switching 2.5 kV is not difficult at 60 Hz. At 29 MHz, however, switching 2.5 kV is not so easy. Example: If a relay (RL1A) with a rating of 3 kV peak at 60 Hz were used to switch C55A (the tune padder), its open contacts would are over during operation on the upper HF bands. Instead, a relay with a sufficient RF voltage rating must be used. The only practical relay for this difficult job is a vacuum relay that is (open-contact) rated for at least 2.5 kV peak at 30 MHz. (The Jennings RD5 and RB1, and the Kilovac® H-8, are suitable; many other vacuum relays are rated for 2.5 kV peak at 30 MHz. Those I've mentioned are more common at swap meets than other types, however.)

RL2A, the SPDT relay at the 50-Ω (low-voltage) end of the amplifier output network, switches the load padder (C56A) and the added output-network inductance (L7A). The maximum RF voltage at these points is less than 1.2 kV peak. An ordinary 15-A, open-frame relay can be used at RL2A if its open-contact air gap can with-stand 2.5 kV dc on a breakdown-voltage tester.³ Another Jennings RB1 or RJ1A (like that shown in Fig 2), or a Kilovac H-8 would be even better.

Powering the Relays

The rated coil current for a Jennings RB1 is 100 mA. If speed of relay closure is not a factor—as in this application—a lower actuating current may be used. The actual

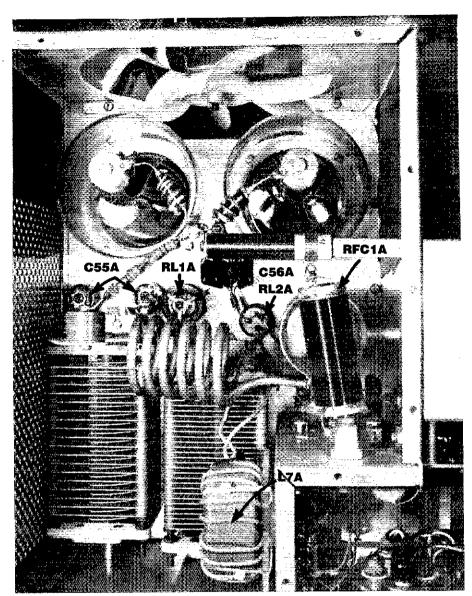


Fig 2—These components modify the output-network and anode portions of the SB-220 circuit for operation on 160 meters. The added anode RF choke (RFC1A) is left in the circuit on 160 through 10 meters; added output-network components C55A, C56A and L7A are switched into line on 160 by means of vacuum relays RL1A and RL2A. See text. (The resistors between the anode choke and the doorknob capacitor on the SB-220 TUNE capacitor [lower left] are not part of Heath's design. They were an intermediate—and unsuccessful—R and D step in suppressing VHF parasitics in this particular amplifier and are unrelated to the 160-meter modification process. The parasitic-suppression circuitry that worked is described in R. Measures, "Improved Anode Parasitic Suppression for Modern Amplifier Tubes," QST, Oct 1988, pp 36-38, 66 and 89.)

minimum pull-in current for an RB1 is about 50 mA. For reliable operation and maximum coil life, a coil current of approximately 70 mA is appropriate.

The stock, half-wave rectified, +110-V relay power supply in the SB-220 is adequate for the original current load (RL1 only) of about 25 mA. The additional current required by RL1A, RL2A and RL3A can be accommodated by modifying the SB-220's half-wave-rectified supply to a full-wave-bridge rectifier circuit. To do this, remove D16 and rewire the supply as shown in Fig 1A.

One Jennings RB3 DPDT relay can do the jobs of RL1A and RL2A, but the RB3's rated coil current (200 mA) is probably too much for T2's relay-supply secondary winding to handle. Thus, if you choose to use a single relay instead of RL1A and RL2A, you'll probably have to build in an 18- to 24-V supply to power it.

Filament Choke

Most of the articles about 160-meter amplifier modification that I've seen presume that a given amplifier's stock 80- to 10-meter filament RF choke must be

replaced with a more inductive choke. On the contrary: In most amplifiers—including the SB-220—the 80- to 10-meter filament choke can be used on 160.

The SB-220 has a $9-\mu H$ filament choke. The reactance of this choke at 1.9 MHz is about $+/107~\Omega$. If a reactance (at 1.9 MHz) of $-/107~\Omega$ (an 800-pF capacitor is close enough) is connected in parallel with the $9-\mu H$ choke, the choke and capacitor resonate and act as a high impedance at 1.9 MHz. Resonated in this way, the original HF filament choke can do a good job on 160.

The impedance of a tuned circuit generally varies much more rapidly with frequency than the reactance of a choke (or capacitor) on its own, however. Because of this, the off-frequency impedance—at the 160-meter band edges-of a resonant filament-choke circuit deserves evaluation. The admittance of a 9-µH inductor in parallel with an 800-pF capacitor is about 1/900 S (siemens [previously called mhos]) at 1.8 MHz and 2 MHz. This admittance. equivalent to an impedance of about 900 Ω . is almost 14 times greater than that of the paralleled cathodes of the SB-220's two 3-500Zs (about 65 Ω [averaged over a full cycle of the input waveform]). Result: Resonating the SB-220's filament choke to 1.9 MHz causes the impedance of the 3-500Zs-and-filament-choke circuit to vary from just below 61 Ω at 1.8 and 2 MHz to about 65 \O at 1.9 MHz. This modest impedance variation presents no problems.

Because the cold ends of the filament choke windings are grounded for RF by C22, C22A, C23 and C23A, the 800-pF resonating capacitance can be paralleled with the filament choke by connecting the capacitor between the 3-500Z cathodes and chassis. This is most easily done by adding 800 pF at the output of the amplifier's 160-meter input pi network. (The value given for C2A in the Fig I caption includes the 800 pF necessary to resonate the choke.) Because the input network is band switched, the filament choke resonates at 1.9 MHz only on 160 meters.

Tuned Input Circuit

Before the values of the components in the 160-meter input pi network can be calculated, a value of network Q must be chosen. For this purpose, Q is defined as the input resistance of the pi network divided by the reactance (in ohms) of the input capacitor, or $Q = R_{in} + X_{Cin}$. If the Q chosen is too low, the bandwidth of the input network will be wide, but the SWR presented by the network to the exciter will not be especially good anywhere on the band. If the Q of the input circuit is too high, the SWR at the middle of the band will be low, but the SWR at the band edges will be too high. Because of this, a compromise Q must be chosen to balance bandwidth against minimum attainable SWR. According to the Varian EIMAC®

Getting Parts for 160-Meter Amplifier Modifications

Parts Suppliers

New vacuum relays and transmitting capacitors rated for RF current:

Surcom (Jennings relays) 2215 Faraday Ave, Suite A

Carlsbad, CA 92008 tel 619-438-4420

New vacuum relavs:

Kilovac

550 Linden Ave

Carpinteria, CA 93013

tel 805-684-4560 (ask for Gail or the order desk)

New-surplus and used vacuum relays and transmitting capacitors rated for RF current:

Alan Emerald, K6GA

8956 Swallow Ave

Fountain Valley, CA 92708

tel 714-962-5940

Hiway Sales

305 Wisconsin Ave Oceanside, CA 92054

tel 619-722-1175

Fair Radio Sales Co, Inc.

Box 1105

1016 E Eureka St

Lima, OH 45802

tel 419-223-2196

Parts Costs and Tips

Vacuum relays average about \$35 each at swap meets. New relays cost about \$100 each. Test swap-meet relays—before purchasing them—with two seriesed 9-V batteries (to power the relay coil) and an ohmmeter (to make sure that the contacts open and close properly). I also strongly recommend that you test the open-circuit voltage capability of bargain relays before purchase with a current-limited HV breakdown tester. (The breakdown tester measures the integrity of the vacuum inside the relay. For information on how to construct such a device, see the article cited at note 3 of the main text.) If swap-meet vacuum testing is inconvenient, be sure to get the relay seller's call sign and vehicle license plate number—and a money-back guarantee—in case the vacuum proves to be bad.

Jennings 100-pF, 5-kV transmitting capacitors cost about \$11 each new, and about \$3 to \$5 used.

The total parts cost of this project for a skilled scrounger is about \$80. The cost of all-new parts is about \$300.

Literature

For information on the availability of Varian EIMAC's Care and Feeding of Power Grid Tubes, call 415-592-1221, or write Varian EIMAC, 301 Industrial Way, San Carlos, CA 94070.

book Care and Feeding of Power Grid Tubes, an input-circuit Q of about 2 should be used. The 80- through 10-meter input networks of the SB-220 exhibit a Q of only about 1. This results in an SWR that is acceptable for transceivers with vacuumtube finals, but less than optimum for modern all-solid-state transceivers.

Plugging a Q value of 1.6 into the formulas in the Varian EIMAC book results in these calculated values: input capacitor (C1A), 2700 pF; L1A, 4 to 5 μ H; output capacitor (C2A), about 2500 pF. (The C2A specification in the Fig 1 parts list is 3300 pF because the spec includes the 800 pF necessary to resonate the filament choke at 1.9 MHz.) C1A and C2A must possess a mica dielectric and be rated at 3.5 kV. Inductor L1A should be wound from no. 24 or larger insulated copper wire

to keep the coil Q high; smaller-diameter wire would degrade the amplifier's input SWR. (L1A is wound on a slug-tuned form to allow some adjustment of the input SWR; see the next paragraph.)

Adjusting the amplifier input SWR: Do not try to minimize the input network SWR by varying the value of CIA (the input capacitor of the 160-meter pi network); doing so changes the network Q. Instead, adjust the network inductance. This adjustment mainly changes the network center frequency, however, and may not result in an acceptable minimum SWR. If this is the case, adjust the value of C2A and L1A until the proper impedance transformation ratio and minimum SWR are achieved. 4

Anode Choke

Designing an anode choke for a single-

frequency amplifier is easy. (For singlefrequency operation, choke self-resonances -which are unavoidable—can be parked at frequencies sufficiently removed from the operating frequency to avoid frying the choke with the amplifier output.) When an amplifier is to be operated over a wide frequency range, however, anode-choke design is critical because the choke must (1) exhibit sufficient inductive reactance to keep it from dissipating too much power at the amplifier's lowest operating frequency and (2) not exhibit self-resonances at or near any of the amplifier operating frequencies. (The RF current responsible for destroying a choke that fails to satisfy either or both of these conditions flows through the choke and the HV-to-ground bypass capacitor [C7 and C7A in the modified SB-220].) Satisfying both conditions simultaneously is tricky: Adding turns to (increasing the inductance of) a choke that does not satisfy condition 1 increases the choke's distributed capacitance and the number (and position) of choke self-resonances below 30 MHz,5 If one of these resonances occurs at an amplifier operating frequency, an unpleasant choke fire may result-and the choke may be "crispycrittered."

The inductance of the SB-220's stock anode choke, RFC1, is $50 \mu H$. Heath chose this value wisely: RFC1's lowest self-resonance occurs above 40 MHz—well above the operating frequency range of the amplifier. The reactance of this choke at 1.8 MHz is $+j565 \Omega$. The ac anode voltage in the SB-220 is about 2.5 kV peak $\div \sqrt{2}$,

or about 1768 V RMS. At this voltage, the RF current through RFC1 is 1768 + 565, or 3.13 A! This substantial current would cause severe heating of the choke's no. 28 wire and the ceramic-dielectric HV bypass capacitors (C7 and C7A) at the cold end of the choke. Thus, another choke must be placed in series with, and at a right angle to, RFC1. The inductance of this choke (RFC1A) can be as little as 65 µH or as much as 135 µH. (Its inductance can be anything up to about 135 µH as long as a self-resonance cannot be found on frequencies within about 5% of the edges of any operating amateur band covered by the amplifier.6)

A 65- μ H choke can be made by filling about 2 inches of winding space on a 5/8-inch-diameter coil form with no. 27 high-temperature enameled copper wire.7 The lowest self-resonance of such a choke occurs at about 35 MHz, so the choke should work well between 3.5 and 30 MHz while providing enough total inductance $(RFC1 + RFC1A = 115 \mu H)$ to keep itself and bypass capacitors C7 and C7A from overheating at 1.8 MHz. A compact 65-μH choke can be made by filling about 1-9/16 inches of winding space on a 1-inchdiameter coil form with no. 27 wire. A suitable 135-µH choke can be made by filling 1-13/16 inches of winding space on a 1-inch-diam coil form with no. 27 hightemperature enameled copper wire. Such a choke is self-resonant at about 23 and 35 MHz, making it safe for use at 15, 12 and 10 meters.

To avoid destructive RF dielectric

Fig 3—The additional components necessary to put the SB-220's input pi network on 160 are mounted near the input-network components for 80 through 10 meters, RL3A and L1A are mounted on the metal bracket at center.

heating of the coil form, avoid form materials (such as nylon and PVC) that have high RF dissipation factors. Delrin® has an intermediate dissipation factor; polyethylene, TFE, and ABS (acrylonitrile butadiene styrene) and other styrenes, have low dissipation factors. Thin (0.02-inch)wall G-10 or G-11 fiberglass tubing is excellent for this application because it is lightweight, RF- and heat-resistant, and very strong. (A choke constructed on fiberglass tubing is lightweight enough to be supported by the no. 18 solid wire I used to connect the choke into my amplifier.)

Wire gauges from no. 24 to 28 can be used for RFC1A if the winding space on the coil form is adjusted accordingly. After you build your choke, check its self-resonances as described in note 6. If necessary, remove turns to park the choke's self-resonances between Amateur Radio bands. (Achieving a particular choke inductance is far less critical than the position of the choke's self-resonances in the spectrum!) Give the finished choke a thin coating of polyurethane varnish to keep the winding from rattling with modulation.

General Construction Notes

Component placement is not critical when modifying an amplifier for use on 160 meters. The only guideline is to put each RF part reasonably close to the part of the circuit to which it is connected.

Use no. 14 or heavier wire for leads that carry RF circulating current in the amplifier output network. To minimize stress on the vacuum relays' metal-to-glass seals, install a flexible copper-ribbon section (about 1 inch long and 1/8 to 3/16 inch wide) between the relay RF terminals and the heavy wires that connect the relay contacts into the circuit.

Specifics on Modifying the SB-220

Figs 2 and 3 show how the 160-meter parts fit into an SB-220. Disconnect the doorknob capacitor (C6) at the base of RFC1. Remove RFC2 and replace it with RFC1A. Once this is done, C6 may be removed or reconnected in parallel with C7 and C7A for improved HV-lead bypassing.

If you use the compact 65-µH choke, you won't have to remove the SB-220's HV interlock switch to make room for RFC1A. If you use a larger choke for RFC1A, you'll have to remove the interlock to make room for the choke.⁸

The ceramic coil form used in the SB-220's stock anode choke (RFC1) cannot withstand the RF voltage that appears at its chassis end as a result of removing C6 and adding RFC1A. To solve this problem, replace the aluminum spacer under RFC1 with a no. 6-32 threaded ceramic pillar or the phenolic spacer from the SB-220's HV interlock. (You'll need to use washers with the phenolic spacer to make its length equal to that of the original aluminum spacer.)

The 160-meter tank circuit inductor (L7A) is wound on a T-225A-2 powderediron toroidal core. Cover the bare core with one overlapping layer of Plymouth Rubber Co silicone-rubber tape. If silicone-rubber tape is not available, use fiberglass tape. (Don't use vinvl tape.) Use Teflon-insulated wire for L7A; such wire is ideal for RF applications. Secure the ends of the winding with nylon cable ties. Also using cable ties, mount the completed inductor on a square of 1/8-inch-thick acrylic sheet. (Drill holes in the acrylic sheet to pass the ties.) Fig 2 illustrates this mounting method.

Conclusion

Putting an HF amplifier on 160 meters needn't be a hit-or-miss job. In this article, I've covered exactly what's involved in getting an SB-220 going on top band and covered the theory behind the modifications in sufficient detail to allow owners of other HF amplifiers to modify their gear for MF. If you would like discuss any part of this article with me, my telephone number is 805-482-3034.

More SB-220 improvements from Richard Measures—including better suppression of VHF parasitics, heat reduction, fan lubrication and how to keep your SB-220 from pitting the control-relay contacts in the transceiver that drives it-will appear in an upcoming Hints and Kinks column.

Notes

'Rich Measures' use of HF in this sentence is intentionally colloquial. Of course an HF amplifier doesn't cover 160 meters; 160 is an band, contemporary ad copy and transceiver-panel labels notwithstanding. If you need more output power than your "HF" transceiver may currently provide on 160, this article is for you: In it, AG6K shows you how to turn an HF amplifler into an MF/HF device.

When the peak anode current is at maximum and the instantaneous anode voltage is at minimum in a properly tuned amplifier, the anode voltage must be about 200 V more positive than the (grounded) grid in order to attract most of the electrons emitted by the cathode. If the output network is adjusted to load the amplifier tube(s) too lightly-which causes the instantaneous, minimum anode voltage to dip below about 200—electrons that would normally flow from cathode to anode flow from cathode to grid instead. The result is excessive grid current and amplifier nonlinearity (a euphemism for rotten

3R. Measures, "High-Voltage Breakdown Tester," QEX, Aug 1988, pp 5-7.

Altering a pi network's impedance-matching ratio involves adjusting the values of two or more of the network reactances. The network's impedance-transformation ratio cannot be altered by adjusting only one of its three reactive components.

One popular variation on the add-turns-to-thechoke theme depends on a gap of about 34 inch between the added turns and the main choke winding to decouple the inductors and avoid setf-resonance problems. Unfortunately, a 34-inch gap does not sufficiently reduce coupling between coils that share a common axis. The best way to prevent inductive coupling between two or more unshielded solenoldal inductors is to place the inductors at right angles to each other.

⁶The choke's self-resonant frequencies can be found by connecting the choke terminals together with a short clip lead, coupling a dip meter to either end of the choke and sweeping the choke's operating frequency range. Dips indicate self-resonances; these should be quite sharp and easy to find. If possible, check for resonances with the choke in its installed position; nearby metal objects-shield partitions and chassis walls-can cause self-resonances to shift. [Photographic evidence of this effect can be seen in Zack Lau, "More Choke Info, Technical Correspondence, QST, Jun 1988, p 51.—Ed.1

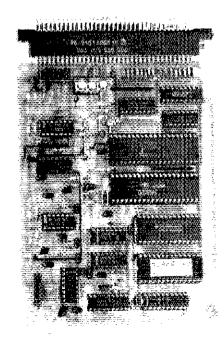
This silicone-varnish-insulated wire is available from shops that rewind electric motors. It has much better RF and HV insulating qualities than any of the Formvar or nylon-clad wires.

*Readers may raise their eyebrows at my suggestion that the SB-220's HV interlock be removed and not reinstalled. In my opinion, this amplifier is not much safer with the HV interlock than without it. Even if the interlock is functioning properly—and with the amplifier plugged in and switched off—you can receive a fatal electric shock by touching any of several components under the amplifier chassis that are connected to the ac mains. Because this situation exists regardless of the presence or operability of the interlock, I had no qualms about removing my SB-220's interlock to make room for RFC1A. The choice is yours. (The only way to work on an amplifier safely is to never put your hands or a conductive tool inside an amplifier unless it is unplugged from the ac mains and its HVsupply capacitors are fully discharged. Don't let the presence of an interlock lull you into believing that a plugged-in amplifier is safe to work on!)

New Products

RF CONCEPTS 8-RC REPEATER CONTROLLER

The 8-RC Repeater Controller is a multifunction device that can be configured as a stand-alone unit, or as part of a multifunction repeater system. Features include inputs for a control-link receiver, remotebase control and CTCSS-decoder. In addition, there are 8 (expandable to 40) auxiliary on/off outputs and alarm circuit controls for environmental conditions such as power failure or open doors. All controller program data is stored in EEPROM, eliminating the need for separate controller memory battery backup. The 8-RC can also be configured as part of a modular repeater control system. Options for the 8-RC include full-function autopatch (with remote control and reverse functions), remote-base interface, packet radio interface and serial data interface. For equip-



ment availability and price information, contact RF Concepts, 2000 Humboldt St, Reno, NV 89509, tel 702-827-0133.--Tom Francis, NMIQ.



OEX: THE ARRL EXPERIMENTERS' EXCHANGE AND AMSAT SATELLITE JOURNAL

The December issue of QEX includes:

- "CW and SSB Audio Filters Using 88-mH Inductors," by Ed Wetherhold, W3NQN. The passive LC audio filter is still preferred by many radio amateurs and professional filter designers. Here's how to apply LC-filter theory to the design and construction of inexpensive, high-performance, CW and SSB audio filters.
- "Path Selection," Part 1, by Dennis L. Haarsager, N7DH. Path selection is an important aspect of successful long-distance operation at wavelengths shorter than those propagated by the ionosphere. N7DH explains how to plan a DX-contact attempt over a non-line-of-sight path.
- >50, by Bill Olson, W3HQT. Reflector antennas, such as parabolic dishes and corner reflectors, are popular among VHF/UHF/ SHF operators. This month's column is the first part of a series on reflector antennas, and covers basic parabolic-dish theory.
- Components, by Mark Forbes, KC9C. Mark talks about J. W. Miller and Coilcraft inductors: inresco overcurrent protectors; the IBM® PS/2® Model 30 286 computer; NEC microwave prescalers: Polycore MMICs and RF power FETs; Micro Crystal crystals—and the Components reader survey is on!
- In Correspondence, Dom Mailozzi, NIDM, tells you how to obtain NTIS publications and reviews three of them he found of

QEX is edited by Paul Rinaldo, W4RI, and is published monthly. The special subscription rate for ARRL/AMSAT members is \$10 for 12 issues; for nonmembers, \$20. There are additional postage surcharges for mailing outside the US; write to Headquarters for details.

Conversion Between Geodetic and Grid Locator Systems

This simple paper system lets you convert latitudes and longitudes to grid locators—and vice versa—without a computer or calculator. Give it a try on your next "gridpedition"!

By Edmund T. Tyson, N5JTY 1832 Corte del Ranchero Alamogordo, NM 88310

he grid locator system is widely used in Europe and North America for reporting station position during contacts at VHF and above.¹ One of the advantages of grid locators is that they describe positions in four or six characters—compared to the ten or fourteen characters necessary with the geodetic (latitude/longitude) system. A six-character grid locator describes a coarse position with its first two characters and, with successive characters, refines the position to an area 2.5′ of latitude × 5′ of longitude in size. This article describes a tabular method of converting between the grid locator and latitude/longitude systems.

Brief Anatomy of a Grid Locator

Of a full (six-character) grid locator, three characters (the first, third and fifth) specify longitude in steps of increasing precision; the remaining three characters (the second, fourth and sixth) specify latitude in steps of increasing precision. See Fig 1.

The first character (always a letter) of a grid locator specifies longitude in 20° increments, with the letter A corresponding to the interval 180° W to 160° W, the letter B corresponding to the interval 160° W to 140° W, and so on until the letter R, which covers 160° E to 180° E longitude.

The second character in a grid locator specifies latitude in 10° increments. For instance, the letter A covers the interval from 90° S to 80° S, B covers 80° S to 70° S, and so on until R, which specifies latitudes from

¹In Europe, this system is usually referred to as the *Maldenhead locator* system.

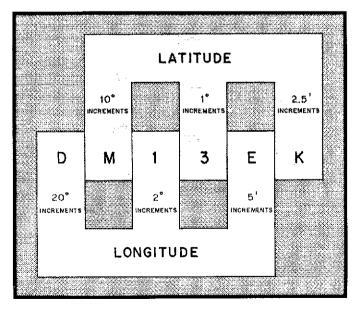


Fig 1—Anatomy of a grid locator. In its six-character form, the grid locator specifies positions on the earth to the nearest 5' of longitude and 2.5' of latitude. For many Amateur Radio purposes, however, only the first four grid characters (specifying positions—grid squares—to the nearest 2° of longitude and 1° of latitude) are used. See the text and Tables 1 through 6 for how to convert geodetic coordinates to grid locators and vice versa.

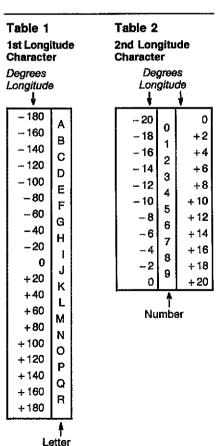
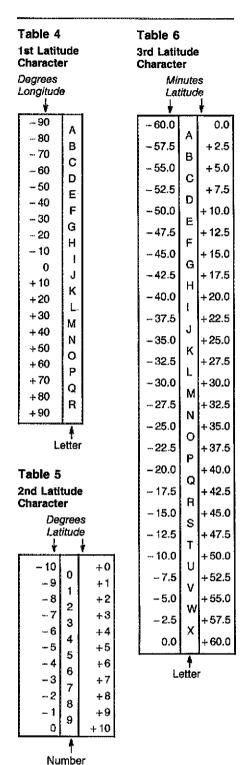


Table 3



80° N to 90° N. West longitudes and south latitudes are treated as *negative* values in the grid locator system; east longitudes and north latitudes are *positive*.

The third and fourth characters are digits in the range 0 through 9. The third character divides longitude lunes into 2° increments; the fourth character divides latitude zones into 1° increments.

The last two characters (always letters) in a grid locator subdivide the $2^{\circ} \times 1^{\circ}$ rectangles designated by the third and

Table 7
Sample Grid Locators

City	Longitude	Latitude	Locator
Munich	11° 36.5' E	48° 8,8′ N	JN58TD
Montevideo	56° 12.7' W	34° 54.6′ S	GF15VC
Washington, DC	77° 3,9′ W	38° 55.2' N	FM18LW
Wellington	174° 44.7′ E	41° 17.0′ S	RE78IR

Remember: West longitudes and south latitudes are treated as negative values in the grid locator system; east longitudes and north latitudes are positive.

fourth characters into smaller rectangles that are 5×2.5 minutes of arc in size. The letters A through X are used to specify each coordinate of these $5' \times 2.5'$ rectangles.

Conversion Tables

Tables 1 through 6, inclusive, can be used to convert latitude and longitude to grid locators, or grid locators to latitude and longitude.

Converting Latitude and Longitude to Grid Locators

Example: The location of an observatory at 105° 44.0′ W longitude and 32° 58.8′ N latitude can be readily converted to a grid locator. Find the longitude characters first. (Remember: West longitude is negative in the grid-locator system.) According to Table 1, the first grid character is D because the observatory's longitude is between -100° and -120°. Record the first character of the unknown locator, leaving space for the characters to come:

D__ _ _ _

(For values of longitude that are exact multiples of 20°, work from zero and choose the grid-locator letter "above" the correct exact longitude value. For examples: -120° longitude = C, not D; +20° longitude = K, not J. Apply this "use the higher letter or number" rule to Tables 1 through 6 whenever you must work with exact multiples of the longitude and latitude increments reflected in the tables.)

So far, we have accounted for exactly 100° of the observatory's longitude. Find the second longitude character by referring to Table 2 for the number corresponding to the longitude remainder, -5° 44.0′. Because -5° 44.0′ falls within the -4° to -6° range, that number is 7. We now have two characters of the grid locator:

Now, we have accounted for exactly 104° of the observatory's -105° 44.0' longitude. Use Table 3 to find the letter that corresponds to the remaining -1° 44.0' of longitude. Expressed in minutes, -1° 44.0' = -60' + -44.0', or -104.0'. This number falls within the -100' to -105' range, so the third longitude letter is D. Now we have all three longitude characters of the unknown grid locator:

D__7_D__

The three latitude characters come next. The observatory's latitude is 32° 58.8′ N. This is a positive latitude in the grid-locator system. According to Table 4, the first latitude character is M because the observatory's latitude is between +30° and +40°. We now have four grid characters:

The most significant latitude character, M, accounts for exactly 30° of the observatory's latitude. Find the second latitude character by referring to Table 5 for the number corresponding to the

latitude remainder, +2° 58.8′. Because +2° 58.8′ falls in the +2° to +3° range, that number is 2. We now have *five* grid-locator characters:

DM72D

DM7__D__

So far, we have accounted for exactly 32° of the observatory's $+32^{\circ}$ 58.8' latitude. Use Table 6 to find the letter corresponding to the remaining +58.8' of latitude. Because +58.8' falls within the +57.5' to +60.0' range, that letter is X. We now have the observatory's complete grid locator: DM72DX.

Converting Grid Locators to Latitude and Longitude

The conversion of grid locators to geodetic coordinates can be illustrated with the grid locator DM13EK. The geodetic coordinates we find will correspond to the exact center of the region specified by DM13EK. As before, it's useful to separate the grid locator into elements of longitude and latitude. Also as before, we'll do the longitude first:

$$D = -100^{\circ}$$

$$1 = -16^{\circ}$$

$$E = -1^{\circ} 35'$$
Round = -0° 2.5'

Sum = -117° 37.5', or 117° 37.5' W longitude

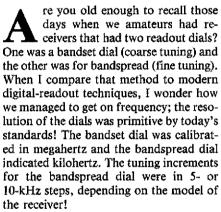
The rounding term is used to compute the longitude of the center of the specified region—a region $5' \times 2.5'$ (longitude \times latitude) in size because DM13EK is a sixcharacter locator. We know that the longitudinal center of this region must lie somewhere along a line half—2.5'—of the region's longitudinal width (5') from its

(continued on page 43)

A VFO with Bandspread and Bandset

Eliminate expensive vernier drives and dials with an old technique—bandspread and bandset tuning!

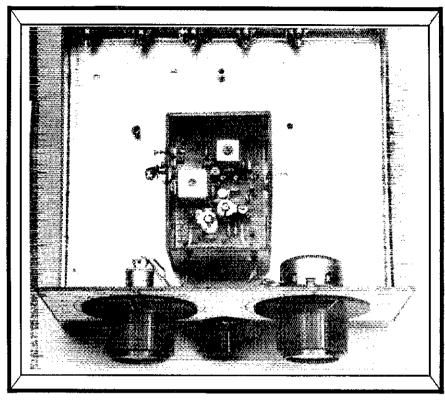
By Doug DeMaw, W1FB ARRL Contributing Editor PO Box 250 Luther, MI 49656



We may apply that old technique to modern circuits. Reasonable readout accuracy is possible with the method discussed in this article. The trick is to make both dials read kilohertz, rather than megahertz and kilohertz. The circuit described here is meant to be an inspiration toward a design of your own. It serves as a model for a starting point, with a circuit-board pattern offered if you wish to experiment. My circuit values are for use in a 6.572- to 6.872-MHz VFO. This VFO serves as the local oscillator for a homemade 80-meter CW receiver that uses a 3072-kHz IF and a crystal filter made from low-cost computer crystals. I plan to describe the entire receiver in a subsequent article.

Circuit Features

Please refer to Fig 1, which shows the circuit for my experimental VFO. You will



note that I use electronic tuning. D2 and D3 are VVC (voltage variable capacitance) diodes. They are also called varactors or tuning diodes. As the reverse bias (positive voltage) is varied at the diode cathode, there is a significant change in the junction capacitance of the diode. This enables us to change the VFO frequency, as would be the situation if we replaced D2 and D3 with mechanical tuning capacitors. The advantage of using the diodes is that we can use standard carbon-composition controls (R2 and R7 of Fig 1) for tuning the VFO. This provides a compact VFO module, should that be our objective.

D2 functions as the bandset tuning diode, while D3 is used for the bandspread function. Each diode has a trimmer capacitor (C3 and C4) between it and L2. The trimmers are set to control the tuning range of each VVC diode.

All is not "milk and honey" when we use tuning diodes in VFOs. Although the diodes offer some advantages over airvariable capacitors, they are not as frequency stable as mechanical tuning devices. The more semiconductor junctions we add to an oscillator circuit, the greater the opportunity for frequency drift—particularly short-term drift (first five minutes of warmup). This is because the transistor and diode

junctions must come up to operating temperature as current flows through them. This involves both RF and direct currents. The stability of the VFO in Fig 1 is adequate for many amateur needs, such as simple receivers and signal generators. Short-term drift is on the order of 1.5 kHz from a cold start to the period when longterm drift commences. Long-term drift occurs for 15 or 20 minutes, and it amounts to a range of 200-300 Hz. Thereafter, the frequency creeps up and down over a range of 5-10 Hz at room temperature. In other words, the circuit in Fig 1 represents a good VFO, but not a spectacular one. It is on par with what I expected when using two VVC diodes.

Remainder of the VFO Circuit

Q1 of Fig 1 is a 2N4416 JFET. This device surpasses the performance of the generic MPF102 family of transistors. It has a better pinchoff characteristic than does the MPF102 and similar devices. This means that greater output is possible at a given operating voltage, compared to an MPF102. Oscillator feedback is by way of the Q1 source and L1. This link has ½ the number of turns used on L2, which is pretty standard for a feedback winding. The two coils are wound on an Amidon L-57-6

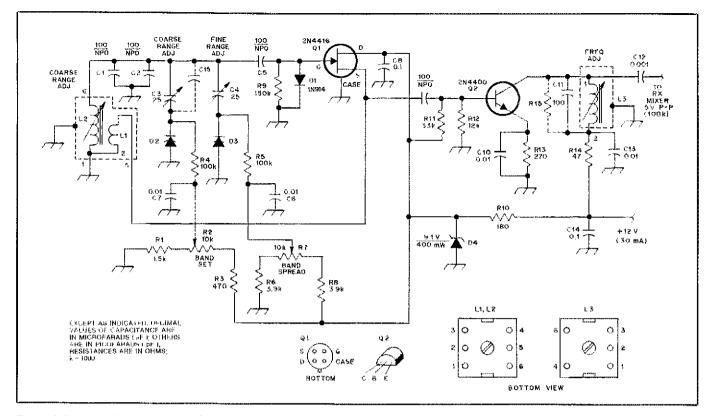


Fig 1—Schematic diagram of the VVC-tuned VFO. Fixed-value capacitors are disc ceramic, 50- or 100-V rating. Fixed-value resistors are ¼-W carbon composition. NP0 notations are for temperature-stable disc capacitors (zero temperature coefficient).

C3, C5—25-pF NP0 miniature ceramic trimmer or E. F. Johnson I-9-5 miniature air-variable trimmers.

C15-See text.

D1—Silicon switching diode, type 1N914 or equiv.

D2, D3—Motorola MV2109 tuning diode or equiv, 30-70 pF typical range. Available from All-Electronics Corp, Van Nuys, CA 91408. D4—9.1-V, 400-mW Zener diode. L1—4 turns of no. 30 enam or Litz wire over grounded end of L2. Use Amidon Assoc, Inc L-57-6 shielded assembly. L2—16 turns of no. 30 enam or Litz wire on L-57-6 bobbin. Use Q-Dope to secure windings (see text). L3—24 turns of no. 30 enam or Litz wire on the form of an Amidon Assoc L-43-2 shielded assembly. Turns must be scramble-wound to fit on form, R2, R7—10-kΩ linear-taper carboncomposition control (see text). R15—See text.

transformer assembly. The no. 6 (yellow) powdered-iron core material is best for VFO service. It is more temperature stable than the other core materials.

NP0 temperature-stable capacitors (C1, C2, C5 and C9) are used to aid the stability. D1, from the Q1 gate to ground, stabilizes the bias on Q1 and limits the device transconductance on sine-wave peaks. This helps to keep the junction capacitance fairly constant—an aid to stability. A further enhancement to stability is provided by Zener diode D4. It regulates the operating voltage for D2, D3, Q1 and the base of Q2.

Buffer-amplifier Q2 is used to boost the RF output of the oscillator chain to 5 V P-P. The output is designed to look into a 100-k Ω load, which may be gate no. 2 of a dual-gate MOSFET mixer. R15 may be added (3.3 k Ω to 10 k Ω) across L3 (dashed lines in Fig 1) to broaden the response of L2. This will reduce the RF output somewhat.

You may use a lower value of capacitance at C9 if you require lower output

from Q2. The smaller the C9 value, the greater the overall VFO stability. In a like manner, the lower the C5 value, the better the stability. C5 needs to be of a large enough value to allow Q1 to oscillate. The Q of the oscillator tank and the specific transconductance of Q1 are determining factors when selecting the C5 value in a VFO of this general type. C5 values as low as 5 pF are usable, especially when L2 has a high value of Q (100 or greater).

Circuit Variations

If you desire greater frequency stability than I mentioned earlier, replace D2 and D3 with small air-variable capacitors. You may use a 100-pF unit in place of D2. The bandspread tuning can then be done with a 15- or 20-pF variable. This calls for the deletion of the VVC diode components, R1 through R8, plus C6 and C7, and of course, D2 and D3.

C15 of Fig 1 is shown in dashed lines. You may add a capacitor at this circuit point if you wish to increase the tuning

range of the bandset control. Experiment with the C15 value to obtain the range you need.

Construction in General

Use a single-sided PC board for this project. Double-sided board material increases the VFO drift, owing to the formation of unwanted low-stability capacitance between the PC foil and the ground-plane side of the board. Try to use high quality glass-epoxy board material. Phenolic PC boards are not suitable for VFOs.

I enclosed my VFO in a homemade box, as shown in the title photo. The box is made from pieces of PC board that have been soldered together. The cover, removed for the photograph, is a U-shaped piece of aluminum. The cover is affixed to the box by means of two no. 4-40 screws. I soldered two 4-40 × ½-inch nuts on the inside of the box to accommodate the two screws. I used two surplus Teflon push-in feed-through terminals to route the +12 V to the circuit, and to bring the RF output from

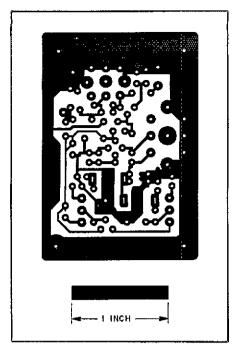


Fig 2—Circuit-board etching pattern for the VVC VFO. The pattern is shown full-size from the foil side of the board. Black areas represent unetched copper foil.

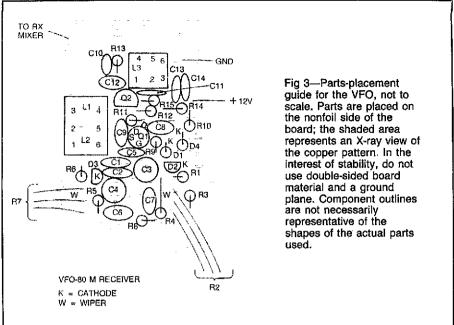
the box. Two no. 6 spade bolts secure the VFO box to the mainframe assembly that will later contain the remainder of my 80-meter receiver. The hookup-wire cables for tuning controls R2 and R7 are brought from the VFO box through ¼-inch holes in the box wall. The VFO module measures (HWD) 2 × 2 × 2½ inches.

A scale etching pattern for the VFO PC board is provided in Fig 2. A parts-placement guide is shown in Fig 3.¹

The dial-calibration plate for my VFO is homemade, visible on edge in the title-page photograph. I drew the circles with a ballpoint pen and compass. I use knobs with large skirts (2 inches OD), bought at a flea market. If you can't locate a pair of large knobs with skirts, you may use standard-size knobs and metal or plastic dial skirts with them. The skirts may be attached to the knobs by means of epoxy cement or small screws.

After I made the dial plate I photocopied it. The copy was used for dial calibration with a pencil. I measured the VFO output with a frequency counter. My VFO is set for 50 kHz of tuning range with the bandset control. The bandspread covers only 10 kHz. Midrange on the bandspread control is marked zero. To the left of zero I calibrated this dial with minus kHz marks. Plus-kHz marks are to the right of zero. After plotting the calibration scales I made marks between the two rings of each dial face, then typed the frequencies alongside the marks. Rubber cement is used to affix the dial plate to the front panel.

Try to obtain commercial-grade controls



for R2 and R7 of Fig 1, such as Allen-Bradley units. They will last longer than imported controls, and will be less prone to resistive instability from shock and vibration. Check the surplus catalogs for these controls.

Checkout and Operation

You will need to adjust the slug in L2, along with the settings for C3 and C4. First, determine how much frequency range you want to cover with the bandset control. Adjust C3 and L2 so R2 provides the desired range. Next, adjust C4 to yield 10 kHz of tuning range for R7. This will cause some interaction with the settings of C3 and L2. Repeat those adjustments to obtain the desired tuning range for R2.

Next, terminate C12 with a $100-k\Omega$ resistor. Connect a scope or RF probe from the output side of C12 to ground. Adjust the slug in L3 for maximum RF output voltage.

L1 and L2 should be coated with GC polystyrene Q-Dope after they are wound on the L-57-6 bobbin. Allow at least 48 hours for the coil to dry before you check the stability of your VFO. Q-Dope is available by mail from Small Parts Center.² Do not attempt drift tests if you have recently soldered connections on the VFO PC board. Allow an hour after all soldering is completed before you commence your drift run. Keep the module away from desk or bench lamps and enclose the VFO PC board in its box to prevent air currents from reaching the critical components. Terminate the VFO output with a 100-k Ω resistor and attach a frequency counter to the VFO output through a 27- or 33-pF capacitor. Apply the VFO operating voltage and log the initial frequency. Monitor the frequency change until the drift is only 1 or 2 Hz per count. Observe the frequency change until it stabilizes. This will be noted when the frequency shifts up and down by a few hertz in a random manner. Dial calibration (discussed earlier) should be done *after* the short-term drift has occurred. This should take place within five minutes after turn-on.

Closing Comments

I want to stress that this is an "idea" article rather than a project for duplication. The main thought here is that you can capitalize on the old technique of using a bandset and bandspread setup in order to avoid the high cost of vernier mechanisms. Tuning diodes are discussed in the interest of equipment miniaturization and reduced cost

This VFO is not recommended for use with transmitters unless one or more additional stages of buffering are used. A single buffer-amplifier does not provide the load isolation that is necessary between the VFO and a transmitter. It is adequate, however, for connection to a mixer that presents a relatively constant load impedance.

You should have no difficulty in tailoring this circuit to other frequencies. All that is necessary is to change the inductance of L2 and L3, along with appropriate modifications for the values of C1, C2, C5, C9 and C11. I'm sure you will have fun experimenting with this circuit, and you can learn by doing!

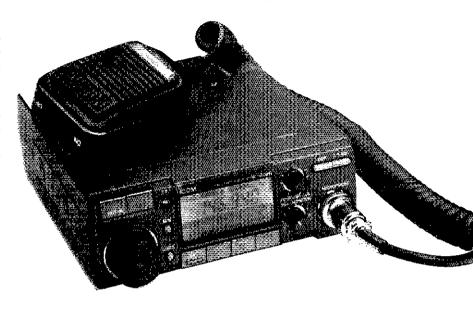
1Far Circuits (N9ATW), 18N640 Field Court, Dundee, IL 60118; tel 312-426-2431 evenings.
2Small Parts Center, 6818 Meese Drive, Lansing, MI 48911; tel 517-882-6447. Catalog available.

ICOM IC-228H 2-Meter FM Transceiver

Reviewed by Rick Palm, KICE

You would think that after tens of years in business, and producing countless models, ICOM would have the production of high-quality 2-meter rigs down to a T. Well, you're right—they do. The IC-228H continues a long tradition of excellence in 2-meter FM rigs. I know—I've owned or operated most of them. My classic six-year old IC-25A is still ticking, even after being brutalized by two years of 24-hour-per-day use with my packet-radio bulletin-board system. So, there's one item you can count on—reliability.

There are others, beginning with user friendliness. All IC-228H functions are front-panel controlled, and yes, you can play with them safely while driving. To test this, I used the '228 while driving through the downtown Hartford "mixmaster"the intersection of two interstate highways rated in the top five most hazardous in the nation. In rush-hour traffic, I successfully selected one of four frequency display backlighting levels and entered into memory two repeater channels with irregular split-all without incident! I even made an autopatch telephone call without hitting anything-powerful testimony to the rig's ergonomics, considering that many other hapless drivers (with both hands on the



wheel) enter the mixmaster, never to be seen or heard from again!

Front Panel

The front panel is utilitarian, but attractive. One large tuning knob takes care of memory and frequency selection. The buttons are easy to use while driving. Special mention goes to the power/volume

control—pushing it toggles between power off and on, but the volume stays the same. The controls have an avionics-quality feel. Nice!

The very first thing I look for in a 2-meter FM transceiver is frequency display readability. Can the frequency be read easily? In inky blackness? In direct sunlight? With the IC-228H, the answer is yes. The frequency display is incorporated in an LCD that occupies almost a third of the front panel. The frequency display characters are oversized black numbers on a yellow background that stand out in the

Table 1

ICOM IC-228H 2-meter FM Transceiver, Serial no. 671-001094

Manufacturer's Claimed Specifications

Frequency coverage: receiver, 138.0 to 174,0 MHz; transmitter, 140.0 to 150.0 MHz. Specifications apply from 144 to 148 MHz only.

Mode of operation: FM.

Frequency display: Not specified.

Frequency resolution: 5 kHz.

Power requirements: 13.8 V dc (±15%) at 9.5 A max on transmit and 800 mA on receive.

Transmitter

Power output: Low, 5 W; high, 45 W.

Spurious signal and harmonic suppression: Better than 60 dB.

Receiver

Receiver sensitivity: Better than 0.18 μ V for 12 dB SINAD.

Squelch sensitivity: Not specified.

Receiver audio output: More than 2.4 W at 10% distortion (THD) with an 8-Ω load.

Color: Black.

Size (height, width, depth): 1.97 \times 5.5 \times 6.25 inches.

Weight: 2.45 lbs.

Measured in ARRL Lab
As specified.

As specified.
6-digit LCD, black digits with amber background.
As specified.

13.8 V dc at 8.0 A on transmit high power) and 3.0 A (low power), and 630 mA on receive.

Trensmitter Dynamic Testing Low, 5.1 W; high, 43 W at 146 MHz. See Fig 1.

Receiver Dynamic Testing 0.18 μ V for 12 dB SINAD. 0.28 μ V for 20 dB quieting. 0.05 μ V min, 0.27 μ V max. 3.13 W at 10% THD with an 8- Ω load.

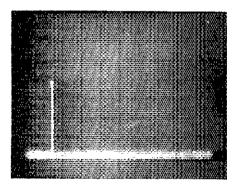


Fig 1—Worst-case spectral display of the ICOM IC-228H. Horizontal divisions are each 100 MHz; vertical divisions are each 10 dB. Output power is approximately 43 W at 146 MHz. The fundamental has been reduced approximately 31 dB by means of notch cavities to prevent analyzer overload. All harmonics and spurious emissions are at least 70 dB below peak fundamental output. The IC-228H complies with current FCC specifications for spectral purity.

most intense glare of the sun. At night, excellent backlighting highlights the display characters. Four levels of display backlighting—dim to bright—are available. So, when you're with your spouse, you can "set the mood" as you would with your dimmer-controlled dining room chandelier! Seriously, adjustable backlighting is a nice feature, and I used it a lot.

In addition to operating frequency, the LCD shows more than a dozen other operating parameters. Displayed parameters include selection of duplex operation (+ or - offset), VFO or memory operation, memory channel in use and selection of low (5 W) transmit power. Also shown are received-signal strength and relative RF-power output.

Other Features

Audio quality, both received and sent, is excellent. Full, deep, loud received audio is a key factor in enjoying QSOs in my noisy truck. Transmitter audio reports were good. The microphone didn't pick up ambient noise in my vehicle.

I hate things that beep at me. The IC-228H beeps when you touch just about any control. Fortunately, it's possible to turn the beep function off so you can enjoy blissful operation without the obnoxious beeps. Nice! (The way things are going, next year's models will have synthesized voice advisories like "you're 5 kHz off frequency," or "illegal to order pizza via autopatch, patch disconnected.")

Memory programming is a breeze: weird offsets, ups and downs—no problem. Priority and calling features allow you to listen on one frequency while spot-checking (every five seconds) another for calls. A touch of the CALL button brings you immediately to your favorite repeater. Tuning steps are easily programmed from I MHz down to 5 kHz, a useful feature when tuning large chunks of band space (the receiver covers 138-174 MHz).

If you're looking for someone to talk to on a lonely stretch of interstate, or if you want to mind somebody else's business in the public safety band, then scanning is essential. With the '228H, you can scan the entire band or selected frequencies within boundaries you set. You can scan just the memories, too. Memory skip allows you to skip selected channels.

Here are some other IC-228H features.

- The microphone has a 16-digit keypad, as well as UP/DN buttons for memory or frequency selection and scanning start/stop.
- If you press the MONITOR button, the squelch opens and you hear the input frequency of the repeater you're using so you can determine if your contact is within simplex range.
- The transmitter's 45-W output is handy if you're mobiling in some repeater's fringe, or in a mountainous area.
 - The rig is durable. It survived bumps,

jolts, grinds, beer and pizza spills, in my dilapidated old pick-up truck.

• IC-228H is small. This is a big plus for owners of small cars; the '228H can be mounted just about anywhere. But, be sure to leave room for air circulation around the radio: At full power, the deep heat sink on the back of the chassis gets hot!

Summary

There's no sense in hiding it: The IC-228H is expensive! More than \$500 is a lot of money to pay for a 2-meter radio. But, it's no more expensive than other comparably equipped Japanese rigs. The yen is strong, and prices are high. If you're in the market for a new 2-meter mobile rig, and ready to plunk down big bucks, take a look at many models and brands, bells and whistles, and choose carefully. After having used this rig for four months, I'll bet my emergency brake release warning beeper that the IC-228H will be among your finalists.

Price class: \$540. Manufacturer: ICOM America, Inc, 2380-116th Av NE, Bellevue, WA 98004, tel 206-454-7619.

AUSTIN CUSTOM ANTENNA'S METROPOLITAN TRIBAND VHF/UHF ANTENNA

Reviewed by Larry Wolfgang, WA3VIL

As I prepared to install the ICOM IC-900 multiband radio in my car to do a Product Review¹, I realized that I did not have an antenna for 220 MHz. One of my favorite 2-meter repeaters in the Hartford area is linked with a 440-MHz repeater. Both repeaters use antennas from Austin Custom Antenna. In fact, a member of the repeater group had often told me about the performance of Austin antennas; it sounded almost too good to be true!

Several of the regulars on these repeaters were also using Austin mobile antennas, and one of them had recently installed a multiband antenna for use with a 144- and 440-MHz dual-band radio. About this same time, I saw some information about an Austin mobile antenna that covers 144, 220 and 440 MHz. So when I began to think about an antenna to go with the IC-900, I naturally wondered about reviewing the Metropolitan, as this triband antenna is called.

The 18-7/8-inch-long Metropolitan antenna consists of three sections (see the accompanying photo). The bottom section is 6¾ inches long and just over ½ inch thick. The middle section is also 6¾ inches long, but only about 5/16 inch thick. These two sections are rigid, and they are covered with a heavy layer of material that appears to be heat-shrinkable tubing. The top

¹L. Wolfgang, "ICOM IC-900 Multiband VHF/UHF FM Mobile Transceiver," *QST*, Dec 1988, pp section is a 5-3/8 inch long steel whip. The bottom antenna section features a length of 3/8-inch threaded rod, so it can be attached to just about any standard mobile antenna mount. I used the review antenna with an optional Austin magnetic mount that includes a length of coaxial cable and a very powerful magnet.

The Metropolitan operates as a ¼-wavelength vertical on 144 and 220 MHz. On 440 MHz, it functions as a

34-wavelength antenna. Tuning and matching networks are sealed inside the antenna, and there are no adjustments to be made before or after installation.

I borrowed an RF wattmeter from the ARRL lab and measured forward and reflected power throughout the three bands the Metropolitan is designed to cover. (The antenna was mounted in the center of my car roof.) I used this data to calculate the SWR; Fig 2 shows the results of my measurements

I was very pleased with the operation. Of the Austin Metropolitan. I was able to access several 220-MHz repeaters reliably, including one in eastern Connecticut that has a 10-meter link. On one occasion, I talked with a ham in Texas through this repeater while I was driving home from work.

I didn't have access to an antenna test range to measure the radiation pattern or gain of the antenna, but I was able to make a comparison with another 2-meter antenna. I have a homemade on-glass antenna that I normally use for 2-meter operation from my car. My wife, Jean (WB3IOS), has a Technician license. Most of Jean's interest in ham radio involves keeping in contact with me while I'm driving to and from work. When I leave for work in the morning, we often chat for a while using a simplex frequency. I've become familiar with the spots where I have to switch from 5 watts to 25 watts and where our conversation is over unless we change to a repeater frequency.

The first day that I tried using the Metropolitan on 2 meters, I suddenly found myself crossing the "conversation over, ready or not" line and wondering how much farther I would still be able to talk with Jean. When she mentioned that I was getting pretty noisy, I was about to

sign clear until I real-



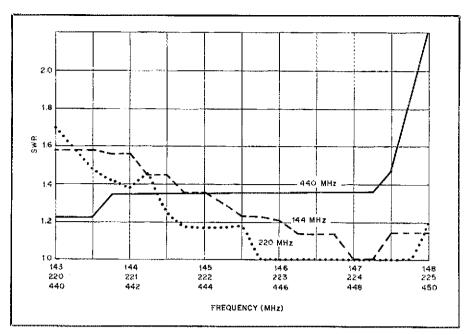


Fig 2—Graph of the measured SWR with the Austin Custom Antenna's Metropolitan Triband Antenna over the 144, 220 and 440-MHz bands. The antenna is usable over a wide range, including MARS frequencies between 143 and 144 MHz.

ized that I was still using low power! I switched to high power and was able to continue the conversation until I went over a hill that would block my signal no matter how much power I was using. We repeated that exercise for several days and then I switched back to the on-glass antenna. Sure enough, we lost contact at the old spot again. I don't know how much gain the Metropolitan has, but it works better than anything else I've used on my car.

The Metropolitan has been on my car continuously for several months. The antenna itself is in excellent condition. It has collected a bit of dirt and a few bugs between washings, but otherwise shows no negative effects from the weather. The heat-shrinkable tubing that covers the bottom two sections of the antenna is an effective seal against moisture. The

magnetic mount, however, is beginning to show some signs of weathering. Some rust is starting to show through the chrome on the top of the magnet. That surprises me.

To use this one antenna on two or three bands with the IC-900, you need a duplexer (or triplexer), since each band module has its own antenna connector. Some other dual-band radios have a built-in duplexer so they only have one antenna connector. The Metropolitan antenna is ideally suited for use with that type of radio. If you are looking for mobile antennas to cover the 144, 220 and 440-MHz bands, this one antenna may be just what you need.

Price class: Metropolitan triband antenna, \$40; magnetic mount, \$22.50. Manufacturer: Austin Custom Antenna, PO Box 357, Sandown, NH 03873, tel 603-887-2926.

SOLICITATION FOR PRODUCT REVIEW EQUIPMENT BIDS

[In order to present the most objective reviews, ARRL purchases equipment "off-the-shelf" from Amateur Radio dealers. ARRL receives no remuneration for items presented in the Product Review or New Products columns.—Ed]

The following ARRL-purchased Product Review equipment is for sale to the highest bidder. Prices quoted are minimum acceptable bids and reflect a discount from the purchase price.

Sealed bids must be submitted by mail and be postmarked on or before January 27, 1989. Bids postmarked after the closing date will not be considered. Bids will be opened seven days after the closing postmark date. In the case of equal high bids, the high bid bearing the earliest postmark will be declared the successful bidder.

Please clearly identify the item you wish to bid on, using the manufacturer's name, model number, or other identification number if specified. Each item requires a separate bid and envelope. Shipping charges will be paid by the successful bidder, FOB Newington. The successful bidder will be advised by mail of the successful bid. No other notifications will be made, and no information will be given by telephone to anyone regarding final price or identity of the successful bidder.

Please send your bids to Kathy McGrath, Product Bids, ARRL, 225 Main St, Newington, CT 06111.

ICOM IC-900 VHF/UHF FM transceiver, serial no. 654-001349, with UX-29A 2-meter band unit and UX-39A 220-MHz band unit (sold as a package only; see Product Review, December 1988 *QST*). Minimum bid, \$673.

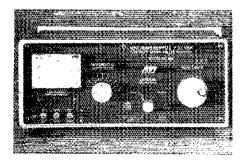
Yaesu FT-212RH 2-meter FM transceiver, serial no. 7N050451 (see Product Review, December 1988 QST). Minimum bid, \$264. Yaesu FT-712RH 70-cm FM transceiver, serial no. 8C050021 (see Product Review, December 1988 QST). Minimum bid, \$290.

W270.

New Products

MFJ-986 DIFFERENTIAL-T ANTENNA TUNER

☐ MFJ Enterprises of Starkville, Mississippi, has introduced the MFJ-986, a 3-kW roller inductor differential-T antenna tuner. The MFJ-986 tuner employs a single differential capacitor in place of two variable capacitors, simplifying the



antenna matching process. Other features of the MFJ-986 include an illuminated, two-color, peak or average cross-needle SWR/wattmeter, three-digit inductor position readout, and six-position antenna switch. The MFJ-986 is housed in a 10 ¾ × 4 ½ × 15-inch black aluminum cabinet. Price class: \$239. For more information, contact MFJ Enterprises, 921 Louisville Rd, Starkville, MS 39759. — Tom Francis, NMIQ

Hints and Kinks

MORE ON RESONANT SPEAKERS

☐ I read with interest the article by Wally Millard, K4JVT, concerning the construction of a resonant speaker for CW. Using the editor's note that accompanied Wally's article, I decided on a four-inch-long piece of PVC that has an ID of 42 mm (1-5/8 inches). I mounted a 2-inch-diam speaker (Radio Shack® 40-245) to one end of the tube with electrical tape as suggested by K4JVT.

In order to test the resonance of the system, my son wrote a program in Microsoft® BASIC 3.0 for the Macintosh computer. This program allows me to modify and display the frequency of the tones produced at the speaker port. Using the Macintosh to drive the speaker system, a noticeable increase in volume was apparent at 870 Hz.

With some further experimentation, I found that an even stronger peak occurred—at a frequency somewhat lower than that of the open-ended tube—when the tube is placed open end down on a hard surface with a small space between the tube and supporting surface. Currently, I am supporting the tube on three pennies (Fig 1). This provides maximum output at 670 Hz—approximately 200 Hz lower than the "wide open" tube.

This project is very easy to construct, and is certainly worth the few dollars of investment needed for the parts. Any CW

¹W. Millard, "A Resonant Speaker for CW," Hints and Kinks, *QST*, Dec 1987, p 43.

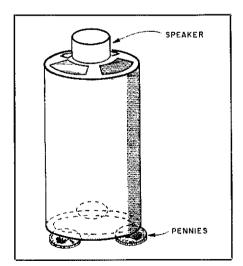


Fig 1—Richard Clemens increased the sharpness of his resonant speaker's peak by upending the tube and supporting the tube on three pennies. This also decreases the assembly's resonant frequency somewhat; see text.

enthusiast should enjoy the result.

—Richard Clemens, KB8AOB, 103
Barbour St, Buckhannon, WV 26201

AK7M: There isn't space in Hints and Kinks to publish the Clemens resonant-speaker program, but Richard Clemens has graciously agreed to make a source code listing available for a no. 10 SASE carrying 25 cents postage. "Or," Richard adds, "if interested readers are willing to send a formatted Macintosh disk and return postage, I would be happy to copy the software to their disk. [ARRL and QST in no way warrant this offer.—AK7M] Two items should be noted: (1) My son, Michael Clemens, is the author of the software he adds his blessing to the project) and (2) the software has been placed on CompuServe™ and is currently available for downloading."

NOTES ON RESONANT SPEAKERS FOR ENHANCED CW RECEPTION

☐ Resonant columns are somewhat like antennas: Short, fat pipes are low-Q, like cage or cone antennas; long, thin pipes are high-Q resonators. (Trying to use a resonant column as a sound generator can give you an idea of the importance of "acoustical Q" in a resonator: Blowing across a pop bottle produces a fairly well-defined tone with many overtones, like a flute. Producing any sort of tone with a pop can is difficult.)

A fat tube with a speaker in the end is not exactly a closed pipe, so formulas that attempt to characterize a speaker-tube assembly as such will fail. Instead of altering the length-to-diameter ratio with a plug, using a smaller-diameter pipe

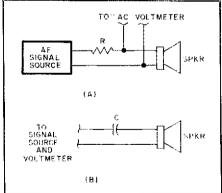


Fig 2—A setup for determining speaker resonance is shown at A. R (5 to 10 Ω) may be necessary for isolation between the audio source and tuned speaker. Speaker resonance is indicated by a voltmeter peak. Jim Weiss suggests enhancing the speaker's free-air resonance by means of a series capacitor or capacitors (B); if you do this, use your receiver or transceiver as an audio source to ensure that the capacitance selected allows for the effects of the rig's audio-output circuitry.

should give a sharper resonance. (Consider the length-to-diameter ratio of organ pipes as a good starting point; their proportions are similar to those of a pencil.)

The 440-Hz peak Wally Millard heard may have been the speaker's free-air resonance (as modified by the presence of the resonant tube), which can be determined with the setup shown in Fig 2A. Matching the pipe length to the speaker's resonance will improve performance. A capacitor can be added to series-resonate the speaker inductance for an even sharper response (Fig 2B). This requires cut and try; use nonpolarized capacitors, paralleling capacitors of different values as needed.

For optimum results with a resonant speaker, especially at slower code speeds, I suggest using a tiny speaker resonating at 300 to 400 Hz (tune the speaker with a capacitor to accentuate the speaker's natural resonance). Once the speaker has been tuned, find the pipe length that matches the speaker's resonance and mount the speaker to the pipe. The speaker's free-air resonance shifts when the speaker is coupled to the pipe, so some fine tuning of the speaker tuning capacitors will probably be required. (Adjustment of the pipe length may also be necessary, so make the pipe longer than necessary to start with.)

I suggest using resonant speakers at pitches between 300 and 400 Hz because the ear is logarithmic in sensing volume and pitch. QRM at 700 Hz is about a whole step removed from a desired signal at 800 Hz, but almost half an octave removed at signal and QRM pitches of 300 and 200 Hz, respectively. Thus, lower received-signal pitches generally allow the ear to do a better job of distinguishing adjacent signals from one another.

By the way, graphic equalizers can also be used for tailoring audio response. Boosting a desired pitch and attenuating all other frequencies produces a well-defined passband. A stereo equalizer with both sections connected in series should provide more than adequate audio selectivity for general communication purposes.—Jim Weiss, W9ZMV, c/o WTAQ, La Grange, IL 60525

AMPLIFIER TR RELAY SWITCHING INVERSION

☐ Because I burned out a relay contact in my Drake TR-5 transceiver by switching the antenna relay in my Heath® SB-200 amplifier, James Hebert's January 1988 article on a solid-state antenna-relay switch caught my attention.² I wanted to use

²J. Hebert, "Using the SB-220 Amplifier with Solid-State Transceivers," Hints and Kinks, QST, Jan 1988, page 45.

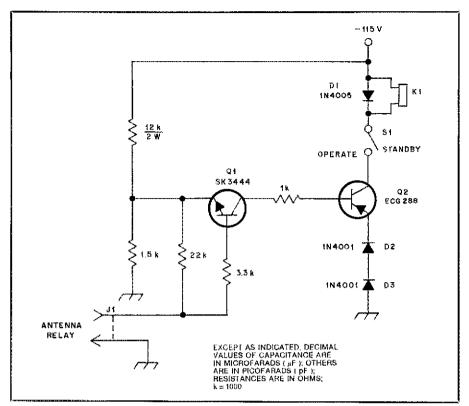


Fig 3—Wilbur Fulton modified the K8SS antenna-relay control circuit for use with the SB-200's negative antenna-relay supply as shown here. J1 and K1 are SB-200 parts; D1 is a 1-A, 600-PIV diode; D2 and D3 are 1-A, 50-PIV diodes and S1 is an SPST toggle. Resistors are 1/4-W, carbon-film units unless designated otherwise.

James' circuit, but the SB-200's antenna relay operates at *negative* 115 V dc instead of the +125 V used in the SB-220. With a few modifications, the circuit can key the SB-200 relay:

- 1) Substitute an SK3444 (PNP) for Q1.
- 2) Substitute an ECG288 (PNP) for Q2.
- 3) Reverse the polarity of D1-D3.

Fig 3 shows the revised circuit. The relay in my TR-5 now switches only 10 V at 0.8 mA.—Wilbur S. Fulton, W2SE, Box 681, 7 Lakes, West End, NC 27376

BETTER SSB FOR THE COLLINS R-390A RECEIVER

□ The Collins R-390A is a great receiver except for its poor performance on SSB. The primary reason for this fault is an improper signal versus BFO level in the detector stage; with the BFO as weak as it is, the '390A's AGC range is insufficient to ensure undistorted reception of strong SSB signals. The addition of a single 33-kΩ resistor between the anode of the AGC rectifier tube (pin 6 or 7 of V510) and the grid of the AGC time constant tube (pin 7 of V511) gives the AGC a helping hand, producing excellent SSB quality.

You can test this modification without removing the R-390A's IF subchassis as follows: Extend the leads of a 33-k Ω , ½-watt resistor by soldering a length of solid, insulated hook-up wire to each resistor pigtail. Wrap the resistor and its

leads with insulating tape. Next, strip both of the extended resistor leads for ½ inch. Remove tube V510 from the R-390A IF subchassis and tightly wrap the bare end of one resistor lead around pin 6 or 7 at the tube base. Reinstall the tube, being careful that the twisted resistor wire remains insulated from the other tube pins and shield base when the tube is seated. Connect the other resistor lead to pin 7 of V511 in the same manner. Excellent SSB performance should be noticed, with no adverse affects on AGC time constant.

A more permanent modification would involve placing the 33-kΩ resistor in parallel with the series combination of resistors R556 and R557 inside the IF subchassis.

—Ken Johnson, N5US, PO Box 10063, Austin, TX 78766

GENERIC FILM FOR THE FILM-AND-PHOTOCOPIER PC-BOARD METHOD

☐ In his article on PC-board fabrication,³ Doug DeMaw mentions Meadowlake Tec 200 film, a commercial product useful in making photocopier-transferred PC-board patterns. I've had good results replacing Tec 200 film with 10-mil Mylar[®] film. Such film is often available from

3D. DeMaw, "Homemade Circuit Boards—Don't Fear Them!," QST, Aug 1987, pp 14-16 and 23. paper suppliers or transformer manufacturing companies.—Peter Robson, 18 Washington Tr, Hopatcong, NJ 07843

RFI-PROOFING A PHONOGRAPH TURNTABLE

☐ I recently discovered that my wife's hi-fi setup (a Hitachi turntable and a Sherwood receiver) did *not* like me operating on 15-meter CW at 100 W output: Every time I tapped my key, a sound akin to a bass drum emanated from the speakers.

The first thing I checked was whether or not the speaker leads were acting as antennas and feeding RF into the receiver. I verified that the RFI was not entering the receiver via this route by disconnecting the speakers and listening to the stereo receiver with a pair of headphones. The interference persisted.

Working through the rest of the system interconnections in a systematic way, I discovered that the most significant interference reduction occurred when the phonograph input cables (shielded cables equipped with phono plugs) were disconnected from the back of the stereo set. This, of course, pointed to the record player as the primary culprit in my RFI problem.

I removed the bottom cover of the phonograph. At the exit point of the two phono cables, inside the turntable itself, I installed ferrite beads and 0.001- μ F bypass capacitors as shown in Fig 4.

As a further measure, I took the precaution of bypassing the ac-power-cord wires to ground with two more 0.001- μ F disc-ceramic bypass capacitors. Then I reassembled the phonograph.

To choke common-mode RF currents on the shields of the phono input cables, I wound both cables several times through a large ferrite toroid (the core of a discarded TV deflection-yoke coil). This concluded my modification of the record player.

Because many TVI/RFI solutions come about only with application of several cures in combination, I also replaced the "zip cord" stereo speaker leads with foil-shielded wire. Again using ferrite beads and 0.001-µF capacitors, I bypassed the speaker

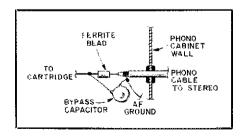


Fig 4—Battling a case of "hi-fi-l," Edward P. Swynar installed two RF-filter components at the phonograph end of each phono input lead as shown here for one cable, See text.

leads at the stereo-receiver speaker terminals. As a further precaution, I installed a good-quality high-pass filter at the receiver's FM-antenna terminals. Finally, I wrapped the receiver's ac-line cord around a 7-inch-long ferrite rod, securing the turns to the rod with electrician's tape. (This choke, I felt, would minimize common-mode conduction of RF up the line-cord wires.)

The result of all these maneuvers? My wife and I are friends again—and the RFI has gone for a hike!—Edward Peter Swynar, VE3CUI, 48 Evergreen Dr, Whitby, ON L1N 6N6

AK7M: For golden-eared audiophiles who cringe at the thought of bypassing highimpedance phono inputs (Z = 50 kΩ for many magnetic cartridges) with 0.001-µF capacitors $(X = 10.6 \text{ k}\Omega \text{ at } 15 \text{ kHz}, \text{ the upper limit of the})$ Record Industry Association of America's standard phono equalization curve), I suggest replacing the ferrite beads and 0.001-μF capacitors in VE3CUI's phono-cable filters with 1-mH chokes and 100-pF disc-ceramic capacitors, respectively. At 3.5 MHz, 100 pF looks like 455 Ω and 1 mH looks like 22 k Ω : such a filter should be reasonably effective in suppressing HF interference. At 15 kHz, 100 pF looks like 106 kΩ and 1 mH looks like 94 Ω-reactances that should have a minimal effect when used in parallel and series, respectively, with a 50-kΩ audio circuit. Beware of one potential snag when using solenoidal chokes in this application, through: They may introduce hum into the phono circuit in the presence of strong mains-ac fields.

CURING AIR-CLEANER INTERFERENCE

☐ My Heathkit® GDS-1297 electrostatic air cleaner worked fine as assembled, with the exception that it caused a loud frying noise in nearby MF and HF receivers, and snow on a TV in the same room. The unit's power supply—approximately 6 kV—is clean. Only when the air-filter cell was connected to the supply did the noise appear. My cure? A simple T-section filter consisting of two 1-MQ resistors and a 500-pF, 7.5-kV capacitor to ground between the power supply and the air-filter cell (see Fig 5). This filter reduced the noise to an acceptable level .- John L. Morris, W6YAR, 14427 Allingham Ave, Norwalk, CA 90650

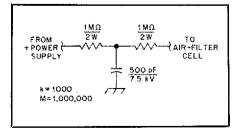


Fig 5—John Morris cleaned up air-cleaner interference with this simple T-section filter. See text.

STOP THAT DRILL

☐ To avoid overdrilling holes in sheet metal, find a piece of metal tubing about ¼ inch shorter than the bit. Slip the tubing over the bit before drilling. The tubing limits the bit's travel and keeps the bit from damaging components behind the drilled surface. A stack of rubber grommets works well, too.—Frank A. Reed, Jr, W6PWQ/7, PO Box 275, Langlois, OR 97450

CONTROL EXTENSIONS FOR THE ICOM IC-735 TRANSCEIVER

☐ I'm sure there must be other fatfingered hams out there who are proud but uncomfortable owners of IC-735s: proud because they own a '735, and uncomfortable when trying to use the tiny slide controls under the rig's front-panel trapdoor. The door can be removed easily: Just flip it to the horizontal position and pull.

Here's how I extended the IC-735's slide controls for easier operation. (These instructions are for one control.) Cut a bobby pin so that its loop end is about ¼ inch long (Fig 6A). Slip small-diameter heat-shrink tubing over the pin ends as shown in Fig 6B. Shrink the tubing. Next, use a small screwdriver to spread the bobby-pin ends and slip the modified pin over one of the IC-735's slide controls. Push the control extender into place until it protrudes for 5/16 inch or so.

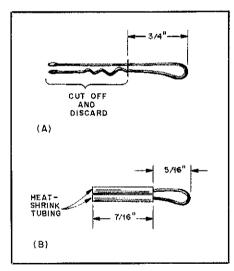


Fig 6—Larry Murdoch increases the "grabability" of his IC-735's slide controls with bobby pins modified as shown here.

This idea works well for me; I put these extenders on the IC-735 slide controls I use most: RF POWER, VOX DELAY, and MIC GAIN. Yes, they are removable!—Larry D. Murdoch, K6AAW, 14370 Brian Rd, Red Bluff, CA 96080

HEAD-OPERATED TUNING FOR FREQUENCY-SLEWABLE TRANSCEIVERS

☐ While renovating an old pair of boommic-equipped headphones, the idea occurred to me of controlling some of my new transceiver's functions at the headset. Many newer transceivers offer scan tuning that can be operated by UP and DOWN buttons on a microphone. I developed the scheme of using two mercury switches glued to each other at angles (Fig 7). By mounting this arrangement inside the headset, I reasoned, frequency control could be accomplished by simply tilting the head left for DOWN and right for UP. I tried the idea, and it works! With a little practice, I could fine-tune my transceiver with quick nods to either side.

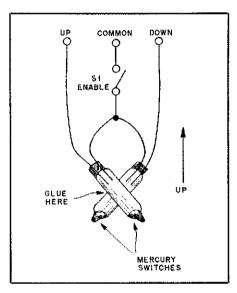


Fig 7—Bob Nagy's head-operated tuning scheme uses two mercury switches as up and pown frequency-slewing controls. Mounted in a headset, they allow hands-off frequency excursions with rigs that include this feature. See text.

This little modification has applications for handicapped hams, of course, but it's a neat idea for anybody's shack. Be sure to include a switch (S1) to turn the circuit on and off, though: If you forget that the head-operated tuning is operative, you may think other stations are drifting every time you scratch your head!—Bob Nagy, WA2TMD, 3303 Larry Ln, Austin, TX 78722

FIXES FOR 3-400Z AND 3-500Z TUBES

In investigating a filament failure in my home-brew push-pull 3-500Z 40-meter amplifier, I found something that I had never seen before. All wiring, the filament transformer and tube sockets were working correctly, but the series connected filaments of the tube would not light. I pulled the amplifier out of the relay rack and examined

the circuitry. It was easy to find which tube was at fault: Twisting one tube lightly in its socket caused both tubes to light. Examination of the tube base showed slight signs of heating on pin 1. (I just couldn't believe that a 3-500Z's filaments might burn out after only 3½ years of use!) Using a soldering iron, I melted the solder on pin 1 of this tube and an air bubble appeared—an indication that the pin had been improperly soldered to begin with. I resoldered the pin and everything worked fine. The other filament pin of the faulty tube was soldered properly, as were those of the other 3-500Z.

REMOVING GRID-TO-FILAMENT SHORTS IN 3-400Zs AND 3-500Zs

Since they were introduced in the 1960s, 3-400Z and 3-500Z vacuum tubes—particularly early versions—have been plagued with grid-to-filament shorts. In my opinion, this usually results from inadequate ventilation of the tubes, or from the improper operating conditions that can occur when 3-400Zs are replaced with 3-500Zs without adjusting the bias on the newer tubes.⁴ (I did the latter myself on an early version of the original Henry 2K

amplifier and experienced nothing but gridto-filament shorts—until I rebuilt the transmitter and changed the bias, that is!)

If the tubes are not severely damaged, grid-to-filament shorts can be removed by connecting 120 V ac (in series with a 120-V, 500-W incandescent lamp for current limiting) between pin 1 or 5 (filament) and pin 2, 3 or 4 (grid) of the tube base. Gently tap the tube with a soft piece of wood or similar material. This should clear the grid-to-filament short and restore the tube to useful service. Wear eye protection and take care not to contact the ac mains while doing this—and be careful not to break the tube!

Experience has shown me that removing grid-to-filament shorts with this technique eventually deteriorates the grid, the result of which is the flow of plate current even with the associated amplifier in standby. I don't consider this current to be a problem as long as it remains below 50 mA—I've

⁴ A recent QST article suggests another possibility: that grid-to-filament shorts in these tubes can occur as a result of strong VHF parasitic oscilliations. See R. Measures, "Improved Anode Parasitic Suppression for Modern Amplifier Tubes," QST, Oct 1988, pp 36-38, 66 and 89. been operating a pair of original carbonplate 3-500Zs (purchased in the mid 1960s) in this way for over ten years! In standby, they draw about 45 mA. "Zapping" the grid-to-filament short circuits out of these tubes did not affect their output-power capability.

If your tubes are still under warranty and seem to harbor grid-to-filament shorts, contact the tube manufacturer instead of trying my zapping technique. If the tubes' warranty has expired, though, give my idea a try; you may be pleased with the results.

—John O. Norback, W6KFV, ARRL Assistant Technical Coordinator, 133 Pino Solo Ct, Nipomo, CA 93444

TOOTHPASTE AS A POLISHING AGENT

After accidentally scratching the digital readout on my Kenwood TR-2600A handheld transceiver, I wondered if the scratch could be removed. On a hunch, I discovered that the readout face could be polished to its original smoothness with toothpaste—by briskly rubbing a small amount of paste over the scratched area with tissue paper. Since then, I've found that this method works well on many soft plastics.—Ronald E. Wright, N9ADJ, 612 Forest Ave, Alton, IL 62002

New Products

KANTRONICS PRESS COMMUNICATIONS BOOKS

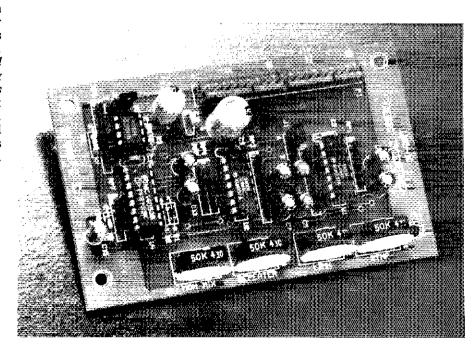
☐ Kantronics Press, a subsidiary of Kantronics Company, Inc, is introducing a series of pocket-sized books suitable for Amateur Radio operators. Book titles include Introduction to Packet Radio, Packet Command Handbook, Advanced Packet, The Hamfest Book, Beginning Packet and Communication Codes Handbook. The retail price for each book is \$2.95 plus \$1 for shipping and handling. Foreign orders incur additional costs. All of these are available from Kantronics Company, Inc, 1202 E 23rd St, Lawrence, KS 66046, tel 913-842-7745.—Tom Francis, NM1Q

UAI-10 UNIVERSAL AUDIO INTERFACE

☐ The UAI-10, designed and built by Creative Control Products, is a repeater and link audio mixer featuring DTMF mute, DTMF output and monitor and mixing controls. This mixer will interface a repeater receiver, transmitter and link

radio to any stand-alone repeater controller. Price class: \$44. For more information, contact Creative Control Products.

3185 Bunting Ave, Grand Junction, CO 81504, tel 303-434-9405.—Tom Francis, NM1Q



The publishers of QST assume no responsibility for statements made herein by correspondents.

BIASING BIPOLAR RF TRANSISTORS

□ Bipolar RF transistor biasing circuits are usually misunderstood. Often, for the sake of convenience, the current-shunt diodes connected in parallel with the transistor base are incorrectly placed far from the transistor being biased. This effectively defeats the intended purpose of the diode: to provide thermal compensation of the bias supply current. In other words, if the diode doesn't get hot when the transistor does, the circuit won't work well.

The basic concept behind simple diode biasing is to feed the base of the transistor and the diode from a current source as shown in Fig 1A. The current source is often approximated with a large-value resistor (R1) hooked to the supply voltage. When a diode or transistor junction gets hot, its voltage drop for a given amount of current decreases. If D1 is omitted, decreased voltage drop across Q1's base-emitter junction results in increased base and collector current flow through Q1. This leads to a phenomenon known as thermal runaway.

The heated diode steals current from the transistor's base, preventing the transistor from drawing more current. For proper operation, select a diode having thermal characteristics that match those of the transistor with which it is to be used. Here's how: With a properly selected diode, the base bias current level will drop to normal when RF drive is removed. With no RF drive, the bias level should be relatively constant and exhibit little, if any, increase over time. Self-biasing problems caused by rectification of the driving RF signal do not appear to be a problem with current-source biasing using active current sources. As shown in Fig 1B, the LM317 adjustable regulator is easily configured as a current source

It is possible to bias a bipolar transistor with a thermally compensated voltage source, as used in the 140-W amplifier built by Helge Granberg, K7ES, and described in The 1987 ARRL Handbook. The negative feedback is accomplished by means of a diode that is thermally coupled to the transistors. However, this circuit does not support the incorrect assertion that one can bias a transistor with a 0.7 V source—that rarely works without feedback.

Unfortunately for builders used to dealing with vacuum tubes and FETs, bipolar transistors aren't as easily modeled as voltage-controlled devices because they are current-controlled devices.—Zack Lau, KH6CP, ARRL Lab Engineer

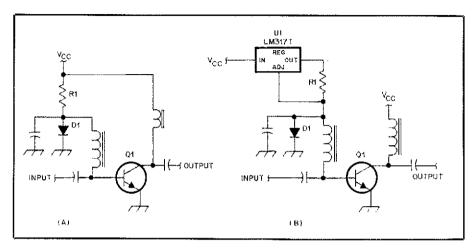


Fig 1—Two methods of biasing bipolar transistors with dc shunt diodes. See text for details.

GROUNDING TECHNIQUES

☐ The US Army Signal Corps recently reported on the results of improved grounding techniques for mobile field tactical radio stations.¹ These mobile stations are usually installed in trucks, and use vertical antennas. The ground system consists of a cable connected to a copper rod driven several feet into the earth. The typical ground resistance and RF impedance obtained, therefore, are often not optimal.

In order to improve the effective ground, field tests were made employing a number of ground rods mechanically connected in parallel around the mobile radio station. The ground rods were driven into the earth at various depths, and the resultant ground resistance and RF impedance measurements were recorded. Then the tests were repeated with ground rods mechanically connected in series and driven to different depths in the earth.

Analysis of the recorded data and the field radio transmission tests indicated that the use of four series-connected ground rods, driven only a foot or two into the earth, provided the most efficient ground system. These improved field grounding techniques should be applicable to Amateur Radio stations, particularly during Field Day operations.—Lt Col AUS (ret) David Talley, W2PF, Suite 1533-S, 10275 Collins Ave, Bal Harbour, FL 33154

1Signal, Mar 1988, pp 79-80.

"SUPER DUMMY" RESISTOR CONSIDERATIONS

☐ If you're thinking of constructing the Super Dummy, 2 you should be aware of some subtle differences between Carborundum's 889SP and 889AS resistors. 3 They both look the same, but the SP series is rated to 350 °C, and the AS series is rated to only 230 °C. More significant, though, is the performance of these resistors when immersed in cooling fluids. To quote the Carborundum catalog:

Fluids

The power-handling capability of the resistors may also be increased by immersion in (cooling) fluids. Mineral oils, fluorocarbons, and silicones are often used. Many fluids will be limited in application by their own maximum temperature, not by the maximum temperature of the resistor.

Type SP

These (cooling) fluids have no known effect upon type SP resistors except that they increase the ability of the resistors to dissipate power. They do not increase the ability of the resistors to handle high voltages.

Type AS

Unless the resistors are protected by a coating that the fluid cannot permeate, [italics added] such as an epoxy, these fluids cause the

²See The 1988 ARRL Handbook, pp 34-22 to 34-23.

³The SP series resistors are available from RADIOKIT, PO Box 973, Pelham, NH 03076, tel 603-635-2235.

resistance of Type AS resistors to *increase* [italics added]. With some silicones, this increase is as little as 10%; with some mineral oils, this can be as much as 100%. Generally, the resistance will rise as the fluid permeates the resistor body, and it will finally stabilize...

—Dick Jansson, WD4FAB, ARRL TA, 1130 Willowbrook Trail, Maitland, FL 32751

CYCLON-BATTERY DISCHARGE WARNING

Sealed rechargeable lead-acid batteries bearing the trade name Cyclon (made by Gates Energy Products) have appeared at local hamfests and at other sources. The ones seen most often are rated at 2.5 Ah, and are the same size as a D cell, although they are rated at 2 V each. One of the cautions printed on the battery label says to avoid shorting—this warning should be followed scrupulously!

The Cyclon cells have, according to the manufacturer's data sheet, a low internal impedance and are capable of high discharge rates. The X cell can put out 200 A, the J cell, 250 A, and the BC cell is capable of delivering up to 600 A. Even the lowly D cell is capable of delivering (for

a short time) over 100 A!

A local ham accidentally shorted a battery pack made up of four series-connected Cyclon D cells. The connecting wires were melted, and the cells spit out drops of molten metal and were destroyed.

Anyone using the Gates Cyclon cells should be aware of their tremendous short-circuit-current capability. Make sure the cells are fused as closely as practical to the battery terminals, and use care in installation.—Michael A. Czuhajewski, WA8MCQ, Box 232, Jessup MD 20794

Note: All correspondence addressed to this column should bear the name, call sign and complete address of the sender. Please include a daytime telephone number at which you may be reached if necessary.

Feedback

☐ Please refer to "Build A Dummy Dipole!," QST, April 1985, p 52. There is an error in Equation 3. The proper form

of this equation is:

$$C = \frac{1}{(2\pi f_0)^2 L}$$

(Tnx to Fred Grant, AA4NG.)

 \square In my article, "A Dipper Amplifier for Impedance Bridges," QST, Sep 1988, pp 24-25, I suggested that TI should have a 25-turn primary and 9-turn secondary for use at 1.8 MHz. This was a calculation based on performance at 3.5 MHz. At 1.8 MHz, however, this number of turns provides insufficient inductance and results in a maximum reading of only 5 μ A on the bridge meter.

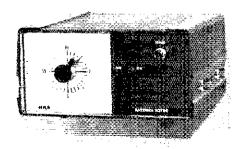
With the following modifications, a full-scale meter reading can be obtained from 1.8 MHz to 45 MHz when the bridge is looking at a 50- Ω resistive load and is set to maximum impedance. Use an FT-37-43 core for T1. Place 20 turns on the primary and 7 turns on the secondary. Increase the number of turns in the pick-up coil (L1) from $1\frac{1}{2}$ to $2\frac{1}{2}$.

As described in the article, the bridge works fine over the 3-60 MHz range. I apologize for the error and hope it did not inconvenience anyone.—Andrew S. Griffith, W4ULD, 203 Lord Granville Dr, Rt 2, Morehead City, NC 28557

New Products

ROTATOR-CONTROL UNIT FOR VISUALLY IMPAIRED HAMS

 \square Norm's Rotor Service, of Rockville, Maryland, is producing the HAM-SP rotator control for visually impaired hams. The HAM-SP controller works with the following rotators: TR-44 (series 3), CD-44 and -45-II, HAM-M series 3, 4 and 5, HAM-II, HAM-III, HAM-IV and Tailtwister. The controller will also work (after wiring modifications) with the following rotators: TR-44 (series 1 and 2), HAM-M (series 1 and 2). In all rotators used with the HAM-SP, the 500- Ω position-feedback potentiometer must be replaced with a 1-k Ω unit.



Operational functions of the HAM-SP are marked on the front panel in Braille and with panel labels. Operation of the HAM-SP is simple: twist the direction dial to the desired heading, push the start button, and listen for the rotation-indicator tone (2900 Hz, ± 500 Hz). The control takes care of

extracting the brake wedge, turning the rotator to the desired heading, and reinserting the brake wedge after a five-second delay. Price: \$249. Available from Norm's Rotor Service, 677 Southlawn Ln, Rockville, MD 20850, tel 301-340-0520.—
Rus Healy, NJ2L

How to Contribute to the W1AW Renovation Drive

 By Mail: Address all contributions to W1AW Fund Drive, 225 Main St, Newington CT 06111. Please make your check or money order payable to W1AW Renovation Fund.

• By Phone: For your convenience, credit-card contributions can be made by calling Jennifer at ARRL HQ, tel 203-666-1541, between 8 AM and 4 PM Eastern Time, weekdays.

All contributions are tax deductible to the extent allowed by law, as ARRL is a 501(c)(3) tax-exempt organization. Does your employer have a match-contribution program? Some major employers will match your contribution.

Recognition

Contributors to the W1AW Fund Drive will be recognized as follows:

- . W1AW Kilowatt Club: Those contributing \$1000 or more.
- * Hiram Percy Maxim Club: Contributions of \$500-\$999
- W1AW Century Club: Contributions of \$100-\$499
- W1AW Booster Club: Contributions of up to \$100

All contributors will receive a handsome certificate, suitable for framing. Members of the *Hiram Percy Maxim* and *Kilowatt Clubs* will, in addition, have their name and call sign inscribed on a special plaque that will be on permanent display in the renovated W1AW Building. Members of the *Kilowatt Club* will receive a specially inscribed personalized plaque, which you'll be proud to display in your ham shack. In addition, special recognition will be given to those who donate substantially more than \$1000.

New Books

THE "GROUNDS" FOR LIGHTNING AND EMP PROTECTION

By Roger R. Block. Published by Polyphaser Corp, 1425 Industrial Wy, Gardnerville, NV 89410-1237. 1987 edition. Soft cover, 8½ × 11 inches, 108 pages, \$19.95.

Reviewed by Doug DeMaw, W1FB

If books with nontechnical language appeal to you, this may be a volume to add to your reference library. The "Grounds" for Lightning and EMP Protection contains a minimum number of formulas so that "a maximum number of people can understand and install good protection/ground systems for protecting communications equipment against all active pulses." This statement is found in the book's introduction, and it appears to me that the author has lived up to his pledge.

The text of the book was prepared in camera-ready form with a word processor. This is similar to the format of WIFB's QRP Notebook and WIFB's Antenna Notebook. The print is bold and clear, and the text is justified. Line drawings are provided where necessary. They are easy to read and are labeled adequately.

The chapter titles are: Current Distribution; UFER Grounds; Low Inductance Ground Rods and Connections; Guy Anchor Grounding; Ground Impedance; Inside Hut Grounding and Shielding; Protecting Remote Equipment from Power Source Surges; Tower-Top and High Rise Radio Equipment; Exploding the Myths about Lightning Protection; Protecting Equipment from EMP Damage; The Dynamic Testing of Grounds: A General Review of Standard: Radius of Protection and Side-Mounted Antennas; Security Cameras; CATV; Telephone Central Offices and Computers; Ethernet Protection Method; TVRO Systems; Utility Pole Supports; Towers on Buildings.

This book also contains an epilogue, a bibliography and two appendixes. The chapters are short and to the point, which makes for comfortable reading. For instance, in chapter 7, the following quote shows this book's clarity in style: "Fourlayer semiconductor protection devices are not limited to power-line applications. They also may be used on telephone or control lines. Sometimes they are used alone, sometimes in complex combinations (hybrids)." Another excerpt provides an example of the easy reading I find in this book: "In some installations, the tower-hut distance can be a 'pretty far piece.' Ground rods are needed. But how deeply they are driven into the earth, how far apart they are placed and how they are connected together is very important.'

This book should be a useful reference in a radio-club library. Those who operate and maintain repeaters, especially, should find this book helpful, owing to the lofty heights where most repeaters are situated. But even the amateur with ordinary equipment and modest antennas can

benefit from the sound advice given in this volume. I'm sure that this book will be of value to members of the industrial fraternity also. I consider it recommended reading for all who need to protect electronic equipment from lightning and EMP damage.

Conversion Between Geodetic and Grid Locator Systems

(continued from page 30)

eastern and western edges, so the longitude rounding term is 2.5'. (The rounding term must carry the same sign as that of other coordinate digits [negative rounding terms for negative longitudes and latitudes, positive rounding terms for positive longitudes and latitudes.]) Next, we'll calculate the *latitude* specified by DM13EK:

$$M = +30^{\circ}$$

 $3 = +3^{\circ}$
 $K = +0^{\circ} 25'$
Round = $+0^{\circ} 1.25'$

Sum = $+33^{\circ} 26.25'$, or $33^{\circ} 26.25'$ N latitude

For six-character locators, the latitude rounding term is 1.25' because the region designated by a six-character locator is 2.5' wide in latitude. Again, the rounding term must carry the same sign as that of the other coordinate digits.

For four-character (grid-square) locators, the rounding terms are 1° (longitude) and 30' (latitude) because grid squares are $2^{\circ} \times 1^{\circ}$ (longitude \times latitude) in size. As before, the grid-square rounding terms must carry the same sign as that of the other digits in their respective coordinates.

For more examples of grid locators, see Table 7. Use the coordinates and grid locators shown there as a basis for practice in converting geodetic coordinates to grid locators, and vice versa.

The Rand-McNally Road Atlas can be used for estimating station locations by interpolating between the geodetic coordinates marked on the edges of the atlas' state maps. For the highest precision, use US Geological Survey quad sheets that cover your areas of interest.

Summary

Tables 1 through 6, inclusive, provide a field-transportable method of converting between the geodetic and grid-locator systems. For Field Day exercises and VHF/UHF contests, the tables provide a means of cross-checking station coordinates when the station computer has been left at home.

References

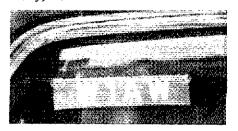
- J. Lindholm, "VHF/UHF Century Club Awards," QST, Jan 1983, pp 49-51.
- W. Overbeck, "A Universal Grid-Locator Program for Your Personal Computer," QST, Dec 1986, pp 30-31.

Edmund T. Tyson became interested in Amateur Radio in the early 1940s, Entering military service in 1944, he worked in various career fields involving electronics. Assigned to Wright Field in 1953, Ed worked on airborne TV systems for reconnaissance. In 1957, he was assigned as project engineer to establish and operate an observatory for tracking and photographing satellites. Retiring after 33 years of military and civilian service, Ed has been involved in designing and building electronic and computer equipment for astronomical applications. He is currently involved in relocating a 48-inch telescope from New Mexico to California. He was licensed as a Technician in 1986 and upgraded to Advanced Class in 1988.

New Products

VEHICULAR CALL-SIGN DISPLAYS

☐ Sign On, of Merrick, New York, makes vehicular call-sign displays in two varieties: a magnetic vinyl sign for metal vehicle panels, and a suction-cup mounted version for inside-window mounting. The flexible, plastic 2- × 8-inch in-window signs are available in white lettering on black, blue or red backgrounds. Magnetic signs, also 2 × 8 inches, are available in black, blue or red lettering on a white background. Price: \$8.50 per sign, postpaid; volume discounts are available. For more information, contact Sign On, Dept PT, 1923 Edward Ln, Merrick, NY 11566.—Rus Healy, NJ2L



The Non-DXpedition or Taking Your Radio On A Business Trip

By Robert R. Ramsaur, WA6MQF 11823 Lost Ranch Way Nevada City, CA 95959

any amateurs have the opportunity to travel as part of their business or vocation. Business travel has its drawbacks as far as family responsibilities are concerned, but it does provide free evenings with few demands on your time. It sounds like a great opportunity to get on the air to me!

For the past 20 years, I have worked as a field engineer, and when work was over, I have been in contact with the world via ham radio. During these years, I have experimented with many radio and antenna systems using them in the portable mode. I have also encountered obstacles in the form of baggage handlers, zealous airport security officers, hotel/motel room layouts, damaged radios, low-gain antennas and low power levels. Dealing with these obstacles is an ongoing challenge for those who enjoy this type of radio operation. For me challenge is what life is about—remember, no pain, no glory!

I have just completed a 5-day trip where I was able to work 25 countries in 3 evenings. I did this with near QRP power and an antenna the size of a fishing pole. This adventure started in California and took me across three East Coast states and ended with a total of 35 international contacts. My business went as expected, but when my work was over, I could barely wait to get back to my hotel room. The band conditions were excellent, and I wanted to get on the air.

What You Will Need

There are two major pieces of hardware necessary for portable operation. You must have a radio and an antenna. In addition you will also need a few accessories such as your amateur license, a power source, a log book and a key or microphone. There are also important personality traits that are needed to be successful at these types of endeavors. They are persistence, creativity and ingenuity.

Fortunately, for the traveling radio operator of today, there are many compact solid-state transceivers that will fit into a large suitcase and still leave room for a

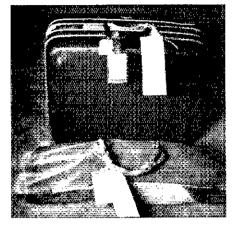


Fig 1—The WA6MQF station packed and ready for transit. (photos courtesy WA6MQF)

large suitcase and still leave room for a week's supply of clothing. As for the selection of the actual manufacturers and model numbers—that's up to each individual's preference. However, there are significant points to consider. The most important is general durability. It is hard to get on the air if you are spending all your time repairing your radio. Radio repair is difficult in the field, and you may not have access to the necessary parts. More about spares later in the article.

Right along with durability is transportability. Twenty years ago, I used a Collins KWM-2 transceiver for portable operation. The Collins people got together with the Samsonite luggage people and manufactured a suitcase. That is what it looked like on the outside, but on the inside it was custom molded to hold and protect a KWM-2 and PM-2 power supply. It also had storage pouches for accessories. This was an ideal setup for my portable operation. When the new generation of radios became available, I put the KWM-2 to work in my shack and replaced it with a compact solid-state transceiver. I still use the Collins CC-2 suitcase, but it now holds the transceiver, power supply, microphone, key, bug, headphones, antenna tuner, spares box, logbook, clock, DXCC Countries List and a week's worth of clothing. There are many manufacturers that will provide shipping cases with each side filled with a block of foam rubber. These are used by photographers to make custom carrying cases and should also work for lightweight ham gear. The compactness of modern radio equipment has certainly made portable operation much easier now than it was 20 years ago. Fig 1 shows the entire station packed and ready for a trip.

If the radio is electronically reliable, but does not travel well, you may end up with a big problem-a broken radio. There are some basic packing techniques that will help the equipment survive travel. Place heavy items in the lower part of the case. being careful that they are cushioned on all sides. When packing the transceiver, it is especially important to make sure that the radio does not rest on its face. Most equipment cannot withstand much abuse to front panels. Be especially careful to protect the knobs and dials. Fig 2 shows the general layout I have found to be most reliable when packing my radio equipment in a suitcase.

Other Features That Will Help

There are radio design features that will add to the effectiveness and reliability of the portable station. Your radio may be connected to less than the ideal antenna. My antennas have run the gamut. Protection to the final amplifier transistors is very important to me because I cannot always be sure of my antenna load. I'll likely be off the air for the rest of the trip if, the first time I key up the radio, I destroy my finals because of an antenna mismatch.

Another useful pair of features are an antenna tuner and SWR meter. These two items can compensate for the less than ideal antenna load that you may connect to your radio. My portable transceiver is a Ten Tec 525D. This radio has a built in forward/reverse RF power meter. I have constructed a compact antenna tuner that will provide my transceiver with a 50-ohm antenna load across all the bands. The circuit for the antenna tuner is the SPC Transmatch found in The ARRL Handbook. I have used low-power components and assembled them all in a $2\frac{1}{2}$ × 5- × 5-inch steel box. Fig 3 shows this most valuable accessory.

Another desirable feature for the receiver is an impulse noise blanker. I have operated portable in large metropolitan areas. Signals radiated from automobiles with noisy ignition systems will drive your AGC

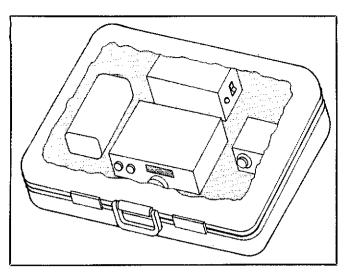


Fig 2.—The radio equipment packed in a hard suitcase with the heavier items located near the bottom.

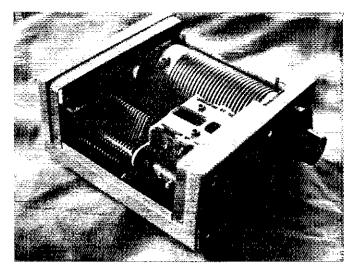


Fig 3—My home-brew antenna tuner is a valuable accessory.

circuits crazy if you do not use a noise blanker.

Antenna Considerations

Ask a group of hams their preferences as to which antenna is best, and you will usually get a different answer from each one. There is an abundance of technical information on antenna theory in The ARRL Antenna Book and other books on this subject, so I will limit my comments to those of installation, location, and transportability. The one most restricted element of the portable amateur radio station is the antenna. If the radio outing is a vacation in the forest, it is a relatively simple task to string up a 1/2-wave dipole. However, if you are staying on the 67th floor of a high-rise hotel in Manhattan, and your room window only opens three inches, a 40-meter dipole is out of the question.

I have been known to sneak up on the roof and install a 80/40-meter dipole, but those opportunities are few and far between. The majority of time, I have used vertical antennas with loading coils. Several companies make a mobile antenna system with different loading coils for each of the HF amateur bands. My system comprises a folding base section and a resonator with a whip. The base section is available in several formats. My version folds in the center. It is possible to disassemble the antenna mast at this folding point. The whip will also come completely free from the resonator. With these items disassembled, all pieces will fit into a carrying bag 30 inches long. Fig 4 shows the entire 5-band antenna system disassembled and ready to be put into the shipping bag. I modified a 90-degree shelf bracket to be used as a mounting point for the base section. This bracket is clamped to the window structure using locking pliers. I have taken the precaution to secure the pliers to the bracket with a safety strap. This is a must for safety reasons! I don't

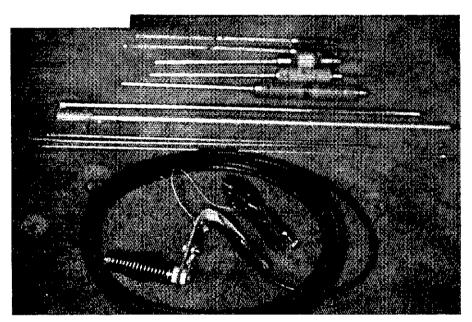


Fig 4-The entire 5-band portable antenna.

want to be responsible for the damage done by anything falling 67 stories. Fig 5 shows the antenna mounted to the window frame and ready to be used.

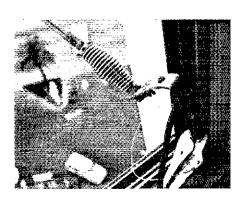


Fig 5—The antenna is mounted to the window frame with a bracket and locking pliars

I have noted varying degrees of success using portable antennas and have identified which installations seem to work the best. Let's say I will be staying on the East Coast. When I arrange for my accommodations, I ask for a room (I) with fresh air (one with a window that opens), (2) located two levels down from the top of the building, (3) with a view to the east. This location will give me the best chance to work Europe and Africa. The reason for the fresh air room is so that I will have a place to put my antenna. Beware that there are many hotels that have no windows that open. The reason for the choice of room location is antenna directionality. The metal structure behind the vertical antenna may act as an RF reflector. You've got to be sure to get the metal behind you, because it will block your signal otherwise. See Fig 6. Beware of overhangs above the antenna for they will greatly reduce the

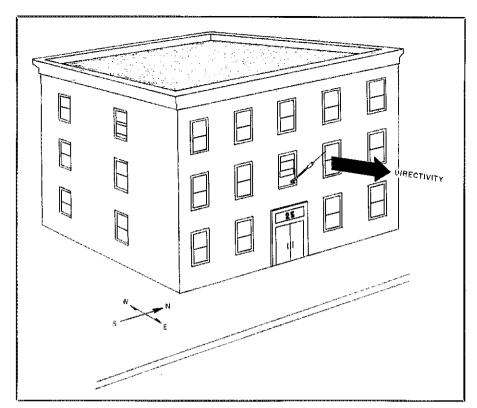


Fig 6—I make sure I ask for a room with a window facing the direction I want to operate, in this case, east.



Fig 7—The complete station—ready to go.

effectiveness of this type of antenna system.

Additional Hints

Radios are noisy to some people. Be warned, not all the population staying in the hotel will be interested in 40-meter CW at 2 AM. I have opted to use headphones at all times. It really does cut down on the QRM given to you by guests in adjoining rooms. It will also keep down the visits from hotel security. I use a dual digital clock with date, local and UTC displays so my log will be accurate, a must for DX QSLs. My accessory bag contains other

items such as a microphone, a bug and a key. There have been times when I have needed an extra length of feed line or a power extension cord, or just a cube tap, so those items are also in my accessory pack. I am amazed at the number of times I have needed a cube tap to plug in my radio because all available outlets were already in use.

On most field trips there is little time for major repair of radio equipment, but I do have a small spares set that I carry with me. Remember you will have to carry all of this stuff. A list of my spares follows:

- (1) Fuses, 5 each (all values in radio and power supply)
 - (2) Set of final transistors or tubes
- (3) Microphone key and antenna connectors
- (4) Jumper wire with alligator clips

Along with the above items, I carry an electronic tool set as part of my profession. The suggested items are listed below.

- (1) Soldering iron and solder
- (2) Miscellaneous screwdrivers
- (3) Needle nose and side cutter pliers
- (4) VOM (small digital)
- (5) Parts (miscellaneous resistors and capacitors in small box)

Installing the Station

After moving into my hotel room and unpacking my clothes, I check out the radio for shipping damage. The most common problem I have found is screws that have come loose.

I then assemble the antenna and clamp it on the room window frame, being careful to get as good a ground as possible. I run the feed line around the table leg a couple of times so that if the locking pliers pop loose, I won't have the antenna falling down 67 stories and the feed line pulling the radio out the window after it. Don't ask me why I decided to take this precaution.

I then put RF directly to the antenna and adjust the whip length for best SWR at the desired frequency. The SWR usually ends up around 2:1. The antenna tuner is then put in the line and adjusted for no reflected power. Now is a good time to turn on the TV and see if there are any TVI problems. The few problems I have encountered I dealt with by changes in my grounding system. Fig 7 shows my portable station fully assembled and ready to go on the air.

Operating Technique

After all the advanced planning, custom construction, shipping, setup and adjustment, there is still the final issue of operating technique. My experiences in the field have never included the luxury of high power or a high-gain antenna system. Whatever level of success I have achieved has come to me as a result of operating proficiency. I have found the QRP techniques discussed in several books to be most useful. I have had little luck calling CQ—instead I listen for stronger stations and call them.

I won't ruin your fun by telling you any more. I wouldn't want to rob the reader of the opportunity to experience the many joys and challenges that operating while traveling has to offer.

I have enjoyed the opportunity to have a portable station that I can take on my field trips. This opportunity has given me many hours on the air that I would not otherwise have had. It has also provided me with technical and operational challenges that have expanded my knowledge of Amateur Radio principles.

Father Mike, the Voice of IMRA

1987 ARRL International Humanitarian Award Recipient

By Mary E. Schetgen, N7IAL, and Jeff Bauer, WA1MBK

any active hams have had, at one time or another, the opportunity to aid an individual or group in an emergency situation through the use of Amateur Radio. For some hams, this experience blossoms into an all-out personal challenge to be ready at any time to handle emergency traffic and health-and-welfare messages. Often willing to spend many hours at the key or mike to provide a vital communications link with those needing help, these committed Amateur Radio operators exemplify the finest spirit of the Amateur Radio Service.

The Rev Michael F. Mullen, C.M., WB2GQW, known to most hams as Father Mike, has been a driving force behind the International Mission Radio Association (IMRA), an organization dedicated to worldwide missionary and emergency communications. As president, publicist, editor, filmmaker, media spokesman and leading net manager, Father Mike has brought universal recognition and attention to the work of the IMRA and its Amateur Radio emergency operations. With daily two-hour nets and check-ins from over 40 countries. IMRA has been a reliable source for news and information to missionaries and their families for over 25 years. In times

of natural disaster or government upheaval, IMRA and international Amateur Radio operators have worked in concert to quickly and efficiently handle emergency traffic and have brought messages of hope and relief to thousands of families and groups. In addition, Father Mike produced the popular video "Making Contact," whose many showings have helped heighten the public's knowledge of not only IMRA, but of Amateur Radio in general.

A member of the Catholic religious community known as Vincentians, Father Mike's educational training and teaching career have proved to be of inestimable benefit in publicizing the usefulness of Amateur Radio for routine and emergency communications. With Father Mike at the helm of the St John's University station, WA2KUX, for coordination of emergency relief and health-and-welfare messages, IMRA has continued its service to others through its network of dedicated, fastresponse traffic handlers. Missionaries throughout the world now depend on Amateur Radio's vital advantage for making contacts when more conventional communications are not possible or practical. With an unflagging effort made to spread the word on an international level,

Father Mike's message of Amateur Radio goodwill has inspired many, both here and abroad, to become capable and experienced Amateur Radio operators...ready to assist when needed.

The Officers, Directors, and members of ARRL wish to express their sincere appreciation to Father Mike Mullen, WB2GQW, for his exemplary service to his fellow man through Amateur Radio work with the International Mission Radio Association, Inc.

Learn More About IMRA

People helping people ... a wonderful credo! The International Mission Radio Association is more than just a traffic net on 20 meters. It is a multifaceted support system for missionaries, their families and friends. More than simply a traffic pipeline to the States, IMRA provides all participants a sense of personal satisfaction in assisting others. If you are a traffic handler, you can help by sharing your well-honed operating skills and experience. If diagnosing an electronic bugaboo is your idea of having fun, there are missionaries in remote locations in need of your particular technical expertise via the IMRA on-the-air technical support system. Have capabilities for phone patching? The joy of providing perhaps the only available voice communications between loved ones who are separated by oh-so-many miles may be yours. Of course, help with the equipment bank is always welcome-and needed.

Just how does one get involved? The best way to test the water is to monitor the net's activities. Check 14.280 MHz, Monday through Saturday, 1830-2000 UTC. IMRA is known as the "family net," because its members are a close-knit and caring group. If what you hear sounds like something you would enjoy participating in, then jump right in—the water's fine! For more information about IMRA, write to Rev. Thomas Sable, S.J., University of Scranton, PA 18510.

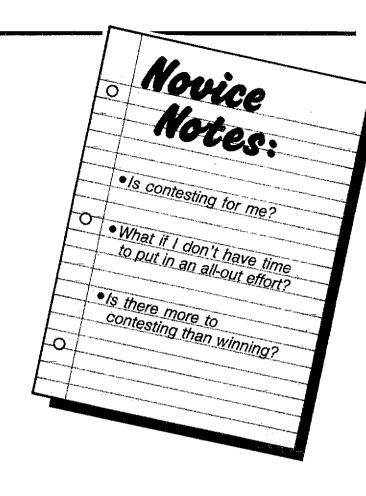


Father Mike, WB2GQW, in action at "Mission Control."

Contests and You-Perfect Together

Superb conditions, Novice 10-meter SSB privileges and vast armies of contesters tuning your subband to work you: an ideal combination, whatever goals you've set in Amateur Radio.

By Robert J. Halprin, K1XA ARRL Contributing Editor PO Box 624 Newington, CT 06111



n-the-air contests are exciting, action-packed excursions that you can take right from your ham radio work station. What's the difference between that and conventional Amateur Radio operating? Well, contesting is like putting your normal hamming into fast forward. A rapid-fire information exchange is substituted for the more leisurely ragchew, and then onward to the next contact. You'll find it will really get your juices flowing! In a sense, you're actually exchanging the same kind of information that you would in a traditional ragchew, but the format is more concise.

For the next few years, band conditions will be as good as they ever are, particularly on 10 meters, so if you want to try contesting, this is the time. You can probably work more contacts during one day of a contest than you might normally work in a month. Moreover, when it comes to 10-meters, everyone (not just your Novice and Tech colleagues) tunes the Novice SSB portion, because they have the large Novice/Tech population foremost in mind. In so doing, the Novice SSB subband has become the nerve center of all 10-meter activity. With solar activity peaking such that 10 meters is wide open for worldwide communications throughout the day, the Novice SSB portion is the principal crossroads of the entire Amateur Radio contest world. So whatever you want to work,

you'll find it in your portion of the band.

Contests Defined

Generally, a contest involves working as many different stations as possible in a predetermined period of time (usually a weekend). Depending upon the individual contest, a premium is placed on working specific types of stations in different geographical areas (which could be states, ARRL sections, DXCC countries, grid squares and so on). The geographical areas are called "multipliers." Contests

It's perfectly fine to sit down at the rig and work a few stations, then take a break or call it quits.

sometimes have elaborate methods for determining your final "score," which is generally determined by the number of QSOs (two-way contacts) or QSO points times the number of multipliers. But you don't have to bother with the arithmetic

unless you plan on submitting your log to the organization sponsoring the contest.

With all this talk of keeping score, multipliers and so forth, it's important to keep in mind that radio contests are not just for that small hard-core group of eccentrics that are out to "win." It's perfectly fine to sit down at the rig and work a few stations, then take a break or call it quits. It's all up to you; you're free to choose when, where and how long. It's the multitude of casual participants that keep the contest program alive and well; without amateurs just like you, many of the socalled "serious" contesters would quickly run out of other contesters to work after the first few hours and things would be painfully slow and boring. Moreover, the contest environment is perfect if you want to qualify for awards in a minimum amount of time, indulge your competitive spirit by filling up your log sheet, develop crisp operating procedures (including increasing your code speed), expand your knowledge of propagation or test your antenna system.

Please understand that the purpose of this article is *not* to discuss the relative merits of contests versus other operating activities and/or spectrum usages. If you don't like contests, fine. Those who suggest that exchanging programmed, if not prepackaged, information with faceless hordes doesn't make any sense may have a very good point. But despite this obvious flaw from the pure logic standpoint, the sport of contesting, to whatever extent it's pursued, is nevertheless great fun and provides one of the most potent forms of stimulation that ham radio has to offer. If you've had the urge from time to time to join in, even for a fleeting moment, then this article will provide some, I hope, practical suggestions.

Freedom of Choice

The great thing about contests is that you can decide at the spur of the moment whether you want to participate or not. You can get into a contest merely when the mood strikes, make 25 contacts, and resume whatever else you were doing—whether it be mowing the lawn, watching the game, playing with the kids or protest-marching for giraffe rights.

You don't need to preregister and you don't need any official forms (unless you later decide to submit your log). You don't need to wait on line all night to get tickets. You don't even need to go to the Olympic Training Center in Colorado Springs to get into shape. Just tune across the bands, say on a Saturday morning when you have a spare half hour or so. If you come across a spirited concentration of signals that might be the ham-radio equivalent of the feeding-frenzy surrounding Dan Quayle's first national press conference or the new version of "The War of the Worlds," it's a contest!

Rest assured that not all radio contests are going to cause that kind of commotion. Contests come in all shapes and sizes (and modes) virtually every weekend. See the Contest Corral in QST for specific details on all kinds of fun contests. The smaller contests are fine, and are often the best place to get your feet wet. These sorts of contests fit neatly into a small amount of spectrum without attracting undue attention. But if your operating time is limited, you'll probably want to get on when there is going to be the liveliest activity. That is to say, in this case at least, bigger might be better; unless the bands are alive with with wall-to-wall signals, it may not be worth your while to operate at all. Therefore, in Table 1, I have (admittedly subjectively) listed what I consider the "major" contests of the year, limited to those that can boast appreciable Novice activity.

By way of explanation, I made a big effort in the 1987 and 1988 ARRL 10-Meter Contests, CW-only category, yet only worked a handful of Novices in the Novice CW subband. The vast amount of activity was on the SSB portion of the band. This is not meant as a criticism, it's merely an observation. For CW enthusiasts like me, the ARRL DX Contest CW weekend in February and the November Sweepstakes and CQ Worldwide CW weekend in November are like the World Series or Super Bowl. You'll note, however, that they don't appear in Table 1 because all of the tumult takes place essentially within the

Table 1
Major HF Contests for Novice Activity

Month	Contest	Poone	Finhana	D. 1. 2. 1
		Scope	Exchange	Details in:
Feb	ARRL Novice Roundup (phone & CW)	Novices/Techs work others	Signal report & ARRL section	Jan <i>QST</i>
Mar	ARRL DX Contest, phone	W/VE stations work DXCC countries	W/VE stations: Signal report & state (or province)	Dec QST
Mar	CQ WPX (prefix) Contest, phone	All stations can work each other	Signal report & consecutive QSO serial number	Contest Corral, Feb QST or Jan CQ
Jun	All Asian DX Contest, phone	Asian stations work all others	Signal report & age	Contest Corral, May <i>QST</i>
Jun	ARRL Field Day (phone & CW)	primarily W/VE stations	Transmitter "class" & ARRL section	May QST
Jul	IARU HF World Championship	All stations can work each other	Signal report & ITU zone	May QST
Sep	Worked All Europe, phone	EU stations work all others	Signal report & consecutive QSO serial number	Contest Corral, Jul QST
Oct	CQ Worldwide DX Contest, phone	All stations can work each other	Signal report & CQ zone	Contest Corral, Oct QST or Sep CQ
Nov	ARRL Sweep- stakes phone	W/VE stations work each other only	See rules for details	Oct QST
Dec	ARRL 10-Meter Contest	All stations can work each other	W/VE stations: signal report & ARRL section	Nov QST

first 50-70 kHz or so of the low end; unfortunately, activity does not extend into the Novice subbands for most CW contests for the most part. Operating those extraordinary CW contests is a treat that you can look forward to just as soon as you upgrade to General (and will be the subject of a future article).

As suggested previously, when the FCC enacted Novice Enhancement, Novices and Techs were given a choice phone segment on 10 meters, 28.3 to 28.5 MHz, which has become the mainstream DX and contest portion of the band. You're not missing anything on 10 meters; in fact, most of the phone activity of that band has gravitated to (and adjacent to) the Novice SSB segment. Now that informed sources indicate that Cycle 22 has commenced, you can look forward to several years of strong signals and solid propagation to all corners of the world. It will be one big party, and all you need is 100 watts and a comparatively simple antenna. (On 10, effective beam antennas tend to be small and light, making for relatively easy installation).

The bottom line is that insofar as Novices are concerned, you can maximize your contest success (other than in the Novice Roundup and Field Day, where

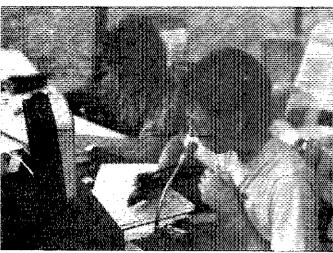
there is intense and abundant activity on the Novice CW bands) by invoking your 10-meter SSB privileges in the major contests listed in Table 1. Ten-meter SSB is where the high-volume contest action is for Novices in terms of DX (that is, longdistance) communications, and that's what the rest of this article will concentrate on.

Qualifying for Awards

DX-type contest contacts and awards are usually interrelated. If you're hunting for DXCC, Worked All States (WAS), Worked All Continents (WAC), the new ARRL Diamond Jubilee award (see October 1988 QST, page 59) or the many other certificates that are available, keep in mind that making the required contacts for those certificates is often, if accomplished solely via routine operating, rather time consuming. In the fast-paced environment of a major contest, when all sorts of stations from rare states and countries show up and are workable with reasonable effort, you'll be surprised how quickly you can rack up the QSOs you need for awards, since these operators are placing their complete emphasis on working as many stations as possible in the shortest amount of time. Moreover, you'll be amazed at all the states, countries and what-have-you that



Nickie, KB5ETO, operated 10-meter phone for the Southwest Dallas ARC (K5HJ) during Field Day. At the right is SWL Randy, who assisted with logging at the Novice station.



Charlie, KB4WEH, with SWL Ryan, was running 'em on the Novice portion of 10 meters for the W4KS Field Day effort.

will be ripe for the taking during a contest, while maintaining radio silence at other times. Each contest is a unique adventure, with the challenge of the unexpected waiting on every frequency.

Sure, exchanging information machinegun style is not what you would really call true interpersonal communication (which gives rise to all the perfectly reasonable criticisms of contesting mentioned previously). However, you may want to get your WAS out of the way quickly, so that you can sit back and relax and converse with stations of your choice to your heart's content otherwise.

Look at it this way. You could spend months plumbing the depths of 40 or 15 meters looking for a Maine or Montana ragchewer with which to finish up your WAS. Or you could snag one in a 15second contact while you're tuning the band during a contest. The former is a lot more "up close and personal," but the latter is a more efficient use of both your time and the radio spectrum. Indeed, it's simply a more effective method of time management that will result in many beautiful certificates, signifying your operating skill, adorning the walls of your radio room. (Look for an special article under the Novice Notes heading about awards chasing in a near-future issue of QST.)

Contest Hints and Etiquette on 10-Meter Phone

Suppose it's December and you decide you want to put in a few hours in the ARRL 10-Meter Contest, where you can work both US and DX stations. Or March has rolled around, and you feel you'd like to give the ARRL DX Contest (phone) a shot on 10. Here are some suggestions (admittedly from an East Coast perspective—as they say on the TV networks, check your local listings for time in your area!) that you may want to consider.

 Operating time: If you only have a few hours, consider getting on first thing in the morning for as long as you can; if conditions are right, 10 should be wide open to Europe. The mornings are prime, so don't miss this opening if you can. Later, at your local sunset and an hour or so after, get on and work some JAs and other Pacific stuff. (BY4RB in the People's Republic of China has recently been worked locally on the Novice SSB portion at around 2330 UTC. A Connecticut station, running a barefoot transceiver and a small beam, got through on one call.) During the course of the day, you'll find Caribbean DXpeditions, Central and South Americans and many areas of the US coming through. If you have a chance, the afternoon hours could vield some African contacts, although the volume of contacts during these non-peak periods will be limited. Generally, the band will be closed in the late evening and night hours.

If you only have a few hours, consider getting on first thing in the morning for as long as you can.

On a recent Sunday morning, in the midst of writing this article, I decided to casually tune around the 10-meter SSB Novice band at about 1400 UTC with a communications receiver and a non-directional antenna just to see what was on. The band was loaded with DX signals: Italy, East and West Germany, the Soviet Union, Czechoslovakia, Finland, Hungary, Sweden, Norway, Poland and a host of others, plus many Midwest, South and West Coast US stations. All these stations had strong signals and were being easily

worked by many Novices running modest stations probably a lot like yours and mine. Undoubtedly, your station is good enough to get your share too. And this wasn't a contest weekend even. If it was, expect perhaps 100 times this level of activity!

• Day: In a 48-hour contest, even the socalled "big guns" and/or DXpeditions start running out of persons to work, particularly on Sunday. So they'll really appreciate your answering their "CQ Contest." For this reason, if you have a choice of, say, operating either Saturday or Sunday, pick Sunday. The pileups will also have diminished somewhat on some of the rarer stuff, and you'll have a much better chance of getting through. By the way, keep in mind that the "big gun" contesters are persons exactly like you who happen to have, at that moment in time, the opportunity to operate from a station with a big antenna or from a state or country that is considered "rare" within the context of the contest.

• The exchange (that is, the specific QSO information that the contest rules require you to send and receive): Before you jump in, take a moment to review the rules of the contest (see the Contest Corral column in QST for details) so that you know precisely what information you need to transmit to the station you want to work. For example, in the ARRL DX Contest, the exchange for US stations is signal report and state (DX stations respond with signal report and power), which will be obvious in a quick scan of the rules (or you could also just listen around the band until you figure out what the appropriate exchange is).

It would be poor form in the DX Contest to call a station and give him your ZIP code or the serial number of your 2-meter handheld. It would be just as impolite to waylay him with Dragnet-style questions about what QSO information he (or she) needs when you can find that out for yourself easy enough. Again, just take a few minutes to skim the rules and you'll be fine. (Listening around first also gives you a good idea

Table 2 The ITU Phonetic Alphabet

Phonetically Speaking

These International Telecommunication Union phonetics can help you get voice messages through noise and interference. See the text for how to use them.

A-Alfa (AL FAH) -Bravo (BRAH VOH) -Charlie (CHAR LEE or SHAR LEE)

D-Delta (DELL TAH) E-Echo (ECK OH) F-Foxtrot (FOKS TROT) G-Golf (GOLF) H-Hotel (HOH TELL)

I-India (IN DEE AH) J-Juliett (JEW LEE ETT) N-November (NO VEM BER)

 Ω P-Papa (PAH PAH) Q-Quebec (KEH BECK)

Note: The boldfaced syllables are emphasized. The pronunciations shown in this table were designed for speakers from all international languages. The pronunciations given for "Oscar" and "Victor" may seem awkward to English-speaking people in the US.

K-Kilo (KEY LOH) L-Lima (LEE MAH) M-Mike (MIKE)

U-Uniform (YOU NEE FORM or OO NEE FORM) V-Victor (VIK TAH) -Oscar (OSS CAH) W-Whiskey (WISS KEY) X-X-ray (ECKS RAY) Y-Yankee (YANG KEY) Z---Zulu (**ZOO** LOO)

-Romeo (ROW ME QH)

-Sierra (SEE AIR RAH)

-Tango (TANG GO)

standard phonetics. (Moreover, the use of nonstandard phonetics is often more confusing than using no phonetics at all.) If the station called indicates that he doesn't have your call complete, that's your cue to say it again phonetically. Otherwise, just say your call sign normally (that is, sans phonetics) as you give the other station your QSO information exchange. See Table 3 for a sample contest-contact format.

Remember too that FCC rules do not require you to sign the other station's call at all, so don't overwhelm the operator of the other station with your rendition of his call sign over and over (rest assured the other operator already has a fairly good idea what his call sign is and needs no prompting!).

And please, just send your exchange once-and don't include any extraneous information if you can help it. For those who are trying to compile a decent score. time is of the essence. If the other station needs a repeat, he'll ask for it. Obviously, being basically friendly creatures, we all have a natural inclination to talk a bit; but in contests, unlike some of the other Amateur Radio interest areas, brevity is what we strive for so that all concerned can make as many contacts as possible within the available operating time. Keep your response plain and simple, and speak clearly.

Contest operators, both DX and stateside, are more comfortable with "barebones" contacts anyway, so please be sensitive to this. Shorter contacts, particularly on 10 meters, are often better during unsettled band conditions; this allows as many stations as possible to work whatever DX or contest multiplier might be coming through. Fading or interference may cut your contact short anyway if you go on yakking. Keep in mind that the operator who is calling CQ and running strings of stations is sort of like a busy switchboard operator or auctioneer; it wouldn't be sporting to disrupt what he's trying to accomplish with everyone else.

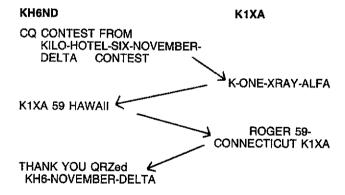
• Tuning: Although the Novice phone subband starts at 28.3 MHz, the activity may not be so hot until you get somewhat farther up. Try tuning from 28.4 MHz up, perhaps (depending upon where the concentration of activity begins). As mentioned before, tune around until you feel comfortable and acclimated to the goings on. Then, each time you hear someone calling "CQ Contest," give him a call and try to work him. This is called "hunting (or searching) and pouncing." Think of it as if you were in the supermarket, tooling down the aisles with your shopping cart, stopping only to select an item from the shelf that you want to buy.

The basic idea of hunting and pouncing is to start at one one of the band and methodically work your way up to the other end, trying to contact all the stations you haven't already worked in between. Or you can be more selective and only make contacts with those stations in states or DXCC

Table 3

A Sample SSB Contest Contact

Suppose you're tuning the 10-meter Novice portion and hear Mike, KH6ND, working the contest. It dawns on you immediately that you still need Hawaii for your Worked All States (WAS) award, and you've been looking around for a KH6 during casual operating conditions with no success. You've determined what the appropriate contest exchange is, your rig is properly tuned up and your beam (if you have one) is pointed in Mike's direction. So you're ready to fly. Here's how you might work KH6ND in the contest (please substitute your own call, phonetics and appropriate contest exchange under "K1XA"):



Short and sweet, and he's in the log. The contact, and your WAS is history. You don't need to be a Robert DeNiro to remember all your lines in this little drama. And the nice thing is that everyone wins. You get KH6 to bring your WAS effort to closure and KH6ND gets another contact (and perhaps a multiplier to boot) for his contest effort.

as to who's there-whether or not the band is open, and to where. Listen carefullyperhaps you'll locate a rare but somewhat weak DX station that no one else has found yet. You can successfully make a two-way contact, getting in and out before the inevitable pileup begins-sort of like the earlybird special at the local diner.)

Unless you're in a big pileup which necessitates dumping your call sign in several times to get the other station's attention, call the station once using ITU standard phonetics. The ITU phonetic alphabet (see Table 2) is generally understood by hams in all countries, so if you want amateurs everywhere to understand you, stick to the

The basic idea of hunting and pouncing is to start at one one of the band and methodically work your way up to the other end, trying to contact all the stations you haven't already worked in between.

countries and the like that you need for awards or some other distinct purpose. There will be plenty of loud signals for you to choose from on the band, so it's up to you. Once you get to the top of the band, reverse direction and start hunting and pouncing from the high end down to either the end of the activity or 28.3 MHz, whichever comes first.

If you come across a station who's working callers one after another in a hefty pileup, and you have dumped your call in a few times without success, don't lose heart. Make a note of the exact frequency for later reference and keep tuning for other stations. As indicated before, there will be an ample supply of stations to work, so don't be obsessed with just one. Then, when you return later, you might find the frequency much less crowded and getting through will be a heck of a lot easier. Also, you might find a weaker station in that same country or state just a few kilohertz higher, calling CQ with no takers. You'll be able to jump right in and work him.

As you get more experience, you may want to stake out your own frequency and call "CQ Contest" to see if you can get a bunch of stations coming back to you. The late Andy Warhol said everyone will be famous for 15 minutes, and running stations on your own frequency may be your way to instant celebrity status! If you do this, make sure that you have carefully listened and found a frequency that appears unoccupied by any other station. It's not good form to "step on" a fellow amateur. Calling CQ effectively (please keep your CQ calls relatively short) also requires getting the attention of the other stations and motivating them to call you. It's helpful to have a decent signal when you seek to get their attention; knowledge of your station's capabilities is required to make that determination—the contest environment is the best place to answer that question. Snappy operating is one of the effective ways to motivate them to call you. Another way is to get on the air when the contest is nearly over, and everyone is looking for "fresh meat," especially if you're located in a rare multiplier!

By and large, however, concentrating on the hunt/search and pounce mode (or, as they say at the local radio club, "search and destroy"!) will be the most proper allocation of your resources if you're new to contesting.

• Logging: Use any log form that is convenient for you. Make sure you're logging in a coherent way so that you can go back and send for QSL cards if that's what you want, and be sure to log in UTC (Universal Coordinated Time, formerly GMT), not local time. Similar to the use of standard phonetics, the use of UTC assures that amateurs regardless of where they are log the contact in the same time system, thus eliminating any time-zone confusion. If you intend to send the log in to the contest sponsor (such as the ARRL or CQ Magazine), it's a good idea to write for the official forms. But don't bother if, for whatever reason, you have no interest in sending your log in. Once you've developed a "comfort zone" in contesting, you might want to submit your log as an official entry-by then, you might be in the running for a contest certificate in your category.

If you're working quite a few stations, or (if you're like me), your memory has become somewhat feeble, maintenance of a duplicate sheet ("dupe sheet") is a critical aid to hunting. The dupe sheet (available from ARRL HQ for ARRL contests) is a matrix-type form upon which you put the calls of the stations you've worked as you worked them. You can usually only work a station once per band for contest credit, so a quick glance at your dupe sheet will indicate to you if you've already worked that station. It's a little embarrassing (and a waste of both operators' time) to call someone you've already worked.

The purists may not agree, but I give everyone a 59 (actually 599 for my CW-contest endeavors, since I'm seldom a participant in phone contests) when a signal report is required. It eliminates one unnecessary detail (which is also why my car has an automatic transmission!); in this way, superfluous log entries are minimized.

Obviously, 59 in the literal sense means that you've maxed-out as far as signal strength is concerned. And I fully understand that not every signal encountered in a contest will max out. But I can write 59 (599) at the top of the first page of my log under "exchange sent" and never have to bother with entering it again for the rest of the contest. Generally most everyone sends 59 (599) in return, too. So under "exchange received," I can write 59 at the top and dispense with writing in 59 for each contact unless another station sends something other than 59. In those unique cases, I log the specific report received. Look, I know that one of the stated goals of contests is to determine how well you're station is getting out. But S-meters are generally inaccurate anyway; the very act of getting through (or not) to the various contest stations inherently provides an excellent indication of how well you're doing, and what station improvements you may or may not need to bring on-line.

· Peripherals: Have several sharpened pencils (preferred over pens because of the ease of making corrections), your favorite beverage to keep the vocal cords well lubricated, a digital clock set to UTC and a pair of good communications headphones. (Speakers aren't nearly as sensitive as 'phones, especially for picking out the weak ones, and the use of headphones also avoids disturbing the household.) Have a copy of the ARRL DXCC Countries List at your operating position. It will help identify the countries you're working and serve as a checklist for your DXCC progress; the Countries List booklet is especially key when the DX station is using a special (that is, unconventional) prefix. A quick reference to the international call sign prefix list will instantly reveal the country of origin of that unusual sounding prefix. If you have a rotatable antenna on 10, make sure your beam-heading chart is at hand. That way you can aim your antenna directly at the location you wish to work, for maximum signal strength in the desired direction. I like to have some decent food within immediate reach (preferably not sticky or gooey) that I can easily woolf down without getting it all over myself or the equipment. My solution: Bagels, which (along with vitamins and coffee) have kept me going strong in many a contest.

For more information on contesting, DXing, QSLing and operating in general, see *The ARRL Operating Manual*. For an excellent discussion of 10-meter operation, see "Plain Talk about Voice Operation" by Dave Newkirk, AK7M, which appeared under the Novice Notes banner in June 1987 *QST*. These sources were a great help to me in preparing this article.

A Final Thought: Always Have Fun

So next time you're tuning across 10 meters and you hear the equivalent of the compelling hustle-bustle associated either with a rock video, the Morton Downey Jr show or the conduct of the salesmen on the floor of the New York Stock Exchange, consider that contesting is a part of what makes our Amateur Radio hobby rich and colorful. It's also the express lane to qualifying for all kinds of awards. And if you're "in search of excellence" in Amateur Radio operating, contests are where you'll find it.

So how about broadening your Amateur Radio experience and having some fun by personally savoring the friendly competition of contests? Contests are feisty, productive and a whirlwind of excitement. But please remember to only operate at your own pace and within your available spare time. Each participant in a contest gains expertise, learns a little more about propagation and becomes a better operator, more equipped to explore some new area of the Amateur Radio art, all while having a good time! But fundamentally, an Amateur Radio contest is an operating event held over a predefined time period that really has only one principal goal: to enjoy yourself to the fullest.

Beyond the Ham Bands

Perhaps you've wondered about the usefulness of the general frequency coverage of your transceiver—Wonder no more!

By Gerry L. Dexter RR4 Box 110 Lake Geneva, WI 53147

nexplored areas pictured on ancient maps often bore the legend "here there be dragons." The average amateur doesn't believe there are dragons roaming around in the lands beyond the borders of 20, 40 and 80 meters, but it's likely that belief isn't the result of personal exploration.

Saurians aside, hams are more likely to think there's nothing worth tuning in these frequency ranges. While they are right about the dragons, they're wrong to think that these regions are as dull as a one-street town on a weeknight.

Shortwave radio outside the amateur bands offers an astounding collection of voices and noises that can never be completely explored. This kaleidoscope of sound changes by the second. It is a world of preachers and propagandists, of pirates and poachers. A world of broadcasters, maritime and aero, military and point-topoint communications. A world out in the open and a world with dark and dangerous back alleys.

Tuning the Bands

Let's flick on our state-of-the-art communications receiver and spend an evening touring these areas. Perhaps I can give you a sense of what's out there beyond the ham bands.

If we tune down from 14.150, past the foreign phone segment of 20 meters and on through the CW portion, then out the back door below 14.000, we soon find ourselves in one of the newly designated shortwave broadcasting bands (22 meters-13.600-13.800). Here's some rock and roll on 13.680. Would you believe this is the World Service of Radio Moscow? Rock on the Soviet international service—Glasnost seems to have wrought some wondrous things. They're also using the band for other services such as Radio Peace and Progress, Radiostansiya Atlantika (Atlantic Radio Station) and relays of the foreign services of the various republic broadcasters such as Radio Kiev.

The US recently began allowing use of 22 meters by nongovernment broadcasters. Religious station WYFR, in Florida, parks on 13.695 all day long.

Further down we stop at an SSB signal on 13.285. It proves to be an airliner in con-



Bob Thomann (I) and Bob Zanotti present "Swlss Shortwave Merry-Go-Round" each week on Swlss Radio International. The program features media news and tips for DX listeners.

tact with the Toronto airport. They're asking airport officials to have a customs interception standing by when the plane lands—it seems there's a passenger who has a live bird that will need to be processed. A bird requiring customs clearance is on the lighthearted side compared to some of the things one can pick up on the aeronautical frequencies. It's not uncommon to hear requests for emergency medical teams to be standing by to aid a stricken passenger, or reports of trouble with the aircraft itself.

Internationally known Israeli journalist Michael Gurdus has scooped the world on several occasions simply because he knows when and where to tune for military, aero and other communications on shortwave, He once listened as a hijacker killed an airline passenger. Ordinary, nonprofessional monitors occasionally catch high administration officials, even the President himself, speaking 'in the clear' from Air Force One. And even the most casual scan of the shortwave bands may well produce reception of a Strategic Air Command transmission, although only insiders can make any sense out of the complex alphanumeric code words being used.

Let's jump back up in frequency, to 15.580 in the 19-meter band. Here's KUSW in Salt Lake City, one of the more recent of a flood of US shortwave broadcasters that have come on the air since 1982. Most of these are religious in content; KUSW is one of only two that are strictly commercial ventures (the other is WRNO in New Orleans). One of the biggest is the Christian

Science Monitor, which put WCSN on the air a few years ago and soon after that purchased financially troubled KYOI on Saipan. Now they're building a 500 kW station in South Carolina, due on the air in 1989.

Faraway Lands

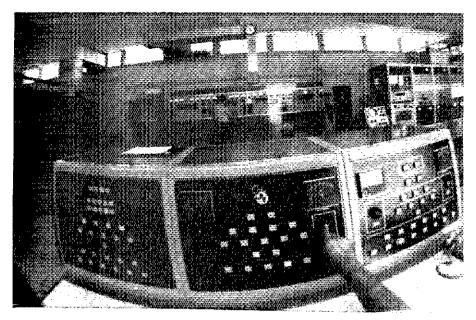
The digital readout says 15.495 as we hear Arabic music, creating visions of Bedouins, bazaars and belly dancers. The station is Radio Kuwait. Listen to these folks through the day and you'll catch everything from rock and pop to tangos to jazz, marches and country-western. They try to please everybody by covering all the musical bases.

Just a little lower, on 15.474, we're in time to hear the sign-off announcement for Radio Nacional Arcangel San Gabriel, an Argentine station that isn't in Argentina. The transmitter is at Esperanza Base in Argentine Antarctica. And it's not alone at the bottom of the world—the US Navy's Antarctic Support Force operates AFAN at McMurdo as a local radio service.

How are our friends on 15.084 doing? A check and we find the usual strong signal with indigenous music and talks in Farsi from the Voice of the Islamic Republic of Iran. For reasons no one seems to know. the Ayatollah doesn't make much of an effort to tell his story to listeners in the western world. There's an hour of English each day (1930-2030 UTC on 9.022), but it isn't received nearly as well as the all-day broadcasts on 15.084. Radio Baghdad in Iraq does a much better job, with two hours of English for North America (currently 0000-0200 on 11.775). But much of the venom one would expect these two countries to spit at each other is kept to the local language services as well as unofficially supported "freedom" stations that the two countries beam at each other.

Let's drop down to the 31-meter band and check out some things there. 9.960 turns up a continuing mystery: Radio Caiman (Alligator) pumping out pop music and anti-Castro commentary. The powerful, rock-steady signal carries some very professionally done programming, but never a mention of ownership or location. Monitors who specialize in this type of thing have made virtually no progress on this puzzle.

Another anti-Castro voice recently returned to the airwaves. "Commandante David" got considerable publicity with his



This is the transmitting room for Trans World Radio's facility on Bonaire in the Netherlands Antilles.

broadcasts, FCC bust, subsequent court appearances and the eventual dropping of charges several years ago. Now "David," or someone using his nom de plume, is appearing with a station calling itself "Radio Libertad Cubana y Radio Felipe de la Cruz." He's active local Monday, Wednesday and Friday nights around 0100 UTC in the 7.045-7.075 region.

As we tune higher, 9.770 presents us with Radio Beijing and an English-language broadcast for North America. It's not completely what it seems though, because the broadcast is actually being relayed through the government broadcaster in Mali. China helped refurbish that facility and gets partial use of the transmitters as compensation. Beijing has made a major effort in recent years to provide more reliable signals for many parts of the world, including North America. It also works time exchanges with government transmitters in Switzerland and Spain.

In an hour we can swing back up to this vicinity (9.615) and catch the start of the two-hour English service from Radio RSA in South Africa. Even more interesting are the local South African stations such as Radio Five (from 0300 on 4.880) which come complete with pop music, local news and even cigarette commercials!

A little bit before 0330 we want to check 4.972. If the often-present strong interference on 4.975 is gone, we should hear the sound of a rooster crowing and the opening announcements in Portuguese for the Voice of the Resistance of the Black Cockerel. This is Jonas Savimbi's UNITA opposition radio broadcasting from in or near Angola. Like Radio Caiman, Radio Libertad Cubana and many others, it is a clandestine broadcaster out to do what it can to bring down a government its backers oppose.

Now move up a bit to 5.030 and find still another curious broadcaster: Radio Impacto from near San Jose, Costa Rica. This is a licensed Costa Rican station that rarely, if ever, airs a commercial. It does air plenty of pro-Contra, anti-Sandinista programs, though. Armed guards are reported to be stationed at the ramshackle white house that is home to the station.

All Right Sports Fans

Given the right season of the year, earlier in the evening we might have caught a local 60-meter Brazilian station with a soccer broadcast. You think John Madden gets excited, these soccer announcers (in Portuguese) put him to shame. The record for the longest "goooooaaaallll" announcement is believed to be 47 seconds!

Late in the evening we can tune up to 4.996, just below WWV, and catch the sound of an entirely different culture. Radio Andina in Huancayo, Peru is often there with hour upon hour of huayno music dedications. The only description that applies to the huayno is "haunting." And "addictive"!

Playing the Numbers

Go lower, down to 4.670, and we hear a woman's voice reading numbers, groups of five, in Spanish. This is one of the so-called "numbers" stations, which have been around for some 25 years. Despite extensive and intensive research by monitors who have made these stations their special interest, no final answers have been found. Spanish is the most commonly heard language, but there are others, including German, Korean, Russian and Chinese.

We can take a quick run through the area right above the amateur 40-meter band, which has been dubbed "the pirate band." Unlicensed broadcasters are most likely to be found in this 7.300-7.500 range on weekends and around holidays. Radio Newyork International made a big media splash when it broadcast for a couple of days from aboard a ship. These things don't appear very often, for obvious reasons, and most are fairly harmless. One pirate does support various freedom movements and another preaches white supremacy.

That's Not All Folks!

All of this activity comes to only a fraction of one percent of what's out there to be heard on the nonamateur frequencies. There's enough work here to keep Sherlock Holmes, Sam Spade and Thomas Magnum busy for a lifetime!

There wasn't time tonight to listen to the chatter of tugboat captains plying the Mississippi River or to check air-route weather forecasts from Gander, Shannon or New York VOLMET radios, or to have another try at catching a couple of drug smugglers arranging a delivery. These types are said to hang out somewhere above the amateur 20-meter band. And we also missed the "Media Network" show on Radio Netherlands. It's one of the best sources for news about electronic media anywhere.

There are more things to try and listen to regularly, to scout around for and check into than there are hours in the day in which to do them all. Several dozen countries program English to North America, and there are some 1500 broadcasters on shortwave, plus thousands of aero, maritime, military and other transmitters in use.

Hundreds of thousands of people are buying sleek shortwave portables to tune in the programs of the BBC, Voice of Germany and Radio Australia. In addition, there are a lot of hams discovering what can be received on the general-coverage receivers of their transceivers.

Well, time to quit for tonight. Just going to punch up 15,170 on the radio and drift off with the music of Radio Tahiti.

Gerry L. Dexter has been an active shortwave listener for 37 years, and is a full-time freelance writer and publisher on radio communications subjects. Gerry is the shortwave broadcasting editor for Popular Communications magazine and writes regularly for several other communications magazines.

Books he has written include The World Broadcast Station Address Book, Clandestine Confidential, Secrets of Successful QSL'ing, Muzzled Media—How to Get the News You've Been Missing and So You Bought a Shortwave Radio!. His articles have appeared in a number of publications, including Hands On Electronics, International Broadcast Engineer and Consumer's Research.

Gerry is also editor of Shortwave Radio Listening with the Experts.

The Future Generation

Are you concerned about the lack of young hams and the future of Amateur Radio? Here are some tips on what you can do to contribute to the future of our hobby.

By Kevin Wallenius, KA3PDM 8712 Camille Dr Potomac, MD 20854

et's face it: We need to get more people into this hobby of ours. Being a loyal ham for over two years now, and being 14 years old to boot, I've tried to get some friends into ham radio. I'm going to try to shed some light on what turns teens on, and what you shouldn't say unless you want them to think that ham radio is worse than the plague.

I hope you'll have a better understanding of how kids look at things, and perhaps you'll make an effort to encourage young people to get into the radio world. After all, our future lies in them.

Choose Your Target

The emphasis for recruitment should be put on young people between the ages of 11 and 18, with more effort on the younger half, since the older ones need more time to do homework, cram for tests, and the like.

Children under 11 or so really don't get all they can from studying theory and code. Remember, preteens are rowdy and restless, and telling them that they'll need to read a book full of equations and theory and then dumping on them the fact that they'll need to study strange noises for weeks won't get their adrenalin flowing. This isn't to say that they won't get interested, but there will only be a few that will like the idea of using the code and studying the theory.

The Way Teens Are

Let me start by giving you a description of the average 13 or 14 year old. They are usually more calm than the rowdy 11 year olds, and they look at things in a slightly different way. They start paying attention to how practical something is, but usually are attracted to something that seems fun and exciting. The usual response to hearing the word "study" is a low, deep groan. You will find that the older they are, the more emphasis they will place on how interesting and practical something is. Often, they will be attracted by something interesting rather than something that just seems flashy and wild.

Appealing to the Senses

I've said what attracts teens to some-

A Brief Run-down

Just in case you looked at the title and decided to move on, please read this brief summary, then read the article for more details!

- Get a prospective ham into your shack
- · Start quickly and keep it simple
- · Let them tune the receiver
- Involve them in a QSO (Remember the third-party agreements!)
- Give them "Amateur Radio: A National Resource"
- Tell them how to get started
- Stress your devoted support in helping them
- Assist them in finding help for upgrading
- · Never give up

thing, so the first thing to do when trying to hook one is to make radio appealing.

Depending on their age, you may want to modify this approach somewhat. The first thing is to get the prospective ham into your shack. If you are a teen yourself, just inviting a friend from school and slipping a tour of your shack into part of the day will be enough to get everything going. If, however, you are a father or mother, you may hit a snag. The best thing is to get your



Kevin, KA3PDM, at his "double-duty" station—not only does he enjoy operating it, he also uses it to get his friends interested in Amateur Radio!

son or daughter to bring a friend over after school and plan to be operating the station when you are introduced. Tell them about the hobby and give them the pamphlet "Amateur Radio: A National Resource," which is available free from the Educational Activities Branch at ARRL HO.

After you have the prospective ham in the shack and have their attention, you really have to work fast. Remember that this is probably their first exposure to ham radio, so keep it simple. Save the showing off for physics class! Get to the point right away; tell them how fun and exciting it is to chat with people in the exotic corners of the globe. If emergency work is your thing, then stress it. Show them how you'll be ready to provide communications when needed.

Show off your gear, but please remember that young people don't have that much money. While showing off your equipment, keep slipping in the fact that many, like I, got on the air with a borrowed receiver, a \$30 transmitter and a simple wire antenna.

If you have kept their attention to this point, you can slow down a bit. Chances are that by now they will be as eager to find out more as you are to recruit them! Let them take the operator's position and fiddle with the receiver, then look around the bands, find a CQ, answer and put them on. Sometimes they may be very shy. If they seem uncomfortable taking over, don't put them on the spot. Tell the operator on the other end your situation and have them say hello to the prospective ham.

Tell them about getting started themselves with *Tune in the World with Ham Radio*. Always offer your support and tell them to give you a call about anything they need help on.

You will find it very useful to also talk to the prospective ham's parents. If they get into it, great, but just make sure they know what's going on so they can help their

See what we've done? We've found a promising prospect, gotten them started and offered our undying support. You

(continued on page 57)

So Your Club Wants to Give A Scholarship?

Is your club considering sponsoring a scholarship? There exists no better investment for a club than one which fosters and encourages educational support of a young person in their community. Here's how to do it!

By Mary Schetgen, N7IAL Assistant Secretary The ARRL Foundation

very year in your community, young college-bound amateurs begin the search for funds to help underwrite their college expenses. By sponsoring a scholarship, your club can help a deserving young person reach an educational goal while at the same time netting your club prominent goodwill publicity in your community.

To begin, your club needs a source of funds. Fund-raising activities can take place at any time during the club year. Ideas for fund raisers might include, but not be limited to:

- · percentage of flea market proceeds
- proceeds of hamfests or convention gate
- · Amateur Radio auction
- proceeds from Novice class where \$1.00 assessment is made for this purpose
- club-submitted ARRL membership renewals rebate
- percentage of dues

Have your club set a goal for the scholarship award amount. Realistically assess your club's likelihood of reaching your funding goal and discuss all aspects of the efforts needed by your club membership. Then, move on to the next step.

Appoint a scholarship committee or ad hoc team to draft a scholarship application, outlining the qualifications criteria by which an applicant or candidate will be evaluated. You may wish to start with the following outline and add, modify or delete criteria to reflect interests your club wants to emphasize:

- a) Amateur Radio license class (prerequisite)
- b) Scholastic achievement
- c) Leadership qualities
- d) Public service activities
- e) Electronics projects
- f) Club participation



Dave Clemons, K1VUT, accepted the first award of the new Dr James L. Lawson Memorial Scholarship (\$500) from Director Tom Frenaye, K1KI, at the New England Division Convention at Boxboro, Massachusetts last October.

Specify any preferences or restrictions your scholarship may include (academic major, geographic area, school attended, financial need). Specify the use of the award monies; ie, tuition, fees, books and other expenses necessary to an advanced education.

Now it's time to get the word out. Distribute scholarship information/applications to area senior high school guidance counselors and to the student finance office of your local college. Publicize your club's scholarship in the local media (newspapers, posters, cable-access community bulletin board, etc).

When you've collected applications, have the club's scholarship committee review on objective, preagreed criteria using a "score sheet" approach and take your recommendations to the entire club for approval. The committee may also want to personally interview finalists before a candidate is selected.

Now comes the most satisfying part of the entire process: Presentation of the scholarship award by club officers and/or members. Arrange to be included at a local scholastic or community awards dinner or arrange your own presentation. Provide for media coverage with photos and write-ups of the presentation and route these to the local media sources. The goodwill generated by your club's support of a young student will not only enliven your own membership, but might just inspire new members to attend your "communityspirited" club. Consider becoming a scholarship sponsor the next time your club is planning community activities.

INVITATION TO APPLY

Are you a ham and student, digging to uncover every source of supplemental funding for your academic tuition? Have you applied to the ARRL Foundation? Well, why not? If you read last month's column you met students like yourself who wrote in and requested applications and information about the various scholarships we offer. With new scholarships being added each year, you may already be qualified for several and never even know it! Why miss this opportunity? Send today for full scholarship details to: The ARRL Foundation, 225 Main Street, Newington, CT 06111

BIEBERMAN FUND GETS A BOOST FROM THE HOME TEAM

Just before this column went to press, the Foundation was contacted by former members of the now-defunct Southern Chester County Amateur Radio Club (PA). As a long-time, active member of SCCARC. the late Jesse Bieberman, W3KT, was wellloved by his clubmates. When word of the reactivation of the Jesse Bieberman Meritorious Membership Program appeared in QST earlier this year, former officers of the inactive club contacted one another and reached the consensus that a fitting tribute to Jesse's memory would be to donate the remainder of the club's treasury to the Meritorious Membership Fund. This generous donation will make possible the award of several additional Meritorious Memberships in 1989. We'd like to thank SCCARC for remembering Jesse's ideals through this excellent gesture!

Contributor's Corner

We wish to thank the following for their generous contributions to:

The Goldwater Scholarship Fund
Paul Boller, W8IRT, and Alice Boller,
KA4NYC (in memory of Alton Fisher,
N1CTA)

Frank N. Schwartz, K9QLC, and the 9th Area ARC

Hal Masden, AF6B

The Victor C. Clark Youth Incentive Program Fund

Seattle Seafair Salmon Derby Committee with Thomas E. Bainbridge Tom Frenaye, K1KI James A. Guida, W1KQ The Bill Bennett, W7PHO Scholarship Fund John E. and Rani E. Tatman Patricia Forman-Meeks, KS7L Lawrence L. Lanier, K1MIZ

The General Fund

The Millipore Foundation with Mauro Accomazzo Richard C. McCurdy, KAIDU. Grace W. Scholz

(in memory of Walter H. Scholz, KA9CSC) Mr and Mrs W. H. Funnell and

Mr and Mrs R. H. Bushnell (in memory of Fred J. Merry, W2GN)

Craig W. Smith, N6ITW
William Leroy Wagner
David G. Johnson, WA6HIS
Rafael Rivera-Alverio, KP4PN
William F. Donnelly, K2ROU
John J. Fackeldey, KB6KLD
William Burden, WB1BRE
Truman O. Moore, W7FCQ
Charles R. Steffler, KA5DYO

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The Jesse Bieberman Meritorious Membership Fund

Raymond Carley, WB3CZG, and Evelyn Carley, N3AVC

(in memory of Fred J. Merry, W2GN)
As received and acknowledged during the

As received and acknowledged during the month of October.



THE ARRL FOUNDATION, INC.

"for the advancement of amateur radio"

The Future Generation

(continued from page 55)

will find, as I have, that they leave your shack feeling comfortable and excited. The younger ones will keep thinking how neat it is, and the older ones will see how useful it will be in geography, math and physics.

What Next

Okay, let's say you've got a live one. They're interested and they have a copy of *Tune in the World with Ham Radio*. Call them often (maybe twice a week) and ask how they're doing and if they need any help. So you don't seem pressing, ask them about their math assignment or how their dog is doing.

If you see that maybe they need an extra nudge, try to acquire a receiver and set it up in their room one weekend. Remember that you only need a scrap of wire for receiving. This will let them hear what it's like on the air and see what countries they can expect to contact. They'll also have the opportunity to get excellent code practice by listening to W1AW.

When a holiday, such as spring break, rolls around, something that will be of

great help is to tell them you are going to help them on the last final stretch of learning and to get tested before school starts back. Remember these holidays are only a bit over a week—plan well in advance so that all you need to do during the break is smooth out the ripples and drill them with questions.

If you're eligible, you can be half of the administering team when the prospective ham feels ready to take the test. Having someone they know and like testing them will be a great comfort. Remember to help the examiners and the applicant get acquainted before the test. Everything to calm those nerves, right?

After the Test

After they pass the exam, your responsibilities aren't over. Your new Novice will need help setting up a station. You'll need to help them get through their first QSO and to get some QSL cards printed. Take them to a hamfest or two and take them to your local club's meeting.

Remember to call occasionally to ask

how they are and to offer your assistance, or refer them to someone who can assist them, in upgrading. If you stay in touch, they'll know they have a friend forever. Knowing that they made a great friend through radio, they'll be enthusiastic to make more and to help someone else get started.

Tying It Up

After the new ham is on the air, you can pat yourself on the back, take a break and then poke around for another "victim."

Well, that about does it. Excuse me, my good friend and prospective ham, David Feldman, is coming over for some quizzing.

Kevin Wallenius was born in Chile and moved to the US with his family in 1979. He got interested in Amateur Radio in 1984 while playing with walkie-talkies and reading about radio. His father, CE3VU, has been licensed since 1958 and helped Kevin get started. Though his dad had been inactive since 1964, Kevin says his father is back into ham radio now and "hogs the station!" Kevin is starting a radio club at the Washington International School, where he attends classes.

The Listener

Over 50 years ago, Grote Reber began listening to the ultimate DX, and he's still at it. Find out what this radio astronomy pioneer is doing now.

By Richard W. Miller, VE3CIE RR #1 Hillsburgh, Ontario Canada NØB IZ0

n the summer of 1985, radio amateurs around the world monitored voice and SSTV transmissions from the space shuttle Challenger and talked with astronaut Tony England, WOORE, as he orbited the earth during the Spacelab-2 mission. On the night of August 15, as Challenger came up over Australia, shuttle commander Gordon Fullerton and pilot Roy Bridges prepared to fire the Orbital Maneuvering Subsystem (OMS) engines. The OMS burn at 1659 UTC would only last 16 seconds, but it would release a quarter ton of fuel. This would open a "hole" in the ionosphere. The OMS exhaust gases would react with the ionospheric plasma, causing the ions to form neutral particles, thus creating the ionospheric hole.

Signals from space at 1 to 2 MHz cannot normally penetrate the ionosphere to reach the earth's surface, but the OMS burn opened a window that would allow these signals to be heard. Below, in his laboratory at the Low Frequency Radio Observatory of the University of Tasmania, near Hobart, Grote Reber was listening—as he had done for the last half century—for the radio whispers of the cosmos.

An Interest is Sparked

"My interest in radio astronomy began after reading original articles by Karl Jansky (1932, 1933). For some years previous, I had been an ardent radio amateur and considerable of a DX addict, holding the call sign W9GFZ. After contacting over 60 countries and making WAC, there did not appear to be any more worlds to conquer."

With these thoughts in mind, Grote Reber began a lifelong study of radio astronomy. For a decade prior to World War II, he was the world's only radio astronomer. Were it not for the pioneering efforts of this radio amateur, the science of radio astronomy would have lapsed into oblivion during this period.

The Father of Radio Astronomy

The story of W9GFZ began with the work of Karl Guthe Jansky (1905-1950),

who is considered the father of radio astronomy. Jansky was a young physicist working for Bell Telephone Laboratories at Homdel, New Jersey. His assignment was to study the directions of arrival of atmospheric static at a wavelength of 15 meters, which was being used for ship-to-shore and transatlantic radio communication.

At the radio field station (1928-1930), Jansky constructed a large array antenna, known as a Bruce array. It was 30 meters long and 4 meters high, with a beamwidth of 30°. The entire array was mounted on four Ford Model T front wheels and was automatically rotated through one complete revolution every 20 minutes. This was accomplished by using a ¼-horse-power motor through a speed reducer and a 30-meter sprocket wheel and chain. The antenna was connected to a superheterodyne receiver; the receiver's output fed a chart recorder.

It was with this apparatus that Jansky first detected what he called "hiss static." A study of his directional data for the "hiss static" indicated that the source of the static was of extraterrestrial origin, and was coming from a location near the center of our Milky Way galaxy in the constellation of Sagittarius. On May 5, 1933, the *New York Times* carried a front-page report, "New Radio Waves Traced to the Center of the Milky Way."

Although Jansky published several papers on his discovery in both engineering and astronomical journals, it did not excite the radio engineers or astronomers of his time. Radio engineers were concerned with improving techniques to provide better radio communication, not with outer space, and the astronomers had no comprehension of the world of vacuum tubes, amplifiers and antennas.

Jansky did receive an inquiry in 1935 from radio engineer and Amateur Radio enthusiast Grote Reber. Reber later commented on the possible short-sightedness of astronomers, "I wouldn't say they were short-sighted...they didn't build radio sets—they weren't even radio amateurs. If they needed a radio, they went to the store and bought one."



The listener, Grote Reber, has made a lifelong study of radio astronomy. (photo courtesy of the National Radio Astronomy Observatory, operated by Associated Universities, Inc. under contract with the National Science Foundation)

Reber thought that Jansky had made a fundamental and important discovery. He considered the two fundamental problems of cosmic static to be: 1) how does the cosmic static, at a given frequency, change with position in the sky, and 2) how does the cosmic static, at a given location in the sky, change its intensity with frequency. These were the problems that W9GFZ set out to investigate.

The First Radio Telescope Dish

Reber decided that the only feasible antenna would be a parabolic reflector and he conceived the idea of using a single dipole inside a waveguide at the focus of his dish antenna (remember this was 1936!). He designed a dish, 10 meters in diameter, that was to have a meridian transit mount movable only in elevation. (A meridian mount allows the antenna to scan the sky

at a fixed elevation as the earth rotates about its axis and the stars move across the sky.)

Home Brewing a Necessity

Reber was quoted a price of \$7000, which was too expensive, so he decided to build the antenna himself. The cost came to \$1300, a princely sum in 1937. The frame of the dish was made of 2 × 4 lumber and the surface was covered with 26-gauge galvanized iron in 45 pieces, which were supported on 72 wooden rafters cut in a parabolic curve. Brass screws, spaced at 30-cm intervals, joined the overlapping plates. The surface of the dish was constructed accurately to within 3 mm.

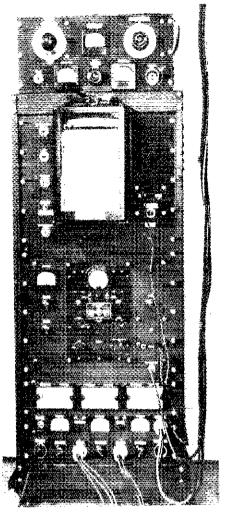
The entire project was completed with the part-time assistance of two men in a period of four months. The antenna weighed about two tons. When parked in a vertical position, great volumes of water poured through a central hole during rainstorms. This led Reber's Wheaton, Illinois neighbors to conclude that the machine was for collecting water and controlling the weather. Today, Reber's antenna is on display at the National Radio Astronomy Observatory at Green Bank, West Virginia.

Commercial gear at VHF/UHF frequencies was scarce or nonexistent, so all of Reber's equipment was home brew. He began his investigations at a wavelength of 9 cm (about 3300 MHz) using a crystal detector and an RCA type 103A end-plate magnetron. The rest of the receiver consisted of a four-stage audio amplifier using 6F5 triodes. Investigations were carried out during the spring and summer of 1938 at 3300 MHz, but with no cosmic static detected. Reber then designed another receiver that operated at 33 cm (900 MHz), but observations during the fall and winter of 1938 yielded no better results.

In 1939, he started again at 1.87 meters (160 MHz) with a superheterodyne receiver with as wide a bandwidth as possible. Reber successfully detected radio emissions from the Milky Way with this apparatus. Because of trouble with automobile ignition noise during the day, he made his measurements between midnight and 6 AM, then drove 50 km to Chicago for his job designing radio receivers.

His observations were originally taken by noting the deflections of a microammeter at one-minute intervals. The beamwidth of his dish at 1.87 meters was 12°. In 1940, Reber added a strip-chart recorder, which enabled him to gather data automatically. With this apparatus, in 1941 he succeeded in mapping the radio emissions from the northern sky. A contour map of 160-MHz intensities of cosmic static was published by Reber in the Astrophysical Journal of 1944.

Further receiver design improvements led to a five-stage receiver having a gain of 90 dB over a frequency band of 150-164 MHz, compared to a bandwidth



Front view of the control cabinet, Reber Telescope, taken at Wheaton, Illinois in 1942. (photo courtesy of NRAO)

of 0.16 MHz for the earlier design. This equipment allowed Reber to undertake a complete survey of the sky in 1946 and to detect radio emissions from the quiet sun. With new equipment operating at 480 MHz, in 1946-47, he succeeded in detecting intense transient solar radio waves apparently emanating from small independent sources (that is, solar flares) on the sun's surface.

Like the Wheaton experiments, Reber's more recent shuttle experiment was successful. An ionospheric window was opened at 1.7 MHz for approximately four hours as a result of the OMS burn, and investigators were able to monitor the cosmic radio noise at this frequency.

The lowest frequency which will normally penetrate the ionosphere from space is about 2 MHz, and Reber has mapped most of the Milky Way at this frequency from Tasmania. In 1987, he was a visiting research scientist at the Herzberg Institute of Astrophysics (HIA) of the National Research Council in Ottawa, Canada, where he employed a 14-acre

antenna to complete the northern portion of the 2-MHz survey. On December 22, 1987, a colloquium was held at HIA to commemorate the 50th anniversary of the construction of the Wheaton radio telescope.

Among those celebrating the half century of Grote Reber's work were Arthur E. Covington, formerly VE5CC, and John Kraus, W8JK. Covington pioneered the 10-cm solar flux observations from near Ottawa, Canada. This program, which began in 1946, is still carried on by HIA's Algoquin Radio Observatory today. John Kraus is the designer and founder of the Ohio State University radio telescope known as "The Big Ear," and is inventor of the helical antenna. According to Kraus, Grote Reber was "the right person in the right place at the right time doing the right thing. He was a one-man self-supporting scientific lab."1

More Work to be Done

In a January 1958 paper, "Early Radio Astronomy at Wheaton Illinois," which appeared in the Proceedings of the Institute of Radio Engineers commemorating the 25th anniversary of Karl Jansky's pioneering work, Reber says, "The old experiments at Wheaton were quite thrilling. My present experiments at the other end of the spectrum in Tasmania using cosmic static at kilometre wavelengths fully equal the old in the realm of the unexpected. Much remains to be done."

At the age of 76, Grote Reber is still listening for the whispers of the cosmos.

Note

¹Dickinson, T., "First Radio Astronomer was Backyard Amateur," The Universe, *The* Saturday Star, Toronto, Ontario, 1988.

Further Reading

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President Reagan Signs Bill Lauding Radio Amateurs

The high point so far in the struggle to save 220 MHz.

By Perry Williams, W1UED ARRL Washington Coordinator

any months have flown off the calendar and a million words have poured out of the "mill" since the Amateur Radio community first officially heard the bad news on February 12, 1987: The Federal Communications Commission was proposing, in General Docket 87-14, to reallocate the frequencies 220-222 MHz from the Amateur, Fixed and Mobile Services as coprimary uses, to Land Mobile alone.

History

It was no consolation that the same docket also proposed that 222-225 MHz, likewise allocated on a coprimary basis. was to become exclusively amateur. The entire 220-MHz band had been assigned to amateurs exclusively by the FCC way back in April 1948, responsive to allocations made by the 1947 WARC held in Atlantic City. Ten years later, under an emergency order brought on by the Cold War, the amateur allocation was made secondary to military radiolocation, without advance notice to, nor opportunity for comment from, the public. In 1959, the International Radio Regulations established the Amateur and Radiolocation Services as coprimary in this hemisphere. In the States, radiolocation continued primary, with amateur secondary. Increasingly, though, amateurs were all alone in the band as the military radars were replaced by newer ones on higher bands.

Then, beginning in the 1970's, came a stream of bright ideas about things to put in 220-225 MHz, or parts thereof, continuing up to the present time: A Class E CB service, cordless telephones, an automated Maritime Mobile Service, a second FM broadcast band, a reading service for the blind, even an interactive TV gadget. In time, amateurs came to regard all these pet projects collectively as a Sword of Damocles. That amateur use of the band didn't grow as fast as other VHF-UHF bands shouldn't be surprising. What is startling is that—in

spite of all these threats—amateur usage did grow! Gradually, more and more amateurs decided to invest part of the family grocery money in 220-MHz weak-signal experimentation, control links for repeaters on other bands, repeaters, remote-base stations and, finally, intercity packet networks with the potential of handling data as fast as technology allows. (An amateur-designed 56-kilobaud radio modem for 220 MHz was on display at the International Telecommunication Union (ITU) Telcom 87 in Geneva.)

By late spring, it was clear...that...amateurs needed to go past the Commission, to the body which had created it, which oversees and funds it: the Congress.

In 1979, radar's eventual departure was blessed by the World Administrative Radio Conference—its use of the band was primary only by footnote, and only until 1990. In place of Radiolocation, the WARC-79 conferees put Fixed and Mobile alongside Amateur as coprimary services. The FCC followed suit in December 1983, but qualified the allocation by saying, "There is an FCC/ NTIA working group developing an allocation plan for this band. No assignments will be made to the fixed and mobile services until the allocation and service rules are finalized." Comes February 12, 1987: Surprise, surprise!

Amateurs Strike Back

All over America, individual

amateurs, clubs and the service agencies which rely on Amateur Radio for emergency communications filed comments with the Commission. The time for filing was extended. More comments came in. The time for filing Reply Comments arrived, with a flood of mail; it was extended (after the deadline had already passed!) and more reply comments came in. The ARRL filed massive comments on behalf of its members. And reply comments. And after the delayed reopening of the reply period, Supplemental Reply Comments containing well-thought-out alternatives for the narrowband land mobile systems the Commission was endeavoring to promote. Thousands of letters-estimates range between 5000 and 7500 in allpoured in to the FCC. All except 15 or so were against the Commission's proposals. Those 15 were from companies which make or plan to make amplitude-compandored single-sideband (ACSSB) gear for land mobile and from land mobile trade associations. Not one, up through the closing date in August 1987, was from a potential end user of the technology!

The League's Washington team called on FCC Commissioners, Bureau Chiefs and the Commission's Chief Engineer and his staff. Explaining. Explaining. Explaining. Explaining. The team called on the National Telecommunications and Information Administration (NTIA), which shares responsibility for allocations and spectrum policy with the Commission. Explaining. Explaining. Explaining. Explaining. Explaining. The NTIA supported the Commission; the Commission remained unbending.

Bring on Congress

By late spring, it was clear to the League's Washington team—volunteer officers, staff and counsel—that... amateurs needed to go past the Commission, to the body which had created it, which oversees and funds it: the

Congress. A consulting firm which spends all its time working with and for associations needing to reach the Legislative Branch came on board to furnish their expertise in dealing with Senators, Representatives and their committees and staffs. Spontaneous letters from individual amateurs had begun arriving on Capitol Hill at the same time as their formal comments were sent to the Commission. Our consultants built a Congressional letters-to-Chairman Patrick campaign on this grass-roots sentiment. Through the fall and winter we visited more than a hundred offices on Capitol Hill, concentrating on Senators and Representatives whose committee assignments or interests marked them as potential allies. Mail from home gets attention on Capitol Hill and many of the Congressmen were willing to express their constituents' outrage to Chairman Patrick by letter (or, in at least one case, a direct phone call).

Bills in the Hopper

When the Commission added further insult to injury by adding to the Docket the Comments of the United Parcel Service six months after the close of public participation—for the first time providing a "customer" for ACSSBit came time to seek legislation. On June 14, Representative Robert K. Dornan, (R-CA) introduced House Concurrent Resolution 317 (HConRes 317) which lauded the work of amateurs in providing communications for all sorts of disasters and then went on to express the sense of the Congress that it supports amateurs and that government agencies should take their needs into account when making decisions affecting the Amateur Service. On June 28, a similar resolution was introduced into the Senate by Senator Pete Wilson (R-CA). (By the time Congress went home October 21, 1988, there were 107 cosponsors in the House and 52 in the Senate joining Mr Dornan and Senator Wilson. Again, the Washington team worked closely with ARRL volunteers all across the country to see that this happened.)

Black Thursday

August 4 arrived, and it became known that the first big battle had been lost. The Commission went ahead with reallocation of 220-222 MHz, just as they had proposed a year-and-a-half earlier. Special inserts in September QST got the word out to the members: The four leaders on communications matters on Capitol Hill, Senators Hollings and Inouye and Representatives Dingell and Markey, in particular, should be asked

to help. Legislation was proposed to turn back the clock. Congress was asked to adopt a measure which would require the FCC to enforce the allocations and rules for 220-222 MHz which were in force on August 3. Unfortunately, in the time available, the League was unable to overcome the Congress's innate reluctance to get involved directly in allocating spectrum. This proposed legislation did not pass in the 100th Congress.

The QST special insert stated that the leadership should also be asked to secure passage of the concurrent resolutions. This second initiative fared much better! In the closing days of Congress, after consultation with the appropriate committees of both Houses, Senator Wilson reoffered his Resolution as an amendment, new Section 10 of the FCC authorization bill, S.1048. Section 10 starts with several paragraphs of "findings" explaining the good work amateurs do, and then finishes:

"(b) It is the sense of the Congress that—

"(1) it strongly encourages and supports the Amateur Radio Service and its emergency communications efforts; and

Some 600 [Petitions for Reconsideration] were filed, including those on behalf of the Secretary of Defense, and ARRL.

"(2) Government agencies shall take into account the valuable Contributions made by amateur radio operators when considering actions affecting the Amateur Radio Service."

The amendment was accepted, the bill was agreed to in the Senate and the House concurred on October 19. The President signed it on November 3: Our Section 10, with the rest of S. 1048, is now Public Law, 100-594! Section 10 does not turn back the clock to August 3, but it could become an important building block toward a solution to the 220-222 MHz problem with which amateurs can live.

Reconsideration

As has also been reported in QST, Federal Register publication of the FCC Report and Order in General Docket

87-14 came on September 19. That began the 30-day period during which Petitions for Reconsideration could be filed. Some 600 were filed, including those on behalf of the Secretary of Defense, and the ARRL. These petitions were put on notice by the Commission on November 1, starting a 15-day period for Oppositions to Petitions for Reconsideration and a 10-day period for Replies to Oppositions. The test of whether the petitions succeed or fail will be in whether they can convince the Commission that new and novel material, not previously available, has been furnished. This should call for a different result. Time will tell.

If the same determination and cooperation continue, Amateur Radio may yet carry its point...

And there remains another available remedy, the possible filing by ARRL of a Petition for Review in the US Court of Appeals for the DC Circuit.

Meantime, amateurs do not have to vacate 220-222 MHz until after "service rules" have been written for Land Mobile use of the band, and plans are set for coordination between Government and private land mobile users.

In closing this report, the staff of ARRL would like to emphasize that we achieved passage of Section 10, Public Law 100-594, through a total team effort involving ARRL volunteers all over the country who came to Washington or cornered their legislator when he or she was "on the stump," or telephoned, or sent a telegram, or mailed a letter or posted a QSL with a terse message. The team included Senator Wilson, Representative Dornan and their staffs; the officers of ARRL, the consultants, the normal League crew in Washington and the ARRL/QST staff who burned the midnight oil on extra jobs which always had to be done "yesterday." If the same determination and cooperation continue, Amateur Radio may yet carry its point: The public needs its emergency radio service provided by amateurs, and the Amateur Radio Service needs 220-225 MHz, among other things, for its state-of-the-art, state-to-state packet 057message technology.

League Members Elect Representatives

Votes were counted for ARRL Division Directors and Vice Directors at Headquarters on November 20, 1988 under the watchful eye of a Price Waterhouse auditor. Newly elected representatives and those who were unopposed will take office January 1. 1989 and will serve two-year terms.

Here are your newly elected representatives and the vote counts for each candidate:

Central Division

For Director: Edmond A. Metzger, W9PRN, (unopposed)

Ed returns as the Central Division Director, the position he's held since 1981. A former Assistant Director, Vice Director, and Section Communications Manager, Ed lives in Springfield, Illinois and is active in the Sangamon Valley Radio Club. He is an Advanced class operator and is a Life Member of the QCWA and a Charter Life Member of the ARRL.

Ed has been chairman of the Administration and Finance Committee for the past four years and was heavily involved in selecting a new computer system for HQ which is now on-line. Ed has been licensed since 1941 and is retired as comptroller of a midwestern theater chain.

For Vice Director: Howard S. Huntington, K9KM, 3117

Kenneth A. Ebneter, K9EN, 1217

Howard returns as Vice Director of the Central Division. Continuously licensed since 1959, he lives in Lake Zurich, Illinois and is manager of the Engineering Section, International UHF Mobiletelephone Development at Motorola in Arlington Heights, Illinois. Howard holds a BSEE from Purdue University and an MSEE from the Illinois Institute of Technology. He is past Contest Advisory Committee chairman and currently serves on the ARRL RFI Task Group. Howard has held the offices of Secretary, President and Chairman of the Board of the Northern Illinois DX Association. He holds various contest and operating awards, including DXCC, and is a Life Member of ARRL. He has served as Vice Director since 1983.

Hudson Division

For Director: Stephen A. Mendelsohn. WA2DHF, 2972

Vincent J. Biancomano, WB2EZG, 1201

Steve begins his second term as Director after four years as Vice Director. He was first licensed in 1959 and is a Life Member of ARRL. He has served as Board Liaison to the ARRL Public Relations Advisory Committee and as editor of the Repeater Coordinator's Newsletter. He presently is Chairman of the Board's Volunteer Resources Committee. An audio engineer for CBS Inc, Steve is very active in various public-service activities. He has been involved with communications for the annual NYC Marathons, and lives in Dumont, New Jersey.

For Vice Director: Paul S. Vydareny, WB2VUK, (unopposed)

Paul has been the Hudson Vice Director for two years and Eastern New York Section Manager since 1980. Paul has served as a Section Emergency Coordinator and was a member of the League's Emergency Communications Advisory Committee. He is active on numerous traffic nets, packet radio and Army MARS. Paul lives in North Tarrytown, NY, and is general manager of a hardware store there.

New England Division

For Director: Tom Frenaye, K1KI, 3607 Albert W. Hamilton, AG1F, 739

Tom, an ARRL Life Member elected to his third term as New England Division Director, lives in Unionville, Connecticut. He is an Information Center Manager for Phoenix Mutual Life Insurance. He was an Assistant Communications Manager at ARRL HQ from 1977-81. He holds an MA in Political Science. First licensed in 1964. Tom is an Extra Class. He has several operating awards, including A-1 Operator. 5BDXCC and DXCC Honor Roll. He is former President of the Yankee Clipper Contest Club and a former member of the ARRL Awards Committee. Tom now serves on the Board's Executive Committee and Elections Committee. He is chairman of the ARRL Education Task Force and is a Director of the ARRL Foundation.

For Vice Director: Clevis O. Laverty, W1RWG, 2214

William A. Burden, WB1BRE, 2115

A new Vice Director, Cliff has served four terms as the Section Manager of Maine. He has been Section Traffic Manager, Route Manager and net manager of the Pine Tree Net. He holds an Extra Class license and is a member of QCWA. Cliff has worked as a Flight Radio Officer for Pan American Airways and for the military during WW II. He also sailed as a Radio Officer in the Merchant Marine and worked as a telegraph operator for the Boston and Maine Railroad in Massachusetts. A retired high school teacher, Cliff holds an MA from the University of Maine and a BA from the University of New Hampshire. He is an editor of Shrine magazine, and lives in Norway, Maine.

Northwestern Division

For Director: Rush S. Drake, W7RM, 2426 Mary E. Lewis, W7OGP, 2028

Rush returns for his second term as Director. On the air for over 54 years, he is a member of OCWA and a Life Member of ARRL. He is an Extra Class licensee. From 1984 to 1986, he was Vice Director of the Northwestern Division. He is a Director of the ARRL Foundation, member of the ARRL Administration and Finance Committee, has served as Board Liaison for the Contest Advisory Committee and is presently Board Liaison for the DX Advisory Committee. He retired in 1979 after 32 years of marketing in technical sales as a manufacturer's representative, and lives in La Center, WA.

For Vice Director: William R. Shrader, W7QMU, (unopposed)

Bill, of Medford, OR, was first licensed in 1951. Married to Judy, KA7OFM, he is a Life Member of the ARRL and is a member of SOWP, NW Shrine ARC and QCWA. He was runner-up for the Herb S. Brier, W9AD, Memorial Instructor of-the-Year award. Bill was elected Section Manager of Oregon from 1981-86. He is an ARRL Instructor and Volunteer Examiner. Bill presently serves as Board liaison to the VHF/UHF Repeater Advisory Committee. Retired from the US Coast Guard, he presently is working as an electronic engineer with Redtronix, Inc.

Roanoke Division

For Director: John C. Kanode, N4MM, 2236

Claude E. Feigley, W3ATQ, 1473

John enters his first term as Director from the Roanoke Division after serving as its Vice Director for 8 years. John lives in Boyce, Virginia and does electronic circuit research and development for IBM. An Extra Class licensee, he is a former ARRL QSL Bureau manager for W4, K4 and N4 calls. He has served on the ARRL DX Advisory Committee from 1976-80 and was then its Board liaison from 1981-87. John is currently Board Liaison to the ARRL Contest Advisory Committee. N4MM holds DXCC Honor Roll, 7BWAS, 6BDXCC, 6-Meter 600 Club, WAZ, WPX and over 400 other operating awards. Licensed since 1952, John is a Life Member of ARRL. AMSAT, QCWA and IARC and is a Senior Member of the Radio Club of America.

For Vice Director: James G. Walker, WD4HLZ, (unopposed)

Another new Vice Director, Jimmy has served over six years as Section Manager of South Carolina. An ARRL Life Member,

he was first licensed in 1976 and has served as Emergency Coordinator, Section Emergency Coordinator and as a Volunteer Examiner. Jimmy has written emergency plans for the State of South Carolina and the National Weather Service, implementing for the latter a state-wide SKYWARN system. He is President of the Greater Pee Dee Radio Society, lives in Marion, SC, and is employed as a systems specialist with DuPont.

Rocky Mountain Division

For Director: Marshall Quiat, AGØX, 1466 Laurence A. Eichel, K2NA, 621

Marshall is elected to his second term as Director. He is a practicing attorney in Denver, CO, and a former district judge and state legislator. He served as Vice Director from 1982-86. He is a past president of the Denver Radio Club and current chairman of the ARRL Legal Strategy Committee which concerns itself with antenna ordinances, zoning problems and deed restrictions. Marshall is also chairman of the ARRL Membership Services Committee. He served on the special committee which helped draft ARRL comments in the PR Docket 88-139, the FCC rewrite of the Amateur Radio Rules.

For Vice Director: William M. Sheffield, KQØJ, 1122

Hugh Winter, W5HD, 950

Another Denver resident, Bill begins his first term as Vice Director. He has served as Section Manager from Colorado for 6 years and has organized a statewide emergency linking system of voice and packet communications. Bill is a retired police lieutenant with 20 years in law enforcement. For the past 10 years, he has been self-employed. He is a member of DXCC, holds the Extra Class license and is active in most facets of Amateur Radio.

Southwestern Division

For Director: Fried Heyn, WA6WZO, (unopposed).

Fried Heyn, who is a resident of Costa Mesa, California and is a high school mathematics teacher, begins his third term as Southwestern Division Director. Fried was a production coordinator at Collins Radio from 1965-68.

An ARRL Life Member, Fried is involved with AMRAD, AMSAT, HANDI-HAMS, and MARS. He serves on the ARRL Membership Communications and Election Committees.

Twice a Section Manager, Fried was also Vice Director of the Southwestern Division and an Assistant Director. He holds an Extra Class license and is active in contests, DXing and net activities. Fried shares Amateur Radio interests with his wife, WA6WZN, and daughter, N6KFC.

For Vice Director: Wayne E. Overbeck, N6NB, 4265

Karl V. Pagel, N6BVU, 1081

Wayne is a resident of San Clemente,

California and holds a PhD from UCLA and a JD from Loyola Law School. He has written three college textbooks, two of them on communications law. He is a professor at California State University-Fullerton and USC. He is also a part-time attorney.

An ARRL Life Member, Wayne has been Vice Director since 1983 and is former chairman of the ARRL Contest Advisory Committee and coordinator of the 1977 and 1980 West Coast VHF Conferences. First licensed in 1957, N6NB holds an Extra Class license. He won the ARRL Technical Excellence Award and other honors for designing the quagi antenna. He serves on the Legal Strategy Committee.

West Gulf Division

For Director: Jim D. Haynie, WB5JBP, 2768

Thomas W. Comstock, N5TC, 1802

Jim begins his second term as Director. First licensed in 1971, he has served as President and Vice President of the Dallas Amateur Radio Club and is Assistant Dallas Co RACES officer. Past President of the Southwest Radio Society, he has taught numerous Amateur Radio classes, with over 1500 students becoming licensed. Jim participated in communications for Hurricane Alicia and the Mexican and Guatemalan earthquakes. A member of AMSAT and the Texas VHF-FM Society, Jim is Chairman of the ARRL Publications Committee. He is president of the Jim Haynie Company, a manufacturer's representative, and he lives in Dallas, Texas.

For Vice Director: Sam C. Sitton, KV5X, (unopposed)

A new Vice Director, Sam was first licensed as WN5OAP in 1964 at age 14. His call was changed to WA5RKU in 1965 and to KV5X in 1982. A former Assistant Director, he currently holds field appointments as Section Traffic Manager, Net Manager and Official Relay Station. His primary interest has been in the National Traffic System, and he is active on many Texas and Oklahoma section nets. He is also active in the Central Area Net and is a member of the Transcontinental Corps. Sam is an attorney with a JD degree from the University of Houston and lives in Edmond, Oklahoma. He is employed as a Vice-President and Director of Hadson Petroleum (USA) Inc, an independent oil and gas exploration and production company.

HAL BUBB, W1JTD, SK

Many outstanding contributors to the general welfare of Amateur Radio are left almost unknown and unsung. One of these was Hal Bubb, W1JTD, a former ARRL HQ staffer, who recently became a Silent Key. The word "key" especially applies to Hal, for he was an ardent CW man.

Hal came to ARRL HQ in 1933 from Jamestown, New York, where he was

W8DES. For almost 10 years he served as chief operator, first at W1MK, then, when W1MK was flooded out, at W1INF and finally at W1AW in Newington. He left HQ shortly after the start of WW II. At the time of his death, he was retired as an electrician for the State of Connecticut.

Hal is perhaps best known for his construction of the first W1AW transmitters at the new Hiram Percy Maxim Memorial Station, W1AW, in 1936. Hal constructed four new kilowatt transmitters for the station and later built a similar transmitter for 10 meters. These rigs, with modifications from time to time as the years passed, were used until the complete W1AW refurbishment in 1964.

Hal was an ardent DXer in recent years and was active in traffic nets and contests. He was also interested in construction and was a pioneer in the introduction of stable variable frequency oscillators to replace crystal control. He will be greatly missed by his many friends on the air and by the Amateur Radio fraternity in general.

KANSAS CITY COORDINATION DISPUTE OVER

A long-standing dispute over repeater frequency coordination in the Kansas City area has been laid to rest. Representatives of the Missouri Repeater Council, Kansas Amateur Repeater Council, and MO-KAN Council of Amateur Radio Clubs have initialed an agreement on how the frequency coordinators for the various parts of Missouri and Kansas should be listed in the ARRL Repeater Directory. The organizations also have agreed to exchange the information contained in their databases.

ARRL Midwest Division Director Paul Grauer, WØFIR, was instrumental in resolving the dispute. He brought the parties together, first by telephone conference and later in person, for the purpose of settling the matter.

"I'm glad it's over," said Grauer. "There are a lot of good things happening in Amateur Radio in Kansas and Missouri, including the 1990 ARRL National Convention scheduled for Kansas City. This coordination problem was casting a shadow over all of that. Ken Enenbach, KCØWX, Wendell Wilson, WØTQ, and Jasper Simpson, WØZGK, deserve a lot of credit for seeing that we had to get this behind us, and for doing what needed to be done."

The listing of sole frequency coordinators maintained by ARRL now reads as follows for the two states:

KANSAS

Kansas Amateur Repeater Council, Inc, Member, Mid-America Coordination Council, Inc

(Kansas Frequency Coordinator)—Wayne L. Fowler, Jr, KAØE, 4708 Bluejacket, Shawnee, KS 66203, tel 913-268-4916 (Assistant Frequency Coordinator, Western Kansas)—Rod R. Hogg, KØEQH, 907 E Johnson, Garden City, KS 67846

(Kansas City, 40-mi radius)—Kansas Amateur Repeater Council, Inc MO-KAN Council of Amateur Radio Clubs, Inc, Frequency Coordinating Committee, PO Box 411024, Kansas City, MO 64141-1024, tel 913-631-7069

MISSOURI

Missouri Repeater Council, Inc, Member, Mid-America Coordination Council, Inc. (Missouri Frequency Coordinator)—Wayland N. "Mac" McKenzie, K4CHS Rte 4, Box 326, Columbia, MO 65201, tel 314-442-7619

(Assistant Frequency Coordinator, Western Missouri)—Wayne L. Fowler, Jr, KAØE, 4708 Bluejacket, Shawnee, KS 66203, tel 913-268-4916

(Assistant Frequency Coordinator, Eastern Missouri)—Clarence "Sparky" Herron, WØKUJ, 3417-A Belt Ave, St Louis, MO 63120

(Kansas City, 40-mi radius)—Missouri Repeater Council, Inc—MO-KAN Council of Amateur Radio Clubs, Inc, Frequency Coordinating Committee, PO Box 411024, Kansas City, MO 64141-1024, tel 913-631-7069

HAM RADIO FROM RUSSIAN SPACE STATION MIR

Amateur Radio operations from the Soviet Space Station Mir have begun. Cosmonauts Vladimir Titov and Musa Manarov are using the call signs U1MIR and U2MIR, respectively. QSOs have been reported between the Soviet spacecraft and numerous amateurs. Normal operations commenced on November 19.

The Mir amateur station consists of a quarter-wave ground-plane antenna mounted outside the spacecraft, and a 2-watt Yaesu FT 290R FM transceiver donated by UA6HZ. According to our latest information, the operation will be split frequency with the cosmonauts listening on 145.525 MHz (primary) and 145.575 MHz (secondary). U1MIR will transmit on 145.550 MHz. The frequency selections were made based on the 2-meter allocations for Europe, Africa and much of Asia. As noted before, the cosmonauts will only operate U1MIR/U2MIR during crew rest and recreational periods and on weekends.

FCC PROPOSES BAN ON SOME VHF MARITIME RADIOS

The FCC has proposed prohibiting VHF maritime transmitters that are capable of being operator-programmed for frequencies other than those allocated to the maritime services (PR Docket 88-507).

The proposal calls for the exclusion from type-acceptance of any VHF maritime transmitter with frequency programming capabilities that could permit operation on unauthorized frequencies.

Several current transceivers are capable of being programmed by their operators for operation on frequencies not authorized by

FCC-ISSUED CALL SIGNS UPDATE

The following is a list of "just issued" call signs as of November 1.

District	Group "A"	Group "B"	Group "C"	Group "D"
	Extra	Advanced	Tech/Gen	Novice
Ø	WOØG	KEØYU	NØJWH	KBØDIZ
1	NU1A	KCIMC	N1GBL	KA1SQJ
2	WK2Q	KE2JT	N2IRI	KB2GMI
3	NS3M	KD3KB	N3GPQ	KASTSA
4	AB4LE	KM4JI	N4UEP	KC4HFS
5	AA5IM	KG5OT	N5NJO	KB5HON
6	AA6LG	KJ6OB	N6TOU	KC6AKH
7	WU7F	KF7PB	N7LVL	KB7FZE
8	WM8D	KE8UU	N8KBA	KB8FPP
9	WE9C	KE9NQ	N9HXL	KB9BQB
Guam	KH2K	AH2CC	KH2DM	WH2ALT
Hawaii	**	AH6JG	NH6RS	WH6CAK
Alaska	**	AL7KL	NL7PB	WL7BSK
Virgin Islands	NP2E	KP2BN	NP2CR	WP2AGE
Puerto Rico	* 11	KP4PU	WP4RX	WP4IFK

**indicates all 2 × 1 calls have been issued in the district.

the Maritime Service. The Commission's concern is that this allows the operator to select unauthorized frequencies and thus interfere with public safety and other radio services.

The FCC also proposed that certain VHF maritime transmitters be phased out over a two-year period following the final order in the proceeding. The FCC is accepting Comments on the phase-out period. The deadline for these Comments is February 24, 1989, with Reply Comments due by March 31.

MICROSATS SCHEDULED FOR LAUNCH IN JUNE

Work on MicroSats is proceeding! The newest and smallest OSCAR satellites are beginning to take shape in Boulder, Colorado. The MicroSats are tentatively scheduled for launch atop an Ariane booster in June, 1989.

The PACSAT version of the MicroSats will allow users to make use of what is essentially a "flying mailbox." The protocol will be AX.25, and therefore will be compatible with a TNC 2 and an appropriate PSK modem currently available.

SECTION MANAGER ELECTION NOTICE

To all ARRL members in the Maryland-DC, Nevada, New Hampshire, Northern New Jersey, Rhode Island, San Joaquin Valley, Utah and West Texas Sections: You are hereby solicited for nominating petitions pursuant to an election for Section Manager. Incumbents are listed on page 8 of this issue.

A petition, to be valid, must contain the signatures of five or more Full ARRL members residing in the Section concerned. Photocopied signatures are not acceptable. No petition is valid without at least five signatures on that petition. It is advisable to have a few more than five signatures on each petition.

Petition forms (FSD-129) are available on request from ARRL Headquarters but are not required. The following wording is suggested:

(Place and date)

Field Services Manager, ARRL 225 Main Street, Newington, CT 06111

We, the undersigned Full members of the...ARRL Section of the...Division, hereby nominate...as candidate for Section Manager for this Section for the next two-year term of office. (Signature... Call...City...ZIP).

Any candidate for the office of Section Manager must be a resident of the Section, a licensed amateur of Technician class or higher, and a Full Member of the League for a continuous term of at least two years immediately preceding receipt of a petition for nomination. Petitions must be received at Headquarters on or before 4:00 PM Eastern Standard Time March 10, 1989.

Whenever more than one member is nominated in a single Section, ballots will be mailed from Headquarters on or before April 1, 1989. Returns will be counted May 22, 1989. SMs elected as a result of the above procedure will take office July 1, 1989.

If only one valid petition is received for a Section, that nominee shall be declared elected without opposition for a two-year term beginning July I, 1989.

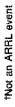
If no petitions are received for a Section by the specified closing date, such Section will be resolicited in April *QST*. An SM elected through the resolicitation will serve a term of 18 months.

Vacancies in any SM office between elections are filled by the Field Services Manager.

You are urged to take the initiative and file a nomination petition immediately. Richard K. Palm, K1CE Field Services Manager

REPEAT NOMINATING SOLICITATION

Since no petitions were received for the Missouri Section Manager election by the deadline of September 9, 1988, nominating petitions are herewith resolicited. See the above notice for details on how to nominate.



MAJOR ARRL OPERATING EVENTS AND CONVENTIONS—1989* (Check QST monthly for updates)



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	JANUARY		FEBRUARY		MARCH	
Add to the state of the state o	1 7-8 7-8 13 14-16 28-7-6 28 29 31	Straight Key Night West Coast Qualifying Run RTTY Roundup W1AW Qualifying Run (35-10 WPM) January VHF Sweepstakes ARRL Hamfest (Richmond, VA) ARRL Hamfest (Ft Myers, FL) W1AW Qualifying Run Novice Roundup ARRL Hamfest (Crystal River, FL) ARRL Hamfest (San Antonio, TX) ARRL Hamfest (Wheaton, IL) West Coast Qualifying Run (10-40 WPM)	4.5 1.1 1.2 1.8 1.9 1.9 1.9 1.9 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5	Florida State Convention (Miami, FL) W1AW Qualifying Run (10-40 WPM) ARRL Hamfest (Mansfield, OH) ARRL Hamfest (Pensacola, FL) International DX Contest, CW ARRL Hamfest (Kansas City, MO) ARRL Hamfest (Ekin, NC) ARRL Hamfest (Sarasota, FL) W1AW Qualifying Run ARRL Hamfest (Datton, GA) Ohio State Convention (Cincinnati, OH) ARRL Hamfest (Dearborn, MI) ARRL Hamfest (Davenport, IA) ARRL Hamfest (Vienna, VA)	1 West 4 ARRI 4-5 ARRI 5 ARRI 11 ARRI 12 ARRI 12 ARRI 12 ARRI 12 ARRI 12 ARRI 12 ARRI 18-19 ARRI 19 ARRI 10 ARRI 10 ARRI 11 ARRI 12 ARRI 13 ARRI 14 ARRI 16 ARRI 17 ARRI 18 ARRI 19 ARRI 19 ARRI 10 ARRI 10 ARRI 10 ARRI 11 ARRI 12 ARRI 13 ARRI 14 ARRI 16 ARRI 17 ARRI 18 ARRI 19 ARRI 19 ARRI 10 ARRI 10 ARRI 10 ARRI 11 ARRI 12 ARRI 13 ARRI 14 ARRI 15 ARRI 16 ARRI 17 ARRI 18 ARRI 19 ARRI 19 ARRI 19 ARRI 10	West Coast Qualifying Run ARRL Hamfest (Cave City, KY) ARRL Hamfest (Harlingen, TX) International DX Contest, phone ARRL Hamfest (Winchester, NY) ARRL Hamfest (Winchester, NY) ARRL Hamfest (Sandwich, MA) ARRL Hamfest (Conneaut, OH) ARRL Hamfest (Conneaut, OH) ARRL Hamfest (Sterling, IL) ARRL Hamfest (Sterling, IL) ARRL Hamfest (Sterling, IL) ARRL Hamfest (Grosse Point Woods, MI) ARRL Hamfest (Grosse Point Woods, MI) ARRL Hamfest (Grosse Point Woods, MI) MIAW Qualifying Run Midwest Division Convention (Kansas City, MO)
	APRIL 2 2 4 4 7-9 10 (Mon) 10 15 15 15 16 16 16 16 18 (Tue) 22-23 23-23 28-30	ARRL Hamfest (Madison, OH) ARRL Hamfest (Milton-Freewater, OR) West Coast Qualifying Run North Florida Section Convention (Orlando, FL) 144-MHz Spring Sprint W1AW Qualifying Run ARRL Hamfest (Flemington, NJ) ARRL Hamfest (Flemington, NJ) ARRL Hamfest (Charleston, WV) ARRL Hamfest (Sulfivan, IL) ARRL Hamfest (Sulfivan, IL) ARRL Hamfest (Southington, CT) 220-MHz Spring Sprint ARRL Hamfest (Augusta, GA) W1AW Qualifying Run 432-MHz Spring Sprint Dayton HamVention® (Dayton, OH) ^T	MAY 3 5 (Fri) 5-6 7 7 11 (Thu) 14 18 (Thu) 19-21 21 21 21 21 22 23 (Sat-Sun)	West Coast Qualifying Run 902-MHz Spring Sprint ARRL Hamfest (So Sioux City, NE) ARRL Hamfest (Sterling, NJ) W1AW Qualifying Run 1296-MHz Spring Sprint ARRL Hamfest (Medina, OH) 2304-MHz Spring Sprint Affall Hamfest (Peotone, IL) ARRL Hamfest (Peotone, IL) ARRL Hamfest (Tamaqua, PA) ARRL Hamfest (Wheeling, WV) ARRL Hamfest (Wheeling, WV) ARRL Hamfest (Wrightstown, PA) W1AW Qualifying Run 50-MHz Spring Sprint	JUNE 2-4 ARF 4 ARF 4 ARF 4 ARF 6 Wes 10-12 June 11 ARF 16-17 Geo 18 ARF 24-25 Field	ARRL National Convention (Dallas/Ft Worth, TX) ARRL Hamfest (Seaside, OR) ARRL Hamfest (Seaside, OR) ARRL Hamfest (Chelsea, MI) ARRL Hamfest (Salina, KS) ARRL Hamfest (Manassas, VA) ARRL Hamfest (Manassas, VA) West Coast Qualifying Run (10-40 WPM) June VHF QSO Party ARRL Hamfest (Willow Springs, IL) W1AW Qualifying Run (10-40 WPM) Georgia State Convention (Albany, GA) Field Day W1AW Qualifying Run



MAJOR ARRL OPERATING EVENTS AND CONVENTIONS—1989* (Check QST monthly for updates)



HULY West Coast Qualifying Run Wise Coast Qualifying Run UHF Contest AREL Hamfast (Sortines, MA) B AREL Hamfast (Sortines, MA) B AREL Hamfast (Sortines, MA) AREL Hamfast (Mannelst) A			
West Coast Qualifying Run Ward Qualifying Run (35-10 WPM) ARRL Hamfest (Des Molnes, IA) Central Division Convention (Inclianapolis, IIV) ARRL Hamfest (Downers Grove, IL) ARRL Hamfest (Downers Grove, IL) ARRL Hamfest (Union, ME) ARRL Hamfest (St Charles, IL) ARRL Hamfest (St Charles, IL) West Guif Division Convention (Oklahoma City, OK) ARRL Hamfest (Peotone, IL) ARRL Hamfest (Peotone, IL) W1 AW Qualifying Run ARRL Hamfest (St Charles, IL) ARRL Hamfest (St Charles, IL) ARRL Hamfest (Garden Prairie, IL) W1 AW Qualifying Run ARRL Hamfest (Feotone, IL) W1 AW Qualifying Run 10 ARRL Hamfest (Berryville, VA) 9 9 9 10 W1 AW Qualifying Run 11 ARRL Hamfest (Berryville, VA) 11 ARRL Hamfest (Berryville, VA) 12 ARRL Hamfest (Berryville, VA) 13 14 ARRL Hamfest (Berryville, VA) 14 ARRL Hamfest (Berryville, VA) 15 ARRL Hamfest (Berryville, VA) 16 ARRL Hamfest (Berryville, VA) 16 ARRL Hamfest (Berryville, VA) 11 ARRL Hamfest (Berryville, VA) 11 ARRL Hamfest (Berryville, VA) 12 ARRL Hamfest (Berryville, VA) 13 14 ARRL Hamfest (Berryville, VA) 15 ARRL Hamfest (Berryville, VA) 16 ARRL Hamfest (Berryville, VA) 16 ARRL Hamfest (Berryville, VA) 17 ARRL Hamfest (Berryville, VA) 19 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 10 Hart Coast Qualifying Run 11 ARRL Hamfest (Berryville, VA) 10 4-11 ARRL Hamfest (Berryville, VA) 10 9 9 9 9 9 11 ARRL Hamfest (Berryville, VA) 10 4-12 ARRL Hamfest (Berryville, VA) 10 9 9 9 9 11 ARRL Hamfest (Berryville, VA) 10 11 ARRL Hamfest (Berryville, VA) 10 11 ARRL Hamfest (Berryville, VA) 11 ARRL Hamfest (Berryville, VA) 10 9 9 9 9 9 11 ARRL Hamfest (Berryville, VA) 10 9 9 9 11 ARRL Hamfest (Berryville, VA) 10 9 9 9 11 ARRL Hamfest (Berryville, VA) 10 9 9 11 ARRL Hamfest (Berryville, VA) 10 9 9 11 ARRL Hamfest (Berryville, VA) 10 11 11 ARRL Hamfest (Berryville, VA) 10 11 11 ARRL Ham	EMBE	West Coast Qualifying Run ARRL Hamfest (West Monroe, LA) November Sweepstakes, CW W1AW Qualifying Run Texas State Convention (Houston, TX) November Sweepstakes, phone W1AW Qualifying Run	OCTOBER West Coast Qualifying Run (10-40 WPM) W1AW Qualifying Run (10-40 WPM) ARAL Hamfest (Lima, OH) ARAL Hamfest (Memphis, TN) ARAL Hamfest (Brooklyn Park, MN) 21-22 Simulated Emergency Test Simulated Emergency Test W1AW Qualifying Run
	7 EMB	West Coast Qualifying Run ARRL Hamfest (Cedar Rapids, IA) UHF Contest ARRL Hamfest (Berryville, VA) W1AW Qualifying Run ARRL Hamfest (Springfield, MO) Southeastern Division Convention (Huntsville, AL) 10-GHz Cumulative Contest Southwestern Division Convention (Los Angeles, CA) Michigan State Convention (Seginaw, MI) ARRL Hamfest (St Charles, MO) ARRL Hamfest (Danville, IL) W1AW Qualifying Run	JULY West Coast Qualifying Run W1AW Qualifying Run (35-10 WPM) ARRL Hamfest (Des Molnes, IA) Central Division Convention (Indianapolis, IN) ARRL Hamfest (Alexander, NY) ARRL Hamfest (Doon, ME) ARRL Hamfest (Union, ME) ARRL Hamfest (St Charles, IL) ARRL Hamfest (Washington, MO) ARRL Hamfest (Garden Prairie, IL) ARRL Hamfest (Garden Prairie, IL) West Gulf Division Convention (Okiahoma City, OK) ARRL Hamfest (Texas City, TX) W1AW Qualifying Run ARRL Hamfest (Peotone, IL)

FOC at 50

Within Amateur Radio, there are many special interest groups, subgroups catering to particular interests within the hobby. One of the longest-lived of these, maintaining a strong sense of purpose within its fraternalization, is FOC, the First Class CW Operators' Club.

FOC members have met distinct club-set standards of competency using the code and have additionally proven their versatility in multiband operation, coupled with a rare sense of the international ramifications of Amateur Radio. Limited to 500 members, FOC numbers within its ranks active multimode, multiband, DX-type operators, with calls well known to the readership of this column.

The club's roots go back to 1938. It was in the spring of 1938 that a few CW men began to search for an idea that would improve the standard of operating on the amateur bands. A small group of enthusiastic amateurs led by G5BW and G2ZQ formed the FOC. From the early recruits a committee of five was given the job of selecting possible members. Early club notes state that the First Class CW Operators' Club came into existence with the avowed object of taking into membership any amateur who, "by virtue of his ability as a telegraphist and his general attitude to Amateur Radio, appeared worthy to belong to an organization the aims of which were to encourage good operating and the proper use of our bands.'

On October 1, 1988, 255 guests from about 25 countries gathered in London to

celebrate the golden anniversary of the formation of FOC. Your editor was privileged to attend and to capture a number of familiar DX faces for the readers of this column. As G3FXB's

historical compilation of FOC from 1938-1983 states, "FOC is many things: character, integrity, compassion, education, discipline, charity, and fraternization. It is truly more than a club."





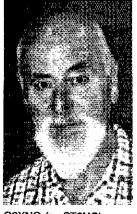






VK8AV

W9KNI





G3XNG (ex-ST2NG)

G5RV

JE1JKL



EI3CP



VP2MT



DL6TQ



4X4NJ

HOW DO YOU SEND THAT?

A special thanks to the several dozen of our column readers who like the feature, want it continued and made that special effort to let me know! [I might add that a slight editorial slip is evident in the November issue, however! The "good DX" CW should read: Horotego DX—the "o" and "t" sent together; not sent as a double "oo."] Let's try a few more.

English/Russian (Overscored letters are sent together, without normal letter spacing):

Good morning—Dobre utro
It is snowing—Idet sneg
Time to eat—Pora pokuotatx
Peace and DX—Mir i DX
Happy New Year—S nowym godom

8-BAND CHALLENGE

That dedicated operator W1JR shows just what you can do with determination. In 1979 W1JR earned 5BDXCC no. 750. In 1985 he received 160 meter DXCC no. 69, making it 6 bands. He worked country number 100 on 30 meters in August and on September 5, Joe worked VK9NQ for country number 100 on 12 meters! Although the 30-meter band doesn't count for ARRL's DXCC awards

(shared bands represent a potential QRM hazard for other services), it is an eye opener to see what the WIJRs of our Amateur Radio world can find to work—regardless of the part of the spectrum they pursue.

NIGERIA de KH6HSS/5N9-Ø

I never thought I would write in to complain, but I had to get this off my chest. I am taking a break from operating because too many stations just have to transmit when I'm in the middle of a QSO. Somehow the southern EU stations just have to relax a bit. On other Nigerian matters, Larry 5NØWRE has gone QRT. I am not their QSL manager, but can help with cards for the following 5NØ stations: DK3LQ G3GLQ N6QLQ 5NØABA 5NØSKO. I can help with other Nigerian stations, but only for those on Ikoyi or Victoria Islands.—KH6HSS/5N9

ORP ON LARGO ISLAND

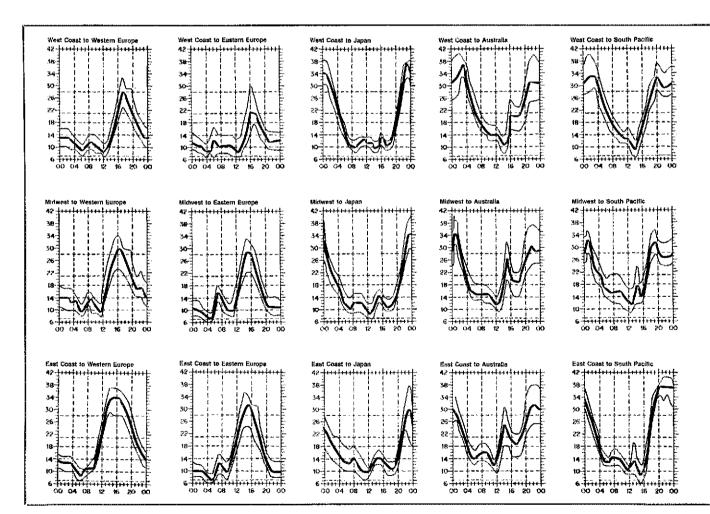
Listen for ZZ5AS (by PP5AS) and ZZ5FO (by PP5FO) January 1-9, operating from Largo Island in the Santa Catarina Island Archipelago (IOTA SA-26). This Brazilian QRP special will be using 7.030, 14.060, 21.060 and 28.060 MHz, Grimm and Karl are

planning on using a Ten-Tec Argonaut and a DM-5 (Brazilian brand), both with a maximum of 5 watts output. Antennas will include a vertical for 40 and 2-element monobanders for 20-15-10 meters. Power source will be a 12-volt car battery. SWL reports are also encouraged. OSL via the bureau.

ROUTINGS

XE2GCK (CQWW CW) via AA6EE. 9V1TJ (Mar 87-Jul 88) via KØGYK, 10803 Adare Dr, Fairfax, VA 22032. 5N2KRC and 5N2KRC/Ø via WA7WOC as of 9/1/88. Don notes that Yemi is a new ham in Lagos, active on 40-10 phone. 4M5RY (CQWW RTTY) via Pasquale Casale, YV5KAJ, Box 40.240, Caracas 1.050, Venezuela. 7Q7BC (1969-1976) via Peter Conway, G3UFI (ex-VQ2BC/9J2BC), 1 'The Woodlands, The Ridge, Hastings, East Sussex TN34 2SF, England. Help: W5LVD hopes for W6ODD/FI8 (1948). KØOR needs CEØAA (9/84), no response from the Radio Club of Chile.

K6TS reminds this writer of W9BRD's paraphrasing of the famous, always relevant Ehrmann Desiderata (Mar 1973 "How's DX?"), particularly so at the start of a new calendar year and the onset of the ARRL DX



When are the bands open? These charts predict this month's average propagation predictions for high-frequency circuits between the US and various overseas points. One chart showing East Coast to West Coast is also included. On 10 percent of the days of the month, the highest frequency propagated will be at least as high as the uppermost curve (highest possible frequency, or HPF). On 50 percent of the days of the month, it will be at least as high as the lowest curve (maximum usable frequency, or MUF). On 90 percent of the days of the month, it will be at least as high as the lowest curve (optimum traffic frequency, or FOT). The horizontal axis shows Coordinated

Test. Below are a few extracts of particular appeal to this writer:

"Go placidly amid the noise and haste, and remember what peace there may be in later silence. So far as possible without surrender be on good terms with all big-gun locals. Transmit quietly but clearly, and listen carefully for all others, even the dull and ignorant, for they too may be new multipliers. Try to avoid loud and aggressive QRM; it is a vexation to the spirit. If you compare your reports to those of others you may become vain and bitter, for always there will be greater and lesser signals than your own. Keep interested in your countries total. However humble, it is a real possession in the changing fortunes of DX. Exercise caution in QSLing for the world is full of trickery. But let this not blind you to what virtuous OSLers there are. Be yourself. Neither become cynical about DX, for in the face of all aridity and disenchantment it is perennial as the grass. Take kindly the counsel of OTs and gracefully surrender the foibles of young squirts. Nurture strength of ham spirit to shield you in sudden QSB. You are a child of the ionosphere no less than those with higher power and bigger beams. You have a right to be here. And whether or not it is clear to you,

no doubt the solar cycle is unfolding as it should. With all its sham, drudgery and broken dreams, it is still a beautiful DX world. Strive to be happy. Be careful. Switch to safety."

QSL Corner

Administered By Joanna Hushin, KA1IFO

ARRL OUTGOING SERVICE RATES ARE GOING UP

Effective February 1, 1989, QSL cards will be shipped overseas for \$2.00 per pound, approximately 150 cards weigh one pound. Packages of 10 cards or under will continue to be distributed for \$1.00.

Here is some information for those of you who would like to QSL a QSL manager or direct to the station location. It is passed along as we receive it and, therefore, may not be accurate. The call sign in parentheses is the QSL manager.

f6GX/			
ΉØ	(JA2VUP)	A22RA	(ZS5ABT
'9D	(LU9DBK)	FH5EG	(F6EZV)

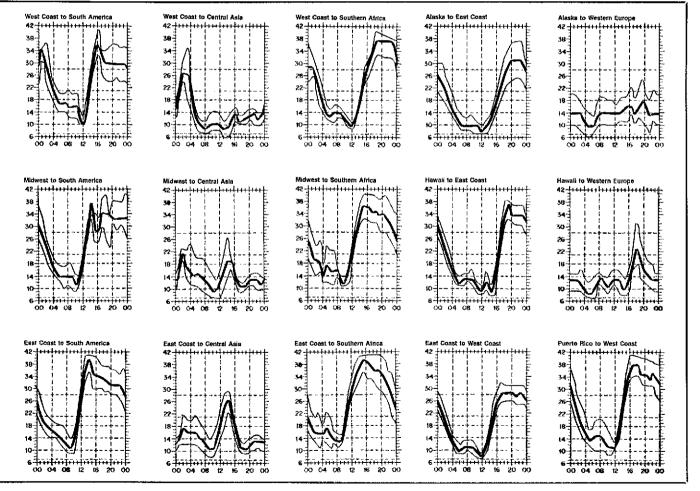
FRØA	(F6FNU)	VU2GSW	(W7G\$W)
FR4FA	(F6FNU)	VX9XT	(W7SW)
HL88XP	(HL1XP)	V85DA	(VKIDÁ)
KP2A	(N6CW)	Y33UL	(Y66QL)
1.7D	(LU9DBK)	VKØAE	(VK2DJ)
OD5KS	(HB9EYH)	ZL5BA	(KB4GID)
PJØK	(NK4U)	ZYØTT	(PP2NBQ)
PJ1B	(K2SB)	4X4FF/5N4	(WA4WTC
P4ØSV	(VE7SV)	4X46UO	(WB3CQN
TF6PS	(W3HNK)	5 H3BH	(SMØEAI)
TUØA	(F6FNU)	5UV386	(DJ6SI)
TL8KH	(NA2K)	9X5AA	(W4FRU)
VQ9QM	(W4QM)		

QSL MANAGER VOLUNTEERS

ND3R WD8MZH KB4GID N3CHR WBØYEA

SPECIAL NOTES

- ☐ WA5GFS not manager for: 9Y4SF, 9Y4TR
- W5NK not manager for anyone.
- ☐ QSL Corner, December 1988 QST, page 74, contains information and address for the for the ARRL Incoming Bureau. QSL Corner, September 1988 QST, page 59, contains information on the operations of the ARRL Outgoing Service. For additional information on bureau operations (Incoming and Outgoing), send a self-addressed, stamped envelope to ARRL QSL Bureau, 225 Main St, Newington, CT 06111.



Universal Time (UTC); the vertical axis, frequency in MHz. See April 1983 QST, pp 63-64, for a more-detailed explanation. The 3rd edition of *The ARRL Operating Manual* contains similar charts for a range of sunspot numbers and times of the year. Data provided by the Institute for Telecommunication Sciences, Boulder, Colorado. These predictions, for January 16 to February 15, 1989, assume a sunspot number of 145, which corresponds to a 2800-MHz solar flux of 188.

The DX Century Club certificate is awarded to amateurs who submit confirmation for contacts with 100 or more countries on the official ARRL Countries List. There are now 319 current countries on the list. The DXCC Honor Roll includes those who are within 9 countries of that figure. The following annual listing of the DXCC membership contains the call signs and exact country totals by endorsement during the two-year period from October 1, 1986 through September 30, 1988. Honor Roll members are indicated with an asterisk (*).

mulcate	O WIEII A	ali abi b i	isk ().													
MIXED	*WIJR	355	*K9ECE	*W2CP	*W9AZP	*JA3BG	'W6ZKM	*JA1EOD	*WB2YQH	WZIOT	*N3ED	*W4VZB	*AEST	*LABCJ	VE3XK	319
370	*K2BZT *K2FL	*DL9OH 'F3AT	"W9EM "W9TKD	.M3EAL	343	OH6RA	*W7CB *W7OM	*JA1ZZ *JA2ADH	*K3TUP *W3LB	VBUSAW*	*W3ZN K4BAI	*W4YKH *W84QNP	*AA4V K4FCT	OZSEV OZSEV	YUZCBM KIEFI	DL2AW
WIGKK	*W2BOK *W3CWG	*I8KDB *JA1DM	*WØGKL *WØZV	*K4JC *W488P	*11RB *12KMG	*OZ3PO *SM6AEK	W7FIV	*JA2AIR *JA2BL	*WA3ATP *K4CEF	*AB4H *K4LTA	*KR4M *N4XX	*WSQKR *K8XJ	*K4GJD *K4UEE	SM7TV 'VE1YX	*K1HZ	*F68KI *JA1NRH
368 *1.U6DJX	*K4KQ *W4DR	*FARFX	351	*W5EJT *K6MA	*I5ARS *JA2XW	'SM6VR 'VE3BX	WIRCM WISEY	*KV4FZ	*K4UTE	*K4RA	*W4YA	*W6BJI	*N4QL	ZL4AW	*K1ST *KF2O	*JA1PCY *JA1SVP
"W2AGW	"W5AL	*SM7QY *SMØAJU	DLIHH	*W6ER\$	*OH2BC	*VE3MJ	KMAB	OESUZ OESRT	N4XR "W4CPZ	*KÆ4I *N4CC	*WA4DRU *WR4K	*W7UZA *AC8K	*N4WJ *NA4M	*9H4G *W1RR	*W2FCR *W2L Z X	*JH1OJU *JR1AIB
*W2BXA *W4EX	*W6BS *W6YK	*ZL3IS *ZS6RM	*G2BOZ	*W6FW *W6RJ	*ZL1ARY *N1XX	*VE3WW *K2UR	*KØBUR	*OH2VB *OK1TA	*K5JW *K5O\$	*W4DXI *W4RIM	*K5LM *W5UP	*KBCW *N8TN	W4GYP *K5BZU	K2LQ K2MFY	*W2TA *K3GYD	*JA3CSZ
*W7MB	*W7CG *W7GN	*KA1QY	'JA3DY "OE1FT	'W7CSW 'K8FF	'W1FTX 'W1NHJ	*W2FG *W2HZ	337	ONSXA	*W5DJ *W5RA	*N5TP	'N6MU	*W8ELE	*K5KLA	*W2IYX	K3QTY	*JA3JOR JA4DND
367 "ZL1HY	*W8AH *W8KPL	*W1HH *W2AX	YK3YL YU7DB	*W8GMF *W9HLY	*W100 *K2JMY	*W2LNB	'DJ5JH	'SP6AT	*N7RO	K6JR	*N6RA *W6BJH	*W8OBI *WA8PYL	KSOA NSUD	W2MP W2MT	*K4AFB K4WMB	*JASPUL *JA6BVU
*W4AIT	*WØPGI	*W2FZY *W4IF	*4X4FQ	"W9IU	*WSTV	*W2MZV *K4II	*G3HTA *JA1MCU	*VK8HD *YU2DX	*W7ORH *WA7BEV	"W6GC "W6JRY	*W6JZU	*K9RF *K9VQK	*NSUR WSBOS	*K3UA *K3W\$	*K4XP *KN4B	JAZAO
*K8ZO *W9ZM	359	*K5FJ *W5AC	*W1SP *K2FB	*W9LT 346	*K4CIA *K4XL	*K4KÇ *K4MPE	JAZAAQ "JASZQ	*W1DQH *W1NG	*KBCH *KBTL	W6XI K7AA	*W6MJP	'W9AMM 'W9FR	*W5KFN K6GAK	W3FM "W3HNK	*W4CZU *W84TDH	* IASHOI ONSSY
*WEELA	*DL8EN *DL7EN	*W5QK *W5UN	*K2TQC *W4NNH	G3KMA	*W4OWJ *K6DT	*K4MZU *W48RE	'SM6AFH 'Z24JS	'WtOT	*KN8Z *K9GM	'K7NN 'K7ZR	*W6ZYC	*W9NGA *WB9EBO	*K6RK *N6RJ	"K4RZ	KSJG	*T77C *VE3II
366 *OE1ER	*G5VT *IT9ZGY	*K6KII	*W4QM *W5LCI	12SM 17ZPB	*K6QH *W8EUF	*W5fZ	"4X4NJ	*W2ZZ	"K9JF	'W7KSG	'W9KB	*KEALL	W6KFV	NE4R WB4LFM	KSLP KSNW	*VE6WQ *YS1GMV
*W1AX	*К Н6 Ы	²K®RQ ⁴KI®T	'W6GMF	*JA1BRK	*W8YB	*W6YO *K7KG	'N1GL 'W1GX	*WA2CBB *W3LPL	*W9RF *W9ZRX	*N8DX	'W9RXJ 'W9SS	326	W6OX W6U\$	K5KR W5JLU	*K5VNJ *N5FW	ZPSCE KIMM
*WIBIH *WIBQY	*SM3BIZ *YE3SR	*W6BVM *W6ET	"Weiso "Weugo .	*LA1K *DE(LO	*WA6OET	*N7NG *NS7J	*W2PPG	*W3PVZ *K4AUL	*KØBS *KØGJB	*K9ILIF *W9GW	'WA9WJE	*DJ9RQ OK2BI	*K7BR W7K S A	"WA6FIT AL7EL	*WSDV *N6QJ	*N2KA
*K8OJ *W7KH	*W2HTI *W2QM	*W6HYG *W6KG	*W9CH	*CH28H *CH2XF	*W8ARH *W8EVZ	·W8ZCK	*W2SUA *AA4MM	*K4ZKZ *N4WF	"KØGVB "WØLYI	*WRTKR NØGA	*NØRR *WØMYN	'IT9AUA 'JA1FNA	*W7XA W9GDI	"N7NR N8DE	*WA6TLA *WA6W2O	*W2QXA WA2UWA
365	*W2SSC *W2UE	*W6ONZ	*W9FD	*OZ4RT *SM5CZY	*K9CJK *W9AQ	*WASNUQ	*N4EA *N4KG	'W4AUH	332	*Weiz	328	'JA1WTI	*WA9VGY	Wanpf	N7RT	WB2AIO *W3NF
*G4CP	'W3GH	*W6SN *W8OK	*WaDEI	SM6AOU	"W9PN	339	*N4ZC	'W4JFE	*DL8FL	330	'DJ2TI	"JH1GZE "JH1QOJ	*KWØA *KYØA	WSOBG KSCT	*N7US *W7BKR	"N4GG "N4HH
-MS/IAR	*K4YR *W4BAA	354	350	*UA1CK *UA3CT	*WeHZ	*DJ1XP	"N5NW "WASIEV	*W5LVD *W5LZZ	*DL9NC *EISH	*DK3GI *DK9FB	*DJ8NKA *DJ8UJ	*JK1OPL *JA3GM	*WøGKE WøSMV	"KOLIWA KØGSV	*KBNA NE8Z	°N4NX
*W3MP *N4SU	*W4EEE	*DL3BK *DL7AP	*DL3ZI *HB9DX	*YV5BZ *W2LL	342 *DJ5LA	*DJ6RX *DJ7CY	*W6BYH *W7JFO	*K6OZL TNBUC	*F5LQ *G3KDB	DL1KS *F2VX	DL3IE "HB9AQW	*JA7HZ *JA8EAT	*WeYMH	WACAW WAJMZ	*K9HMB *KD9E	*WB4NDX *WW4E
*W6EE *W8GT	*W5KGX *W6BSY	*HB9MX	*JA1BK *JA7AD	"K4ID "K4MQG	DJØKQ HB8IK	*DL8NU *G3JEC	"NBAA	Meob	*I1APQ	°F5VU	JATELY	"JH1ARJ	324	322	*W9EOP	AESB *KSBLV
*WØBW	*WeCHV	*I12L *VESHD	*KP4RK	*W4UG	*OH5UQ	*GI3OQR	W8BE	*W7LFA *KBIFF	*120EZ *14MKN	°F9YZ °G3RUX	*JH1IFS *JA3EMU	*OH8SR OY7ML	*DJ3GG *DK1YK	*DJ8FW	W9PIO *W9VA	*WSDOZ *K6LM
*W8MLY 364	*W6FSJ *W6HX	*VESRU *W1WY	*LASHE *SMOCCE	*N5AR *W5DL	*PARTAU *YU7BCD	*HB9AHA *JA1IBX	*WSQWI *K9AWK	Wacfg Wacfg	"JA1DFQ "JA1JAN	"HB9AIJ "HB9RX	*JA3MNP *JA6BEE	*OZ7YY *SM7DMN	*DK3SF *F6BFH	DLIRB F2GL	"KALUZ "WATRE	*K7EG
*DL1KB	'W6KZL 'W6PT	W2IRV W3AFM	*VE3BWY	*W5UR *K6ZM	*ZL1AH *K1DRN	*JA1MIN *LA1KI	*K91.KA *K9MM	"N9AB W9AG	*JA9BJ *OK1ACT	*JH1EIG *JA2HNP	*LA3XI *OH2BCV	*YE3CVZ *K2UFM	*F6CKH *I2LLD	JA1MDK	320	*K7LAY *W7HR
*VE7GI *VK4QM	*W6SQP *KD8VM	*AE4X	WIAFF	*W6KTE	*W1OHA *K2MUB	*LASCE *OZ1LO	*W9CA *W9PAH	*W9ZA *W#CD	*OK2RZ	"JA2JKV	*OH2KI	*W2GQF	*JA1VN	'JA1QXY	DJ2MN	*W8LU
*W1HX	*W8EW\$	W4AXR	*W100	*W6QNA	*K4IKR	*PY1APS	*WØRI	334	SM2EKM	"JASUSM "JASVA	'PY7ZZ 'SM3RL	*W2HN *K3KG	*JA4FWM *JA5IU	JAZAPA JA4LXY	*EUSMC *DK8NG	*K9MFY *K9NB
*W2AG *W3EVW	"WEPHZ 358	*W4GXB *W4VPD	'K2CEA 'W2TP	'W6TWZ 'W7LLC	*W4EEU *W4JVU	*SM5AZU *SM5BHW	*WOUD	*CU2AK	*SM6CST *SM7BIP	*JA7FS *JA7JH	'SM4DHF 'YU1AM	"K3NN "N3II	JASCNL JASCXA	'JASEYD 'JASBMK	AAXED	"W9NNE
*K5UC *W6ZO	*LU4DMG	*W4ZD *W5GEL	°W3DJZ •W4SSU	*W8ZET *W9GRF	*W4KN *W4QQN	*VE3NE *W1GG	936 *DJ4AX	"IBJX "JA1IFP	*SM7EXE	OE7UDH OH2BAD	*K1KI *W1DA	*W3BTX W3XX	OK1ZL	*.JAHIXM	"G3RCA	*ABØX *NBAT
*W88F	*LUSDO *OKSMM	*K6EC	W5RDA WF5E	345	*W4YN *WA4WIP	W1JBW W2MUM	DUSCR	JA1UQP	*K3HPG	*OH28R	°K2OF	*W3YX	YVE7HP	KHEGS	"GSTOE "HSBU	*WØYX
353 *C21AE	'OZ3Y	*W6ZM *W7AO	*K6EV	DJZYA	*AD5N	"W2VUF	*DL3ZA	*JA2BHG	*K3NL *AA4S	*PY2BW *PY5ATL	*K2UU *W2BAI	'K4LSP 'K4YT	*K1TN *K2DSV	*PY5WD *SM4CTT	"JA2INS "JA6GRX	*WEYNZ *WASTKJ
*G3AAE *GW3AHN	*U5WF *4X4JU	*W7AQB *W7CMO	*N6FX *W6REH	"DJ7ZG "DL1PM	*K5YY *W5HE	W3OP "K4DY	*DL6QW *F2IU	"JA4AFT OH2VZ	*K4IR K4TEA	*UB5WE *VE7BD	W2HAZ W2JB	*K4ZYU *N4DW	K2HVN *K2XA	YUZOB "K1JA	*JA7DRM *JAØCWZ	318
*KH6CD *W2LV	*W1NU *K2BK	*W9HB *NABY	*W7BGH *W9HJ	*DL6MK *G3IOR	*K6LEB	*K4ISV *N4MM	GSJAG "HB9AAA	*OZSMI *SMSRK	*N4SA *W4JD	"YU1EXY	WZPSU WZRS	*N4PN *KSJM	-MSCC MSBXC	*W1VV *WB2QMU	*OK2DB *ON6BC	CX4CR
*W2QHH *W3VT	*K2LWR *W2SAW	353	349	1A4ZA 1A9AA	*WARGFE *W7KR	*W4GTS	*IIRBJ *I3EVK	YESIGN YOSJU	*W4OTX *W4WG	*4X4FU	*W25M	*K5RJ	*WB2BNJ	*AD3Z	1PYZTM	DY3NM
*W6BZE	*K4EZ *K4LNM	*F9RM	'G2FYT	LASLF	*K8EJ	W4UKA	*IV3PRK	*YV588U	"W4XC	*K1NJE *W1GDQ	*WB2NYM *AA4CJ	*KSYCP *WSSP	*K3ND	*W3ACE *W3VRT	*SM3DXC *SM6DYK	*DL7\$Y *G3YJI
*W7IR *W8DMD	"W9SFR	*G2F\$P *HB9PL	*HB9MO *JA1BN	*OH2BZ *OH4N\$, KaLf	*K5LIL *K5RC	*JA1FHK *JA1GV	*K1JO W1OR	*N5EA *W5EOX	*K2AGJ *K3ZR	"K4EEK "K4TO	.Keyad ,Keyam	*W3VQ *K4PVZ	*AE4Z *K4PI	*SM7BYP *SP5BAK	*! 2 JR
*WBDU	'WøQGI	'PT7YS 'SM7ANB	*OH2QV *OK1MP	*SM5BCO *YV5ANF	*W9HZ *W8BN	*W6KNH	ʻJAIJRK ʻJASJL	*K2BT *N2LM	*W5HTY *W5MQ	*WSCDG *WSSO	"N4KE "N4WB	*K6UFT *K6XT	*K4RD *N4JJ	KA4S	*SV1DO *UP18ZZ	JASRWJ *JRSIIR
362	357 " T9TA!	*SMØKV	*ZL4BQ *ZS6YQ	*ZS6IW *WZAZX	*WeCJZ *WePT	*W6KZS *W6MUM	*OEZEGL *OH3SR	N258 W2UI	*W5RO *W5UCQ	*K4EWG *K4MG	*K5GO N5AU	*W6HT *WB8APX	*N4SR	*N4VZ	*VE1AST	*JA7TEQ SM38IU
*DL7AA *KH6CD	*PY1HQ *ZS8LW	*YE7WO	'W1DGJ 'W1GME	W2GKZ	341	WetpJ	*SM5AQB	*W3AP	*K6LQA	*N4NO	"W5XJ	*WB6DXU	*K5VT *N5OK	W4FPS 1W4LVM	*VE6VM *YO3JW	°SM5BFC °SM0DJZ
*4X4DK	'W1JNV	.MSM1	'W1OJR	*K5AAD	DITCX	*KBIP *KBMFO	*SM6CVX *SM6DHU	*W3GG *AB4D	*K6XP *N6AN	'N4RA NF4A	*WD5K *K6\$VL	*K7UR *W7CNL	W5CPI W5ZF	WA4CXZ	*YU100 *YU2TW	*SPSEWY UP1BZO
*W1FZ *W1HZ	W28HM	*WA2DIG	*K4BVQ *W4DHZ	W5NO K5PU	*G5RP *18AA	*W8DCH	'SM7ASN VE1KG	*W4FPW *W4ORT	'N6AW 'N6ET	"W4FLA "WA4QBX	"KD6PY "N6MG	W7DQM *KBZR	*K6CBL	"WA4TLI "K6UD	"ZL4LZ ZS2RM	YUZAKI.
*W2AYJ *W2GW	*W2GC * *W2TQC	*W3GRS	*W4DRK *W5GJ	'NGAR 'NGAV	*JASADQ *PY2BKO	*N\$AF *W9DC	*VE3GMT *K1DFC	'W4PZV 'W4XR	-W6FOC	*KSGH *KSKX	*W6YHT *K7OXB	*KKBJ *K9BWQ	*NBVR *NS6C	*K6WD *KM6B	*K1IK	*K1SA W1ESN
*W2OKM *K3GL	*W5MMD *W6ID	°W4HFI	*K6WR	*N6GM *W6HFL	*SM1CXE *SP7HT	*W9LNQ	W1JZ W1KHG	'WA4FFW	*W6OMR	*KD5RP	'W7IYW	*K8KU	*W6GO	"NeJV	WIWW	*W1JJ W1QV
*W4OM *W4YJ	*W7ADS	*W400 *W5FFW	*W8CUT	*W6PN	*VE4CIX	338	*W1LQQ	"WB4OSS "N5RR	*WASDUG K7MO	*W5VT *W5ZWX	*W7TE	*WØHBH *WØSR	W6OMM *W6RFX	*N6MM *N6QR	*WA1AER *K2UO	*WITEC *WAIEOT
*W510	*W8NGO	*W5GO *N6EA	*W8ZD *N9ZN	W8CT W8PR	*VE7SV *VK5WO	*F511 *F8RU	KZAGZ KZLGJ	*W5JW	*W7NCO *K8PYD	*K6IR *K6OJO	*K8RA *K8ST	325	*K7RLS *K7UT	W8AN "WA6OGW	*W2KE	*N2KW
W6BA W8JBI	*W8ZCO	*W6MUR *W6QNM	*KØCD	*W8RSW *W8YGR	*K1YZW *K2LE	°F9IE *GM3BQA	*W2FP *WASHUP	*KJSV *KJSV	N8ZA "W8AD	*N6HR *WBAE	*KG8V *K9FN	DJ4LK *EA3NA	*W7DQ *W7TVF	*K7SP *W8G\$	*KSFN	WA3DVO
*WBRT *W9FKC	*W9DWQ *W9TKV	*KBDR *W9GU	*Westo	W9WW	*K2YLM *KY2Q	*ISYRK *JA1BLC	*K4BBF *K4HJE	*N6UC *WA6AHF	*W8TA *K9PPY	WBOAT *WBTC	*K9XJ W9FU	*G3SJH *HB9AHL	*K8NN *W8UVZ	*K9BG *K9IL	*N3UN	*N4RR *NF4U
*W9JUV	Weath	°W6LWG	348 *DL7BK	344	*W2HI	JA1MJ	K4XG	W7K\$	KØIEA	*W8XP	'W9RN	*!2VGU	*K9AJ	Wøkzv	*N3US W3TVB	*W4OHZ *K5OFI
361	356 *DL1 IIV	*WØTJ 352	*DL7HZ	'DJ5DA	*W3AC	*JA4BJO *ON4UN	"K4XO "W4FDA	W7MI 'W7OEV	331	W7EKM W7ETZ	'W9RY 'KØYRX	JF1PJK JA3BRI	*K9PQG	321	"N4OM NE4A	N5DC *N5FG
"DJ28W	*DI.1JW *GI3IVJ *OH2LA	*DL1DC	*EA1BC *JA1ADN	DLICE DL7FT	*W3XM *K4DJ	PP5UG	"W4WD "W4YV	'W8YA 'WB8EUN	CX6CW *DJ5AI	*W9DE	327	*JA3FYC *JA8AYN	323 *DK3FD	F2NB G2FFO	W4KA W4ZMC	^W5VJP
*DL3RK *G3FXB	*OH2QQ	*DL7HU *G3HCT	*OK1ADM *ON4PA	'HB9QR JAIBWA	*W4NKI *W4XJ	*PY2SO *SM3CXS	*K5UR *N5DX	WORL	*G3DOG *G3LQP	*KØWWX	DJ4XA *DJ6KH	JASBIO JASCOT	DL1DA DL4FF	12VDX	'WB4RUA 'NSAN	W5ZPA WB8ZUC
*W1DK *W2GT	*PAULOU *PY1HX	*GMSITN *ISUA	*PY1DH *VE3ST	ON4QJ PY2PE	*WSCKT	*SM5API *SM5BBC	*W5SJ *W6BFW	*W#COK *W#SD	*I7HH *JA1CJF	329 *DK5PR	DL3SZ G3MXJ	OE2GKL OE8MKG	*DL8UI *DL8UP	*JATPNA	"N5GM	*W7FR W7LR
*W2LPE	*UBSWF *W1AA	*JA2JW	YVSAIP ZL1AJU	*UA9VB	*WSJC *WSQOU	*SM5CAK	*W6EJJ	333	'JA1HGY	*DL7NB	'G3ZAY	OH2FS	*EA4MY	JA1WSK JE1MGE	"W5IRG "AA6G	KSIA WEIQ
*K4SM	*W2FXA	*PY40D *W1CKA	*W1AB	*VE3WT	*W5TO N6GG	*SM6CKS *SM6CWK	W6FET W6KYJ	*DK3PO	*JA2AH *JA3BQE	*G3ALI *G3MC8	*HB9AMO 13VRV	*OKTVK SM6CKU	HRBRU HBSKU	JRIHLO JRIFYS	KBAG KIGLE	W8WOJ *K9FD
*W4GD *W5MMK	*W2XN *K3II	*W1PM *K2SHZ	*W1RLQ *W1SD	YUIHA ZLIAV	*W6GP *W6KPC	*UA2AO *VE7IG	*Wacnl *Kaka	HB9EU *12LAG	*JA7MA *LA5UF	*12ZZZ *JA1GTF	*.IA1HYF *JA2KLT	'SMØBFJ 'SP2AJO	*12PJA *IK7CBN	JASKVD	'NBCR N6VF	*K9MFI
*KBDC *W8KUT	*K3MO *W4ML	*W2GLF *W2YY	*K2PXX *K3AV	ZL2HP W1FJ	*W6MI W6NNV	"ZL1AMO "ZL3GO	*K9FLA *AJØX	*ISFLN *JA10CA	*OE3WWB	*JASEN *ON5KD	*JA7EHU *JA8KB	*SP9AI TF3SV	*JA1GO *JA1GYY	JAZARD *JAZBJS	W6DU W6ZZ	"K9QVB N9NS
WERT WETZD	*W5NUT *W5NW	K4AIM K4RPK	*N4XO	*K2B\$ *W2GK	*W6QL *W6RGG	ZL3GO ZS4MG K1NA	*WA@OAH	JASAAW	ON4FQ *OZ7JZ	SPERZ VE4SK	*ONSNT *RTSUN	*UASJD *VE1AL	JH1EDB	JA7GLB	K7NO	*W9TY *W8W!*
*W7OF *W8MPW	K6CH	*W4AVY	W6EL W7JYZ	W2NC	*K7ABV *W7DY	*KIRM	335 *D.14DI	JASAQ	*OZ70P	*XE1KS	SM8CTQ	YU2YM	*JA2MGE	*JA7IL *JA8DNZ	W7GXC	WB9YXY KEZZ
'W9GIL	*WKH	W4BFR	*K8OHG	*K4KQ	*AI9J	*K2Ct. *W2VYX	DJ4PI DJ6TK	JASAQ *JASMS	*PT2BW *PY2ELV	*Y\$1RRD *K1Z\$I	*YV5DFI	YVSCWO	JA3ART *JA3BXF	JABOXG JABGZZ	*AB8K K8CSG	WØFF 'WØWP
*W#CM	WERKP	*W4WV *NY5F	°W9HK 347	'K4YYL 'W5GC	*K9RJ *K9SM	*W3EKN *K4CEB	DL18\$ *DL1LD	*OH2BGD *ON5KL	*SM4EAC *SM6EOC	*W1BR *W1EOA	*W1ER W1KB	*9Y4VIJ *K1CC	*.IASCMD	*LA7JO OH2BDP	, Nabw , K18G	317
360 *DL1BO	WYCK W8QY	*W5OB *K6GA	*DJ2AA	K6JG K6YRA	*W9EB	*N4TQ *N4UH	*DL6KG *DL7CW	*OZ8BZ *SM5FC	*SP9PT *K1BV	*W1GL *K2KGB	WIKG WICDY	*K1MEM *W1AM	JA3HZT JA4CQS JA4FHE	OH3NY ANIAA	W8NJC KB9QC	*F6BWJ
*G3FKM *HB9MQ	*W9DY *W9RCJ	*K6RF	*DLECM *FEGL	N6DX W6CF	340	*N4WW *W4OEL	*EASNC	*VE3GS	*K1BW W1ENE	*KR2O	*K2SB	'WIRED	'.IA4RF	*PP5YC	'N9MM	'F6EXV *HK3DDD
*HB9TL	W9RKP W9YSX	*KGRN *W6FF	ON4IZ	WATXL	*DJ5VQ	*W4QMQ	HXK	*YU3EY	*W1UN	*N2AP *W2GA	W3NB *K4SMX	*W1YY *KZ2I	*JA8GXP *JA7PL	*SM3EVH *SM6CMU	WASVOL	ITSJLA *JA1JWP
*IØAMU *ON4DM	TOPION .	*W7DX *KBONV	*UH2AR	W8HN	*F2B\$ *G3GIQ	*W5MUG *W5YU	17WL JA1AAT	*K2KER	*K2VV	*W2YD *AF3E	*K4XH *K4XI	*W2MIG *W2PD	*JA72F *JA8XJF	*SM7BBV *UWBMF	KBUW *KOKTP	JA1SYY JA1VDJ
*W1AXA			*W1ELR	"W8JQ	*GBUML	*N6CW	*JA1CRR	*W2SY	W2FR	*K3SGE	'W4PTH	*W2REH	"JA9YBA	VE3IR		-017M

HASUB	KOYNF	Wegey	W8KDL	JR3RVQ	172	TIØRC	KABOUT	VE3KWW	Wegen	VEBNMS	KA1ŲC	JL1CZF	WQ6Y	HA6OS	GOCLP	361
I4FGG I8TOH JASEJO	KESY 212	WB9ZHS KøXB	KD9KN 196	JH4GNE PA3DKX	DL2KBS JH2KCE	VE3ADP N3ELN K8XZ	KR8M W98BMX WB8YFE	SV7SA W1SDU WB2LNR	WASMLV NGCNF WASLOZ	KA1GM KJ4HL	K2HSY N4PKL KE6KT	JABYAD	KA7MCX N7FTB	HAØLC HAØNNN	HA1KSQ JAØHJI	WSIO
JESCIS OKSIF	SM6LPF SP2JKC	202 DK8WF	CURFV DL8MBE	SM7KIL YO9ANV K2KIB	YU3KE 171	W6WKE KB7WD	NK9X WA9YYY	KD3IY KF4AV	126	118 D68QL	WA6NUP NOGWL	JY7Z KU7JAF KU7N	WA7GGS KABTGK KVBU	JA1XFE JEGEFO JRBOGB	PASCLP VEGUNI VPSJEX	*W#CM 360
SM7ABL VE2DWH	ZSSNK NF1G	DL1EC DL1FBW	W4PSJ	NA2Q W2JAJ	HL1E KA1LR	NV7J	WB9BZE KARFAR	WV4I WSVBX	DJ2ZM HA6ZV	FB1LND HABON	110	LASDY S79KG	WARSEG K9DFK	OZSLN SVØBL	STELW AJIN	'GW3AHN
YU2RVF K1JIU	WB5HBR	G3AAG G3ZRH	195 EABANT	AA4FS WM6P	W8JCC	156 180QK	NTØV	NR8Y NB¢H	CE5BYL TA1NC	AA4OV KE8FD	CO7KR DJ4AZ	SM588S VE3VSB	KC9WF WA9ZXV	VE1CBK XE1ND	K1FIR KA1S	ON4DM
K1VSJ KA1EJ	211 F3RG	HC8MD HK1HHX	WAZJTY KASTQF	KD8WX W8NJR	170 DAZUT	JR4ISK JA7GB	149 G4VZO	134	VK2FH VQ9AC	NO9H	DL2NCL DL4FN	VU2NTA YC5BJP	WANOZP	XE1VE ZC4AK	KB1AF KM1A	HASW
KG1V KN1I NE1C	JZPTE JJ1UJK JASCLO	JK1TLP JA4XZR LA8KO	194 GT3GU	179 JM1GYÓ	JA7AER W3BNN	LUSDUW OZIBLZ KAICSL	HA6KNV IKØADR SM6GOR	DKBIZ DL4KF DL9MAB	K1MZB KA1RRL NC3C	117 FM5WE	DL4ZB! F6EFY G4EVS	YT3YL YU3TG ZC4EE	WBØCHW 105	KA1YM N1DCI N1DNI	KZ1M N1EJF	359 *G5VY
KC2YI W2SEG	OE2YGM SM2OTU	LASSN VESIRF	G5LP YU3DJR	SM5DUT SM6EHY	WW6J 169	KA2WIK K3GYS	YUSWZ W1BDU	JA1OHP JE1RXJ	W84KMH NJ8P	HASAHS HB9DCQ	GM4VAN HA1KTD	5Z4kG WIGWN	DF5TS DF5WA	NG1I K2ANC	W82GDD K3ZLK	*HB9TL *ON4DH
WB2GHI WB2HJW	VIJETTC WC4K	YUZARS ZSBAZQ	WA4ZNU	SM7PRF 4X4BR	HB9BIO ZS6P	KA4JNB N4EAH	K3WUW ADSF	LA9DAA VE7EW	NG6S K8RYU	IKSAWP JG7GDW	H89EY HK4GAW	Wache Wache	DJ2OS DL4DAW	KAZHTU NZHOU	NB3E K4DZR	*K4HEF *W4EEE *W4YJ
KE3R KQ3S	210	NA1N W1KSC	193 FD1JAD	KA2CK\$ W2JQ	WASHAN	NC80 155	KC5NY WA8CAJ	VSBUA YU3XJ	W8NHO KY9P	SKOMT TF6PS	IRBDS JA1DJO	WH2HUV AA4VN	DL4ZBK DL9LL	Wa2FQS Wa2HMM	KA4OMI KJ4CS	W88W
K4LNA KA4UPI	DL2FAG JG10UT	KA2YPT K3PA	IK2HSW N1QY	N3COB N3CSL	168 EA1DOD	CP5AA	K9ACCI WØIZV	ZL1BWK NG3Q	WD9INF 125	ZB2GW W2IZY	JA1THL JA1WYO	KI4CU KI4KJ	HL1LW IK5ATM	WB2EBS WB2JFJ	N4EAT WS4N	358 *LU4DMG
WAJFL WASTJM W7YS	W2OOJ N3WW WA4YLD	N3CYC NI3B KB4Q	KO9Y 192	W3KYN K5PZ KF9M	EASRCT HBØNL	DF9ZW DK1IO JA2DSF	148 JAØUMV	N6ITY W6PLJ	EA4AYD F6AST	Wezixs Weywh Wejek	JI1CQA JL100D JQ1DFS	N4JCC W4VNJØ WA4MNU	JA18TB JS1HEM JF4GKN	WB2WVG K3EQN KB3HH	KF5PE WA5QAQ AA6GM	ZPSCF WIMMV
KASANO KCSMK	209 -	W4KGH WSTCX	IK1GPG WA3IJZ	ИМЯН	SM6LJP SM7FHJ KF4CI	SM4NLL N3CZJ	VENU KAIWR	133 DL1BFZ	G4KZZ HA9PR	116	JH2ESL JL3TWE	WB4TPF WD6BZQ	JASTJH JHØBLI	N3CFA N3FAS	KASOGC N6BIS	*W3CWG *W3CWG
KX8N NISC	AHZBE JFZJRC	K16GI WS6F	N7GJO 191	178 DK6PZ	WB7BWZ KN8D	N4KTY WA4TBH	NSATT NJSL	EA4CTU G4UIW	HL9EP HP1XOL	DL2AAW DL3OAU	JN3DAB JE4CIL	KB6FlW NX 0 I	OE2CHN PA3DQT	WJWEW MUMEW	N6ENT K7AU	*KSUC
K9JPI KM9G KV9V	JN3OBF WB1ATZ W7AGQ	K7DZ KE7PB N8AQV	кт10	DL7ABK DLØBT HB9BIN	NJ80 167	WB5NXH WA8LLY	Wezn Wøpko	HABOH LA9MB OZ1KFQ	12ZCE JOTGAZ LA7DFA	JASBEK PADXMO AASBT	JH5GPE JA6HB JH6TYD	N7GVV ND7J NC8I	PY5AAT VE3LZD VE4SI	AA4ZW KD4HV KF4AU	W7JJO N8EIH K9CI	*W9RNX 357
N9NB WAØSTV	208	WaJOP	190 XE1TU	OHSSX	DKØSR	154 HA1SQ	147 7P8DP	PASCYX SMMMW	OESEOI WIULE	W5VHP KR6G	JR6CSY JASUBH	Walwu	VU2LBW XE1Z	KJ4PV KJ4YF	KA9GZM KA9IRS	DLGEN
224	G3EZZ JF1IRW	201 OFOUB	K4EJO WB8HIW	WR2BNH KD4YT	JABBZL NE4L W5NN	HA4YG JA1NIR	KX1T W3HXI	TR8LD KC4XA	WA1JVV K2CBM	N6FSF W6KG/ZS	JRBVSE JAØCZG	107	YC4FRX K1VSG	KF5AU KA6MBF	KC9NL NI9O	*PA#HBO *PY4TK *SM3BIZ
SP&AZT VE3CUI	JG1PII JI1LLD	DK2PR HB98KP	169	WD4KXM KA9JOL	WSQNF	PA3DRZ S79D	K4DRL 146	N4NFV ND8D	NJZL WA2SLK	KŠ8W WØDCB	JHØLME PA3APW	DF1PY DF8KR	nm1K WB2UZR	KG6WX WA8NDN	Wapph Waspoy	'W1ONK 'W4SKO
VESJOV W1GWA	JJ3FOZ K4MEF	HB9DDZ OZ1APA	EA3GF WW6D	177	166 DJ3GW	SMØCFW WE2P	IV3LNQ	132	WB2ZAP K3RY	115	SVØBT 177J	DL1BE DL7AEY	KSIMC W3SAI	WB6PFH KA7LPP	KAOVNN KAOVVF	256
KB2G KT3H	WA4IUM KCSDX N5PC	SK4EA SM7LOX YU2CAY	NU7D WB9RRU	DL8HAZ F6HKD	iksefa Nif9e	KR3E KE5PO	SMØRSM ZS6WB	DLSDAF JA6VI	K4HDV NQ4K	DL2LY HA6VB	VK2ESG YU3HR	G3RVM G3SB G4AEM	WB3HLH AA4HX AH4DC	NU7V WC <i>IF</i> K8KEM	NUBA WOLTL	*GSFKM *VE3QA
AA4SY WB5QBV KE8CQ	WSV.IW KGLRN	4X4JJ KIZLA	188 OLSEK	G2HIO OZ5EDR OZ8WW	KAØDIL 185	N5IIT 1 53	W5KI. 145	K1CWG KIUCA WB0B	WA4BEU WA4CMS WB4CVH	HB9ARY HGUG OD5PL	8R1AMO KB1SC WA2GMC	GØAEQ GDØAVF	K4FOM W4XD	KB8BHE KB8DA	100 CO7GC	"ZSELW "WIAA
NECIB	KBSCLL KBSPO	KA2DYB ND2A	JA1MUZ JAOKN	SM3CBR VK2EXW	JA1UTN JF1JEQ	DL1EAL EA7DRR	WB2TPS N3AHA	131	KSHKX W5VCS	OZ1DDN SMØLH	WB2PTH KD3AO	HA3GQ I3MOU	WA4AXW KE5YU	KD8DU KD8SY	DF2YJ DF6MS	*W1FZ *W1HX *W1JFG
223 HA5FW	KABBKFI 207	W2NUS NM3C	XE1AMS Z\$5YF	K1CLN KC1EL	JRØAMD KJ4CQ	EL3ED (K2GPV	144	OT3DJ OF2ME	KB6DSX KB6LOO	SMØLZT VE7CXN	N3CHR AA4IP	IK3ELC	NSKAE WSHWB	N8FGL W8KKB	DJØSP G3WLX	WADR
OZ3KE W1AOQ	DF2IS	KF4QD W4ROM	W9YCV 187	WE2K KA3LHP	NU5O	JIL1BYZ JI3MZY	XE1EM KJ4KS	FE8DD IN3DEG	KD7CC KD7RX	YU2SA YU4EKK	AA4QH W5VHN	IVSIEU IM1SOX	WO5D NBLL	N9BQV WA9IIS	G4FVK G4UJW	355
W5AH NR7B	FEGIFF HB9CEY ONBDG	WU4G K5PG K6ZH	HASNG HASPP	N4LZL WD4LOK K05UQ	164 G4ALR	VE3JDO NE1T N2WK	WASCSO WUSI NISC	LASTBA YU1PQI 28381	KW7J N7EMY W8LRY	N1DYI N4NTQ K5AOB	KB6IUA KI6AD WA6SDR	JO1FQU JA2ERL JA2GGX	NBNMH NB7N W7DHS	WOSK	GRAEV GRBTY GI4SNC	DL1KB
222 DL1SBF	PA3ABH 3D2ER	KD6QE KT6S	LA7AFA SMBBSB	NSEPA K6JGN	HB9APF IZEAY JA4IYL	WB2GAI W3BWU	143	NF1P NN4S	Lawsw Yeth	KDSA WIKAL/FR	KO7V W7XU	JR3TOE JH8UAE	KØJQL KØWPK	102 DJ2FL	JY9IU PA3AKF	*IBKDB *ON4SZ *W5KGX
JA1KRW OE4KOW	KY3V KC4OZ	W6EGX WG7A	VE7AOP KA1EKR	176	SM6NJK KQ3F	N6ZU WT6V	HB9BHY HB9LF	WB4YDL KG6WP	K9BSL W9IAL	WA7GJZ KA8CCC	NR8Z NR9X	JAØRWF LA4FBA	₩#HV 104	DKØUB F8PD	PY2CPO UZ4FWD	W9YSX W9ZM
KA1ERL AC2P KI4EZ	Nøbef Kogot Nørm	KETVY 200	KB4NJ KRØI	DK4ZZ DL1NP G3KEC	N4ZQ 163	K8SUS NX9R WD9DZV	JHBACW KC3NG N4KVF	130 DL3581	WASVLK WASEWU	KA9OIH ABBU	WB9COP WB9IHH WØRJX	LA7EU NP4TB PA3DKE	AL7HX DA2PW	LABLBA OKSCSC OKSCSQ	VEBJAQ VEBOZZ VEGEY	354
KC7CF Waji	206	CAISOX CAISKG	186 DL2GBB	HASKVB IK2GNW	CXBAC HK6HFY	152	142	HB9DEU JF1TEU	124 CX4GL	114 DK7QW	109	PA3EIC VE2UL	DF2YA DKØMN	PY1AFL SM7JKY	VŠBUW ZF2FK	*DJ2BW *Z\$6JM *4X4JU
221	DL4MCF JH7QXJ	HA9RT IKADUB	HL1EJ JA1IRH	JJ1UDI VE2UI	VK6IR YT3T	DLSON G3\$WO	JA1MYW SM5GSH	JS1UMQ JA7IIL	DKBAC F6HBR	HA3PD JA3KLT	CT4NQ DJ9IR	YO3DCO KA1HFL	GM4WZC HA4YK	VE2ADL VE3ECH	K1RH/FP KA1LMR	*W2LV *W4OM
VE1ACK YI1BGD	OE3PKU KF1J K2UPO	JA1EMQ JI1VVB	VUZJXO	KA1MX KA2NRR	KA1ZX K2VSP	HEBAWS HLBU	SNBAFE WB2EKK	JASFO OYSFRA	HB9YP (KØFEC	JARFLL Parajw	DL2DAV DL3FBJ	KB1LE KB1XN	IZKFW IKZFEO	VE6COD VE7FOP	K81FR NC1U	*K5DX
220 OL2ZAE	KA4LRM N4EKD	JK1KRS JA3DM SMØCMH	K1PV K5WA KM7E	KD2BW W3FGS K54G	NQ2Q W3FDU	JR1IFC JE2GMO VE30EE	KJ4SW AISP/TF KGPPW	VE6TK ZC4JA ZS1WQ	JA1BC JN1UEP YV1AVO	PARAJIW VERAXB K18R	DL9YCA FT8XA G4WIS	NJ1Q KAZRLF NF2X	I7UVX ,LI1CWX JO1MOS	VKSBDY XE1XFP YO2BKL	W1MEG A82F KC2OL	353 *F9RM
PYZZJ	ND7B WARQVC	VEZGZ VEZEIK	KABOSS	N4IF KD6GC	KQ9L 162	XE1ALH KB1KA	WB9FFR	N4CIW W7HWR	KA1LZR KC10Q	K1TKL KA1J	GØEHW HABXF	WB2TQE KS3I	JH3HMW JR5RPP	Y1700 YU20U	Krzi Krzi	*LU9DAH *VE5RU *W1GKK
SM6CCO YOSED	205	ZS1FD NG1J	DF1QT	KIBAN WABO	IJJ5YQ FM5BX	AI2S KX2A	141 F1JTL	N8EOA W9PC	KB2BJA N4FVE	K4LHH	HABHN HB9DJC	NE3P W\$TFA	JW6WDA OK1DZL	7SSSAA QJ2LC	K3RYA KY3T	WIGH WALMX
KG1F K3QMR KI4LP	G4MZF/W4 JN1VNW JA4AQA	WB1CTV N2BI NK2W	G4VPM SM5KDM N6DYS	W7QB WA7TNE W8ZSD	ISCURA VE7NS	KA4CMC N4PZF W4PG	OEZDAN NØGNG	KØAFN 129	WY5Q W6HDP WA8MEM	K6MS W6KG/FH NBGXA	HG9R IK2EKP IK2GXH	N4JVL N4JVS WA4GXA	SPRIOE VEAUD VEEDO	K1BNO K1EI KB1WR	N3CAM N3CIX AA4V/BY	*W4PDL *W6BAF
KF8K	OH2BJG NA2R	K3GQJ WB3FMA	W9ISF	WB8Y KA9OTD	XE1JRV N1WR NBFGD	KF5MP WB6EMR	140 JOITMU	DESTS DESNI	KDORN	113	JA1BGX	WA4IHO KA6ZOS	VE7AHB Y36SG	KW1K N1AUR	KB4HBH KB4KDX	*W685Y
219 DL4FBZ	N4DBJ W4BWR	K4HQI K4IQJ	184 Dløfu	NZER 175	161	N8EKS WD8RTW	JA2UOT JE4PAG	EA7PS JA9AVP	123 OZ1JVN	DK1DN DL9LAI	JA1KPA JFINDA JFIWLK	NBMYX W6CIL/Z2	8Q7QL K1NCD	N1BYQ WA1TRO	KB4PEF KS4S	*DJ2YI *15UA
IK2GXK JA1NGM AA4NJ	W4VO\$ K5JII K5OLJ	KC4MJ KD4OM KE4ZR	JASCEX JASCEG	JH10CC OE1KJW	JD1AMA JASBFO	NC9N NJ9K KSØT	JABDKF 4X8UO WIDID	VEBUL KD2WQ	KA2SKO WB2TUU	HASKOD HB9ASH	JIIPGO	WR6M K7FL KE7NT	KB1RW KC1BG KS1A	KC2P KC2P	N4LJM WB4FDT WB4PEA	'PT7YS 'K2BZT
WD9ACQ	NSFJ KI6WF	KM4EE WD4AFY	XE1HTT W7HHP	KIQPM WB1AJG	9N1MC KA7KDB	KUDA	N2ZZ KA3BIH	W2CNS N4OJJ NZ5O	WT5T KSHVT KEBKE	J87CF JF1KBL JK1OQD	JJ1KXM JG6MQI JA7NBL	NBDLJ ABØG	WIDLP WIQPZ	NN2B WB2PSI WČ2B	WD4OHD KA5GIS	W2GLF
218 EASABG	WBAKS NCST	AASBK NGJE	Wal'AN W18X	N2BSA WASIIA N4QAJ	K17H 160	151 JA1EFT	WA4UUP W78L	WASCI KNBJ	WD9DGE	PASOLM	JE7UEM JA8BAX	NØDMS NØICI	K2ZA N2GOI	N3CRN AA4ML	W5UW WD5KEM	*K4AIM *K6LGF *W7AD\$
IK2BTI ISØMVE	W9HR WAØRUD	NY6M/KH2 W6NVN	WD9DGA 183	WJ4S	IK2BLA JA1JTR	XE1XRC NJ1T	KX6V W8JRK	128	122 G4HKA	SM5MJL SP2GKQ VE3CWH	PAGAOS PAGDGN	NJØU WODALE	W2CBA K3IEX K3NEE	AA4UF K4ZDT	K6VPN N6NXV	351
XE:1F 6Y5EE W6LC	204 HB9DC7	NN7T W7KJJ NA8G	FBHLB JK1UNZ	W5FIX WA5KBH N8ADK	PA3BUD CUBSAY	K3ANS W3ENL WA3HOL	KERKB 139	DF6UQ DL6FBH JE7RJZ	IØTXW SM6JWW NK1I	WIJQ N3DMR	PY4BH VE7EW VK3YH	106 DL7ALD	N3DED W3KRB	KK48S N4FFL N4JMK	WEDAO WEFOK WEFG	"GIBIVA
217	HB9DCZ JA1LKJ JF3NFL	NN8R NN8Y	KB4YT N4PTN	NONBB KBSMF	W1FOV W2SEC KQ3E	KI4UZ N4EOF	DLøKB FO1LJF	JE7UNG SM5ÖDI	KK2E KC3RY	AB4ES WA4UCI	XE2AHQ YU2CRD	G4JOK HA7RI	KO4J N4GNL N4NTY	N4LBJ NG4P	KTETZ KY7K	"ZS6RM "K2FL "W5.IWM
JA3UCO 216	SM6DUA VE6CB	W8LNL W8XD	WA4KIL KD7GX	KD8EE	KF4BU	W5HL KG6JW	JO1XOK JH9PUW KL7CO	T30AC K1FJ	KC3Z NE3T	Wascmi Kebufe	NG1S KA2FEP	HABRJ HB9ARF	WN4S	NS4S NY4A	N7CNH W7GXX	*K2FL *W5JWM *W6CHV *W6HYG *W8MPW
EA7AZA JASRUZ	K1ZKM N2CS NK2T	K9CC NA9A NG9E	1 82 F1HWB	K9DG K09WK NÇ9I	159 CT4KQ	W6FWK KEUM NK9Y	KL7CQ NC1E WB1AEL	N1EIU WB1GEX KJ4MR	W8TAR WA8RXI	KC7MM KE8LM N\$LM	W2AWB W2GUG N3BI	HG78 JO1QUB	NX5H W5OBT K6ETM KI6VR	W4TKI WD4IIO WV4S	WBOOC WBOTLE KC9UI	*W8MPW *K9ECE *W8GKL
PY4ML VE4MG	NRZW WAZICE	W9GXR W9POC	AE1H KA1YP	KØFD NØDJJ	FG7CB/FS JA7DQS SL0ZZI	WA9GCB KØRW	NA2I	K6ICS WAEDHA	121 IK2FAD	WD9DDO WB6CXX	KI4KX W4NBA	JF2GLS JA5MHD JA7KXH	KI6VR NBAMI	KCSTA	N9GDG NX9H	*WØGKL 350
N1CWA	AA4VB AJ4X	WESIWN	W2VT WB2SON	NSØB	SM7MPM YU3PD	150	138 NQ2F	AG7N KF8H	SMØRNR TA1KT	112	W4WAW KA5SMA	NL7HT OK1DGN OK2BKH	NSAMI NSHR/KXS NYSY	KESLO KETAR KAGLDN	WD9DUE NØFCD	*XE1AE *W1AFF
215 F6IIM	KJ4VH WN4G	199 DL1SX	K4VNM K8KBB	174 LA1PBA	KBAJAS	DL7ALM HA8KUN	KC3NE NFØF	WBBJKR WBØDLT	W1LQA WA2USA	F6HLW HA7XL	KQ5G NSJUJ	PA3DYV	NY6Y W6KG/A25 WA8MJM	W6DTV WA6HYB	NFØA	*WISP *W6RKP *W7GN
JI1HNJ JH4JNG KA2VYW	WN4M NA5Z WA5YON	DL7WJ HB9BMZ IKØAPR	W68SFF NTØW WØPUD	LUSOWR PAMPES SM7BLO	KDØMD 158	HL4CCM JR1MOO	NTØH 137	127 DJ7EE	WD4LOO K7WK KDBNJ	HEFE WRUM JN1EDC	W85HRI W85MHA WZ6Z	3D6QL 4X6RA 4Z4NL	WN6L Kahmzu Kobym	WB6WXS WI6V WN8C	PHONE	*K&CFU
K5KYD WCSP	WZ5I NG9V	YUZLLL N1CNC	WØTL	SM&KCR VE6EJ	DL3SAX	JE2ARR KP4DCR OE5HIL	DL2GBM JM3ADQ	IIGMF JG2UUS OK2BOP	120	JH2T.IN	WeQL/ZS3 NY7T	7PBKG KY1N	W8GRP NN9G	N7ACP KBCZA	366	*W&JBI *W@PGI
214	203	W2SE KS3F	181 H89BOU	XE1MN KB1NS	DLJAET G4QK HB9AAM	OZ1TD YOSBQ	DL2GBM JM3ADQ JA4HCK JH8WAH PY1YP	DZBAN	HASDQ GEZOWM	VE4ACF VE7CI	N8AGU W8NPA	K2HTO K2YA	W9BYS KAØPER	KDBNO N8BCE	*112HP *21_1HY *W2BXA	349 "DL7HU
ISPAN ISPAN	DJØGR GL2AY	KC4MJ WS4G	JE1DXC JK3DGX	K2MFB K3YL	HB9CRV I5OQV	W1CTM K2VM	YQ\$LD	VK2COP YV5KKG	YC4GAP K4TX	Y80ZEA K2KGT	KB9WC NF9Z	KJ2G W2JEK	KOØRT NØFWX	NYSP WSQAX	*W4EX *W8GZ	1F3DJ 102V
JR1XIS W1LWB N5DDT	PSCY HASHR HG19HB	WC5D KI6BN W6LDE	SM6MNH SM6NJK KD2UF	WASEBA WD5ETI N8AHK	IBNHJ SMØJHF	KC3J K4BXU KK4JF	7PBCL WEECT NBMK	3D6BW KC2KK WA2PJI	WD4KMW W5BKK WJ5K	AS4AR Wozd	NI9Z NR9S WABPTV	NF3P W3HSR AA4OV	103 DK&SW	KO9YB KY9Q WB9IFE	365	*YK4QM *YV5AJK *W1DGJ *W2XN
KBGJX N15V	I1BRB IT9FWD	K9HEK	N4GKX WD5EWP	KEØET	YV3BAP W4USW WN6J	KE5OD NY5T	136	NSCRN KB4SRE	KA8PBB KE8GG	t11 DL3FBR DL3MAA	108	AA4OV K4GKV KA4CVL	DL2XW DL6BAH	WB9MGD KØHBQ	'VKBRU 'W6GVM	*WULUZ
213	WA2LWA	HB9BOS	WD5N N8DUY	JG2CLS	157	KBICG KJ6GC Wilee	JS1LPG KA1MPA	N4MZL N4RFN	WØTIV 119	HASHE	DL4UL DL7AIO	KB4FAS N4SKE	GSNKC LEUA DERNÖ	NRØF WØZPM	364 "W8BF	*KSWR
HK3HFQ 10ZSG JL1HGH	WAZUDT K4FPF KC5TW	JAMEOK NECOG	NBJO 180	JA9KGU SM6MSG W4LRE	HB9AQF HV2VQ	WI6S KA7GXO NJ7H	K4YFH W84KKA	WB4MRH K61.6V WA6QHQ	DF2LH DK4J1	HK1LAQ IK4FDQ JH1ELX	G3CPT G3DCC HK4GGK	WA4AEI KKGZB KI6X	G3NKC G3OZN G4UXG	101 CO7JC	362	"W6ZM "W7DX
LASLDA KGSCV	KASTFC NSCKP	197 KU3G	F6CLH JL3VWI	N7JB KD8GD	OH1BV OH6SU	KASGBS	135 DF3IS	WB60HH WA7WOC	DL5LAW JA1JPM	SPSINQ KA1QVE	JG1BSB JJ1JGI	W6GYO WA6BIL	G4YEK GM4UZY	DF7WO DKØAK	*VK5MS *4X4DK	348 *16FLD

*KH6OR *OZ3SK	*VE3WW *YV5AXQ	334 *CT1BH	WEKON WEKZS	JA1MCU JA3MNP	*JF1PJK *JA8XJF	318 *CT1XK	*XE1GBM *XE1QX	WD5DBV NS6B	N4AVV N4CRU	W4JHE W4RNZ	W4OWY K5CON	29 6 I1XA	SMSHYL SM68GG	JA2GBO OZ3FC	278 JH7NRE	KD4HO N4TL
"YV5AIP "W2YYL "K4SM	*W1JWX *W2GKZ *W3XM	*HB9AHA *IT9JT	*WAGOET *WB8EUN K9SM	*JA7HZ *JA8ZO *SM2EKM	*EU3YLW4 *PY28W *VE4A\$	DLEOW	rkiuo Kajla Nakw	W&ORD WX6M K&PCZ	N4QF *W4FRU WA4CTA	WT4T W5LDH WB5CRG	N51H K6GXO W6PGK	ingxai isigq	WB2CJL W4FOD	AG1J W1ESN	KL7KJ NP4CC	W4ZMC W6OB
*W7JYZ *NAØY	*K6EV	*JAZAAO *JAZAAO	*W9ZR	*SM6EOC	*VE7WJ *K1CMI	*12JR *18KNT JA1RWE	*K3KA NSUS	*KB8DB W8CY	WB4ELX KSFM	WB5SSD W68WG	K7UB KC7T	JA1NLI JA3BG	WW4E K6DG K6HNZ	W2NZG AK4E N4ETA	K3RT AA4AM	WA6EZV W7JBS WB8KLC
347	WIGH WIKPC	*PY2FR *SM5RK	*WØLYI	*K1QMV	*AA4V *N4AH	JH1HLQ JR1FYS	W3EKN WA3CGE	K9HQM K9MFY	KB5GL ND5R	WB6PSY K7FE	W7AEP ADBO	KH6BZF K1VHS K2TV	WG6P KBBNN	N5GGO W5HEZ	N4CRI W6CF N7ACB	K9LJN KA9TNZ
*JA1BK *ZS6YQ *W2TP	W7KH *W8EVZ	OASAU WXEEV*	*DLBFL *F5YU	*K2TQC *K2UFM *WB2NYM	*WA4OPW *W84QNP	*JA5PUL *JA78JS	N4PB W48KP	*KS9Z W9OKL	NYSL WASOSE	WA7ZWG NBAQV	KRBN WBJIK	N4CID WA4FVT	KQ8M NTBO	WB5ZKR K7EG	WA7OYL KBIP	N9AIB 270
*W2YY *K4JRB	339 *DL1HH	YVSBBU	JA1OCA JA7MA	*K4DJ W4FPS	*W5ZWX W8CT W8MAW	JA7ZF "LU3AJW	*WA4VDE *WB4RFZ WF4V	WHTC KNGT	KB9OE N9BA W9NB	W8WOJ WD8PKF K9MFI	KQ9W W9ZX WBJC8	WD4KXB K5SSB	W8VSA K9KK KABNNF	KG9N 283	NSLN USXN	CX2CB DF7QD
*WeGMF *W9NZM	'EA7GF 'G3JEC	*W1ICU *W4AVY *W4BBL	LA1ZI "OZ3PZ	W4TDW *WB4OSS	W9LT *W9QQ	*PP5YC TI2CC *VE3EJ	*N5AJW W5EU	311 DF6FK	KBOO	K9MK K9ZO	300	KIGLE NGADI	290	EA7LM ISENL	KAØCDN 277	DKBJS EA1ABT
*W9SFR 346	W2HZ	*W5QQU *W6YB	*SM6VR *VK6LK	*K6JAD	321	*VE3MC ZP5CE	AABAA N6MU	HISLC *ISWTY	308 G3VOF	WOULU	DF4PL EA5AD	WB6OKK NX7K KF9J	DF2XC DL6QT	IZUNX IKBEPC	F6IFE FK8DH	HH5CB HL1SX
IZSM *SM5CZY	*WSUAW *KSJG *W6KNH	'WA6AHF	*ZL1AAS *K1LHT *KM2P	W6AED *W8AXH	*DJ6FN *DK3SF	*4Z4DX *K1ST	W6CN W6RFX	JAGLUK JA4DND	IZPEI IVSTQE	304 F9ER	EA7AG G3KLL	NE9K W9FNN	F6FWW F6HIZ	JA3FYC JA9CXA	HB9KU IK8GCS	JE1VPC JG1TSF
*UA1CK *VE2WY	*K9AB *WA9NUQ	'W&JXM 'W9LA	KM2V W2MPK	*W6BCQ *W8UY W7OEV	*DK9KX DLBUI *I28VG	.MSTSX	W6TXL *KA7AUH *KC8CY	*JH7DNO PY2JY SMSHPB	ON7EJ PT2TF PY5CA	G4FEU HC5EA 11JQJ	IZUSB IZOMU ISEFO	W9NUF KBØSY	12WZX 14CSP 15CRL	OE2DYL OK1DLA	JH1AGU JH1WJFI	JI1HWV VE5QY
*VE3MR *W1JR	338	333 *DK2BL	W3RX WA3IKK	*K9BWQ	12ZGC 15AFC	WB2QMU AUEN*	*WaKKF *WaLU	TG9AL VE6WQ	SMØDJZ VE4AT	JA1CHN JA2CXH	JA3PXH JH7FMJ	WDØAWL 295	JA1SDV JF1SEK	YU2OB W3DR W5KWK	LZTHA SLøZG	K1EM KM1E KA2CYN
W2QWS W3AZD	*F2BS *F5II	*DL6KG	'K4XG 'W4BAA	*K#WWX W#CD	*18ACB *18SAT	N4JA "N4NX	'K9GX W9GBI	VE7DX ZL1AMO	K1EFI KA1PL	JASRICH LASIU	OK2DB ONBNY	JA1NAQ JASFDJ	JR1SSH JA9NLE	W5PLN KBTMK	K1KOB W1EQD W4JVN	NN2G KE4YD
*K6CCY *W6REH *W7CMO	*FBRU *GM3BQA *I8YRK	"IZLAG	*W4BFR *K5AQ W5AQ	*WØQLX 325	*IØMPF *JAZAPA *GMDEAL*	NF4A *K5VNJ	"W#Z W#RWC	K1IK W1ENE	W1GUW K2ENT	Luamcj Svijg	PY2FNB SV8CS	ON5WQ ZL1BQD	VE4IS ZP5MJV	KB8BN KE9F	KD6XY K7NO	KOSEM NSJM
*W8ZET	*JA1BRK *JA1MIN	*13EVK *15FLN	*K6IR	*G3\$JH *I2VGU	*JA7IL JA9AA	*W5VJP	314 *DK8MZ	W1PEA W1RR KZ2P	KB2HZ KB2RZ K5GZ	VE6QU K1DFC KB1BE	VE3ICR VK9NS XE1VIC	WIBWS WIICV	N1ALR WA1PEL WA1ZAM	N9CPW 282	WØGAX WØVX	KC7EM KC7XB N7OT
*WØQGI 345	*KH6BB *KP4CL	*JA1BWA JA1DM *JA1EOD	*N7RO *W7OM	*I2YBC *JH1GZE	*LA7ZO *LA8CJ	W6OMR *W7YR *KJ8G	EASOZ FF5OK	WB2CVL WB2NIC	KASV WSJME	KB1I W3EYF	YV1EAH WA1WTP	W2HN W3IQS N4BSN	AF2C WA2BGE	EA4CPK EA5AT	WDØAQJ 276	Wanio
*IT9ZGY	*ON4UN *PY2PC	*JA1JRK *JA2XW	*K8PYD	*OE2GKL *OK1TA	*LU2AH SM5VS	Wacag	HB9RG	K3BEQ W3ICQ	W85TED N6HL	K4BYK KC4DY	WB1EAZ K2GAT	W4OUE WF4G	WB2EZU KE4VU	EAZCEO F6FNU	CU2CR JA18FF	WABGUD
*SM5BCO *YS1O *YV5ANF	*SM6CKS *VE3NE *W3AC	*PY5GA *SM5FC	329 "DJ6VM	*PY2BU *XE1J *YV5CWO	UASCT *UASJD *UASJW	DJ5DA	IV3VER *IV3YRN *I4USC	WB3BGI AA4VK AA4XT	W6AN WB6VSK K8BTH	KD4BY W4BIM WA4ECA	K2PZ KN2N N2AMI	K5MBE W5LLU	W4JZ AESE WDSIOA	FD6ITD IKBBQE	JH4IFF FY5OC	CE3RC
*K4PDV *W4UG	*K4KC *W4AXR	*VE3GS *VE7WO *VK6HD	*DK3PO *I1GEA	*K1RAW K2SHE	VE3ST YO3AC	*DK8NG *DL4YAH *EA1QF	JAJJWP JAJJWP	AE4Z K4LR	N8BO K9BIL	KV5E KC7TO	WB2KPE WB2SZH	K87SU W7BG	WD5IQA WZ5U AA6BB	JH6QPD JA7OP K1YR	VE5FX K1YHM	IZUPG JABORM VE4DQ
*W4UWC *KIBT	*W4BRE *W4EPZ	'N2SS 'W4QAW	*IBOLK	¹K4GJD ²K4LSP	*K2YIY *W2FCR	'EABLD 'HK3DDD	*JASAQC JA6AV	K4RIG K4RSB	K9KU K9LHA	AB9O W9DE	W3KJ AA4S	W7FR W8QHG AI9U	KA6V Kealt	N1AKX NA2M	WA2BOT K3RV WB3JRU	WA1WMS N3CWP
*W6FJ. *W6FW *W6HFL	*W5YU *W6RGG *W6ZKM	*K5OVC *K5UR	"JA1JAN "JA3BQE "JA7 IH	*K4MEZ *N4KE *N4KG	W2IOO K3OTY	ISFCK IBCEP	ONSFU SMSBFC	KV4F W4LVM	KD9QB	WØBL WØZWH	K4DLI K4II	K9JF WD9GQV	WegyM K8WOW	K3DH K4HHM	NI4Y NG5L	WASAIL WB7WQE
-MSKTE -MSKTE	*W7QK *W7UPF	*K6VOC *WSTIX	*JA7JH *ON5KL *PY2OSC	'n4kg 'k5lm 'w6gtl	*W3ACE NA4M *WA4CXZ	*IMMBX JA1GV	*SM5FQQ SM6CKU SM7CRW	WA4QMQ NSFW K6UD	307 CT3BM	303 DK6NP	K4KAK K4ONF KC4BX	294	KR9G W9AG	KF4NO KBCID	N6BFA WA6IVO	Krisr NXØI
*W9BEK *W6CSZ	*K8DR *W8K\$T	*WSUR *K6EC *K6EXO	*VE3BX	W7DQM W7EZ	*WB4LFM *K5KR	JA?PI. *JABGZZ *LA9GV	*TG9NX K1ZSI	NEAHV WECHE	DF7NM DJ3CP	HB9BGN HKØHEU	KE4HX W4KHW	CT4NH DK5WL DL7MAE	289 JA6VA	KBTMB NG6W W6MND	Waslod KBSDT Wasmoa	268 GSTXF
344	*W8RT *W9BW	*K6RF *W6CCB	"YS1RRD "W1DNZ	.MakdD	'WA6WZO	CA4B\$	W1FJ W1WXZ	W6SUN K7DS	DK1RV F6EWK	121OF	W4MDX K6TSQ	HK3YH ISISF	PY2DSQ KS1S	W7FJE KB8WC	WASZOL WOUR	J88AQ N4ONI
*DJ7ZG *EA2HX *F2MO	337 *DJ5LA	*W6KOE *KE7LU	WILQQ WZIOT	*W9RY *NØRR	'W78KR 'K8LZ	*PAØKB PAØLOU	K2HWE AA4CJ	K7ICW W7DNY	ITHYW	IØER JA2JYP	KC5UO WB5ROW	JA2FUJ JJ3AFV	W4DZZ N6OJ	NEBR N9BKN	WØJM	WJ4T N6NF
*15TDJ *PY2PE	14ZSQ 1PP5UG	WSILC *K9KA	*K4MG *K5GH *W5EDX	*W0YMH 324	*K9DXO *K9DXO	'WITRC 'WIVKQ	N4AXR *K6LM W7BCT	W7DSZ W7GUR K8MG	IBXTX JA1SVP JA2LHG	JAZWYN SM6AOU SVØW	K6XN KDBV N8ATR	JAMWRF SM6AVM	WBIJP KØTLM	KEØAA KNØL	275 HC1OT	W7DAA 267
*VE3WT *W2FGD	VKSWO WIAX	*W9DH *W9LQ *KØBS	*K6OJO	DK28I *F68FH	'K9IKP WA9VGY	W3CDG 'K4PI	W8GIO *K9IW	KSTL KZSY	LU7MAJ P29JS	XE1OW WA1EQT	NSAXY NSBKF	VK2WU YU2OM N2BIM	288 DF2HL	WORRY	IKYCJV IBIGS	HWXY VEBAGV
*W5GC 343	*W2FXA *AA4MM	332	'WAGRTA 'K7NN	*JA3DY *SM5CAK	*WØJMZ 320	W4JFE W4ZCB *W5LQN	WOYK WEONHD	K9QFR KR9Q	VE3UR XE1MDX	AA4R K4WMB	NM8K W8QWI	W2EKO WB2TKY	I7XGL VS6CT	281 G4BWP	JM1MGP JA3RRN JA7FS	K3QMX K3SEW
*I1RB *LA5HE	*K4FJ *K4IKR *W4EEU	*F8AOI *G3KMA	W7EKM W8COG W9RXJ	*9Y4VU *K2GPL	*DL7NB	W5MUG K6EID	313	WB9SYF KØGSV	ZI.1ALE N1AJO	KF4M KG4W	WB8ZRL AG9S	KB3X W4RA	ZP5JCY KN1U	IKBDOI IKØGPP	KA1ACC N4DW	KE5PA N9BUS
*OE1LO *SMBAJU	*W5HE *W5RNG	G3TJW G3ZBA	W9SS WØMYN	*W2CC *W2MIG *W82BNJ	*DL8KS *EASTT *GSTOE	NBDX	DK2XX *DK2WH *F6DZU	KMLD KMZQD	W1KID KB4I W4UW	KN4H W4BJM W4BMJ	K9MGF KS9R K9VRW	KB5DQ W6SWM	NA2K K4DDB	SM2EJE	KC5PR AG8Q	KØLUZ 266
*W1CKA *K2JMY	*N6AR *W7JFO	*I1APQ *I4LCK *ISPAC	328	*W3NV *K5OA	*I1CAW *IT9KZW	'WA7UVO W8PCA 'KØIUC	IZPKF JR18LX	JA2KVD	WA4DPU KB5IW	WA4GKT WA4GBO	KYØA WØBA	ALTEL KTLAY KB9OD	WB4MAI NBZA	SM6LIF SV8RX 7X2LS	WB6UBR KOBJ	DK6WL F6GXB
*K4JC *NY5F	-WABAJI	*JA1AAT *JA1UQP	*DJ1XP *DJ8NKA	*K5UKN *K5YCP	*JEIMGE *JHIARJ	'NØAT 'WØYNZ	OE2VEL ON5HU	JA2THS JA3CSZ	KC5M K6HHD	WB4FQP AE5H	WøKU	Walt	287 CNBAK	KA2AJT KB2XL	274 CT1TM	GSUAS IK7FPV
*K6YRA *W6PT *W6YMV	*KØÐUR 336	*SM&AEK *SM&CVX	*DJØUJ *EA1IY *EA3NÇ	K6AXC	*JA6GXP JA7EHU	*WBØCIW 316	PY4OD PY5PS	LA4HW PT7WA	K7RLS WB7CLU	WA5ZIJ WB5WQG	299 DJ9UM	293 D448C	JH5FQO	NJ5X WA5BBR	IZETU JH1QYT	JF2HPA JJ2RCJ
"K8DYZ "WØGAA	*DJ2YA *DL8NU	*VE3UX *ZL1AV *ZL3QN	*F2VX	"NS6C W6BJI "K7IAO	*JA7GLB *LA7JO *VE4BJ	CE3GN	SM4DHF VE4ZN AA1V	SP5EAQ VE4JK YV1AJ	KSDB KSUNV KSVFV	WA6PJR W7ZR KBJRM	F6CPO 12HHE JH1LPF	G4GIR ISZJK JH1IED	PP7HS KA1CVM WB2AIO	KM6K NK7L K8REG	JA2JRG JA3BOA	OE2KGM OZ1BOD
342	*EA4JL *F9IE	*6W1DY	*G3MCS *I2PHN	*W7DQ *K8SQE	*ZL4LZ *K1MEM	*DF1DB *EA3AOC *F6DLM	WA1KYW 'WB1DQC	W1PNR WA1URV	W8SEY WB8VPA	KC8YM WaTN	JA7AQR JA8CAK	JA2IIQ JA3ART	KA3HXO K4PR	KB8NW KC8QT	LUBDPM VEBBIF WIAB	9Y4BA KM1R KT1J
*DL7FT *F9MD	11RBJ 1V3PRK	*W1FXD *NO2U	ʻI8JN ⁺JH1IFS	*K8ZR *W9ABM	*WA1AER *K3RX	GSYJI 'G4DYO	WA2IZN WA2VUY	WA1ZCC K2SGH	K9HA W#HBH	WD8PUG N9SW	SM6AHS VESNI	JA4VAD LU2CC	WD5AAM KT61	WASCAE W89MSV	KC3VE W4BLB	W1FAB KB2DM
*OK1ADM *OK1MP *USWE	"ITSCA "ITSGAI "JA1BN	W2FP W3GG	*JA2AH *JA6BSM *JA9BJ	323 *CT1RM	A84H N4SR	'HFNX 'I4WZK	'KD4S 'KE4RX	W2YTO	306	W9TX 302	ZL3GQ W1HEO	LZ2DF XE1XM	W8GMH 286	260	K8MID KC8KE	AJ3K K4KST
*ZLSNS *W18IH	JABADQ OA4QS	*AE4X *K4PQV *K4XQ	LA3XI LU1BR	*CT1UA *DJ2TI	*N5AN N5UD *KM6B	*ICSEGO JA1WTI	NE4R NF4U WB4UBD	WA2UXC WB2DND Al3Q	DJ4XA DJ5JH EABIE	I4JBJ I7KKG	K2MFY W2SM NE5P	N1API KE2S KI3L	HK8BVN IK2AHR	GW4KGR I1TLJ	WABYTM 273	KB5EK KB5IM WZ5V
*W1SD *KS2I	'OE2EGL 'PY1AP\$	*N4WW *W4OTX	*OA4JR *PT2BW	*F6CKH G3ZAY	*N6CH *WABOGW	*JR1AIB *JR7TEQ *ON6MY	W5AYZ W6SN	N3ED AA4KT	I4FAF I4YNO	JASCNL JASFPI	WSERY WABSLO	AG4L W4OMY	IKØAZG JA8GTA	12Kaj 12PQW ON4SW	CU2CE ZP5CDV	KC7V AA9U
*W3MP *W4MGN	*PY3BXW *SM5AZU	*W4PZV *K5OS	*ZL1BKX	14BAC 1K7CBN	K7BCX *K7OXB	*PYSEG *SM7BYP	*AA7A K7ZBV	K4CXY KB4HU	JAZUYS JA4CUY	VP2MO 2218P	AISM KSEFS	K6DQ W6OK	JA9CGW SM4EMO	PY4KB XE1XF	AK1L N3TO	W9SU
*WAAWIP	*SM5BHW VE3BDB *VE3GMT	W5HTY	ZL4BO *K1NJE *W2VO	"ISLEL "JA1FNA "JA1OYY	*K7SP *NS7J *W7FP	*K1MM KIF2O	*AISS KSZO	WA4BEC WA4BIM	JA7ZP LU4MEE	AD1S K1SF	W8CBA W8WAP	K7LJQ KC8NY	W1EED W1GD	K1HDO W1CYB	N4BHJ W4APQ	265 CPBHD
*W4SSU *WA4WIP *K5JEA *W5JJA *N6NA *W6EUF	*ZL1ARY *W2FG	*W5RO *W5RBK *W5SJ	*KŒ4I *N4ZC	JA4FWM JA6BEE	K8CSG *K9FYZ	W2NC *AA4AR *KA4D	*WD8MGQ AB9E *K9BJ	WA4DAN K5GE KA5W	OH2BOZ PY3EM SM6CST	KA1DE W1YRC KA2ELW	KĐ9Q KĐHQW	WD8CZA K9PSN WA9IVU	W2ELH K53L K4JDJ	KB2MY N2RR NB3T	W4HYY KC7RY W8GS	G4IJW IT9YHR PT7AZ
*WEEUF *WEKUT *W9HPS	'W2GBC	*W6LQC	W48QY *W4VQ	*JASSIO *OZSEV	*K9HMB K9PQG	W4WMQ WB4TIN	*K9QVB	nsdgq Nd\$n	VE3MV K1MIZ	KB2HK KD2SY	298 DF3AO	WEFF	K4JLD W4CYJ	KB4CWO WA4PPS	272	SMSCSS 4Z4AB
*W9HPS *W9JT	KABVQ *KAHJE *WADDS	*KN8Z *W8CFG *W8ILC	*K6SVL *W9BM	*PY7ZZ *UW4NH	*KU9I	*K5RE W5EFA	DK5WS	W5AL W5LVD	KM1D W2JGR	KJ3L AK4T	I1SBU ISJHW	CP1FQ	W4JD WB4H\$A	WI4K WI4R	EASBOX EASVV	5B4MF KB1CD
341 *F9GL	"W4DPS "WA5IEV "N9AF	*W8PR *W8VHY	*W9ZRX 327	*VE1YX *ZL1AMN *9H4G	W9LNQ *KøkTP	W5UYD K6MA	DL8QS EA3OD *ISKKW	K6RK W6XH WD6BSD	N4VG W4DJJ WA4EHO	N4FKZ N5JR WARDT	KH6JEB SM7HCW VESUIDY	F6HJR JH8GWW	K5IH K5MK	NG5X K6CBL	FM5DN IK7AFM	W2MOF NASH
*18AA *JA4ZA	'W9DC	*W9DNE *W9GU *WøYOB	*F5JA *I1YG	K1JO K2BK	319 *DK6XR	*N6AHU W6ZZ *K7ABV	ISWRI JA1MDK	WD68SD K7GEX N\$7Z	WA4FHQ WA4QEJ WB4SWI	WSBPT WSVSZ KB6HT	VESUDX WA1YTW KC28W	OE2WJL VE3LDT N2VW	KSTGE WR6R AB8Y	W6MKB K8WWA KR9V	JASSC OHSNY OXSKM	AA4H W4DMV WB4SYP
*K1DRN *K28\$	*KDEPE	331	I2DEZ OE7UDH	*W2PSU	*DK9KD *G3RCA	N7GMN K8CMD	JA2JSF JABHQI	WYTE WAYKNK	W6DN W6ILH	W6MUS W6NLG	KC2KU KC2NB	NK2H W2VP	K9EL Køvzr	Køjrg Wabuws	WB1BVQ KQ2O	K7EHI KB7TO
*W2GK *W3FWD	335 *CT1FL	DJ2AA "DJ4PT	ON5NT	*K3BCG *W3FDP	*I1HAG *JH1EDB	*K8NW *K9VAL	OZ3WK 'PAØLEG	W9CRN WA9EKA	W6TFQ W6VZZ	301	KE2C KB3KV	WESL	KØZZ NBAMI	279	NN2F KHBOK	KNBCOQ N9DJ
*K4MQG	DL3RK *EA4DO *JA1IBX	*DJ9ZB DL7EN *DL9DY	*XE3EB *YV5DF *W1NG	*W3IF K4XH *K4YT	JASAFR *JASAQ JABIU	*W9XM *W9DMH	SM4BOI *VE3IPR ZL1BIL	WB9NOV 809	KBDJC KBZZU WBGUS	CX78F DK3PZ DK5AD	WB3ABS K4UEE K6KLA	NU4D KSCTG KSGOE	285 G48UE	DF2AL	W&DH W&NGZ	264
*W3JK *K4MQG *K4YYL *W4JVU *W4NKI	*.IA2ADH *OH3SR	*EA4JF *EA8JJ	.W52A .K500	WA4QBX WA4WTG	*JA7ARD *JA8IXM	*W9XX 315	*W1KSZ K2EYJ	DL7SY *12JQ	WAGUS WAUVZ NOJK	IZWNO ISICY	WSEZ W7UZA	KD6ZM NK5Y	G480E GM3CIX H89BLQ	DJ2UU F9JS HB9BYQ	KD≀CL WA8VPN W9TY	CO2HQ JASENX JASEDXG
*W6ISQ	*ONBXA *PY2CYK	*GSAFA *IX1BGJ	*KB3PJ *K4CEF	KSTV WSDJ	*UWØMF *Y\$1GMV	CX9CO EA7LO	KK2I	INSANE IBWES	W9NNE KØHRF	IT9TQH JH18SR	K8GG KG8J	W6MDH WB6RSE	JA2AYH JASBEN	HC1HC HK6BDX	KØHSC WØKXZ	PY4BL KA1X
*W7EPA *W7KB *W9TKD	*YV1KZ *W1SEB *W2SUA	17HH JA3APL	*N4CC W4CYC	"W6GO "W6HXW	K2AGJ *K2UO	*F6EXV HB9NU	W2IJB W2MPI	JA1EBE JA6GAX	KBØU WøJIN	JJ1DWT SM3DXC	297	MB6VIN AJ8J	JA5NG JAØDWY	I1XXM IK1AOD	271	NY2E
*WØSFU	*N4MM *N4WF	*JA4AFT *KV4FZ *QE3WWB	*WA4MMO *KBXJ *KBLJG	*K7UT *WA7DRP *K9RF	K4UAS W4EBO *WA4JTI	11ZFT *12MQP *17KB1	WA2MID *WB2CEI WB2P	OH2BZ SM6DHU UA9CBO	305 DF5BD	SM7BOL 286PI W1CJK	JA2LMA JA8ALB TG9VT	KOZTT WASCZS WBSLFO	XE1MD ZS8FU AK1N	WATZLD KC2FC	DL7AFV EASBYP	N3AKD KN4F
340 *DL1JW	*W5LZZ *K6GA	いつアカウタ	WOUCD	"KØALL W Ø MGI	WA4TLI *WB4NDX	*17KBI *179HLO JA1WSK	KE3A K4SE	VE7AHA - XE1L	G3VKW IBIHG	W1NM W1WLW	XE1VV K2OLG	W9CA	AK1N W1GG KV2Y	W2GZA KN3P K5MLG	F6GPG I5RRZ JA1KYE	263
*GSNLY *GSUML	*N6UC *W8ARJ	*SM4EAC *SM5DQC *UA9VB	1D44BS	*WØSR 322	AE5B KSRJ	JASJOR JABCWZ	KB4IT N4AVB	KT1N KG2U	LU5HN XE1CI	AF2O N2BJ	W2SSC NE4A	291 CE3BRW	W3HCW NK4L	WN6R	Jasbri Zuišz	PP2ZDD WA1SMI
*I2KMG *JA1ADN * IA2 BM	*W7LFA KBONV	*ZS6BBP *WA3ATP	*DJ5VQ *DJ9RQ	*DK3HL	W5VT W7GXC	OE1PC "PY2TM	N4RA NN4Q	N2KA NJ2C	KB2VK WA2MQE	W2IOB WA2DHS	KSRSG N7RT	CESEAT EA4DPK	WSRKK W6ZPV	KB7VD WD8IPJ	8P6OV K1NOK	K2EWB KB2XJ
*JAZJW *LASLF	W8NXF	W4DRK K5JW	*ITUW *ISADI	*InTBE *InDUD	*K8NA Wabe	SM6CTQ *UD6DR	WA4LOF WB4GNT	WA2JUN WB3CIW	WB3GOP WB3GPR	AA4KA AA4M	N8DE W9TA	EA7EM JF1CKL	WD6EKR	KBALP WD9IIC	WIHJF W2RS	K6JGV N6EBU
*VE3MJ *VE3SR	*K9MM *WAØQAH	,NBWM ,K&NH	*I3VRV *JA1ELY	*IBSSW *JA1IFP	WASPYL	VE3HQ VE3MRS	WB5LBJ/DU *WB5SKQ	KB4FQ KQ4O	KT4G N4BLX	N4BYU N4DRC	KAØCPY	JA2ÇXK JA6HUG	DL1BS		WA2WDJ W3IRE	W7HPI W8JRW
														lanuan	- 4000	73

KD9EB Wezra	KZ2W KC3KE	NQ&X N#B\$B	EISAR I3NEN	W1OHJ AC2P	206 EI6EW	W7JXP WA7CYY	182 F1HWB	JL1IHE PY3WW	HB9BIN LA1XDA	WT4Z NT7C	EA4CTU I6GKI	124 LA1IX	110 CP6XH	G4VBH HB9CTG	LU9DUW NL7HT	XE1OCA XE1XFP
262 E18EK	K5GKC NQ5W K7CU	248 AA4AV	OE2YMO FT75D XE1MMD	KA2PHQ WBALQ KD9RD	FE61FF HK6FIM	W8AKS KA9MOM WB9IWN	JI1FJV OH2BMC	SMBLPC XE1MN WB1AJG	KO2BW K4MEF KO6LV	148 CEIFGT	IØFDH KD3CR KA5BQA	PWBADV KB5NI	DL2YCD DL7AKR	HJ6MKK JR3TOE OK1JMJ	ODSKV SP4LEN VE3LZD	YTST KB1LL K2LZJ
JF1VST JASBLN	K7PM KA9PJZ	KøBFR	XE100 W1ETH	NB9C KCØCU	MOZUT JN1KEJ	WB9ZHS NØEUQ	YO3CD WA2ZLK	ND3A NBAHK	156	G4TLZ IKØAYV	WA9WJE	Waboat Waboat	DL9SC EA3EXW	PASBXC PASENH	YB8VM YCOEJG	KB2VI KB2VI
OZIBNZ VE3CWE	N9BAF KBØG	245 JA1CLW	ADMEW TTH8M	219	Ja2nnf La6lda SM7DXQ	WASARS WASCLN	W0PUD 181	172	ISOQK KA2VYW	JASIDO KJ6GC	131 DK6BT	123 LA9DAA	F1JTL G4POF G8BMU	SKØMT VE2ME	YUSHR ZLIBEN	WA2WGJ WB2BGA
VESHZH VESMFW	NØABE WØWFB	JASRAR PT2LS	NGBT N9BOK	JAINGM 4X4IL	N1CIX N88EF	199	JK3DGX RB5WA	LASLT KS1J	KYCAJ KONYE	WD9D2V 147	JO1TMU JE3FCT	OZ1LDN AA4OV	GMØARD GMØBCI	VE6EJ XE1ILI	N2GOI W2SIS	N3DHM W3BJI WB3JNC
K2MFN KC4ZH	253 CESDOR	VESAEC KSHT	W9VSL 226	KA1ERL KG1F	205	DF2XE IKBDUB	5Z5DU KD2UF	KSRMK AE6H	155 0J8PO	CE3GDN	LASTBA VE3CUI	KJ4VĞ KC5DX	12PJX IK2GSR	YC9VX YC8EFC	WB2MNE AI3E	AA4PQ
W4PC WC4B K5POK	DF8TJ EA5BD	n7er Koms	IN3QCI IK6BOB	AA4TV N5JPC W#JZ	JATAUJ	VK2AGA 4X6DK KA2YPT	WB2PCF KZ3H	171 HK5JPS	F3EJ IK6AQU	EASIR VE7AOP 7P8DP	XE1ICH YB4FNN K1CWG	KD7CC 122	JA1DJO	ZC4IT K2PK NZ2L	Kusq Wastig Kagkv	KA4OMI KD4TM KF4GW
W5NDP NE6I	HC2RG JA7FWB	242 IV3YYK	IK7DBB JA1DCO	WA9CDY	JA4AQA JH7QXJ LU8DWN	AI7M NSBNE	AA4NJ W5EHY WD5EWP	KA1LR WA4TJW	JA1EPL JA2DSF	KV4B KE9C	W1DFO KD2NL	N5JPJ	JA1HO JA1RBQ JH2ESL	KZ3B KB4CVL	N4DHY N4NTY	KI4KX W4TMN
W6DU KB7TW	KC1AG NA2G	241	XE1OZ K2OVS	218 HGJC	AA4JO N5PC	K9HEK 198	KN6H KE7PB	170	JA7GB OZ1LRT	146	WU61 W2FDE	121 DL7AFS	JN3DRB JA4WLF	N4BLO W4NTW	W4VN/IØ WA4QBZ	WD4CQY KE6FV
N7GMT WD8NMV	WB2TKU KE4MM	DF3CB EA9AM	WA4ZBC NT5C	JR1CVV XE2AQ	WSDLQ WSTZN	10ZSG	180	DLOFU HL1EJ	YI1BGD N3CZJ	EA1DZA IK5AMB	WASLLY 130	EA4DKZ LA2TY	JH5GPE JA6HBB	WB4TPF K5HYB	N5IQL WN5W	KGBWX N6OBX
261 G3YBH	WD4CRG NG8S WD8NVA	IKØFEW KSHAA WB5CYK	W7QN KD9EC KD9NA	6Y5EE N1EBT KC4MK	KI6WF KB8RT	IKBAPA 584ES K1TO	CP5LE I2KVI	IVSTRS ICSJAH JA7EAR	N5HBQ W85FXT NV7J	ZS6WB K4AMC N4IF	OL3SBI EASAP	PY2AEJ KC7PL	JA7IKQ ON8XE	KESPO/CES KETS KAGZOS	NIECFQ NECFQ NECS	W6KCB W6MIT WA7QQI
JF?DZA 6B4TI	W9WM KeUZM	WASFEN	WeZGP	217	NO9G 204	KF1J KS3F	JL3VWI JR3RVO JH4GNE	169	N9ELY	W85HBR KSJPW	JF1TEU JO1XOK	120 FD1LGA	OZSOT PAJEKX SM7BFT	N7GVV KC8MN	NELL WASPTC	W87CVF KD8SC
AF1U KE1K	KKM. Wøej	240 CT1AMK	227 DF2IS	UYSXE VE8XV	DL2FAG EA5DHE	WD5HYY	OE2YGM SM8LPF	EASBER GM2BUD	154 DF4TI	145	JASFO SP1MHV	JA4VUQ ZP5LRA	TG9ET TI2SD	W8IWJ KADIAR	WD6L KA7RRU	NG8Z NS8R
N3BNA KD4RH	252	10TIC 239	DK#ZPI HGVX	W2HTW W4PKA	IZLG IZRGV	197 KL7XO	NR2W KA3A	K4ODL Welyv	DL1OAQ FG7CB/FS	CP5HK N3DYW	VK2JG WA4GRZ		VK4FQW YBØBCA	106	N7CES NT9V	NY8P 100
W4ASW WB4CKO KC6ZA	HA8XX IK2G\$N ON8HF	DE60A	ikzawt Wl.7k Yvzeju	W5NJ 216	OK1RD OZ3YI	YVSEF NA2R NV4O	KA3DLT KA3J	WASHAN 158	SMØKCH XE3ABC YV5CMI	144 DJ2FB	WB6MZQ NX9R	KD40S WB4GQA	YC2CJJ YV1AVO	CN8EK CT1CFH DLSKCJ	NJØT WØGLG	DL3MAA G4SGV
W5CRP KX7J	KC2WQ W2KKZ	KE6OT KBQC	K1WVX KK4GT	DL1MM DL2XN	SPSES K1YDG	W4EWR KD6QE	K14UJ 17 9	IKSEEG W6RZO	KF4VS KESJE	JA1KQX PY2ZBO	129 JASAVP	NZ50 119	8R1AMO KA1AE	DL5NCC EASEYP	103 CN8FB	G4ZZK GBDEM
N9CHN WA9AEA	WD4KI KCSP	238	WD4LJY N5BCL	JABRUZ YV1BJY	WAZICE KK4HD NK5Z	WSKDL	CX7BV KP4CZ	167	W5UXR W6WPK	VE7IU K1KA	WP4AFA N2BSA	GM#CWR	N2WK K3YQD N3CDA	G4WOX GMAEB	CT1CIR EASDZR	GØDNV GU4GNS
260	WCSE NGAIT	JE3NWQ LX1WC	NZBN WYKT	WC5Q AI6Z	N6GAH KBMDU	196 JA4XZR	N2AWI AA4XR	I2RKI JA2QCX	153	WALNL	N2CTP K3GY S	YBBZAB ZP5HEB	N4PKL N5ITZ	K8HVH	EASEFV FD1MVT	HC1PF KL7JAF
JUNNT	NECGB WENXD	OA4ED W5ODD	KBBCU 226	KB7UG 215	K9LA	KU7F 195	WASPRS W9HHS	W878WZ KC9ZZ	EL2ED HK6GBJ	143 HB9AAM	KASKRI KNBJ	WIGXT	WO5G KESQB	NP4TB PA3EAA	G4XIB HASUB	OZIFNR VEICBK
DTHEHL DEXIBAL WATOV	W7ALZ NE8Q N9US	237 DL1MAJ	EASAN JHZUVL	DF3IU JE18DC	203 EASABG	EABANT JAMEOK	W9LYN 178	166 G2HIO	JI3MZY PAØPES 9G1JV	JASGMZ P29FG SM7MPM	N6ITY WB8PAT	118 IK1HJS	W6ESJ AL7HG	YBØPR YCØDAJ YO3DCO	HK3CNI JJ1CWX JABUBH	VKSTM YBBZEE YVSIAL
ZPSZR N1DCM	251	EASCIX PY10L	JRELLN LASSN	JITHNJ AE1Q	HKSJJH JG1FII	SM7LOX	ISFOM JA1ASO	HL1IE IK78VP	K1ZKM NQ1K	W6YHM AC@S	128 GT1CVF	TREAHO WA4GWD	KC/UT NE/E	ZLZBLC 4X6RA	PASAOS TIZLO	SZ4EV KA1LMR
KB2XP NA5S	CX2AAL F8GUG	N3EHD K9KVA	LU9DBK PY41L	KO5DR W5ADH	SP6DVP YCØEMJ N1AIS	194 W1FHP	PYZBGO SK4EA	JH10CC JH2KŒ	KD2GC AA4NK	142	DL9MAB G4ALFI	NZ8R 117	KESNU NR9X KØSBH	9J2DX K1YZG	XE1AFQ YG5BEE	NF1H W1EGS
WK5I KEBGM	ikzagn ikzduu	236	KSFNW K3IE	214	KW3X W3ZBF	W4PSJ NBDJ\$	SV1DO SV1VS	OZ2RM VU2TTC	KA9VEA KBFD	JA1MYW NQ2X	JN1WOZ JA6FGC	EA2BUF EA7AZA	109	WA2LIY KC3SN	YOMEAQ KA1OVE	KC2OL KD2DN
N8AMD W6FAH	LA4CM PY3CM	IVSIOX ITOYT	KCAGR	XEINJ WZ4F	NM50 KF6EN	193	VE3HIR KY3V	WA10EZ KE2CG	NØEXW 152	W8TIV	TIZECR	I4RYU JG7GDW	CE4EBL DL3AAW	AA4SU N4BYV	KZ1D N1DNI	N2AVR WB2RNH
KOTOH KOSTYX KYTM	VY1CW KB1U WAZAOG	JASTHU SMBDRB ZP5FGS	WB4B8H KB5KA KI6BU	213 HK3HFQ	WA7GQA K9KJS	Kanm Kamr Koskn	WN4KKN N6ARS W7HHP	WB2SON N6COG W8UVJ	DF8TK EASENG	141 HK5DD\$	UP2BKY VK2EXW XE1SIE	SM6CCO KA2CHX	DL3OF G4WEJ	KASENC KBSFIW NTSG	K2HTO KA2SKO N2ESD	KD3AI KU3T N3DED
NK7Y NF8W	KC3EK WB4LND	W1MGP W4GBT	WESH WBSRNY	IK2ANI IBDVJ	W#RHZ 202	191	KC9LB	165	I4VIH XE1ALH	SM6MSG ZPSJCZ	YCHRBG KA1UJ	N4PUQ KA8PBB	JE1NDA	WASGYD KB9WC	AA4RZ KI4UZ	NAILA WAAILQ
KONYX	KASCOJ KOTEH	WA4ZBK KF5MY	WD8SDL KS#C/KH2	IBHMD JL1HQH	EL2AY G4NXG	ikzhsw Jeanel	177 DL5SBA	EA3AAY HB9BOU	YV6BTF KB1KA	KF5CA WD5BEV	N1CPC NF1P	NO9H 116	JH1FTS JF7UEM LUGDKY	WEGUTS WKM	N4GYA KE6ZR	WA4UAS WB4AYE
259 I3LBW	Wapsh 250	KGLINP 235	225	JAØDMV KI4LP	I3GJZ IKØEIM	W5SL WB5VFL	G3UZM JH1ROJ	JA1UTN JF1JEQ	WAZMIS	Nacib 140	W1EII KC4YX	DJ3DR IK5DNE	ODSVT ONSEP	105	WB6OHH KA7MCX	AA5BE KA5KAS
IBZTE OZBEA BETAIK	CP18A EA3CZM	DJØCP	CP5AI CT1CDL	KASWOO NOSB NGFT	JE1CCD JA2IVY	ND7B AG8B	JABCBG SM6JHO N3KR	JRBAMD LX1CC	WA2UKA WB3FSB	FBAFA	127 DJ2K	IKSHHA ZB2GW	OZ1HLZ OZ1LGF	DF8AN EHCS	N7EYG W7SNY	NYSY WNSIPO
PT7NK PY4OY TRAJLD	EIBAU_ IK2FCZ	JI.1ARF YS1SA WA4GZA	EA2AOM FD1JIB HK6DOS	WASTJM WK6E	JASAIP LX1CW	190 IK1GPG	WB3KBZ/VP9 KJ4VH	KJ4CQ NF9E	N4PZF WA4MXD WD4DAH	G4JCO JF4PAG JABDKF	DJ4NY F3PD	ZL7AA KB2BJA	SM6NJK VK3YH	G2DBT G4RBD G4XTA	WC7F KB8DA KD8SY	K6MXA K16YB N6NXV
NZSE WSNYN	IBWYD JA4DBV	WENAT	ISBG IBIYW	212	PY4BA VE7OR YC2GHE	IZGGJ LZZVU	N4RFN W4OTS	163 KL7HRN	KF5MP NX5C	4X6UO	HB9S JH6WAH	W2ATO WA2TZP	YCƏBXK YCEBAC ZP5PMN	GU4WQP HA1UI	NSIMZ WB8BMX	WASWV
K7JXR KB9DE	PY2JSF VE2DPJ	234 HB9AUT	IBTOH JE7BEX	DF8NM DL3ML	ZP5CVI ZP5MSC	XE1TU KB8RM	WA4LPM WA4PMF	AA4ZK	N7BEK KCBAF	139 IKØADR	YE3UL YU1PQI	WEYWH	KA1GPR KB1WH	HG5AAS HK6IMU	K9GBN N9CVO	KD8NO NKBQ
WESI WESIM	VE2GHZ VE3RO	JA1NKA	YBSAQC 4Z4KX	IK2BTI IK2ECN	KC1BJ W1KSC	169	WD4KXM K6BAG	CPSTC	MBIQ NJ9K	JH9PUW YV2EMR	ZL2AQK 3D6BW	115 GM3SNP	N1EIU W1KKG	IK1GKH IK2FDM	102	NRBZ WD8BOQ
258 DJ1TC	VK1ZL YV1TO AK1E	JL1XMN W1AW KM3N	K3SKE K14FW N4MAD	fk2GXK IS#PJP LU4DXU	W1LWB WA2RLO	WB6Q 188	N&DUY K9JSK KWØH	DAZUT DV\$YL HK6HFY	KUBA 151	N3BBS W6HKF	KA1OFIB N2FP8 WA2KDC	JASBEK YC7DF	N3BI NG3Q	ikreie Jjijgi Je40kn	CE4TA CE5F58 EA1AEB	Maden Maden Nxah
F3HU JA1SJV	KA1PM KB2MK	KSBM	WB4CSK WD4JMC	SM7IDF NF1G	KC4OZ KJ4GK	DK6AY IV3GQL	176	IK6GPZ LX1DA	DL5OAH EISFE	138 KBANS	KA3LHP W3EE	N4NTQ N5KMR	KI4CU N4CIW	JABUMV LA38FA	ECICPE EI7DJ	WARBDX WERKIN
TR8SA KG2GF	NZAC W3MQF	233 DJ2MM	NISD WSAC	KD2LM KB8HW	WB4FOT KG8OU	XE1AMS ZS6BCR	CITIAVR GØAHC	VU2NP XE1JRV	GM4PVC HB9AOF	KJ4SW N4PYD	KC4LA KE6KT	NUBZ WSTAR WB9RRU	WZ5Z NVBC	LA9GK LU1FLY	HB9DDW HC1RF	***************************************
NI2C K4CE	AA4DO AA4NC	EA1AW IT9LYF	WA7ECU KA8DBM	W7KSK W8YZS	KI6GI W6JD	W3HEQ KR4D	JI2KAR VE2DRN	KD4WB WA4IUM	HB9APF IN3HO	NSFTR WASNOM	WA6QHQ NX7W	Wedce	KD9SO NF9Z	PA3DQT TI2JJP	JA18TB JF6EFO	CW 323
KW4V WB5NTI	AB4AE K4BWU	JI1WLL JA3PG	KOBKX	211	W7HX WF7B	KO9Y 187	VESEGO N2DNY	N9NB 1 6 1	K4DSM SM5DUP	137	NSFUM KC9YE	114 DF2UA	WB9WAZ 108	TIZMEN TZ6WC	JACEIKX KX6BA	*W9KNI
WW6F K8DFC W8HFK	WA4ETN WB4FQX K5RPC	N4DIT WBBVGY WD8NMT	NABW WASSXM K9ZXG	EASCTP ODSSM W1XS	KIBSXT KONT	JASJAZ KA1EKR	WE2K NK3U KB4NJ	JA3BFO XE2AFK	VE3OEE XE1XRC K3PA	JM3ADQ JF7GGE NG1J	N9CNF KAØKEL	JA6MWF SM6LJP	CP6PX	VK3VNQ XE1Z YB6NH	LUSDIT OE7KJI OKSYCZ	922 *K8GA
W9UPC KBRRY	KR5D W5OHF	NT9H W9VA	KH9Z WB9OBX	WØWJ WASRVK	201 CT1NQ	KM3J KM7E	KB4YT W5MUA	YC#SY 9N1MC	KD4MM N4MZL	W4LRE WA6RTC	126 DKBJB	118ZB 7P8DX	DF5MR DF6IZ DL9YCA	YBØCN YC5BEH	PYSZJ TIZIY	320
257	N&DHX WB6FZN	232	NBBC	210	FØFIJ IBZYA	186	N78X KAZA	K1CLN N7JB	KASTOF W8DN	NØGNG	EP2DA JK1UNZ	N2BSG K4KGU WA4ACL	G4CVK GM4ELV	ZC4AK KB1SC	TIZTEB TZ6MG	*DL6EN *N4WW
JASKT PP2BNQ	KC7WO N7FTL	JE2LOX	224 12MMH	INGFJT SM7ABL	CA4AV KIZLA	DL&MCF DL&NBE	WBØCHS	K eszm Konia	WB9KOY WB9QCY	DL8YAR	VE7EW YVSKKG	WYLIL	HK7MQC JE1BYI	N2ZZ WB2UMF	ZS4NS KA1KP	*W8AH 319
MD&HNO KEKT	ADSW WSNPF WBSHLI	JGSQZN TR8CR K3JGJ	LU1JDL N1AVL KI2P	ZS5NK KA1JC WA#VBW	W1NBE W1QJI	F6FYD GM4VWV KA2CC	KP4GY KV4JC	I60 CT1CNI	KDØFW KEØY	JA4HCK OZBWW WBJRK	W1WXV KD2WQ KE4UW	113 CX4ABY	JE2GMO LA3ZV	KQ3F N3CAM WA3DMF	KB1WR KC1EL WA1JVV	*NJ2BW
256 EA4GT	WD8MQJ K9LCR	KC4IH NSITG	NN2C W3NB	305 MY90BM	KASDOB WXSX Newyz	PY1DFF KA2CC	Kaslj Aaamn	FM5BX IK2BLA	150 EA1TE	135	WB4MRH WD4RHC	DK2PR G4WDW	OZ1KKH SM5B8S SMBDIN	KB4WQO KD4KS	K2EVY K2QFX	JATELY JATEVC XMM
OH2FS PZ1BK	N9BMS NF9Q	K8HD NW7O	W5ILR W5RJA	JN3OBF SP6IXF	N6HVZ W7KEU KA8ANQ	WW5Q WBJLC	KF4KJ KF5CU	JA1JTR JL18YZ	F3TC HL&U	YC50DQ YC5BOK	WJ4S W6AML	HABVB J87CF PA3DLM	SV1TN VU2SMN	N4PXV W4MOI	KY2O NX2H	318
WA1AYS KC2GZ	W9ZTL W 6 DFT	W7LZG WA9VKN	WD6EAW 223	VK4ZM W1WRN	N8AOV WD8DXN	185	W5OPZ AHBHY	YUZQU W5VHN	OE7XMH Y81ZN	5V7SA NU5O	W6CPB W6OSP	SM6LJU K3AYK	YC5BJP 21.3AGW	WASHAX KD6AR	AWVEAW	"SM3EVR "K2Fl.
N2AUV W2HX REAEW	W9MD 249	231 DJ7AX	JK8BMW	KS2M KI4SR D7Tal	KC9SF W9PVD	ON6PJ VE7XO	KD&ZM N&DYS W&QON	WD\$K 159	5Z4BP KB1CQ K2BOW	NG9L 134	WD8EQL 125	W6PLJ WA9LOZ	KZKIB	WN6E WOSH	KAZDT KJAYF KKAOK	*K2TQC *K3FN
KE4FW KF4YH	HA5AM I7SGZ	JH1MQC JK1SAI	JE1SCF PA3AWQ W4KKP	WT4I KD8KY	WSROK KIETVY	Kaisk Webamo Aket	WASQCO WBSALC	CX8CG WB2ABD	K2BQW N2CJT N2DXQ	DJ9EU VS6UA	CP1GP G4DII	112	N3EEO WA3NGT	WR8O KD7IK KE78R	KR4OK NE4L N5JUJ	*K4PI *K5UR *K8MFO
258 DL5NAO	JA1NQI VESEFX	ZS1JD KA1HBV	KERCO	208 G4ZYQ	200	N7CJO W8BCE	K7LYT KD7TO	KBAJRS N4ZQ	AC3T W3SEJ	ZL1BWK SN8ZHN	GM4WEW GM4ZAA	DL2DBE FE6FUN	AA4UM NQ4K W4LOR	WC7R KC8WF	NEMZG WEPGK	"W9DWQ "NØRR
IK1CDR I4WZT	W2NJN KJ4MD	WB6DQP W7CRT	222 EA4DGD	JJ3FQZ KE5PQ	EIBEM I3ZSX JA1SGU	184	WA7PZO KD8EE	N6LTN W&UMR	Washol KK4JF	W2ACC WB4M	JF2MVI KC6HA	JG1XVK KX6AZ XE1FER	WD4FZO KD5F	WD9DGE NØBSA	WB8UAN K7EHI/T32	317
YB3CEV YB5QZ	K6SIK KB9LN	KRYVI N8FZI	ISKQA OZSKE	KB&CLL N6HC	PZ5ES KA1YK	CT1AHU HA5FW	W6ZSD WD8IFX	KDØMD 158	K6FNS KF7IK	133	LU1BAB OE1KJW	XE1TOA YU2LLL	NSKUZ K6ICS	WØSPP WØLEO	KE7NT NB7N	*,JA1JRK 31 6
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KA5YCM KA5YCM KC5NO	JETTYA YUZWM	DF1AG HK6BER	W3SUE	207	N3FBN K4HV	W9WYN	NØBZE WØUGV	IAUYL YV38AP	WORGN	JAZODS SMBMIW	NNZU KB4SRE KI4IČ	KB9YK 111	KJ6BI KY7U NY7T	CP5GC CT1AWO	WEPUJ	*SM5BHW *SM6AJU
WBYFW	KZ4V W4KHL	KIGW KA1FXI	221 JA1KRW	DL4NN F6FGJ	KC4MJ KD4OM KE4SN	183 HKSLEX	174	K2PEQ K4JCA	149 G4VZQ	YC6LD WA4UUP	WA4SNU KC5QX	IK4FDQ IK8DMP	KASUS KOBNJ	DA2CH DL1BFY	101 CPSHP	'WIDA 'WING
254 CT4UW	W8QNF	KB1FE WQ6Y	PY2ZJ VE3FZW	Ji1LLD WT4U	KE45N W4KGH WD4AFY	SP4LVG XE1HTT	FD1JAD HB9CZW	WD4PBF W5QNF	HL4CCM JH1ORA	N5CFN WBBANU	KD5RQ N6NIG	JR3JBA YC2BAB	NCBI NKBF	GM3DPL GM4WZC	DL1SN HK1LDG	*K2UO *W2FP
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VESZN VKSQW XE1JIW	ITYEZ IT9CUE KC2O	229 EASFCO	220 JH5AUE	N6JV KD9OT	WASPIE W6WCA	KA4AVO KB4QR KBMB	KEØET 173	W&/S 157	K1NIT KA1FSO NA1D	NØRM 132	WS6F WASOLM WD81VE	KY3F W4CVX	CT1AGQ	JE1GZB JE1REU JOJNOS	TIBACS TZEFS VICSBOY	*W9ZR 315
5N9GM	KC2O WA4PYF	EA7CWC	YVBCAX		K7TIC K7TUH	K8MR NDØF	DF1QT	DL3SAX	N2BL	DK2WV	WD8LVF KD Ø UR	Negxa	DL2DBH DL3HCW	JO1MOS JY5EC	VK5BDY VQ9SS/C	*DL1PM

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112 DL7UX 110 120 120 120 120 109 AB6Y NT8V 108 GBAZT 127ZK 107 G2ATX ISHZZ CDE20WM 9Y4VU WS2IYO US8 CT1AUR DJ2YA WK6E	WATEGA KDMOH 101 HB3BTQ JF3JIQ FY2BW PY8ACP WE2ABD WD3DBV KASPJZ KASPJZ KASPJZ KASPJZ KASPJZ KASPJZ KASPJZ KASPJZ KASPJZ KASPJZ KASPJZ KASPJZ KASPJZ WASAKT 100 UZ4FWD KASPJZ KASPJZ KASPJZ WASAKT 100	180 METERS 217 WADDR KSUR 208 WEZV 205 AA1K 202 N4WW 200 K1ZM 194 N4SU 191 K1MEM	190 W2OKM 187 187 188 W2TQC 184 W3AP 183 W2SM 181 R11 180 W2BXA NAJJ 176 W0CD	175 N1ACH 174 N4KG 171 4X4NJ 170 W2JB 169 W8AH 167 W2BHM 166 W4MGN 185 K2RIH 181	180 ON4UN KSUWA 159 K2CL 158 JA1GTF OZILO WASTXT 157 K4UEE 156 W1JR 158 W4FX 154 W1JZ 154 W1JZ 152 L22DF	UTISAB W100 K04W 151 CK1ATP 424DX K1IU KSUA W3UM AA4MM AA4V W400 W400 W100 F68KI VE1YX K4PI W8UVZ NABY 148 K4TEA	145 W2FP 142 W2FCR 141 W3GH 140 W1NG W2PN N4NX 138 W3GG 137 DJ8RX 131 K9AB 130 KH6CC	128 VIGHD WIPFGI 127 WBSAVN WBILC 128 CK3CCD WIWM WICCM 125 IT9ZGY KZEV WBZCZB WTAWA KJ9I WB9NSZ 124 AB9O 123 WHAX	122 W4UW 121 W4DHZ 120 W1AB NA2M 119 118 PY1BVY 117 SM7BIC 9Y4VU W6AJJ 115 WA4VDE	NeDX 113 HKØHEU KASW NBUS 111 110 WZI_ZX WZFM WYMB 109 JA7AO 108 UZ6LWZ KIXM 107 OKSCQR	SP3BQD K2FL 105 F3AT G3KMA GK1MG 177C 105- T15UN UR1FWX N2MM K4UAS KS9U 104 G3BRD GM3IFNE RT4UA	WIFZ WZMPK N830 WB9HAD 103 DL6EN G38DQ G4AAW G4VGV OK12BQL OK3BRV SP6GH SV1JQ Z56LB KZUVV WZGVX N3BBQ W0CJ FMSWD	HBBAHL OKTIDOT OKTIDOT OKTIDOT OKTIDOXS OKSIDOX OKSIDO	ABBX WBRLC WARIOK 101 F8YZ HB9G OK1PGF SMSJE VK9NS W1ENE VK9NS W1ENE VK9NS W1ENE VK9NS W1ENE VK9NS KN5AQ VSNSBHW VESINO VSSDO VSSDO K1JO VSSDO K1JO WAEAA W4NL	WAYQ WEDAO AA7A A17B WTUV WYCEV KE9A SAT. 110 W3BWU 104 DL1CF 100 DL2KBS N3COG W8AH
		KONOH 101 HB3BTQ JF3JIQ PY2BW PY8ACP WB2ABD N3AKQ WD5DBW KGEIJ KA9PJZ KF9O WA9AKT 100 UZ4FWD WIEW KAXB KAXB KAMBI KEEID KEEID KEEID KOBOPY	NOMOH METERS	NOME METERS W20KM	NOME METERS W20KM	NAME NAME	No. No.	METERS W20KM N1ACH N1A	METERS W20KM N1ACH N1A	METERS W20KM NIACH ON4UN W100 W2FP W40W W41W W4	METERS W20KM N1ACH ON4UN W1OC W2FP W2FR W4UW 113 W3FR W2FR W2F	METERS W20KM N1ACH ON4UN KGBWA KGBWA CONTACT KGBWA K	NAME	METERS W20KM N1ACH ON4UN W3FP W3FP W4UW 113 K2FL W2MPK OK1DOT N1ACH OK1DOT OK1DOX OK1DO	METERS W20KM N1ACH ON4UN W3FP W3FP W4UW 113 N2F W3FPK OK1DOT W3FLC W3FPK W3FFK W

DXCC Notes

New DXCC Country

The ARRL Awards Committee has unanimously ACCEPTED the DX Advisory Committee majority-decision recommendation to add Malyj Vysotskij Island (M-V Island) to the DXCC Countries List by virtue of a commitment ARRL made in 1970. Additionally, the Awards Committee unanimously ENDORSED the DXAC finding that the 4J1FS operation of July 1988 met the published accreditation criteria.

M-V Island, located in the bay of Vyborg, Western USSR, was found in 1970 to qualify as a separate DXCC country under point 3(b) of the Countries List Criteria, and was awaiting activation. The island, leased by Finland from the USSR, is separated from Finland (OH) by intervening

In reviewing the accreditation of the 4J1FS operation, both the DXAC and the Awards Committee were troubled by the call-sign prefix. In the course of discussion, however, it was the sense of the Awards Committee that M-V Island may very well have qualified under the now-defunct "separate administration" clause of the country criteria. (This clause was in effect when ARRL first approved M-V Island in 1970.) Under separate administration, the call-sign would not have been an issue.

DXCC credit will be given for contacts made with M-V Island commencing with the July 1988 4J1FS operation. DXCC credit will be issued starting March 1, 1989. QSL cards submitted prior to that date will be returned without credit.

RTTY News

The DX Advisory Committee considered a petition to establish an RTTY Honor Roll and to reduce the endorsement levels for the RTTY DXCC. In August 1988, the DXAC voted on the petition, which resulted in both items being rejected.

License Renewal Information

- 1) Attach a photocopy, or the original, of your license to the FCC Form 610 (available from ARRL HQ; SASE, please).
- Mail to FCC, PO Box 1020. Gettysburg, PA 17326. There is no fee.
- 3) If you file before the license expiration date, you may continue to operate beyond the expiration date and until the new license arrives. After expiration, there is a five-year grace period under which you may still renew

without retesting. However, after two years of the grace period has elapsed, you will lose your call sign, and will be assigned a new one. After this five-year grace period is over, you must be reexamined for a new license.

- 4) Note that 10-year-term licenses, which have been issued to all amateur licensees renewing since January 1984, have only a two-year grace period before both the license and call sign expire.
- You may apply to have your license renewed at any time during the term of

- the license. FCC suggests the application be made approximately 90 days before expiration.
- 6) If you are simply modifying your license (change of address, for example), you must fill out a Form 610. Incidentally, your license will also be renewed automatically for 10 years at this time.
- 7) If you have any questions or problems, drop a note to the Regulatory Information Department, ARRL HQ.

Strays



HAMS AGAINST DRUGS

☐ Two Police Officers for the city of Colorado Springs, Colorado have started an Amateur Radio educational project to "show the youth of '80s that there are educational and technical interests that are fun..." Henry Hill, WA3CYC, and Andre Clair, NøICK, have developed a program called Hams Against Drugs (HAD) to bring ham radio into every school district in their area, grades 6-12, and license as many students as possible over the academic year.

Calling the present drug use by American youth, "Epidemic, plague, scourge," Officer Hill states he has been reacting to the problem after it occurs, and decided it is time to attack

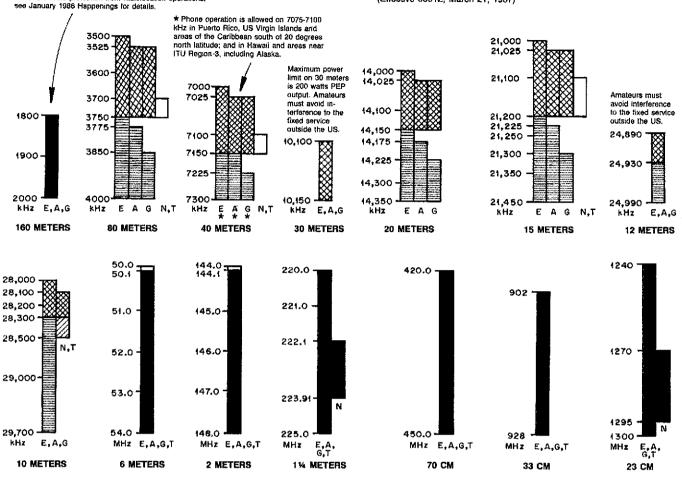


Students from Woodland Park (CO) High School interested in the Hams Against Drugs (HAD) project meet with Officers Andre Clair, NOICK (I), and Henry Hill, WA3CVC (3rd from i), in the school library. the problem before it happens. He believes, from his law enforcement experience, that attitude plays a major role in a young person's participation with drugs. Using the philosophy that youth who are busy studying for a ham license will lose interest in drugs and crime, the project focuses on ham radio—exposing the students to a world of fun and excitement, where they can channel their creativity and energy. The station, put together with donations, loaner gear and Officer Hill's own money, will operate CW, phone and packet, HF through UHF, and allow many students to participate at the same time. Officer Hill would like to thank the following companies and organizations: ARRL, Ten-Tec, ICOM, Heathkit, Alinco, Nye Viking, Coaxial Dynamics, Butternut, Yaesu, MFJ, Kantronics and Shure Brothers. He plans to report on HAD's progress later in the school year.

Amateur stations operating at 1900-2000 kHz must not cause harmful interference to the radiolocation service and are afforded no protection from radiolocation operations; see January 1986 Magazing for details.

US AMATEUR BANDS

(Effective 0001Z, March 21, 1987)



Operators with Technician class licenses and above may operate on all amateur bands above 50 MHz. For more detailed information see The FCC Rule Book.

E = EXTRA

N = NOVICE

G

ADVANCED

GENERAL

T = TECHNICIAN

5167.5 kHz Alaska emergency use only (SSB only) E, A, G, T, N

☐ ⊭ CW ONLY

8 ⇒ CW AND RTTY

CW, VOICE, SSTV

= CW, VOICE, SSTV, FAX AND RTTY

= CW AND SSB

US AMATEUR POWER LIMITS

At all times, transmitter power should be kept down to that necessary to carry out the desired communications. Power is rated in watts PEP output. Unless otherwise stated, the maximum power output is 1500 W. Power for all license classes is limited to 200 W in the 10.100-10.150 MHz band and in all Novices subbands below 28.100 MHz. Novices and Technicians are restricted to 200 W in the 28.100-28.500 MHz subband. In addition, Novices are restricted to 25 W in the 222.1-223.91 MHz subband and 5 W in the 1270-1295 MHz subband.

The "Considerate Operator's Frequency Guide"

Some frequencies that are generally recognized for certain modes or certain activities (all frequencies are in MHz):

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1.800- 1.83	0 CW, RTTY and other narrow-band modes	14.070-14.0995	RTTY
1.830- 1.84	0 CW, RTTY and other narrow-band modes;	14,100	NCDXF beacons
	intercontinental QSOs only	14.230	SSTV
1.840- 1.85		14,313	Maritime mobile
	intercontinental QSOs only	21.070-21.100	RTTY
1.850- 2.00	, princip, mile outer tribe being modes	21.340	SSTV
3,59		24.920-24.930	RTTY
3.610- 3.63		28.070-28.150	RTTY
3.790- 3.80		28.200-28.300	Beacons
3.84		28.680	SSTV
7.04		29.300-29.510	Satellite downlinks
7.080- 7.10	O RTTY	29.520-29.580	Repeater inputs
7.17	1 SSTV	29,600	FM simplex
10.140-10.15	0 RTTY	29.620-29.680	Repeater outputs

ARRL band plans for bands above 29.300 MHz are shown in the ARRL Repeater Directory and The FCC Rule Book. For suggested packet frequencies, see p 54, Sept 1987 QST and p 51, Mar 1988 QST.

All letters will be considered carefully. We reserve the right to shorten letters selected in order to have more members' views represented. The publishers of *QST* assume no responsibility for statements made herein by correspondents.

[The letter entitled "CW—Obsolete?" which appeared in November 1988 QST created a great deal of debate. Dozens of letters were received, all in opposition to N8IKW's viewpoint.—Ed.]

CW OBSOLETE? NO WAY!

□ In the time that I've been a ham, I've seen more and more "communicators" entering our hobby. They surely have found an interesting hobby, however, I question whether it is really ham radio. A familiar fist or voice is not permissible in their "communicating."

While the average person on the street may perceive ham operators as introverts who wield soldering irons and wear pocket protectors. I know better. Packet moves information quickly and accurately, but it is impersonal—machines communicating [with each other.] Indeed, these communicators may have missed out on ham radio's greatest opportunity. As operators using "antiquated" modes like CW and SSB, they could be out making friends around the world.

Decades from now, "communicators" will be able to read dot matrix printouts of old bulletin boards. I guess I'll have to settle for my Novice QSL from JH1WIX or my first 5-band QSL from KH6IJ. Granted, my views are those of an "old-timer" (aged 32 and licensed 18 years) with a 1×2 call.—Jim White, K1ZX, Goulds, Florida

....l remember reading a story about a ham who experienced a microphone problem while demonstrating his rig. He quickly took out a pair of wires and made a QSO using Mr. Swanson's "obsolete mode" of CW. An amateur with a no-code license would be in quite a predicament in this situation. Being 25 and a ham for over a decade, I appreciate all QSOs made with old-timers. They know the true value of home-brew equipment and of the phrase "simpler can be better." I have nothing against the "engineering marvels" of today. They've put bread on the table for me, but if hams rely totally on this new technology, they may find themselves lost without it.—Andrew Singer, WK2F, Garner, North Carolina

am really surprised at his ignorance of history and utility of CW as a communications mode. [N8IKW] states: "The use of Morse code in future conflicts as the principal means of communication is unthinkable. To suggest such a thing could be an invitation to ridicule." This has no basis in fact. The US Air Force, within the last two years, has shown a renewed interest

in the use of CW as a primary means of communication in a nuclear-modified atmosphere and the Air Force MARS program has a very extensive CW training program at this time as an adjunct to regular Air Force communications.

In World War II, Germany used high speed CW operations at over 100 WPM, and this is quite comparable to our present 60 to 100 WPM RTTY operations. To say that it takes forever to manage information using the Morse code shows ignorance of historical fact. The Morse code is still quite unique in its ability to be the only code readily understood by both man and machine. It will be here as long as we have radio communication.

Also, the opposition to the code require-

ment is not traditional at all, but rather it

comes from those who don't fully understand or chose to ignore our role as amateurs in bare-bones emergency and contingency type communications.—W. R. Phillipson, W6PRI, Cupertino, California N8IKW's letter makes the error of assuming that amateur traffic is in competition with the many other services which exist today, however, we do not have to be able to move huge volumes [of traffic] fast. Sure, if we can do it through the use of computer modes, that's very good and should be encouraged. No one is suggesting that we argue that the military should use CW, however, many of the newest military transceivers do have provisions for

CW, and it doesn't hurt that hams are a

group the military doesn't have to train in

CW.

When I was a Communications Officer in the Army in Greenland, I recall an occasion when the North East Air Command's tropo-scatter link to the States was knocked out in an intense magnetic storm which lasted three days. The Danish weather net, which had stations all along the coast, filled in for us and they used low frequency CW with 30's vintage gear and hand keys. The data rate was very slow, but the traffic got through. Only the most urgent traffic was sent. It forced everyone to greatly edit what was being sent, and it was surprising how much didn't need to be sent! — David L. Wiesen, K2VX, Newark, New Jersey

... As a member of the Marine Corps, I have seen a growing emphasis on the use of the obsolete CW. —Sgt Anthony Engracio, N4FPO of Miami, Florida

... The Soviet Navy makes heavy use of CW; it's cheap and reliable. After the US Navy commo-satellites get knocked out by

EMP, who will be left on the air? As far as taking forever to manage information using this mode, all this means that N8IKW needs to practice CW more!

It is true, as he states, that digital electronic modes are engineering marvels; however, they are also quite costly, especially to the little guy entering the hobby. They are also very complex technologically and therefore subject to malfunction. Finally, CW is an art form and it still separates the men from the boys! —Hans K. Hildebrand, KA1PCJ, Conway, New Hampshire

....Let me say that the age of computers and digital communications is truly wonderful. I use my home computer for many tasks, including the typing of this letter. I have designed and built many circuits using digital circuitry. It is here to stay, and I'm glad. Digital and analog electronics enthusiasts should learn to recognize the merits of each area of interest and try to get along and not be critical of one another.

CW is valuable in the following ways: 1) It teaches those who are inclined to build communications equipment. A great deal of the young engineers coming out of school these days, while they are being taught plenty about computers, are being taught relatively little about . . . electronics. Many I have seen can't troubleshoot a simple audio circuit. 2) [CW is useful because] it can be used in emergencies when more complex forms of communications have failed. 3) Allowing to its simplicity and smaller size, it would be of great value in a [war emergency]. The Navy still uses CW in the form of light from ship-to-ship and ship-to-shore.

To those out there in radioland who enjoy using packet, I say more power to you. I am glad you have found a mode that you like. If each of us have different interests, then we won't be competing for or be crowded into the same band space. Just remember this: One of these days, someone yet to be born will come along with a "newfangled" idea that will make antique and "obsolete" what you have become comfortable with. I hope that you extend to them the same courtesy that others have extended to you.—George R. "Bob" Howe, KB9JR, Mahomet, Illinois

☐ I have only been a ham for one year, but there is one thing I have noticed while tuning around the 10-meter "war zone" of 28,3-28.5 MHz. Most of the hams I hear want a no-code license, and many say that

CW is useless or that they can't copy 13 WPM. Well, I worked very hard for my ticket, and I've held three calls in six months. I wasn't born with Morse code running through my brain. One thing I can say is that ham radio does not give you something for nothing. CW is only as hard you make it. You can't buy it or have it given to you or even steal it—you must work for it and earn it yourself. All I want to say is "Don't let code die"—keep the code requirements and we will have better operators on the bands.—Ron Smith, KF7JF, Phoenix, Arizona

There is another important factor that rarely enters into the code/no-code argument: the code test is a simple communications skills test and more specifically, a listening test. It gives one the ability to listen and discern and react by writing down the information heard. This is proof that prospective amateurs have sharpened their real time communications skills to some degree. Can anyone suggest a codefree method of testing listening skill that will be more uniform and fair for all and as easy to administer as the code test?

—Steve Kirschner, WY6P, Redondo Beach, California

....Only in exceptional circumstances—such as lack of availability of other equipment—would CW actually be considered a necessary or expedient mode of communications nowadays. Using CW might be considered analogous to the engineer who uses a slide rule when pocket calculators are available.

However, a significant number of hams, myself included, prefer this mode for recreational purposes. Some of us have developed proficiency in CW which may not be "useful" in such endeavors as the high speed transmission of great megabytes of data for commercial profit, but we enjoy it anyway as an escape that is better than watching television and more fun than jogging to the point of exhaustion in subzero weather!

In short, for many of us, CW IS FUN. In this society, fun is something that, in its purest form, ought to be more widespread. There will always be those of us who pound away on keyers, bugs and, yes, even straight keys. Precluding QRM, QRN, power failures, heart attacks or other catastrophes, such QSOs are inevitably finished all too quickly most of the time.—Stan Gibilisco, WIGV, St Paul, Minnesota

☐ ... To those who say that it takes forever to communicate on CW, I suggest that they listen on 20-meter CW a little. They'll find stations operating at 30+ WPM, and I'll bet that they're not nearly as tired of communicating after several hours than SSBers who have yakked for the same. It takes a lot less effort to move two fingers than two lips!—Mike Gilbreath, N4OHB, Fort Payne, Alabama

Let's not take the personality out of ham radio by looking for ways to make contacts shorter and less personal. I love CW! It happens to be my favorite mode of operation. Sure, I do packet and occasionally voice; I'm even planning my first satellite contact, but CW gives me a greater sense of accomplishment and enjoyment than any other mode.

I was willing to put in study time and practice [in order to earn] my Extra Class license. I didn't expect the privilege of ham radio just to be given to me. I also don't expect it to be degraded by allowing anyone who can run a computer and dial up a BBS to become a ham operator.

You may be surprised to find out that I am not an old-timer in ham radio. I'm 33 years old, and I've had my ham license for two years. I'm also one of those high-tech software engineering people who works with and helps create some of those impersonal and speedy methods of moving "data." I still go back to CW for that special thrill...maybe it's the sparks!—Scott J. Gottfried, NØHOT, Longmont, Colorado

☐ Almost 150 years ago, Daguerre, a French experimenter, introduced photography to an astonished world. The following day, a newspaper carried the headline: "From Today, Painting Is Dead." Somehow, painting managed to survive. It survived because painting was, and is, an art. Not the most modern way of capturing a scene on paper or canvas and not the most accurate way, but to many, the most beautiful way.

CW is also an art. Practiced and loved by many, many thousands, CW will survive. Letters condemning CW have always seemed rather sad. Sad, because someone is missing out on one of ham radio's greatest pleasures, and sad because it is so unnecessary to condemn one mode in praise of another. To me, there are few pleasures in the world that compare to a good, snappy CW QSO. Occasionally, when someone compliments me on having a "good fist," I feel proud. Recently, when a VK told me "your old bug is music to my ears; I could listen to it all day," I felt very honored.

Small pleasures perhaps, and certainly not for everyone, just as some modes are not for me. I love DXing, rag chewing, building and CW. I have little interest in RTTY, 2-meter FM, packet, EME and so on, but how glad I am that we have all of these wonderful and varied means of communications. I will fight to the end to preserve each and every one of them.

—Bruce Vaughan, NR5Q, Springdale, Arkansas

THE REAL ATLAS RADIO, INC

Within the past year or so, an unfortunate situation has come about which

reflects on my former company, Atlas Radio, Inc. An individual located on Long Island, New York has been using the name Atlas Radio with an exact copy of our former logo and type style. There is no connection between this firm and my former company.

There are currently two qualified service organizations for original, genuine Atlas Radio equipment that I know of. They are: 1) RF Parts, 1320 Grand Ave, San Marcos, CA 92069 tel: 619-744-0728 2) Clint Call, W6OFT (who was Service Manager at Atlas for several years) 2248 Jefferson, Carlsbad, CA 92008 tel: 619-729-0850. Thanks.—Herb Johnson, W6QKI, Cardiff, California

GOOD SHOW

☐ Edward Mitchell, WA6AOD, did a superb job with his October *QST* article entitled "Emergency Communication: Is It Legal?"

We were able to use portions of the thoughtfully constructed piece on our Upstate Regional Emergency Training Net which meets weekly and covers four repeaters in 13 contiguous counties in upper South Carolina. The really nice thing about Mitchell's work is that it leaves one with the impression that he may not be hung up on "the way we did it in the Army." Thanks for the article.—George Allgood, K4PYM, Walhalla, South Carolina

RTTY ROUNDUP-GET READY!

☐ I'm delighted to read in November QST that users of RTTY and other digital modes of communication are to have a contest in January. It may surprise some that the ARRL did sponsor a RTTY Sweepstakes in 1962. February 1963 QST, page 50, acknowledges that over 300 stations participated in that contest.—E. Stephenson, W6MKM, San Mateo, California

Strays



I would like to get in touch with...

- ☐ anyone who has operating and/or maintenance manuals for a National NCX1000 transceiver. George Uminski, K6YGK, 13776 Mira Montana Dr, Ca 92014.
- anyone using the Butternut Butterfly antenna. F. E. Tweed, N9FWM, 38 W 248 Joan Dr, St Charles, IL 60175.
- ☐ anyone who has info on model TT 264 A/G teletypewriters which were used on a WW II P2V anti-submarine aircraft. Eric Smith, ND3J, 501 Beaumont Rd, Colesville, MD 20904, tel 202-778-5506.
- ☐ anyone who has a service manual for a Hewlett Packard 3469B multimeter and/or a 5260A frequency divider. John Anderson, N7GGO, PO Box 1145, Shelton, 98584.

Future Shock? Real Traffic Handlers Use CW!

By James Wades, WB8SIW

[ARRL HQ has received a large number of letters in response to the "Future Shock" article which appeared in the September 1988 edition of this column. This is one of the more interesting responses—Ed.]

Brad Wells' article "Future Shock in the NTS" brought to mind many thoughts developed over a period of many years spent in various capacities within the ARRL public-service community.

First of all, while it is probably safe to assume that packet radio is quicker and more convenient for the radio amateur, one could probably make a strong case that this is not the typical driving force behind the hobby. Most amateurs participate in the NTS because they enjoy the challenge of traffic handling. While I support digital technology, and use it myself, it will never give me the same thrill as picking up a string of messages at 35 WPM without a miss. Sure, I could drop a radiogram onto a BBS and forget about it, but what challenge is found in doing so? With all due respect to modern engineering, I'd rather play the violin! The simple fact is that it takes little more skill to hook up a TNC. computer and 2-meter radio than it does to interface a VCR with a TV, outdoor antenna and cable converter. This is not to say that packet radio is of no value. It is simply a way of saying that digital communications, for many, lacks the challenge provided by traditional modes.

Although digital communications are far superior to CW or SSB in many cases, there are many who could effectively argue that situations arise where a good, low-tech system will save the day when all else fails. Both the maritime services and our military recognize this. I have seen many cases myself where CW has cleared more traffic than both packet and SSB on poor propagation paths. Does this mean CW is better? Of course not; it simply means that all modes have a place in Amateur Radio and emergency communications, depending upon the circumstances.

An often-overlooked fact is that all communications must start with the written or spoken word. The skills gained through regular operation on a SSB or CW traffic net will always be of great value in various communications situations. The self-discipline gained through regular participation in an NTS area net will be of untold value while operating on traffic nets and

The Net Control Sheet

Net controlling is no easy task, requiring much talent on the part of the operator. A useful prop is a set system for keeping track of net operation so that you don't get mixed up and start to lose control. This can best be effected by a sheet of paper on which you record who has what traffic, who covers what and who is on what side frequency. Trying to keep this information in your head is a losing battle unless you have a remarkable memory.

There are many methods for doing this, depending to a great extent on what net is being controlled and the exact procedure used. In general, however, the best method is to list the calls of stations reporting in vertically down the page, followed by their coverage, if known. The coverage may be unnecessary if the NCS knows his stations, but it is a good idea to leave space for it in case an unfamiliar station reports in and you have to ask his location.

Next, list horizontally across the page the traffic reported by each station coming into the net, using destination (abbreviated) followed by the number of messages. From this you can see at a glance when traffic flow can start. In most nets, it is best to start it right away, and not wait until all stations have reported in. As traffic is passed, it can be crossed off. Whenever you get a station who has no traffic and for whom there is none, that station can be excused (QNX) and crossed off the list. As stations clear traffic and there is none for them, they also can be excused.

If side frequency (QNY) procedure is used, net controlling is a bit more complicated, but the use of such frequencies vastly speeds up the process. In this case, you will need to keep track of who is on which side frequency clearing which traffic, and you will be kept busy dispatching them, sending stations up or down to meet stations already on side frequencies, checking stations back into the net as they return, etc. Both your fingers and your key or mike button will be kept going, and it can be a nightmare if not handled properly.

Probably the best method is to keep the side frequencies on a separate sheet, each side frequency utilizing a separate column, labeled up 5, up 10, down 5, down 10, or whatever spacing intervals you find practical. As two stations are dispatched to a side frequency, enter the suffixes of their calls in the appropriate column, at the same time crossing out the traffic they are sent there to handle. When they return, cross them out of the side-frequency column; this side frequency can then accommodate two other stations. Of course, if you dispatch a third station to the side frequency to wait to clear traffic to one of the stations already there, enter him in the column also, and then only one of the two originally dispatched will return, so just cross off that one. When all your listed traffic is crossed off, the net is ready to secure (QNX QNF).

There are a number of refinements to this method, but the above is basic and a good way to start. Experience will soon indicate better ways to do it.

various public service nets-such as a severe weather net or 2-meter ARES netor any communications situation that involves high levels of stress and the need to operate under pressure. Any amateur with a long tenure of experience in publicservice communications will be quick to recognize that such discipline is sadly lacking in the Amateur Radio Service. If you don't believe it, tune in on 20 meters next time there is a major disaster and listen for yourself. The quality of emergency communications has dropped dramatically in recent years and much of the problem stems directly from a lack of operator discipline; a discipline which cannot be learned by dropping radiograms onto a packet BBS.

Another serious problem affecting our hobby is a narrow-minded sense of parochialism that clouds the minds of many amateurs whenever opinions are formed about the relative merits of various modes or activities. We've all heard it before: "CW is obsolete and for idiots," "packet makes all other modes obsolete," "real traffic handlers use CW," and so forth. In reality, these comments say only one thing about the individual who holds them to be true.

The individual who calls CW obsolete in the November QST Correspondence column should monitor QMN, the Michigan Radiotelegraph Net, for several weeks (using a code reader if necessary!) before forming an opinion, Sure, it's not as fast as packet, but in many cases it is faster than the SSB nets. Does this make SSB obsolete? Of course not; such a thought would be considered ridiculous. The simple reality is that the measure of a mode's value is directly proportional to the operator's skill and how appropriate that mode is to the communications situation.

If we wish to revitalize the NTS and Amateur Radio in general, a good place to start might be in the thousands of Novice license classes held throughout the country each year. All too often, newcomers to Amateur Radio are taught simply enough to pass the exam and little else. How often are Novice students shown an example of a skilled CW traffic handler at work? How often are Novices introduced to public-service communications or taught how to work DX with courtesy?

More often than not, the newcomer to the hobby is taught that "CW is meant simply to keep the CBers out" and is told very little about the fine traditions of operating excellence upon which the foundations of our hobby are built. Over 50 years ago, the ARRL ran an ad in OST for How to Become a Radio Amateur which stated, "not more amateurs, but better amateurs." Perhaps it is time for the ARRL, while promoting modern advances in communications technology, to look back to that phrase as a goal for today's League. Perhaps then we can insure that today's radio amateur has an openmindedness which will allow him to embrace new technologies while respecting the value of the operating traditions established by the pioneers in our hobby.

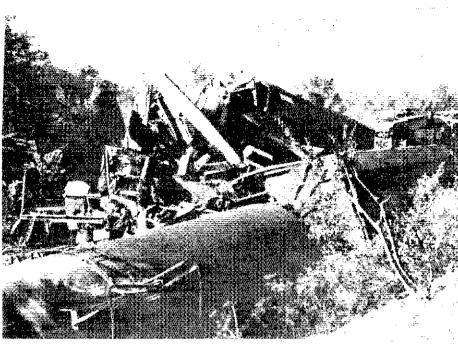
SPOTLIGHTS ON SERVICE Walker Mountain Fire, Grants Pass, Oregon

A lightning storm started numerous forest fires in the vicinity of Grants Pass, Oregon on the evening of August 23, 1988. Two fires, of 1000 acres each, were threatening a heavily-wooded subdivision north of Grants Pass.

The Sheriff's department called the Red Cross to establish an evacuation center at Fleming School near Merlin. The Red Cross radio officer, WA7TZG, contacted the Josephine County Emergency Coordinator, KA7DEF, who immediately activated the Amateur Radio Emergency Service and dispatched WM7K to set up a station at the Fleming evacuation center.

WA7TZG was already manning the permanent VHF and HF station at the Red Cross headquarters for contact with the evacuation center by using the Southern Oregon Radio Club repeater, K7LIX. He was later relieved by KA7NCH and W7TLK.

KF7HW accompanied the Red Cross director on his rounds Friday. The Emergency Coordinator deactivated the ARES



Amateur Radio operators responded to this train collision in Altoona, lowa. (photo courtesy NAØR)

at noon on August 27, upon notification from the Sheriff that the immediate emergency was over.

Twenty Amateur Radio operators were directly involved, as well as a number of others who monitored and indirectly assisted the Emergency Coordinator. These amateurs contributed over 146 hours of service and drove hundreds of miles to perform their assignments. It was a very successful response to a sudden requirement for public-service communications by the Amateur Radio Service.—Robert Peck, KA7DEF, EC, Josephine CO, OR

Altoona, Iowa Rail Accident

Two freight trains collided head-on in Altoona, Iowa on July 30, 1988. Right behind one of the diesel engines, a fire broke out on two tank cars filled with denatured alcohol creating the possibility of a tremendous explosion and fireball. There were two fatalities from one train crew, while the other crew jumped clear.

Altoona amateurs KAØNNS, KAØYXY, NØJAQ and NØJAS were the first hams to respond to the critical situation. After conferring with the Polk County Emergency Director, Bob Plath, activation of an Amateur Radio station in the command post was requested, in case phone lines became overloaded if an explosion occurred.

It was decided to let the fire burn itself out and evacuate the northeast part of Altoona and surrounding countryside. 1500 to 2000 residents were asked to vacate their homes, and the area was sealed off by local authorities about three hours after the accident was reported. This evacuation was to extend over two days. Shelters

were opened by the Red Cross, but most of the evacuees stayed with relatives or at motels. With phone lines in their normal condition and few evacuees in the Red Cross shelter, it was decided to wait to see if the situation became worse before setting up an Amateur Radio station.

KDØBG, the Iowa Section Emergency Coordinator, was notified shortly after the accident and recorded the calls of local hams that could be of assistance.

The Polk County Emergency Coordinator, NAØR, was kept abreast of the situation while finishing up an afternoon at work. After having a conference with Bob Plath at the command post in Altoona, a two-hour schedule was drawn up and filled immediately with area hams. With the exception of early morning hours on Sunday and Monday, the ham station at the CP was manned on a continuous basis.

Sunday morning, officials from the National Traffic and Safety Board surveyed the scene and declared it a major disaster. The decision to let the fire burn itself out was reaffirmed and the evacuation remained in effect. The safety features on the two burning tanks were working and the situation then seemed under control.

—James Snapp, NAOR, EC, Polk Co, lowa

Council Bluffs, Iowa Tornado

Before last summer, I was under the impression that we had an adequate number of trained and experienced net control operators in our ARES organization, but a major storm with tornadoes came through our community. Now the training of more net control operators is our number one priority.

In most ARES groups and nets, members train for an event that they hope will never happen—a disaster. Yet, nothing perfects skills quite like a disaster! In our organization, nine people were trained in net control operations, and I felt that this number would be adequate. However, in an actual disaster, the more skills a member can bring to the situation, the more valuable they are to the total effort. For example, a person with damage assessment. emergency power and net control operator training can handle more duties than someone who only has damage assessment training. Volunteers who are better trained are more flexible in the ways that they can help. Ironically, this worked to our disad-

How to be the Kind of Net Operator the Net Control Station (NCS) Loves

As a net operator, you have a duty to be self-disciplined. A net is only as good as its worst operator. You can be an exemplary net operator by following a few easy guidelines.

1) Zero beat the NCS. The NCS doesn't have time to chase all over the band for you. Make sure you're on frequency, and you will never be known at the annual net picnic as "old so-and-so who's always off frequency."

2) Don't be late. There's no such thing as "fashionably late" on a net. Liaison stations are on a tight timetable. Don't hold them up by checking in 10 minutes late with three pieces of traffic.

3) Speak only when spoken to by the NCS. Unless it is a bona fide emergency situation, you don't need to "help" the NCS unless asked. If you need to contact the NCS, make it brief. Resist the urge to help clear the frequency for the NCS or to "advise" the NCS. The NCS, not you, is boss.

4) Unless otherwise instructed by the NCS, *transmit only* to the NCS. Side comments to another station in the net are out of order.

5) Stay until you are excused. If the NCS calls you and you don't respond because you're getting a "cold one" from the fridge, the NCS may assume you've left the net, and net business may be stymied. If you need to leave the net prematurely, contact the NCS and simply ask to be excused (QNX PSE on CW).

6) Be brief when transmitting to the NCS. A simple "yes" (c) or "no" (n) will usually suffice. Shaggy dog tales only waste valuable net time.

7) Know how the net runs. The NCS doesn't have time to explain procedure to you. After you have been on the net for a while, you should already know these things. vantage during the actual disaster operations, as those who were trained in net control operations were also trained in other areas where they were needed. For example, Paul had experience with the 911 center and the emergency operations center. He was also busy restoring reliable 2-meter communications there, and was not available to take on NCS duties. Two other experienced operators were busy providing emergency power for the Red Cross chapter house. My background with the Red Cross also involved a lot of liaison work with that agency. Of the nine trained net operators, five that were available to help were involved in other phases of the disaster effort. Other ARES member stations were present or on the repeater and available for different assignments, but none felt that they could jump in and handle net operations. The need was met by another station and myself sharing the net control duties back and forth. This pointed out the necessity for more trained net operators in our organization.

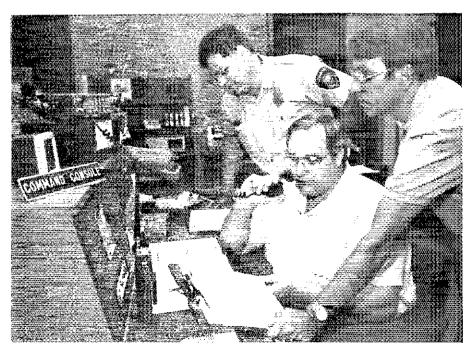
The need for experienced net operators is also realized when a disaster effort lasts for several days. When a net runs for 10 to 14 hours a day, many people are needed to take over the duties of net control. The burden often falls to a few who are trained and feel comfortable in managing the business of the net.

Fortunately for us, the disaster happened on a Friday afternoon, and the bulk of our services was provided over a weekend. Out of the nine trained net operators, two or three would have been available if the disaster had happened during the week, when most of the nine would have been working. I would likely include some who could be available during the day in future training sessions for that very reason.

So, if you asked me today if it was possible to ever have enough people trained in net control operations, I would answer "No, you can *never* have enough." Those who have had the training are even better net participants and have a better understanding of the process and purpose of the

One final point should be made. The purpose of disaster training is to practice the skills you strive to achieve. Get accustomed to being net control. Volunteer to take nets whenever you can. Practice doesn't always make perfect (like handwriting), but it can make for a fair amount of permanence. Practice skills often, and they will become automatic when you need to call upon them in an emergency situation. You won't have to stop and think about what you should do. You will have done it often enough before, so that you will do the right thing. In our experience with the tornado disaster, the need for more trained net control operators was recognized and will be addressed with future training sessions.

If you belong to any ARES or traffic nets, you could make your organization more flexible and ready for the unexpected by volunteering to train and take net control functions periodically and keep your skills sharp. You and your organization will be better for it.—Terry Lindsley, KSOL



A tornado in Council Bluffs, Iowa brought ARES members to the communications command center (photo courtesy KSØL)

Field Organization Reports October 1988



ARRL Section Emergency Coordinator Reports

Thirty SEC reports were received, denoting a total ARES membership of 19,040. Sections reporting were: CO, EPA, GA, IA, IN, MDC, MI, MN, MO, MS, NFL, NH, NM, NNJ, NTX, NV, OH, ORG, PAC, SD, SDG, SJV, STX, VA, VT, WA, WNY, WPA, WTX, WV.

Transcontinental Corps

Ārea	Successful Functions	% Suc- cessful	TGC Function Truffic	Total Traffic
Cycle Two				
TCC Eastern TCC Central	110	90.00	430	880
TCC Pacific	106	85.48	358	658
Summary	216	87,74	788	1538
Cycle Three TCC Eastern				
Cycle Four				
TCC Eastern TCC Central TCC Pacific Summary	73 115 188	94.80 92.74 93.77	273 450 723	544 888 1432

TCC Roster

Eastern Area Cycle 2: KW1U Director, K1EIC WA1FCD KA1MDM KT1Q W1QYY WA1TBY KW1U WB2EAG WA2FJJ W2FR NN2H N2HIF WA2SPL N2XJ N3AZW N3EMD NC3V NJ3Y WA3YLO AA4AT W04FTK N4GHI KB4N WB4PNY N4SS W8PMJ WB8YDZ VE3FAS VE3ORN

Central Area, Cycle 4: K5GM Director, W4ZJY K5GM WB5J K5MXQ WZ5N WR5O N5TC K5TL W5TNT KB5W W9CBE WB9UYU AIØO KSØU.

Pacific Area, Cycle 2: ND5T, Director. W5.JOV ND5T N6LHE K6UYK WF6O VE6CHK N6GW KF7R W7TGU W7IGC WA8OY! WD8CKC N8HFZ N8IA

Pacific Area, Cycle 4: KØDJ Director. N2IC ND5T W5QVK K6LL W6EOT W6VZT W6INH W7EP W7GHT K5GXZ KA7CPT KN7B W7VSE NN7H NR7E KØDJ KØEZ KØTER KCOD KJOG

National Traffic System

Net Cycle Two Area Nets	Sess	Tfc	Avg	Rate		% Rep to Area
EAN CAN PAN* Region Nets	31 31 62	753 577 459	24.30 18.61 7.40	.721 .476 .576	94,6 100.0 97.3	
AGENT AGES 2RN 2RN 3RN 4RN 4RN 6RN 6RN 9RN TEN TEN TEN TEN	62 62 31 62 51 62 62 70 56	372 343 111 392 503 141 303 275 282 572 224	6.00 5.53 3.58 6.32 8.11 2.76 4.89 4.43 4.55 8.17 4.00	.397 .394 .400 .290 .413 .285 .427 .298 .336 .369 .348	100.0 92.3 89.6 78.0 86.0 87.5 98.3 90.0 79.0 88.2	100.0 96.8 93.6 100.0 100.0 96.7 100.0 96.8 100.0 100.0 95.2 80.7

Cycle Three Area Net	•					
EAN	31	130	4.19	414	86.6	
Region Net						
1RN	31	86	2.77	277	95.9	90.3
2RN	31	117	3,77	361	97.4	70.9
3RN 4RN	30	38	1.26	.167	94.4	96.7
8RN						83.8 93.5
ECN						83.B
Cycle Four						
Area Nets						
EAN	31	1111	35.84	1.298	99.5	
CAN	31	721	23.26	.960	100.0	
PAN	31	531	17.13	.812	95.2	
Region Nets						
1RN	62	483	7.79	563	94.5	100.0
2RN 3RN	48	146	3.04	406	70.3	93.5
ARN	59 62	201 556	3.40 8.97	314 360	96.6 95.8	100.0
RN5	62	537	8.66	.620	82.0	100.0
RN6	63	492	7.93	.600	93.0	100.0
RN7	62	286	4.61	594	94.9	96.4
8RN	60	284	4.73	.370	86.0	100.0
9RN	61	306	5.01	.420	85.9	100.0
TEN TWN	60 60	286 230	4.77 3.83	.509 .402	80.6 86.1	89.3
ECN	VV	230	9.00	,402	00.1	100.0
ARN	31	140	4,52	134	100.0	93.5

*PAN operates both cycles one and two.

ARRL Section Traffic Managers reporting: AL, AR, AZ, DE, EMA, ENY, EPA, GA, IA, IL, IN, KS, MDC, ME, MI, MN, MO, NC, NH, NTX, OH, OK, OR, ORG, SB, SC, SCV, SD, SFL, STX, TN, UT, VA, VT, WA, WMA, WNY, WPA, WTX, WV, WY.

Public Service Honor Roll

Public Service Honor Roll

This listing is available to amateurs whose public-service performance during the month indicated qualifies for 60 or more total points in the following nine categories (as reported to their SM). Please note maximum points for each category: (1) Checking into W nets.; 1 point each, max 30; (3) NCS CW nets, 3 points each, max 12; (4) NCS phone/RTTY nets, 3 points each, max 12; (5) Performing assigned NTS lisison, 3 points each, max 12; (6) Delivering a formal message to a third party, 1 point each, no max; (7) Handling an emergency message, 5 points each, no max; (8) Serving as Emergency Coordinator or net manager for the entire month, 5 points max; (9) Participating in a public-service event, 5 points, no max. This listing is available to Novices and Technicians who achieve a total of 40 or more points. Stations that qualify for the Public Service Honor Roll 12 consecutive months, or 18 months out of a 24-month period, will be awarded a special PSHR certificate from HQ.

cial PSHH certificate from HQ.									
919 N4GHI 409 KC9CJ 266 WT7A 224 WB7VSN 198 KA7EEE 197 W7VSE 165 WA9VND 155 WB4DUV 150 WB2OWO 135 KF5BL W7LNE 131 WB2ZJF N4EXQ 129 WA2SPL 128 WD8KQC 127 W2QNL 125 WB4DVZ 124 WA4QXT 123 WA4QXT 123 WA4QXT 123 WAMTA 126 K5CXP W7LNB 119 WG7H 118 N2XJ	117 KA3DLY KA9LY KA9CBE NM1K KA7SYQ W9CBE 107 AA4TE WA4PFK 106 WB1GXZ W4ANK KJ4VY 105 WB1GXZ W4ANK KJ4VY 105 WB1GXZ W4ANL KM1U WE2G WB1GXZ W4ANL KM1U WE2G WB1GXZ W4ANL KM1U WE2G WB1GXZ W4ANL 105 WB1GXZ WANL 105 WB1GXZ WB1GXZ WB1GX WB1	N6NLW WB4WII K5KCL 101 KTTQ K8TVG WA2JBO K4MTX 100 WA3HK 98 WA4FCD WA4HEJ WB4HH 97 WG68 WAFCD WA5HB W5YQZ 96 W4CSGKH K2VX N2HIF WA3YLO W4JLS 95 AA4AT WB4ZTF 94 K5MXQ K47AID 93 K6UYK WB4WQL WA4EIC WA2FJJ 91 W3FA K9CNP KV7F	90 W6VOM KD2UV 89 NB1A WA1TBY AA4ZV 88 K2ZVI KB4WT ND2S 87 W4RWB 86 WD0GUF KV58SYA KB9LT N7BGW K2YAI 85 W5CTZ W7GHT K81AF NC9T N4KSO 84 N3COY AKTW 83 AC5Z WB5J K42INE N3EGF 82 NBEGEI AA4HT K4VWK KA2QOO 81 N3DRM W3YVQ WB4WQL W1KX N4SMB						

80 WB8R N2ABA/T 79 WA1J/VV KB4JPN KC3YE KJ3E KA1JXH WD4KBW N4ORZ 78 NBGPU/T NC3V 77 NY8W WR5O 75 NDØN WBØZNY N8HSC W4RWB K9ZBM 74 WAØJFC 73 N1DHT NW8M	W2GJ 72 KJ9J N8EFB KA4FZI 71 WA6QCA N3AZW KA4HHE WA9VLC NJ3V 70 K6QBE KABCPS KA4ZUY K4IWW 69 WA8DHB W89QBZ K8JDI K14BR 68 KA9RII KAØARP NØIYE NV6L WB5YDD NOØA	WJ2S KC2HJ W2FR 66 KA1MDM WB1BTJ KB4JPN KQ3T WA4RUE K4BGZ 65 AIØO W4HON W1PEX KI6ZH KA2ZNZ/T 64 WBØWNJ WD8EIB WD8EIB WD8EIB WD8EIB WBØWNJ WD8EIB WBØWNJ WD8EIB WBØWNJ WD8EIB WA3UNX WB9KWC KA1QFV/T 62 NS9Q W9UMH	KAGHJK/T 61 WØOUD KDØNH WB7WOW KAGTND/T N2DXP K3GHH W4HON K4ZUY W4HON K4ZUY K14W 60 W2RRX WD8KBW W2RRX WD8KBW W84ZTR KB2EPU KB4OPR 59 W8IIO/T 53 KA9CTW/T 47 KA1HPO/T N2EVG/T 40 N8HRW/T
KD8KU	67		

KF5RD The following stations qualified for PSHR in previous months, but were not listed in the respective columns: September: NV5L, ACSZ, WD5GKH, WB5YDD, WBSJ, NZ5J, WR5O, WBIO/T. August: W5CTZ, ACSZ, NV5L, WB5J, NZ5J, WB5YDD, WB5KH, WR5O, July: ACSZ, WD5GKH, WSCTZ, WR5O, WA2VJL, NZ5J, NV5L, WB5J, WB5YDD, WB5FQU.

Brass Pounders League

The BPL is open to all amateurs in the United States, Canada and US possessions who report to their 6M a message total of 500 or a sum of originations and delivery points of 100 or more for any calendar month. All messages must be handled on amateur frequencies within 48 hours of receipt in the standard ARRL form.

standard ARRL form.

The Brass Pounders League Medailion is available to individual operators who achieve BPL and are listed in the BPL
column for the third time. This medallion is a one-time-only
award, ie, it is not issued more than once. It is not necessary
that the three months involved be consecutive. Any three
months will qualify an operator. Stations that qualify for the
BPL medallion, upon written notification of the qualifying
months to the ARRL Public Service Branch, will be awarded
the callsign-engraved BPL medallion.

Call	Orig	Royd	Sent	Diva	Total			
W3CUL	763	891	1287	91	3032			
WA2SPL	42	1063	1144	28	2277			
N4GHI	38	1017	202	813	2070			
WB9YPY	0	1176	110	727	2013			
W1PEX	0	295	1573	11	1879			
KB4N	Ġ	795	743	Ö	1583			
WA9VND	6	629	596	71	1302			
WBØWNJ	230	96	650	5	981			
WBØTAX	0	459	459	0	918			
W8AKF	107	321	321	164	913			
KC9CJ	7	482	72	342	903			
W3IWI	1	422	418	0	841			
WA1FHB	1	414	416	3	834			
W3VR	240	268	230	47	785			
WA4JDH	1	343	407	4	755			
KATIFC	15	323	271	12	621			
WF6O	0	291	278	17	586			
N3AZW	21	271	259	17	568			
K5UPN	0	258	298	1	557			
N9ABC	82	189	253	12	536			
WX4H	0	252	260	5	517			
KF5BL	11	116	339	4	508			
BPL for 100 or more originations plus deliveries:								

WB5OHK WB9MDS 135 125 WV52 100

Independent Nets

Net Name	Sess	Tfc	Check- Ins
Amateur Radio Telegraph Society	26	178	326
Clearing House Net	31	269	336
Early Bird Net	31	821	207
Empire Slow Speed Net	31	70	393
Golden Bear Amateur Radio Net	31	252	1472
IMRA	26	1019	1588
Northern California Net	93	248	1278
NYSPTEN	31	84	522
Southwest Traffic Net	31	222	1606
WCN	30	881	472
20 Meter Interstate SB Net	26	861	472
7290 Traffic Net	47	450	3014

A New QTH for W3XO

For some years, I have been planning to make a move to the great state of Texas. My retirement from the Johns Hopkins Applied Physics Laboratory last March finally made that possible. My wife Mattie and I have purchased a new home on a ranch about 60 miles northwest of San Antonio (in EM00) and will be moving in about the time this appears in print. It looks like it will be a fine radio location, with plenty of room for antennas. I am looking forward to trying my hand at VHF from that part of the country. It will certainly be quite different from the East Coast, and is sure to offer many new challenges.

Column correspondence should no longer be sent to Burtonsville, MD. The new address, effective immediately is:

HCR 5 Box 574-334 Tierra Linda Ranch Kerrville, TX 78028

Naturally, the answering machine phone number is no longer in service. I will let you know next month what the new number will be.

Pioneer Moonbouncer Joins the Silent Keys

The history of amateur EME was blazed by Bill Smith, W3GKP, and Ross Bateman, W4AO. In 1953, these two set up experimental equipment on 2 meters to prove that bouncing signals off the moon is within the reach of amateurs. Their success set the stage for others who followed in the 1960s and 70s, and up to the present day, to demonstrate that our closest celestial neighbor can be very useful as a reflective surface for completing longdistance contacts at frequencies of 50 MHz and above. Bill Smith, who had moved to Franklin, North Carolina and became K4RJ, passed away in 1975. Now, his partner in these early EME experiments has also succumbed. A story in the Washington Post announced that Ross Bateman, W4AO, died October 11 of cancer at age 76. The article noted that Ross had come to the Washington area during World War II to work in the field of radio propagation. It went on to chronicle his long and distinguished carreer in government and private industry. The amateur moonbounce work was mentioned prominently by the Post.

ON THE BANDS

6 Meters-As of the end of the first week in November, the 1988 fall F2 season is somewhat like the old tale of the blind men describing an elephant. How one perceives it depends greatly on the location of the observer. In some parts of the world, it has been outstanding. In others, such as the US East Coast, where this observer is presently located, it has been "so-so" at best. The only openings this part of the world has had, so far, have been short scattered ones to Ecuador and Argentina. HC5K and HC2FG were in here for three days in a row, October 10-12 and again on November 6. LUSYYO put in an appearance October 19. Despite many days of 48.25 MHz video from Europe and Africa, reported by many East Coast stations, nothing above 50 has broken for us in either of these two directions sufficient to result in two-way OSOs. However, the southern states and the West Coast, as well as other areas of the world that normally experience better-than-average ionospheric conditions, have been partaking of some "world class" 6-meter DX morsels. Perhaps if the solar flux had been higher, as it had been a month earlier, we would have all fared better, but the 10-cm numbers hovered in the 150s and 160s during most of the period. However, judging from what can be heard on 28.885, it has been an excellent beginning for Solar Cycle 22. Some have taken the lack of European and South African openings as an indication that Cycle 22 is turning into a bust. However, looking back over columns from the late 1970s, it appears that the conditions we are experiencing are more analogous to the fall of 1978 than the fall of 1979. After all, the two periods are both approximately two years from the bottom of the previous cycle. The January 1979 column heralded "the first taste of real DX for most 50-MHz devotees-K4ERO/HC1." The same column also noted a transcontinental opening occurring October 31, 1978. As of this writing, we had not yet experienced one of those, but

the maximum usable frequency (MUF) has been close to 50 MHz on several occasions. For example, on November 8, N6AMG reported East Coast communications signals up to 47 MHz. And this was at 2200Z, very late in the day for such things. Also, WA8LLY/6 Santa Rosa, CA reported hearing weak W1s Saturday October 29th.

Mentioned last month were the beginnings of openings from the West Coast to the South Pacific. These have continued, with widening areas affected. WA6BYA writes from Santa Cruz, CA that on October 24th at 2159Z he worked ZL2KT. The following day, at 2341, it was ZL3TIC. On October 31st, beginning at 0135Z and lasting for an hour, Bob hooked up with VK4s DJB, DDB, KU and YBE plus VK2s XJ, BBR, FLI, ZXC and QF. Apparently through a sporadic-E link-up, at 0200Z VK2XJ and VE5LY managed a QSO with 449 signals both ways. On November 3rd at 2230Z, WA6BYA was one of many 6s who QSOed WY5L/KH3 on Johnston Island, who was in for over an hour with S9-plus-20-dB signals. In addition to the California stations, WY5L/KH3 also worked W5FF New Mexico. The following afternoon he worked N5JHV and K5FF plus several more California stations. October 30 brought 10 VKs plus an FK8 to the Bay Area including K6QXY and K6HCP. Signals ran as high as 20 dB over S9 and were in from 0100Z until 0400Z. The path to South America continues fairly active. On November 5th, OA8ABT put in an appearance, working a number of stations in the western states. One that worked the Peruvian station was K6QXY. It was a new country for Bob.

Many notable propagation events occurred around the world during October and early November and, while they were too numerous to mention all, here are a few. On October 25 between 2210Z and 2255Z W5UWB worked 5 ZLs on 51 MHz. K6QXY had three, two of them at 51 MHz. A very unusual opening occurred two days later on the 27th. It began

at 2130Z when K6STI worked KL7NO. Later a CQ brought JJIKID followed by some 64 JAs over the next hour and 20 minutes. JAs were worked by a number of other California stations. Even N5JHV Las Cruces, NM got in on the action, working 5 JA1s during a 4-minute opening beginning at 0001Z on the 28th

On several days in October contacts have been possible between southern Europe and the Far East. On the 8th, 9th, 10th, 23rd and 29th CTIDTO has worked into Japan. In all, Hanz has worked 30 different JA stations during these openings, in the 4, 5 and 6 call areas. All occurred in the late evening between 2345Z and 0130Z. Once during the month, 9H1CG heard KH6IAA but no contact resulted. On October 8 beginning at 0153Z, SVIDO heard the FY7THF beacon for about 2 hours with signals reaching S9 plus 20 dB. Can you imagine what next year will be like when we should be nearing the peak of Cycle 22? There should be plenty to work. According to K5ZMS's latest tally, there are now some 125 countries with at least some 6-meter activity.

Several DX peditions added excitement to the period, although few US and Canadian stations were fortunate enough to work them. One was W6JKV's trip to Belize as V31IV. During his one-week stay, V31IV completed QSOs with 71 stations: 31 LUs, 15 PYs, 6 CXs, 1 CE, 2 HCs, 2 OAs, 1 TI, 1 KP4, 3 W4s, 5 W5s, 1 VP8 plus a single other Belize station, V31AB. Except for W5UWB, the 5s were worked on a short but intense E opening to the San Antonio area. W5UWB and the 4s, all in south Florida, were worked on scatter. The VP8 was VP8PTG, which was a great thrill for both of them. Jim further notes that 6 meters was open to South America every evening that he was there. When he wasn't busy working 6 meters or relaxing, Jim spent quite a few hours trying 2-meter EME. Using a single 5-wavelength M² Yagi, he managed QSOs with W5UN, SM7BAE, VE7BQH, DL8DAT, KB8RQ, WA6MGZ and

2 Meter Standings—For WAS holders, listing is WAS Number, call, state, call areas worked and grids worked. For others, call, state, states worked, call areas worked and grids worked. Call areas are the 10 US continental call areas plus KH6 and KL7 plus each VE and XE call area plus DXCC countries not located within the continental limits of the US, Canada or Mexico. Grids are the Maidenhead designators worked since the VUCC Award was instituted January 1983. In order to make the standings a true reflection of current 2-meter activity, those not reporting within the past two years are subject to being dropped. They will be reinstated upon presentation, in writing, of continued activity. It is not necessary to show additional states, call areas or grids worked to be reinstated. WAS holders are listed in any case. Compiled November 8, 1988. Updates for next listing must be received by May 5, 1989.

WAS Holders

1 KØMQS* IA — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	56 KE5C*† TX — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	W2RS NJ 38 13 129 N2WK NY 38 11 137 KE2N NY 37 13 138 W2UAD NY 37 13 108 N2BJ NY 36 13 114 W82CUT NJ 36 13 — K2OVS NY 36 12 70 WA2FGK NJ 36 11 124 K2GK NY 35 11 124 K2LME NJ 32 — 102 WA2ZPX NY 31 18 — W2WGL NY 28 11 82 W82ZSY NY 26 11 85 K83PD* DE 49 21 139 K13W*† PA 48 49 208 WA3USC* MD 47 25 — W83LIK MD 39 14 132 W33USC* MD 47 25 — W83LIK MD 39 14 132 W33USC* MD 37 12 135 W33CMG PA 38 12 185 W37UE PA 38 12 185 W37UE PA 38 12 185 W37UE PA 37 12 — W37Z MD 37 12 152 W37Z MD 37 11 149 W30TC MD 37 11 149 W30TC MD 34 11 61 W31WU PA 32 11 67 W31WU PA 32 11 64 W33UMT PA 32 11 64 W33UMT PA 32 11 64 W34DMF MD 32 11 145 W34DNF MD 32 11 145 W34DNF MD 32 11 145 W44PCS KY 45 13 — W44PCS KY 45 13 — W44PCS KY 45 11 — W44NG GA 38 11 145 W44NG GA 38 11 145 W44NG GA 38 11 145 W44NG GA 37 11 125 N4MW TN 37 10 — W41NG GA 38 11 143 W34SBC VA 38 13 110 W44OW FL 38 13 110 W44OWG FL 38 13 110 W44OWG FL 38 13 110 W44SS GA 37 11 125 N4MW TN 37 10 — W41NG GA 38 11 143 W44SBC VA 38 13 110 W44OWG FL 38 13 110 W44NG GA 37 11 125 N4MW TN 37 10 — W41NG GA 38 11 143 W44NG GA 37 11 125 N4MW TN 37 10 — W41NG GA 38 11 143 W44NG FL 30 12 104 W44OFS FL 39 9 82 WD4AFY GA 22 7 72 K5WE* OK 49 26 176	W5FYZ WA5HNK TX 36 10 — NU5FF LA 35 11 135 N55BO TX 32 10 50 WA5JYX TX 30 9 — W5DFU OK 28 9 54 KE6EP TX 28 — 74 N6AMG* 32 27 — N7RV* AZ 44 24 189 AA7A* AZ 28 10 109 K7ICW* NV 28 9 60 W88BKC MI 40 12 170 K8WZ MI 30 11 75 K8RZB OH 39 10 142 W8NJR OH 35 9 120 W8GAP MI 30 11 75 K8SSG MI 30 11 175 K8SWW WV 15 23 — W8WWW WV 15 20 — W8WW 15 20 — W8W 15 20 — W8WW 15 20 — W8WW 15
IWAS completed in NC, now in SC WAS completed in both NE and KS Some contacts made via EME. †WAC. —Information not supplied.	W1EJ NH 31 13 W1RIL MA 30 12 KA1DHO MA 29 11 46 K1SF MA 29 11 K5MA/1 MA 27 11 106 WA1AYS MA 27 10 K1LPS VT 25 11 62 WA1TRE ME 24 10 58	KSUR AR 48 17 351 K5SW OK 47 15 229 WSUGO OK 44 12 35 W5HN TX 43 12 KA5AH+ TX 41 16 175 W5NZS OK 41 13 162 WSSXD TX 40 11 97	KAØKUY KS 23 7 94 VE3DSS* 38 12 VE3FKX* 35 10 VE3LNX 26 10 75 VE4AQ 13 7 18 VE5LY* 31 13 92 KG6DX* 22 67

WA4NJP. The other DX pedition was a jaunt to the Cayman Islands by N3AHI operating as ZF2MU. Jim found conditions to the north less than desired but nightly openings to the south made for great fun.

K2QWD wants it known that the 75-meter net, which meets each week to discuss 6-meter matters, has QSYed to 3880 kHz. The group gets together at 2000 Eastern time each Tuesday evening. Earl hopes that the new frequency will enable more to join in.

Just prior to submission of this column to Headquarters the afternoon of November 9, the first transcontinental F2 opening of Cycle 22 may have occurred. Signals were quite weak and there was a considerable amount of E present in the country about the same time, which casts some doubt on the nature of the propagation. In any case, whether by F2 or double-hop E, a number of transcontinental contacts were made between about 1800Z and 2000Z. VE1YX reports working five 6s: K6PXT, K6STI, N6XQ, W6WVK and K6CH. Also, K6QXY contacted WA10UB at 1940Z.

From his end of that QSO, WA10UB commented that the lack of signals from the Midwest indicated propagation via F2. On the other hand, K7QXA/6 in extreme northern California said that he worked a θ in Colorado at 1745Z, followed closely by two North Carolina stations. This scenario would lead one to conclude that double-hop E was responsible. It's just possible that we had both F2 and double-hop E that day. Whatever it was, we'll take it!

2 Meters—The 2 Meter EME Bulletin announces that it will be awarding plaques to the first three place winners on 2 meters in the Single-Operator category of the ARRL International EME Contest. In addition, 10 certificates will also be awarded to the top single-op stations. Copies of logs must be submitted by December 30, 1988 in order to qualify. Send to 14826 Daisy Ln, Tampa, FL 33613. For further information, call 813-960-4291.

The Higher Bands—K6LMN writes to proclaim that 33 cm is alive and well in California. Roger notes that, among the other VHF, UHF and microwave bands used during the early September trip to Baja by N6XQ/WA5LIG, 902 played an important part. In an effort to set a new West Coast 33-cm record, he journeyed up the coast to Point Conception where he worked the September VHF Contest, including completing QSOs with XE2GFH on both 23 cm and 33 cm. The distance: An impressive 599 miles! K6LMN's 10 W produced signals up to S9 in Mexico on both bands. Bet he and the others will be out after new marks next year.

VE4MA passes along word that he has recently worked SK6WM, F2TU, OE9XXI and LX1DB on 13-cm EME. Barry is using a 12-foot dish and 100 W (in the shack). The PA uses two water-cooled Y750s. With some improvements in the power supply, he hopes to be up to 150 to 200 W. VE4MA is also considering 33-cm EME. Would anyone care to encourage him?

85

10-GHz DX News

In a recent phone call. Bruce Erickson. WBØHLC/6, described to me another 10-GHz DX contact made in California. On August 6, 1988, WBØHLC/6 worked Rich Rhymes, WB7ABP/6, over a 479-mile path from a site at 7000 feet above sea level (ASL) on Bonanza King Mt, California (grid locator CN81QC), to a site at 8000 feet ASL on Frazier Mt, California (DM04MS), along the California Sierra mountains. The Bonanza King Mt setup is shown in Fig 1. Contact was first made at 1156 UTC using the very weak-signal CW exchanges familiar in EME work. By 1300 UTC, signals were strong enough for an SSB contact, during which the signals peaked 20 dB above the noise. Signals peaked shortly after sunrise, and faded out completely by midday. A 1296-MHz contact was also made during the morning. On 10 GHz, WBØHLC/6 used a 32-inch dish with 1-dB-loss feed line, and WB7ABP/6 used a 48-inch dish with the transmitter mounted at the dish feed. Both stations had TX power of 28.5 dBm (708 mW) from solid-state amplifiers using NE9002 devices. Both stations had receiver NFs around 4.5 dB.

With the recent spate of DX records on 10 GHz, it is becoming difficult to keep track of things! At this writing (October 1988), the August 6th contact appears to establish a new US tropo 10-GHz DX record. It is particularly significant that relatively modest power (a few years ago it would have been considered very high power!) from a solid-state amplifier was used for this contact. The rigs were quite small and portable, and could run all day from a car battery—an important consideration when operating from a remote site.

Bruce, WBØHLC, also has a 10-GHz beacon located on Mt St Helena (38.7°N, 122.6°W) at an elevation of 4344 feet ASL. Modulation is 170-Hz shift FSK with WBØHLC/6 CW identification every 20 seconds. Two antennas are used simultaneously: The first provides an omnidirectional (vertically polarized) 10-dBm-ERP signal, and the second provides a 40-dBm-ERP horizontally polarized signal on a heading of 142°. This heading intercepts Mts Diablo, Pinos and Frazier in California. The beacon is at 10,368.020 MHz and uses an ovenmounted frequency standard.

Phil Lee, W6HCC, and Chuck Swedblom, WA6EXV, have also been busy on 10 GHz. On October 4, 1988, they made a 147-mile contact from Blue Ridge, California (DM14), to Walt's Point, California (DM06). Contacts on both CW/SSB (10.368 GHz) and FM (10.250 GHz) were made. Both stations used

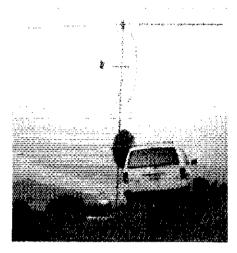


Fig 1—WB7ABP/6, 700 feet ASL on Bonanza King Mountain, California, set a new 10-GHz record of 479 miles with WBØHLC/6 using the setup shown here.



Fig 2—Laser activities have been stepped up in the western US: KY7B (South Mountain, Arizona) worked WA7LYI (Mount Lemmon, Arizona) over a 95.6-mile path using this 30-mW HeCd laser on August 7, 1098

24-inch dishes. W6HCC ran 65 mW output on CW/SSB, and WA6EXV had from 300 μ W to 40 W output available. The 147-mile contact was Q5 on CW using only 300 μ W! On October 18, 1988, WA6EXV went to Low Pososi Mt (DM25) and worked W6HCC on Blue Ridge again for a 170-mile contact. W6HCC then moved around trying to find a different path. Heaps Peak and Strawberry Peak did not provide workable paths, but Keller Peak, at a distance of 154 miles, provided a site for solid SSB and CW contacts.

More Laser News

Last month I reported a new laser DX record. Dave Chase, KY7B, sent along these details. The 95.6-mile contact was made between KY7B and Terry Wilkinson, WA7LYI, on August 7, 1988, at 0830 UTC. Equipment on both ends consisted of surplus 30-mW HeCd lasers operating at a wavelength of 442 nm (678 THz). Home-brew receivers used 19- × 24-inch Fresnel lenses, photomultiplier tubes and high-gain op-amp audio amplifiers. A home-brew mount was used for positioning the transmitter.

For this contact, KY7B was located at South Mt, near Phoenix, Arizona (Fig 2), at 2600 feet ASL. WA7LYI was at Mt Lemmon, near Tucson, Arizona, at 9100 feet ASL. WA7LYI had to wait for about 4 hours for heavy rain and hail to blow over before the contact could be attempted. When the weather cleared, the equipment was set up. It took about 15 minutes of scanning the area where KY7B was set up before KY7B could find 'LYI's beam. This was no small feat-the laser beam was only about 100 feet in diameter at that distance! Laser-beam aiming was accomplished with the help of VHF hand-held rigs. After KY7B received WA7LYI's laser signal, it took about another 10 minutes to properly aim KY7B's signal, using the same procedure as before. When both signals were peaked, a two-way laser OSO took place. During the contacts, signals peaked about 20 dB above the noise, with occasional fades resulting from clouds between the two sites.

Dave and Terry report that they're planning a 175-mile contact using the same equipment, but that 175 miles is probably about as far as they can work with the present gear. Another problem makes laser contacts of more than that distance a problem: It's hard to find line-of-sight paths that long! Good luck!

FBD & SASDM

Of course, you have heard of the SASE (also known as the self-addressed, stamped envelope). Well, when you are talking about obtaining free software, an SASE does not cut it. What you need is a formatted blank disk and self-addressed, stamped disk mailer, also known as an FBD & SASDM. And make sure the SASDM has enough postage on it to get it back to you (please, don't look the gift horse in the mouth by stiffing the free software distributor). Read on to find out what an FBD & SASDM (and/or nominal amounts of cash) will get you.

Atari® CW Keyer

The WA5BDU Keyer for Atari 8-bit computers is software that allows CW operators to use their paddles, provides a degree of customized and personal "feel" and "sound" and the option of keyboard-generated code, including special features that only a computer-based keyer is capable of providing. Nick Kennedy, WA5BDU, wrote the software and its source code is available by sending an FBD & SASDM to Nick at 300 South Vancouver, Russellville, AR 72801.

Color Computer Frequency Response Calculator

COCOFRAP is a BASIC program for the Radio Shack®/Tandy® Color Computer that calculates the frequency response of electronic circuits containing resistors, capacitors and inductors, with voltage or current sources. It also handles active devices such as op amps and transistors in small-signal models. To run the program. your computer needs at least 32 kbytes of RAM and Extended Color BASIC. COCOFRAP may be obtained from its author, Joseph A. Consugar, by sending \$10 to him at 1286 Graff Ct, Apt 2A, Annapolis, MD 21403. Please specify whether you want the disk or cassette version of the program.

Commodore Wire Antenna Calculator

John Daebelliehn, KC9YQ, has a series of Commodore 64 programs that calculate the lengths for various wire antennas including a tilted and terminated folded dipole, an extended double Zepp, a four-element end-fire, a terminated Beverage, a Sterba curtain, a V-beam, an inverted-V, a twin-lead Marconi and a duo-band doublet. To obtain this collection of software, called Wire Antcalc, send John an FBD & SASDM plus \$5 to 1845-8th St, Moline, IL 61265. John's other collection of antenna design software, called Antcalc-64 (mentioned in January 1987 On

Line), is also available for the same deal, or both collections may be obtained for \$8 plus the requisite FBD & SASDM.

PC Duper

Dupe is a general contest duping program for the IBM® PC (and clones) that was written by Jim Pearce, N6ESV. Dupe is similar to a program, also called Dupe, that Jim wrote four years ago for the Commodore 64™. The previous Dupe was mentioned here and was very popular (Jim still receives phone calls at midnight concerning the Commodore version). To avoid midnight phone calls and duplicating 1000 copies of the program, Jim has uploaded the PC-version of Dupe to CompuServe's HamNet under the name of DUPE-2.BAS (the program's documentation is called DUPE-2.DOC). Jim will also provide copies to any club or BBS SYSOP that sends him an FBD & SASDM at 4104 Earnscliff Ave, Fair Oaks, CA 95628 (no individual requests please).

PC Field Day Logger

Field Day Calls is a Field Day logging and duping program for the IBM PC (and clones) that has been used by Wisconsin's Ozaukee Radio Club for over five years. Logging and duping is quick (no detectable time span between keyboard entry and duping completion occurs until several hundred calls have been logged). Stan Kaplan, WB9RQR, wrote the program and copies may be obtained from Stan by sending an FBD & SASDM to 11541 N Laguna Dr, Mequon, WI 53092-3119.

PC Packet Radio Terminal

Its name says it all! Packet Terminal Program is a packet-radio terminal program that runs on an IBM PC (or clone) in conjunction with the AEA PK-232, AEA PK-87 and Heath® HK-232 TNCs (all modes of the PK-232 are supported except for FAX and NAVTEX). The program uses the TNC's "host mode" to provide on-screen status information, and separates incoming data, including monitored data, into separate "virtual terminal screens" that are displayed on demand. The program automatically merges lines that were split in two when the transmitting station failed to enter a carriage return, and it automatically word-wraps. Lynn Taylor, WB6UUT, wrote the program. To obtain a registered copy, contact Lynn at 463 Myrtle St, Laguna Beach, CA 92651.

PC Terminal For AEA PK-232s

Hamcom is an IBM PC (and clone) terminal program that is optimized for

operation with the AEA PK-232 digital mode controller. Among its unique features is a built-in QSO card file which allows the user to do away with any hard-copy card file collection and provides near-instantaneous responses to call-sign searches. Another feature is the low level of RFI that is generated, which is especially noticeable on HF. Hamcom also supports voice synthesizer output for visually-impaired operators. For users that own a Kenwood TS-940 or TS-440 with a computer interface, Hamcom will display a simulated transceiver dial displaying operating frequency, offset frequency, operating mode, etc. To obtain a registered copy of Hamcom, contact its author, Dan Diehlman, AE6G, at 5478 N Bond, Fresno, CA 93710.

HELP!

- ☐ Packet-radio TNC emulator software for the Radio Shack Model III computer is sought by Mike Herr, WA6ARA, 613 Rebel Rd, Ridgecrest, CA 93555. Richcraft Engineering formerly sold such software, but they no longer have it, so Mike needs your help.
- ☐ Kenwood TS-940/440 radio control software for the Apple® lie computer is needed by Bill Pritchett, K2QXS, 109-52 173 St, Jamaica, NY 11433.

OREGON DIGITAL FREQUENCY COORDINATION

The Oregon Digital Network Coordination Council (ODNCC) is the frequency coordinator for packet radio and other digital modes in Oregon and Vancouver, Washington, the same jurisdiction as ODNCC's FM repeater counterpart, the Oregon Region Relay Council (ORRC). Any digital-mode station interested in coordination within the ARRL band plans may contact ODNCC by mail at 9358 SW Allen Blvd. Portland, OR 97223 or by telephoning ODNCC's chairman, Douglas S. McMurdo, W7XI, at 503-245-2571. (ODNCC has been in existence for two years and was recognized by ORRC in February, 1988 as the digitalmode frequency coordinator for Oregon.)

NOVICE PACKET-RADIO HOT SPOTS ADDENDUM

The listing of the packet-radio activity centers published in the November 1988 On Line contained errors with regards to 220-MHz operating frequencies. The corrected listings are:

Connecticut, Central: 223.58 MHz: KC1J and K1TKP PBBSs/KA-Nodes New Hampshire, Nashua: 223.58 MHz: WA1OMM gateway to 145.05 MHz.

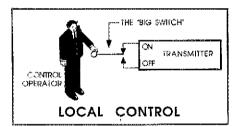
FM/RPT

Getting a Handle On Control

Confusion concerning the control of repeaters and other Amateur Radio stations has caused many to dive into the rule book, often resulting in further confusion. This installment of FM/RPT attempts to sort out the rules.

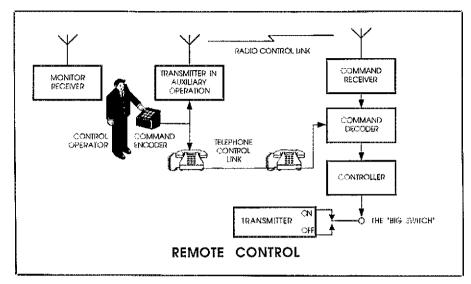
Let us start with the basics. Control of an Amateur Radio station is the ability to be aware of the transmissions being emitted by that station and, more importantly, the ability to stop the transmissions whenever they fail to comply with the rules. The location at which that task occurs is the control point of the station.

Control comes in a variety of flavors depending on where the control point is located and whether or not the control point is manned. The most common type of control is *local control* and that occurs whenever the licensee/control operator of an Amateur Radio station sits in front of the station's transmitter turning it on or off as required.



Control is not limited to the licensee of a station. He or she may select one or more other licensed Amateur Radio operators to act as control operator for his or her station. This facilitates 24 hour-per-day operations, such as repeaters, because it is impractical for the licensee to be in control round-the-clock. By selecting other hams to act as control operators, the task of controlling a 24 hour-per-day operation is shared in order that each hour of the operation is covered by at least one control operator.

Just as it is impractical for a licensee to be in control of a station on a 24-hour basis, it is also impractical to expect each control operator to be present at the transmitter site when that transmitter is located at a remote location, as are most repeaters. Instead of local control of a transmitter, remote control is possible. The control point of a remotely controlled station may be located anywhere that the control operator is able to monitor the operation of the station and control its transmitter when necessary. To remotely control a

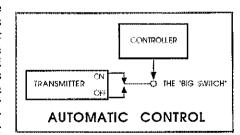


repeater, the control operator uses a control link, which may be by a telephone line, a radio link or any apparatus that permits the control operator to control the transmitter. (As a backup to the control link, a remotely controlled station must include provisions to limit each transmission to no more than three minutes, in case a control link failure should occur.)

When the control link is a radio link on an Amateur Radio frequency, such a link falls into the category of an auxiliary operation and, as such, may operate only in the Amateur Radio bands above 220.5 MHz (except the subbands of 431-433 MHz and 435-438 MHz) and may be used only to communicate with the stations indicated in the radio system's network diagram. Such a diagram shows each station and its relation to other stations and control points in a station network and is required in a station's records whenever a station has one or more repeater or auxiliary stations in operation. If a repeater is remotely controlled via an Amateur Radio control link, its input/receiving frequency may not be used for its radio control link. And, just as repeaters require special identification, auxiliary operations do too. When identifying by voice, the word AUXILIARY must follow the station's call sign and, when identifying by CW, /AUX or /A must follow the station's call sign (refer to FM/RPT in May 1988 QST for the complete story).

Whether a station is controlled locally or remotely, a control operator must always be present at the control point of the station. There is one exception to this rule that further facilitates repeater and other remote operations. If devices and procedures are

used to ensure compliance with the rules concerning control, and these devices and procedures do not require the attention of a local or remote control operator, then that station may be controlled automatically. This automatic control privilege applies not only to repeaters, but also to any auxiliary operations that are part of an automatically controlled repeater system, ie, auxiliary stations that are part of an automatically controlled repeater system may themselves be automatically controlled.



REPEATER LOG

According to September 1988 reports received, repeaters were involved in the following public-service events: 496 vehicular emergencies, 25 fire emergencies, 13 medical emergencies, 12 public-safety events, 12 drills/alerts, 6 weather emergencies, 5 criminal activities and 1 power failure.

The following repeaters were involved (followed by the number of events): W1SGL 2, K1UN/K11SR/WA1UCO 2, NK2W 18, WB2WPA 8, WA2ZWP 4, WA3BXW 8, W3LIF 3, WA4AOS 3, W4REW 3, WA4SWF 4, W5FC 52, WA6BJY 8, W6FNO 351, N6ME 102, K6TZ 11, WA7RPS 2.

Conducted By Vern "Rip" Riportella, WA2LQQ PO Box 177, Warwick, NY 10990

On the OSCARs: Coping with Dr Doppler

One person I know refers to working OSCAR as the "English muffins of Amateur Radio . . . full of nooks and crannies of delightful surprises." He's referring to some of the fascinating phenomena and modes encountered in OSCAR work. Perhaps this is why so many who've grown weary of everyday, standard QSOs elsewhere find OSCAR work so refreshing and full of vitality. Last month, we looked at some of the lesser-known OSCAR operating practices and phenomena. This month, we'll focus on the natural phenomenon that is chief in the minds of most OSCAR operators: Doppler shift.

The effect known as *Doppler shift* or the Doppler effect was first described in 1842 by Johann Doppler (1803-1853). He predicted the frequencies of received sound waves were dependent on the motion of the source and the observer relative to the propagating medium. Experiments using trains as the moving source soon proved his prediction. Later, in his Special Theory of Relativity (1905), Einstein showed that for light waves, the Doppler shift depended on the velocity of the source relative to the observer. The Doppler effect accounts for the redshift seen by astronomers in receding galaxies. And Doppler shift similarly affects radio waves.

A handy way to visualize the way Doppler shift affects radio waves is to picture the waves as originating from an OSCAR and traveling across thousands of miles to your antennas. Let's say the frequency at which you receive the wave depends on the number of wave crests received in a given time. Since we know the speed of radio waves in a medium is constant, if the satellite is moving towards you, you'll receive more wave crests in that time period, and the frequency of the wave will be slightly higher. Conversely, if the satellite is moving away from you, the number of wave crests heard in that time will be fewer.

From the satellite's perspective, a similar argument could be made for signals you transmit to the satellite. If the satellite is moving towards you, it will hear your signal slightly higher than your actual transmit frequency. And, if the satellite is going away from you, the satellite will hear your transmitted signal downshifted slightly.¹

Table 1 shows the Doppler Shift for some currently operational satellites; however, it shows the *one-way Doppler*

¹Notes appear on page 90.

Table 1
Maximum Doppler Shift Magnitude For Current Spacecraft*

	Shuttle	UO-9	UO-11	RS-10/11	FO-12	AC)-13
Height	(Or Mir)					Perigee	Apogee
km	330	495	700	1000	1500	2500	36,000
(miles)	(205)	(307)	(435)	(621)	(931)	(1552)	(22,356)
Freq	Max	ámum De	oppler Shi	ft (One-Way i	Link) in kHz		
21 MHz	0.51#	0.49	0.47#	0.44	0.40#	0.34#	0.03#
29 MHz	0.71#	0.68	0.65#	0.61	0.56#	0.47#	0.04#
145 MHz	3.54@	3.41	3.27	3.07	2.78	2.33	0.22
435 MHz	10.6#	10.3	9.81	9.22#	8.35	6.98	0.67
1269 MHz	31.0#	29.9#	28.7#	26.9#	24.4#	20.4	1.95
2401 MHz	58.7#	56.6	54.1	50.9#	46.1#	38.5	3.69
10.5 GHz	257#	247	237#	222#	202#	168#	16.1#

Notes

- *The Doppler shift shown includes only the Doppler shift contribution due to the motion of the satellite. An additional Doppler shift component is contributed by the motion of the earth relative to the satellite. The magnitude of this component depends on the observer's latitude and may be computed using equations provided in Chapter 10 of the Satellite Experimenter's Handbook (see note 1).
- # This frequency is not actually used on this satellite. The Doppler magnitude is shown for reference purposes only. Use it as a guide to the Doppler shift expected from the spacecraft at the height indicated.
- @ This value indicates the Doppler shift experienced during the SAREX (Shuttle Amateur Radio Experiment) when a 2-meter transceiver was used on the shuttle by astronauts Owen Garriott, W5LFL, and Tony England, WØORE.

Table 2 (Adapted from the Satellite Experimenter's Handbook, Table 10.1.)

```
10 KEY OFF : CLS
20 C = 3E + 48
30 K = 3.986E + 14
40 R1 = 6371
50 INPUT "What is the satellite height in km" ;H
60 PRINT : PRINT
70 INPUT "What is the operating frequency in MHz" ;F1
80 F2 = F1 * 1000000:
90 R2 = (R1 + H)
100 V1 = SQR(K / (R2 * 1000))
110 V2 = V1 * (R1 / R2)
120 F3 = (V2 / C) * F2
130 PRINT : PRINT : PRINT
140 PRINT "Satellite Height (km)", "Operating Freq (MHz)", "Doppler Shift (Hz)"
150 PRINT
160 PRINT TAB(8) H;:PRINT TAB(35) F1; : PRINT TAB(57) F3
170 END
```

shift only. Use the BASIC program listing in Table 2 to calculate other Doppler-shift combinations for various operating frequencies and spacecraft heights. (The program is based on sample problem 10.1 of the Satellite Experimenter's Handbook.)

When you have a two-way link, ie, an uplink and a downlink, Doppler shift affects both links. How it affects what you hear depends on the design of the

transponder itself. Some of the early transponders—and particularly those that use Mode A (2 meters up and 10 meters down)—are noninverting. That means that a rise in frequency in the uplink results in a rise in frequency of the downlink. USB signals on the uplink result in USB signals on the downlink.

Mode B transponders (70 cm up and 2 m down) use inverting transponders. A rising

frequency on the uplink results in a falling frequency on the downlink in an inverting transponder. LSB on the uplink produces USB on the downlink. A benefit of the inverting transponder scheme is that it reduces Doppler shift. For example, the effective Doppler-shift frequency for a Mode B transponder is the difference between its uplink and downlink frequencies. Thus, for AO-13 Mode B, the effective Doppler shift frequency is 435 -146 = 289 MHz. If a noninverting transponder had been used, the effective Doppler shift would have been 435 + 146 = 581 MHz. Thus, the use of inverting transponders reduces the effective Doppler frequency by one half for Mode B.

Operating OSCARs in a Doppler-shifted frequency environment can be unsettling at first, but most operators find it no real bother after a bit of experience. At most, the greatest "inconvenience" encountered amounts to sending a few CW dots on the uplink to allow you to hear the dots on the downlink. Occasionally, however, this can be tricky, especially if you're trying to drop into an open frequency between two QSOs without swishing through the activity.

Some of the new dual-tracking VFO, full-duplex radios (such as the Yaesu FT-736) allow you to assess the Doppler shift by plopping down a test signal in an unoccupied portion of the band. You then lock the transmit and receive VFOs in such a way that when you hear a station you want to call—or find an open spot you wish to occupy—you can transmit and know your downlink signal will be exactly where you're listening. This is a boon to rapid QSY with minimal disruption to others. Inexperienced operators spend a lot of time swishing through on-going QSOs making for unnecessary disruption and QRM.

A Calculated Approach

M. W. "Maury" McMahon, K4GMJ, uses a home-brew method of ensuring he'll know precisely where his downlink will appear even before he keys his transmitter. His method doesn't require the dual-locked VFOs available on the new radios. Rather, he determines the net effect of Doppler shift and radio calibration first in a test in a vacant part of the passband. He knows that the sum of the uplink and downlink

For more information on getting started on OSCAR and information on AMSAT membership and membership benefits, call AMSAT at 301-589-6062 or write: AMSAT, PO Box 27, Washington, DC 20044. Please include business-size SASE.

frequencies is constant, so he develops a local standard for it and uses it to calculate frequencies. Maury says the results are quite accurate and allow you "to QSY and be precisely on [the desired] frequency." To be most useful using the K4GMJ method, your radios should have a digital readout with at least 100-Hz resolution.

K4GMJ describes his general method as follows.2 "First determine the uplink-todownlink frequency relationship. This will account for both Doppler shift and frequency calibration errors in your radios. To do this, select a frequency well away from other operators. Use an OSCAR frequency chart to roughly determine what your uplink frequency should be to generate a downlink in the open area you've chosen. First, use a CW tone on the uplink to locate your downlink. Then, switch to SSB and speak in a normal voice. Tune your receiver so that you hear your voice in a normal pitch. Always use earphones to prevent audio feedback."

Maury says to carefully note the uplink and downlink frequencies required to produce a normal voice pitch. Let's say your uplink frequency was 435.4241 MHz and it produced a downlink at 145.9751 MHz. Convert both these numbers to kilohertz, discard the numbers to the left of the commas and add the remaining numbers together. Thus, 435.4241 MHz = 435,424.1 kHz; 145.9751 MHz = 145,975.1 kHz. And 424.1 + 975.1 = 1399.2. This error-corrected constant forms the basis of your frequency calculations.

For example, let's say you want to plunk down on exactly 145.9455 MHz. Simply convert this to kilohertz (145,945.5), discard the 145, leaving 945.5. Then subtract this from the corrected constant of 1399.2. So: 1399.2 - 945.5 = 453.7. You would then know that your transmit

frequency (in kilohertz) should be 435,453.7, or simply 435,4537 MHz.

Conversely, if you have your transmitter set at 435.4567 MHz, where will the downlink appear? Convert to kilohertz (435,456.7) and discard numbers to the left of the comma, leaving 456.7. Then, subtract this from the corrected constant: 1399.2 - 456.7 = 942.5. You would then know your downlink will appear at 145.942.5 kHz (145.9425 MHz).

Knowing the corrected constant value, it's a simple matter to determine ahead of time where your downlink will appear, given a selected uplink. Conversely, if you see an open downlink frequency, you will be able to select the precise uplink frequency to land on that spot before you even key the transmitter, thus averting unneeded ORM.

Maury uses an inexpensive calculator to keep track of the numbers. He uses the calculator memory to store the corrected constant. Then all he does is subtract either the transmit or receive frequency's least-significant digits to learn the unknown frequency's least-significant digits. If he subtracts the transmit frequency, the receive frequency is revealed. If he subtracts the receive frequency from the memory, the transmit frequency is yielded.

Maury says: "Once the calibration has been made, you need only to check it periodically to see if the Doppler rate has changed. Also, since the calibration accounts for drift in your radio's frequencies as well, if they are still warming up, you'll need to re-calibrate more frequently." Maury says his method is "simple, fast and easy." He points out that while your computer program can provide a reasonable estimate for the Doppler shift to expect at that instant, the "computer tracking programs are not usable, as they don't factor in the calibration errors in your transmitter and receiver."

Next month we'll examine AO-13's Mode S transponder.

Notes

¹A complete description of the Doppler effect as it affects satelite radio links is provided in Chapter 10 of the Satelite Experimenter's Handbook, (Newington: ARRL, 1984).

²The method presented is based on K4GMJ's. It has been modified slightly for clarity.

Strays



I would like to get in touch with...

☐ anyone who has a service manual and schematic for a receiver labeled model RAO-7 radio receiving equipment, 1 CNA-46233 radio receiver, serial no. 1479, Navy Dept, Bureau of Ships, made by National Co Inc, Malden, MA. Samual Galperin, CX8CX, PO Box 10.864 Suc 2, Montevideo, Uruguay.

- ☐ anyone who has a schematic and or owner's/service manual for a Swan 700CX transceiver. Joe Blithe, WB3GVD, 2 Franklin Ave, Claymont, DE 19703, tel 302-792-2134.
- Canyone who has a repair technical manual for TV7D/U tube tester. Also any info on the M. C. Jones 262 and 261.1 Micro Match. Ed Deptula, KA3OTT, PO Box 751, Havertown, PA 19083.
- ☐ anyone who has a circuit diagram for an Info-Tech model IOD CW keyboard. James Evans, W9DRV, 925 23 3/4 St, Chetek, WI 54728.
- ☐ anyone who has info on using an audio oscillator to run a Sideband Engineers model 34 on CW. Also, anyone who uses this unit maritime mobile. Louis Linden, KB5BLV, c/o H. Bernard, 745 E Mulberry #350, San Antonio, TX 78212.
- □ anyone who has a schematic for a Philco 7800C visual alignment and marker generator. Weldon M d'Allemand, KØUDW, Box 433, Arapahoe, NE 68922.
- ☐ anyone who has a manual for the Heath IM-38 ac VTVM. Henry Knoll, WAØGOZ, 10081 103rd St N, Stillwater, MN 55082.



President: Richard L. Baldwin, W1RU Vice President: Carl L. Smith, W6BWJ Secretary: David Sumner, K1ZZ Assistant to the Secretary: Naoki Akiyama, M1CIVILITYPO.

Regional Secretaries: John Allaway, G3FKM Secretary, IARU Region 1 10 Knightlow Rd Birmingham B17 8QB Endand

Alberto Shaio, HK3DEU Secretary, IARU Region 2 9 Sidney Lanier La Greenwich, CT 08830 Masayoshi Fujioka, JM1UXU Secretary, IARU Region 3 Association PO Box 73, Toshima Tokyo 170-91

The International Amateur Radio Union-since 1925 the federation of national Amateur Radio societies representing the interests of two-way Amateur Radio communications.

The Seventh Conference of IARU Region III

The XXIVth Olympiad of the Modern Era ended on October 2, 1988, in Seoul, Korea. The VIIth Conference of the IARU Region III commenced on October 10, just eight days later.

The world certainly knew of the first happening, but perhaps was not so aware of the second.

And yet there was a connection.

Both events concerned people from many diverse lands getting together to know each other better in the cause of international goodwill and understanding.

The VIIth Conference of the IARU Region III Association was, of course, a much smaller event than the Olympics, but nevertheless, for radio amateurs it was an important and significant meeting.

Hosts for the Conference were the officers and members of KARL—the Korean Amateur Radio League. A dedicated band of helpers ferried delegates, observers and families from Seoul Kimpo Airport to the Conference hotel, and organized an office and a special-event station (6K3IARU), as well as a reception one evening during the Conference. KARL members also assisted the Secretariat in many ways to ensure the smooth running of the logistics during the Conference. It was superbly done.

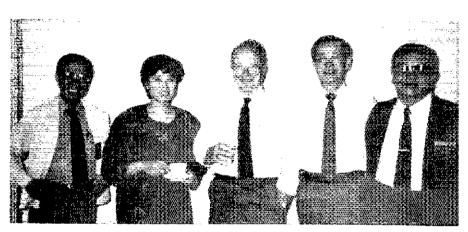
KARL, as the lARU member society for Korea, takes its responsibilities of representing Amateur Radio interests in Korea very seriously and also very successfully, as evidenced by the presence of the Minister for Communications, Dr Oh Myung. Dr Oh graciously consented to open the Conference and also hosted a reception on the first evening for all conference attendees and foreign visitors.

Later, through the Ministry, Dr Oh kindly presented gifts to all delegations, directors of the Association, and out-of-region visitors. This gesture was much appreciated by all and vividly illustrated the excellent rapport between the Administration and KARL. Other social functions held over the week of the Conference included receptions hosted by ARRL/IARU and JARL as well as a ladies' program.

The Conference itself was a very busy one with a full agenda. Eleven member societies had delegates present, some with



The opening ceremonies of the Conference. Present were not only the delegates and designated observers, but also a number of representatives of the Korean administration, plus members of KARL and spouses of the conference attendees. The guest of honor was Dr Oh, Minister of Communications.



(I-r) BV2A; Mrs Yu Wenting, director of international relations for CRSA; W1RU; Wang Xun, deputy secretary general of CRSA; and JA1HQG, director of JARL. (How many countries would you say were represented in this photo? W1RU likes to think 126.)

observers. Three member societies had proxies (one each) for sister societies that could not send delegates. There were 104 different documents formally considered by delegates, while another four or five unnumbered documents covered matters of logistics.

A total of three working groups and five committees were set up to carry out specialized work during the conference. The work involved consideration of HF and VHF band plans, with particular emphasis on 1.8, 3.5 and 14 MHz, packet-radio standards and frequency allocations, and preparation for a possible future WARC. The latter was considered to be of prime importance, and the working group assigned the task was made up not only of Region III personnel, but also experienced amateurs from the International Secretariat, Region I and Region II. Although the working group developed a



Dr Oh, Minister of Communications, Republic of Korea. In his prepared remarks, Dr Oh expressed great support for the amateur service.

position for Region III, this was done with the needs of the other two Regions in mind.

The work of the committees involved the internal workings of the Conference and

the Association, the most important result being that since the finances of IARU Region III were in good shape, there would be no increase in subscription rates for the next triennium.

One new director (David Wardlaw, VK3ADW) was elected because of the retirement of Mr M. J. Owen, VK3KI. Michael was one of the founding secretariat officers of the Association, and with his leaving, one more link with the founding of the Association is broken. All other Directors were re-elected unopposed. Masayoshi Fujioka, JM1UXU, was also re-elected unopposed to the position of Secretary. The Secretariat will thus remain in Tokyo, Japan for the next three years.

ORARI, the member society from Indonesia, will be host of the VIIIth Conference, which will be held sometime during September 1991. The venue within Indonesia (possibly Bandung) and the exact dates will be announced later.

Amateurs from over 15 countries met together in Seoul for five full days of discussion on world and Region III amateur affairs. Understanding prevailed and goodwill was generated. Just as the



W1RU and Young Soon Park, HL1IFM, president of the Korean Amateur Radio League. Mr Park is a prominent Seoul businessman who devotes a substantial portion of his time to KARL.

XXIVth Olympiad was judged successful, so was the VIIth Conference of IARU Region III.—David H. Rankin, 9VIRH/VK3QV, Director, Region III Association

ARRL Sends Delegation to Seoul Conference

While the US is located in Region 2, ARRL is also a member of IARU Region 3 by virtue of its representation of the radio amateurs of Guam, American Samoa, Wake Island, and the area previously known as the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, There are 32 ARRL Full Members residing in these Region 3 territories, which are a part of the ARRL Pacific Division and Pacific Section. The Trust Territory is now divided into four political jurisdictions. The Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands is a commonwealth of the US; the Republic of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia have entered into free association with the US; and the Republic of Palau remains under trusteeship, pending completion of negotiations which are expected to lead to the signing of a Compact of Free Associa-



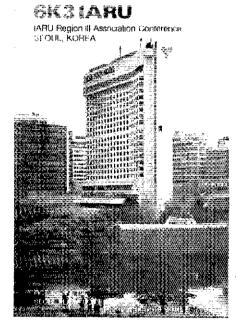
W6EJJ, KØTO, and K1ZZ of the ARRL delegation. (N1CIX photo)

tion. Ultimately, the Associated States will have their own licensing authorities; in the interim, it is the US Department of the Interior.

Beginning with the founding of IARU Region 3, it has been ARRL policy to support this regional organization and to participate in its activities. For the Seventh Regional Conference, ARRL sent a delegation headed by First Vice President Jay A. Holladay, W6EJJ. Jay was assisted by International Affairs Vice President Tod Olson, KØTO, Executive Vice President David Sumner, K1ZZ, and International Programs Manager Naoki Akiyama, N1CIX. ARRL was also proud to carry the proxy of the Philippine Amateur Radio Association.

A number of the member-societies along the Pacific Rim reported impressive growth in Amateur Radio. Particularly impressive was Indonesia, with an estimated 60,000 radio amateurs! Others included the People's Republic of China, Hong Kong, our host the Republic of Korea, Malaysia, Singapore, and Thailand. While Taiwan is not a member of IARU, Region 3 Correspondent Tim Chen, BV2A, was present and reported good progress toward licensing new operators there.

ARRL submitted papers on the international aspects of packet radio, mutual support among IARU member-societies, and the rights of member-societies. The objectives of these papers were all achieved at the Conference, along with the most important decision of all: the adoption of



a set of objectives and an action plan for preparations for a possible future allocations WARC. If there is to be such a WARC in the early 1990s, the next Region 3 Conference will be too late to make plans. By the time of the Region 2 Conference, now scheduled for October 16-20, 1989, we will know if there is to be such a WARC, and what is likely to be included in its agenda.—KIZZ

Fuzzy Rabbits Versus Quacking Baby Ducks

Fuzzy Rabbits versus Quacking Baby Ducks is not a one-sided wrestling match on late night TV. It's not one of Aesop's fables either. It is, however, a friendly Field Day challenge between two clubs.

Each year, the North Augusta-Belvedere Radio Club (NABRC) in North Augusta, South Carolina, and the First State Amateur Radio Club (FSARC) in Wilmington, Delaware, try to outscore the other in the single-transmitter class.

The idea for the challenge was born in 1984 when a stalwart NABRC member moved from South Carolina to Delaware. He joined FSARC and participated in the club's Field Day activities. It was only natural for him to compare contact totals and scores with his former club.

Prompted by the fact that the clubs were evenly matched, the FSARC issued a challenge to the NABRC. The club with the higher Field Day total score would win bragging rights for the following year, plus a trophy to be designated later. These provided added incentive for both clubs to improve their Field Day performance.

Each club uses phonetics of cuddly little animals for their calls. NABRC traditionally uses the call sign K4FR held by Hugh Minton, a long-time club member. The most popular phonetic for this call during Field Day is Kilo Four "Fuzzy Rabbit." FSARC uses its long-time club call sign, K3QBD, or Kilo Three "Quacking Baby Ducks," in the heat of battle. This sets the stage for a race between the rabbits and the ducks.

In 1986, the ducks defeated the rabbit to win the first challenge. For their trophy, FSARC suggested NABRC give up its mascot, a fuzzy stuffed rabbit, but NABRC felt that losing its beloved mascot was too great a price to pay. Not being able to agree on a suitable trophy, FSARC sent another little animal, a rubber chicken, to NABRC to serve as the loser's trophy! This meant war!

As the 1987 Field Day weekend approached, NABRC prepared in earnest. They buttressed themselves with sturdy code operators and ran up their score by using mostly CW. Even though FSARC used a new, rotatable triband beam, they couldn't match NABRC's effort. NABRC had the last laugh and returned the rubber chicken to its original roost.

For this year's contest, in a move towards good taste, the club employed more sophisticated trophies. The essence of the challenge remained the same, but two new trophies were constructed, one for each club. The two clubs agreed that each



These Field Day trophies produce fun and friendly competition for the North Augusta-Belvedere (South Carolina) Radio Club and the First State Amateur Radio Club (Wilmington, Delaware).

club would mark its trophy designating each year it won the challenge.

The 1988 challenge was close: The rabbit hopped by the ducks by a mere 50 points.

But trophies aside, the most important product of this yearly challenge is the incentive to NABRC and FSARC members to participate in Field Day activities. Spurred on by the thrill of the hunt, they become better operators individually and, as a club, better prepared to set up a station in an emergency.—(Story, photos by Chet Thayer, KQ5G, and Randy Carlson, WB0JJX)



No grass grows under the feet of members of the Young Amateurs of Colorado Net (YAC), shown here on one of their monthly field trips, this time to ETO, Inc, the amplifier manufacturer. YAC meets every Monday night at 8:00L on the Colorado Repeater Association's 147.225 repeater. The repeater is hardlinked to the 224.98 machine, allowing access by Novice members. Started in October 1987, the net now boasts a membership of 40. They discuss school and radio activities such as experiments, projects, antennas, 10-meter DXing and anything else they can think of. You might say they really "YAC" it up. (Nancy Malm, KB6IGN, Malm Modulation Monitors)

Attention: The deadline for receipt of items for this column is the 5th of the second month preceding publication date. Hamfest information saccurate as of our deadline; contact sponsor for possible late changes. For those who send in items for Hamfest Calendar and Coming Conventions; Postal regulations prohibit mention in QST of prizes of any kind and games of chance such as bingo.

†Alabama (Greenville)—January 29. Sponsor: Butler Co ARC. Time: 7 AM-2 PM. Place: Beeland Park Recreation Ctr Features: refreshments, forums. VE exams, parking, tailgating. Talk-in: 146.07/67. Admission: free. Tables: \$5. Contact: Randolph Walter, KW4B, tel 205-382-3496.

'Florida (Crystal River)—January 28. Sponsor: Sky High ARC. Time: 9 AM-4 PM. Place: Rte 19 and Seven Rivers Dr, which is the south side of Crystal River Airport at the Florida National Guard Armory. Features: seminars, VE exams, refreshments, RV parking, outdoor tailgating. Talk-in: 146.355/955. Admission: advance \$3, door \$4. Tables: \$5. Contact: Bob Gordon, W1KUL, tel 904-628-5045 between 9 AM-9 PM.

TFlorida (Fort Myers)—January 21. Sponsor: Fort Myers ARC. Time: 9 AM-4 PM. Place: Moose Hall, 1900 Park Meadow Dr Features: forums, refreshments, dealers, swap tables. Talk-in: 146.28/88. Admission: \$3. Tables: \$10 each. Contact: Pint Cornwell, N4PSU, 4342 Tufts Ave, Ft Myers, FL, 33901, tel 813-936-2000.

Tillinois (Danville)—January 14. Sponsor: Vermilion Co ARA. Time: setup 6 AM, public 8 AM. Place: UAW Civic Ctr, follow 1-74 to Gilbert St, North exit. Features: auction, refreshments. Talk-in: 146.22/82. Admission: free. Contact: Rod Pruitt, WD9HXG, PO Box G, Catlin, IL 61814, tel (D) 217-442-4416, (N) 217-431-0110.

tillinois (Wheaton)—January 29. Sponsor: Wheaton Community RA. Time: 8 AM-3 PM. Place: Odeum, Villa Park. Admission: advance \$4, door \$5. Tables: all tables reserved. Contact: Wheaton Community Radio Amateurs, PO Box QSL, Wheaton, IL 60189, tel 312-629-8006.

Kentucky (Cave City)—February 11. Sponsor: Mammoth Cave ARC. Time: setup 6 AM, public 8 AM. Place: Cave City Convention Ctr, just off 1-65 at the Cave City exit. Features: DX forum, packet forum, antenna forum VE exams (walkins welcome), test bench, refreshments, free parking. Talk-in: 144.81 and 146.52 simplex. Admission: \$3. Tables: advance \$5, door \$6. Contact: SAMI (Hamfest), PO Box 791, Glasgow, KY 42141, tel 502-678-3660.

Louisiana (Hammond)—January 21. Sponsor: Southeast Louisiana ARC. Time: 8 AM-4 PM. Place: Southeastern Louisiana University Recreation Ctr. Features: VE exams, wheelchair accessible. Talk-in: 146.40/147.00 Admission: free. Contact: Joe Fartis, N5HDW, 390 Piney Woods, Ponchatoula, LA 70454, tel 504-386-8393.

Massachusetts (Westborough)—January 14. Sponsor: Minuteman Repeater Assn. Time: sellers 8:30 AM, public 10 AM-3 PM. Place: from I-495 take Rte 9 West 1.5 miles to bottom of hill, exit right onto Rte 30 West "Westborough," proceed I.8 miles going straight through the circle to stay on 30 West, the Westborough Senior High School will be on your left ¼ mile west of the circle. Features: flea market. Talk-in: 146.01/61. Admission: \$2. Tables: advance \$10, door \$13. Contact: Scott Bullock, KA1CLX, 26 Willis St, Apt 21, Framingham, MA 01701, tel 508-872-4961, or Andrew Morrison, N1BHI, tel 508-481-3878.

Michigan (Southfield)—January 22. Sponsor: Southfield High School ARC. Time: vendors 6 AM, public 8 AM-3 PM. Place: Southfield High School, 24675 Laher. Features: parking, refreshments. Admission: \$3. Tables: reserved tables are \$20 for two 8 ft tables (paid in advance), additional reserved tables \$10. Contact: Robert Younker, Southfield

†ARRL Hamfest

High School, 24675 Lahser, Southfield, MI 48034, tel 313-746-8637, answering machine for last minute information 313-746-8675.

Ontario (St Catharines)—February 4. Sponsor: Niagara Peninsula ARC. Place: CAW Hall, 125 Bunting Rd. Features: dinner dance. Talk-in: 147,84/24. Admission: \$3. Tables: \$12 commercial, \$5 noncommercial. Contact: Niagara Peninsula ARC Inc, PO Box 692, St Catharines, Ontario L2R 6Y3 or tel 416-937-0590.

South Carolina (Greenwood)—January 14. Sponsor: Greenwood ARS. Time: 8 AM-5 PM. Place: National Guard Building on Emerald Rd. Features: flea market, swap shop, refreshments, VE exams. Talk-in: 147.765/165. Admission: \$3. Contact: Jack Wheless, AA4TZ, 141 Cherokee Dr, Greenwood, SC 29646.

Virginia (Richmond)—January 15. Sponsor: Richmond Amateur Telecommunications Society. Time: 8:30 AM-3:30 PM. Place: Exhibition Hall at the Virginia State Fairgrounds, take exit 17 off I-95 and follow signs. Talk-in: 146.28/88, 144.83/145.43. Admission: advance \$4, door \$5. Contact: Mark Huff, WA4DHY, 5005 Meredith Woods Rd, Glen Allen, VA 23060, tel 804-747-0227 between 7 PM-10 PM (reservation cut off date is December 31, 1988).

Wisconsin (Waukesha)—January 14. Sponsor: West Allis RAC. Time: 8 AM-3 PM. Place: Waukesha Co, Exposition Ctr Forum, take 1-94 to Co Hwy J, follow south to Hwy FT, then west to Expo. Features: packet radio, VE exams, refreshments. Admission: advance \$2, door \$3. Tables: reserved tables \$3, 4 ft tables \$4 (as available), electrical outlet \$5 (if available), advanced deadline January 2. Contact: West Allis RAC Swapfest, PO Box 1072, Milwaukee, WI 53201 (send SASE please).

Note: Sponsors of large gatherings should check with League HQ for an advisory on possible date conflicts before contracting for meeting space. Dates may be recorded at ARRL HQ for up to two years in advance.

Coming Conventions

February 4-5 Florida State, Miami

February 25-26 Ohio State, Cincinnati

ARRL NATIONAL CONVENTIONS

June 2-4, 1989—Dallas/Fort Worth, Texas

June 8-10, 1990-Kansas City, Missouri

FLORIDA STATE CONVENTION

February 4-5, 1989, Miami

The Florida State Convention will be sponsored by the Dade Radio Club Inc. It will be held at the Tamiami Park Fairgrounds, 10901 SW 24 St (Coral Way), from 9 AM-5 PM Saturday and 9 AM-4 PM Sunday. Admission will be \$5 in advance and \$6 after January 30th. Features will include exhibits, programs, and VE exams on Sunday at 9 AM for all classes. Also, there will be a 300 space campground with full facilities for \$12 per night, advance reservations advised. Swap tables are \$16 each (no power); with power, it's \$10 per user. Prices quoted are for tickets and tables; power is for both days. The Headquarters Hotel is the Miami Airport Hilton. Rates are \$75 single or double. The

alternate hotel is the Airport Lakes Holiday Inn. Rates are \$50 single or double. Checks for tickets, tables or campsites should be made payable to Dade Radio Club, Inc, and forwarded to Chairman, Evelyn Gauzens, W4WYR, 2780 NW 3rd St, Miami, FL 33125. For exhibit booth rates and further information call Evelyn at (H) 305-642-4139, (W) 305-233-0000.

Attention Hamfest and Convention Sponsors

ARRL HQ maintains a date register of scheduled events that may assist you in picking a suitable date for your event. You are encouraged to register your event with HQ as far in advance as your planning permits. Note that the hamfest and convention approval procedures for ARRL sanction are separate and distinct from the date register: Registering dates with ARRL HQ does not constitute League sanction, nor does it guarantee there will not be a conflict with another established event in the same area.

We at ARRL HQ are not able to approve dates for sanctioned hamfests and conventions. For hamfests, this must be done by your Division Director. For conventions, approval must be made by your Director and, additionally, by the Executive Committee. Application forms can be obtained by writing to or calling the ARRL Convention Program Manager, tel 203-666-1541 ext. 283.

Exam Info

NEW FEE FOR 1989

The FCC has announced an increase in the maximum allowable reimbursement fee that can be charged each exam candidate. The \$4.75 maximum test fee will be in effect from January 1, 1989 through the rest of the 1989 calendar year.

The FCC authorizes each Volunteer Examiner Coordinator (VEC) to charge a test fee up to, but not exceeding, the established maximum. During 1989, all applicants who are administered tests, other than Element IA and 2, at ARRL/VEC-coordinated sessions will be charged \$4.75 for all elements that they take during the same session.

Test fees are collected exclusively to offset expenses that are directly incurred in administering the VE Program. Only the FCC may establish the maximum allowable reimbursement fee that VECs may charge. No VE or VEC may otherwise derive any kind of compensation for their services. Additional information can be found in Section 97.36 of the FCC Rules.—Jim Clary, WB9IHH, Manager, ARRL/VEC

Strays



QST congratulates...

☐ Dr Susan Gorsky, KH6XN, of Honolulu, Hawaii was selected as one the the recipients 1988 Excellence in English Teaching awards by the Hawaii Council of Teachers of English.

YL News and Views

Young Ladies' Radio League Celebrates 50th Anniversary

This year marks YLRL's 50th anniversary year, and its members will gather in our 50th state, Hawaii, during June to commemorate the organization's important milestone. To many of the founding members, it seems like only yesterday when in the May 1939 issue of QST an advertisement for the late W1CBD's book Two Hundred Meters and Down included the statement "Goodness knows-and you won't tell-how many of vou YL key-twitchers are there..." One amateur radio operator, W7FWB, Ethel Smith (now K4LMB) saw the ad and wrote to ARRL, "That lace-bordered ad of Two Hundred Meters and Down brought up a point that has had my curiosity aroused for some time! How many "YL key-twitchers" are there? Nobody seems to know, but I think we would tell. I should like to have you publish this letter or some kind of a request to have the YLs make themselves known. I'd like to know how many there are, how old they are, how they got interested, whether they're key-twitchers or tonsilbusters, how long they've had their tickets and what they think we should do about these authors. So how about it YLs? Please send all the dope to me. Perhaps we should band ourselves together in a YLRL or something to that effect and make these womenignoring authors sit up and take notice."

Twelve women responded to Ethel's published letter! One of the founding members, Enid Carter, W9NBX (now Enid Aldwell, W6UXF), worked on a proposed YLRL Constitution and Bylaws which was dated September 1939. YLRL was formed, and the following were its charter members: W1GQT, W5HYF, W6RGX, W7GXI, W8SBB, W8TAY (now W4JCR), W9CHD (now W6NAZ), W9NBX (now W6UXF), W9NLW, W9UA, W9WWP (now W6WSV), VE2HI and W7FWB (now K4LMB). YLRL's first officers were president, W4FWB; VP and activities manager, W9WWP; secretary-treasurer, W9NBX and activities chairman, W8TAY. Membership was a bargain at 25 cents per vear!

In order to publicize YLRL and attract new members, district representatives were appointed for each call area. In November 1939, YLRL published its first newsletter, a monthly bulletin entitled YL News. The one-page document called for new members and requested suggestions for naming the newsletter. Response was enthusiastic, and in December 1939, YL Harmonics was born. In this same issue, a "Get Acquainted" CW QSO Party on 40 and 80 meters was announced. The January YL Harmonics told the world that W1GQT had won the December QSO Party with a total of 8 YL contacts!

grow, so did the idea to form local YL clubs. The first was organized in Kenosha, Wisconsin and was called the Keno YL Club. By 1940, YL Harmonics was telling its membership about nets on 160 and 20 phone, as well as 80 and 40 CW. That year YLRL welcomed Great Britain and Alaska as its first DX country members. One year after K4LMB made her request to QST, the magazine published an article entitled "The YL's Unite!" in its May 1940 issue. During the first anniversary year, a second chapter affiliate, the Greater St Louis branch, was added to the YLRL umbrella. The famous "33" signature, originated by W8KYR, came to be used to express "love sealed with friendship between one YL and another YL." Official YLRL meetings were held at the Central Division Convention during September 1940 and at the New England Division Convention in October.

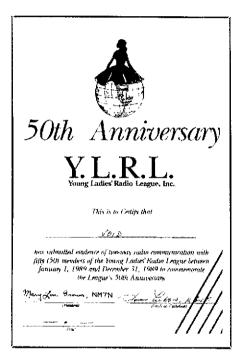
As YLRL continued to grow, the organization came to the attention of Eleanor Roosevelt, who saw W8TAY's article "YLRL QRV!" in a 1941 issue of QST. The First Lady, who was then the assistant director in the Office of Civilian Defense, applauded YLRL members on their enthusiasm for their work and stated in a letter to W8TAY it "will prove of inestimable value should the need for active defense arise." Shortly thereafter came Pearl Harbor and YLRL's motto "QRV-I am ready." YLs throughout the country participated in defense work, the Red Cross, worked at commercial and broadcast stations, and taught code and theory.

When YLRL's 10th anniversary arrived. the organization could claim over 300 members. YL Harmonics had grown to 31 pages. In 1950, the internationally popular YL-OM contest came into existence. Today, YLRL sponsors contests including YLAP (YL Anniversary Party). DX-NA YL, Howdy Days, East Meets West and the Summer Sprint. The organization offers a variety of challenging awards including WAS/YL, WAC/YL, DXYL, YLCC and YL-DXCC, as well as a Continuous Membership Certificate. Members receive the bi-monthly publication, YL Harmonics, which features contest announcements and results, YL sponsored events, net listings and district membership information.

In this, our 50th year, YLRL hopes you will renew your membership, if you haven't already, and take time to introduce a new YL to the organization. Membership is open to all licensed women amateurs. For more information, contact YLRL's Membership Chairman, Jan O'Brien, K6HHD, PO Box 700, Rio Linda, CA 95673-0700. (All auoted material was taken from the 3rd edition of As YLRL membership continued to CQ-YL by Louisa B. Sando, WSRZJ)

YLRL's 50th ANNIVERSARY CERTIFICATE

The Young Ladies Radio League would like to invite you to join us in the celebration of our 1989 50th Anniversary. We are offering a special award in recognition of the event. The YLRL 50th Anniversary Award is available to any licensed amateur in the world. Two-way communications must be established on the Amateur Radio bands with fifty (50) YLRL members during the calendar year 1989. Any and all Amateur Radio bands may be used. Crossband, repeater or net contacts do not count.



Work 50 YLRL members during 1989, and you can earn the YLRL's 50th anniversary certificate.

Applications must be received no later than December 31, 1990 and should include a list of contacts including date, call sign, time. RS(T), band and mode. Please indicate and sign on your log that you have operated in a manner consistent with the rules of the award and your license privileges. Include your name, call sign and mailing address. Applications should be accompanied by \$4 US or 5 IRCs. Any proceeds over and above the cost of printing and distributing the certificates will be transferred to the YLRL Scholarship Fund. Decisions of the Certificate Custodian, regarding interpretations of these rules as here stated or later amended, shall be final. All inquiries regarding applications or the certificate should be addressed to the Custodian as follows: Joan M. Gibson, KG1F, RR1, Box 1465, Waterbury, VT 05676. **1387**---

Silent Reps

It is with deep regret that we record the passing of these amateurs:

WA1AEJ, Gerald R. Cline, Nashua, NH W1AFL, Charles F. Pope, Everett, MA W1CFQ, Orion P. Derick, South Dennis, MA W1CFQ, Neal F. Fogg, Union, ME K1CLM, Joseph E. Gaudet, Salem, NH W1DM, Arthur C. Goodnow, Darien, CT W1GXB, Norbert G. Saegaert, St Petersburg, FL W1JTD, Harold A. Bubb, Clinton, CT KA1LEF, Francis J. Stas, Jr, Kingston, MA W1LOV, Basil Wright, Harmony, RI WA1MHE, Lester R. Brace, Brunswick, ME WA1PJI, Charles A. Sanborn, Kittery, ME W1PYY, Guy L. Wood, Pittsfield, ME W1SDC, Donald E. Urban, Newburyport, MA K2AGC, Franklin P. Hinman, Burdett, NY WB2DLT, Gilbert W. Rose, Monmouth Beach, NJ WB2DSR, Blanche H. Nail, Rochester, NY N2FI, Elmer J. O'Connor, Pittsford, NY KB2FM, Clyde W. Van Dusen, Rochester, NY *W2GN, Fred J. Merry, Port Charlotte, FL W21EA, Thomas P. Bierds, Congers, NY W21YP, Robert S. Seeley, Belford, NJ W2NVJ, Paul L. Hammann, Madison, NJ W2OGA, Harold Haytlick, Palm Coast, FL KA3FDK, Patrick T. Komiske, Silver Spring, MD W31RY, Richard V. Mulvihill, DuBois, PA K3SVM, Edwin B. Weaver, Clarks Summit, PA W3VVK, Richard S. Gilbert, Brooksville, FL W4ADH, Earl C. Bottorff, Jeffersonville, IN W4AO, Ross Bateman, McLean, VA W44CAP, Kimberley W. Parham, Maggie Valley, NC W84KR, Frederick W. Chapman, Lakeland, FL

Maggie Vanley, NC
WB4CYN, Claude W. Coggin, Badin, NC
WB4CYN, Claude W. Chapman, Lakeland, FL
KC4DTA, Anthony J. Rini, Sr, Dunedin, FL
W4FAD, Edwin F. Klar, Tampa, FL
WD4IDH, Merrill D. Marks, Palm Bay, FL
W4IIS, Walter H. Stock, Lauderhill, FL
K4IM, Henry B. O. Davis, Dayton, TN
N4JOO, Ernest E. Tealey, Stuart, FL
W4JSP, John B. Hinger, Alexandria, VA
N4KDQ, William B. Nugent, Pinehurst, NC

KJ4MN, Edward K. Gafford, Memphis, TN AE4O, George H. Markowitz, West Palm Beach, Fl. W4OAE, Stephen C. Manning, Jr, Virginia Beach, VA

KB4VOX, Jim R. Maynard, Lexington, KY
W4VXV, John Peheny, Fort Walton Beach, FL
W4YTP, Harry M. Jones, Columbus, GA
W4ZXG, Earle J. Pysher, Jackson, AL
K5CIR, Odia L. Musgrove, Pine Bluff, AR
W5FAY, Lewis F. Jaggi, Dallas, TX
W5JJ, Carl C. Drumeller, Warr Acres, OK
K5KIE, Paul W. Oliver, Durant, OK
W35LUW, Evert E. Moody, Pine Bluff, AR
W85NCL, William N. Rheams, Metairie, LA
KC5NL, John E. Williams, Carlsbad, TX
KCSRO/CT4IM, Arthur W. Stewart,
San Antonio, TX
NG5S, John B. Colby, Albuquerque, NM
WSTYM, Balba, P. Melden, Donico, TY

San Antonio, TX
NG5S, John B. Colby, Albuquerque, NM
W5TYM, Ralph R. Holden, Denison, TX
KA5VYV, Jeffrey L. Jones, Houston, TX
W5XL, Elbert G. Barrett, Organ, NM
KA5YSI, Ronald G. Cooper, Norman, OK
*W6BWG, G. Wesley Parr, San Gabriel, CA
W6CYM, L. James Tomer, Paradise, CA
W6DHK, Harry J. Parker, Jr, Lone Pine, CA
W6DLL, Reginald Neelands, Los Angeles, CA
KH6DTN, Charles A. Andrews, Pearl City, HI
K6DVL, Jack Dykman, Palmdale, CA
*W86DXH, Roger E. Gentry, Fairfield, CA
W6FSN, Joseph D. Smith, San Gabriel, CA
W6FSN, Joseph D. Smith, San Gabriel, CA
W6FSN, Joseph D. Smith, San Gabriel, CA
W6AHRX, Betty Kaiser, Phoenix, AZ
KA6JAO, Kenneth D. Lerum, Fresno, CA
K6JJP, Leslie Zelver, Roseville, CA
W6ZKU, Lester W. Tryce, Bakersfield, CA
KA7AZK, Hugh B. Currin, Klamath Falls, OR
KA7DRL, Elden N. Cuffin, West Richland, WA
WA7DRP, Dale R. Devlin, Portland, OR
W7FFP, H. Myron Swarm, Seattle, WA
W7OCX, John H. Sampson, Jr, Ogden, UT
W7PX, Edward P. Coulter, Missoula, MT
W7QY, Ralph L. Norgard, Portland, OR

WA8ABS, Alfred M. Rente, Grosse Pointe, MI *K8BYY, Larry Galvin, Lansing, MI W8HNX, William F. Burks, Cincinnati, OH WA8LWZ, William G. Lahetta, Lorain, OH WB8MYU, Merlin V. Greenthal, Marshall, MI W8NRM, John W. Brown, San Antonio, TX WB8PRF, James E. Stewart, Royal Oak, MI W8SLB, Elmer J. Helmig, Cincinnati, OH KD8TM, Raymond L. Boik, Orchard Lake, MI W8WPB, Charles J. Gunderman, Middleburg Heights OH

W8WPB, Charles J. Gunderman, Middleburg Heights, OH
W8YBM, Joseph F. Green, Jr, Redford, MI
N9FPP, William C. Whitehouse, Bloomington, IL
KA9GQS, Charles T. Woods, Indianapolis, IN
K9MZZ, Carl H. Hunsley, Sr, Decatur, IL
W9PM, Jay W. Seymonr, Rockford, IL
W9PM, Jay W. Seymonr, Rockford, IL
W9PM, Jay W. Seymonr, Rockford, IL
W9TDJ, A. C. Hyde, Quincy, IL
K9JTP, H. W. Morgan, Clear Lake, IA
WØLRL, Don O. Cummings, Pella, IA
KØODH, William R. Campbell, Jr, Chadron, NE
WØQIH, John J. Scott, Englewood, CO
KAØWEA, George Laswell, Rapid City, SD
WAØYVL, Ruby E. Moore, Topeka, KS
GM4SQH, Iain H. P. Doherty, Midlothian
Scotland

*Life Member, ARRL

In order to avoid unfortunate errors in the Silent Keys column, reports of Silent Keys are confirmed through acknowledgment only to the family of the deceased. Thus, those who report a Silent Key will not necessarily receive an acknowledgment from HQ. Canadian reports should be sent to the CRRL HQ address on p 9.

Note: All Silent Key reports sent to HQ must include the name, address and call sign of the reporter as well as the name, address and call of the Silent Key in order to be listed in the column. Please allow several months for the listing to appear in QST.

50 Years Ago

January, 1939

Devicewing events of 1938, the Editor says our license total reached 50,000 for the first time. Other highlights: Outstanding performance in disaster communications, the first national convention in years, and some basic technical advances.

☐ W2DKJ has used vertical antennas at a number of QTHs, and shares with us his acquired knowledge of these space-saving devices, including some with multiple elements for directivity.

☐ W2QY has returned from a weather-reporting Arctic expedition, during which the ship was frozen in ice for months. Many QSOs from OX2QY took place in between official duties.

☐ W9UVC says that distortion in an audio driver stage (particularly third-harmonic distortion) causes more phone splatter than simple overmodulation, and he shows us some of the remedies.

[] Under the new international regulations adopted at the Cairo conference, QSA now relates only to the strength of a signal, and a new "QRK" with ratings from 1 to 5 reports the actual readability of the transmission. (Hams will undoubtedly still stick to the RST system.)

☐ Primary keying has the advantage of "softness" which prevents thumps and clicks, but the disadvantage of bad key contact sparking. WIJPE describes the use of a controlled rectifier tube for keying of rectifier circuits.

☐ Since most of us are rockbound (crystal controlled) these days, Communications Manager Handy suggests we adopt our own "Q" signals to

indicate where we will tune after a CQ; e.g., "QLM" means the CQer will tune from the low end of the band to the middle. QML, QLH, QMH are self-explanatory.

☐ Under the new F.C.C. regs, hams who use a modulated oscillator on five meters, push close to band edges, or are in the 900-watts or more input category, need to make certain they comply with stricter new requirements. Technical Editor Grammer offers some suggestions, with a detailed bibliography.

☐ With the same concern over observance of band edges, W8CQQ describes an inexpensive device for indicating 100- and 1000-kc. points in the high-frequency spectrum.

LJ Only A.R.R.L. members are eligible to take part in the 2nd annual "QSO Party" this month, with fun and fraternalism the theme rather than high

25 Years Ago

January, 1964

[1] This year marks the fiftieth anniversary of the League's founding, and each issue will have a special section which will serially describe the organization's history. This month features co-founder Clarence Tuska's tale of his first meeting with Hiram Percy Maxim.

□ Reviewing events of 1963, the Editor says our numbers have now reached 250,000. Other highlights: Moving Hq. into a new building on the W1AW property, and intensive debates on the

incentives (or lack of them) in our licensing system, with particular attention to the Board of Directors' decision to ask FCC to upgrade the standards.

13 W3HWZ's frequency synthesizer (or crystal v.f.o.) uses only three tubes and inexpensive standard crystals. Its 5-Mc. output is designed to work into sideband gear using 9-Mc. filters.

☐ With commercial frequency calibrators so expensive, W4DFR searched his junk box and found most of the parts necessary to build an oscillator-multivibrator unit with outputs at 10-kc. intervals.

☐ At last autumn's Midwest Division Convention in Wichita, League President Herbert Hoover, Jr., W6ZH, detailed the basic ARRL program for improvement of the amateur service in both technical and operating fields. His complete address is reprinted in this issue.

☐ An IARU team of representatives, in observer status at the 1963 Geneva Space Conference, worked hard to win international recognition of 144 to 146 Mc. for amateur space activity. Strong opposition by countries suspicious whether Oscar activity is truly amateur, however, stymied attempts to obtain approval for other higher-frequency bands as well.

☐ Though based primarily on v.h.f. experience, W1HDQ's series, beginning this month, on antenna facts and fallacies will provide useful hints for improvement of antennas, transmission lines and matching devices on most any band.

☐ As a part of amateur radio's entrance into a new era of public service consciousness, W1NJM announces new message precedences of emergency, priority and routine, and illustrates their practical application.

☐ If a neighbor ham causes blocking and cross modulation in your receiver, the neat little T-pad circuit devised by W2PF may alleviate the problem.—W1RW

Results, 1988 September VHF QSO Party

Au = Gold = Aurora = Buzz-buzz = VHF DX!

Contest Manager

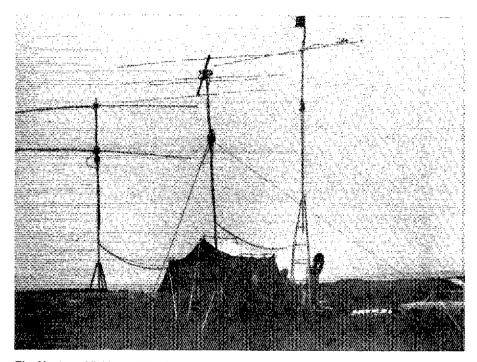
By Billy Lunt, KR1R and Mark Gamble, N1FOZ Assistant Contest Manager

oing for the gold was the battlecry of participants in the 24th Olympiad in Seoul. Likewise, Mother Nature provided the golden opportunity for DX in vast areas of the continent in the September 1988 VHF contest. According to Mendeleev's periodic table of the elements, the chemical symbol for gold is Au. To the VHF world, Au means AURORA. Yes, aurora—the buzzsaw mode—which made a dramatic appearance in the September fracas, much to the delight of the world above 50 MHz, Joy was not confined to just the northern latitudes either, as such well-equipped stations as WQ4V in North Carolina experienced extensive golden Au propagation.

The aurora was certainly the highlight of the contest, as WB2JSJ facetiously offered: "I found the aurora on 50, 144, and 220 MHz very annoying. Here I was ready for a nice quiet Sunday afternoon of painfully slow QSO rates when, all of a sudden, all hell broke loose and I didn't know which mike or keyer, on which band, to grab first." "The aurora was fantastic. This goes to show you that if you're patient the propagation gods will eventually smile upon you."-N8DGN. From 9-land: "Sunday morning was wild-all bands were open with simultaneous aurora and tropo! The three aurora openings totaled about nine hours here."-WOUC/9. WA4VWV rasped: "It sounded like spark gap!"

DX was also to be had by other routes. as WB8K took advantage of "very short and selective tropo openings on 432 MHz." In the Southwest, some limited F2 6-meter openings were recorded by W5FF, whose "contest highlight was logging LU8YYO," and K5CM, who found it "great to hear some rare South American grids coming in at the end of the contest.'

Amazing as it may seem to the VHF contest faithful, some have not yet discovered the joy of VHF competition. N4LBJ here destroys the myth that you will get a nosebleed above 29 MHz. "After 32 years on HF exclusively. I decided to take the VHF plunge only recently. I was afraid



The Northern Michigan hilltop location of the KB8JI team.

if I operated above 10 meters, I would get altitude sickness. In fact, it was a blast, Having duked it out in many a DX and 160-meter contest, I found I could take time off to be civil to the family, and eat three meals a day, without blowing the whole thing." Let's all work to get a few more converts from the dc bands.

In our regular "rare squares" feature, marine mobile W1TUM earned the coveted 52² award with 52 contacts from FN52, off the coast of Cape Cod, Massachusetts. Running 6-meters through 432 MHz, Dex reports nobody got seasick! Please give us your rare square escapades for future consideration (and a player to be named later).

The ultimate measure of success of the contest is in the scores produced. This one saw eight Division records tumble: single ops KØIR in Dakota, K5CM in West Gulf. and VE3ASO in Canada; multiops W1XX/3 in Atlantic, NV2D in Hudson,

WBØDRL in Midwest, W2SZ/l in New England and VE3LNX in Canada.

Multiop W2SZ/I on Mt Grevlock utilized the microwave bands extensively to break all previous September records with 751k points. This superlative effort illustrates what happens to the scores with a little propagational enhancement. W1XX and his band of merry men put on the Central Pennsylvania rare square FN00 in a big way, finishing second with just over 600k. This effort beat out a fine performance by the K3YTL group at 554k, finishing in show position. Of special note is the big Roan Mountain effort of WO4V, making the top ten listing.

In the single-op category, we're glad to note that contest regular WA2TEO made it to the top, edging out a very competitive field. Jeff was the only station to break the 100k mark. Hats off to VE3ASO, KB3QM, W9IP/2 and N2WK who finished two through five in that order, all bunched in

Single Operator Top Ten Call Score WAZTEO VE3ASO KB3QM W9IP/2 N2WK K1RZ WB3JYO K2UOP/4 W3IP 109,475 99,188 99,188 95,850 94,872 90,216 88,128 82,137 76,076 67,539 WIRIL

Call	Score	
W2SZ/1	751,215	
W1XX/3	600,655	
K3YTL	554,000	
K1TR	367,310	
WQ4V	331,890	
W2DRZ	301,653	
WBØDRL	267 ,384	
KA1ZE	249,613	
K1WHS	199,690	
VE3LNX	189,435	

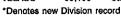
QRP Port	able Top Ten	
Call	Score	
WA5NFC K6LMN	2,166	
(CM94)	1,911	
N1EWB (FN32)	1,470	
KH6CP/1 (FN31)	1,160	
KB4NFY	943	
N1EWB (FN42)	585	
NN1G KB6MEG	560 200	
K6LMN		
(DMØ4) KA1LMR	91 84	

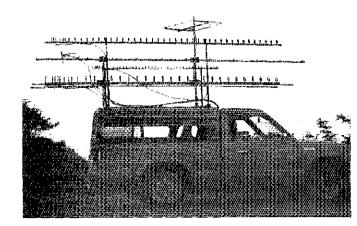
at 90k points plus.

Although QRP portable entries did not yield big scores this time, the fun factor was nonetheless S9. Finishing one-two were WA5NFC and K6LMN, the latter operating from two different grid squares. Incidentally, this category has been extended to the January Sweepstakes, although this will probably appeal only to

Single Ope By Band	erator QS	SO Leaders		Şingle Ope By Band	erator I	Multiplier Lead	ers
50 MHz		432 MHz		50 MHz		432 MHz	
W3EP/1 W9IP/2 VE3ASO WATTRE WA2TEO WA1VRH K9ES KB3OM WB2DNE K3ZO K1RZ K2UOP/4 WB1GQR (WB2JSJ,op) K5CM	159 157 136 129 125 105 104 100 91 85 84 84 84	K1FO K2OS WB8K WAZTEO WB2DNE KB3QM N8DGN K1RZ N2WK KD5RO W1RIL K2UOP/4 W9IP/2 K9ES W2HRW	130 103 90 77 75 71 69 68 67 66 65 62 61 57	VE3ASO W9IP/2 W3EP/1 WA1TRE KB3QM WB2DNE KU3P WA4NJP K9ES WA1VRH K2UOP/4 WD4MGB K5CM K1RZ VE3OZB K3ZO	60 59 47 45 40 40 38 38 38 37 36 33 33	WB8K K2OS N8DGN K1FO K1RZ KB3GM WB2DNE W9IP/2 NØLL K2UOP/4 N2WK WA2FEO W3ZZ W3IP KD5RO	43 40 36 31 29 28 27 26 26 26 26
144 MHz		902 MHz		144 MHz		902 MHz	
WB2QOQ KA1KRJ WA2TEO K9ES KA2WKA WB1BXS VE3PCW WA1VRH N3FYD VE3ASO VE3OZB K1RZ KB3QM WB1GQR (WB2JSJ,op) N8DEJ 220 MHz WA2TEO	294 283 269 251 250 249 239 239 214 211 208 204 202 201 189 188	W1RIL KD5RO WB3JYO N2WK WB2YEH WB1FKF N5WS WA3JUF K2GAL VE3ASO AB1U W0RAP W3IP KF6AJ WA1MBA 1296 MHZ W1RIL WA2LTM K2GAL	24 23 17 16 15 13 12 11 10 10 10 9 8 8	NADEJ W9IP/2 KD9JQ VE3ASO NADGN K1RZ VE3PCW KØIR W3ZZ W3IP WA2TEO WA8TJL WA4VWV WB9MSV KD5RO 220 MHz N2WK	76 65 64 63 661 54 53 52 55 51 51 50 50	N2WK KD5RO WB3JYO WØRAP VE3ASO WIRIL WB2YEH WA3JUF N5WS K2GAL AB1U WB1FKF KF6AJ WA1MBA W3IP 1296 MHZ K2GAL WA2LTM N2WK	1559999887665554 1665
WAZIEU KAZWKA NZWK WB3JYO K1RZ WB1GQR (WB2JSJ,op) K2UOP/4 KB3QM K9ES WBBWAO/8 W1RIL W3ZZ W8IP/2 W3IP WB2YEH	553 552 551 45 45 44 44 44 40 40 40 39 38 37 37	KB3QM WB3JYO KD5RO K2UOP/4 WB2YEH WA3JUF WA2TEO N2WK W3IP WB1FKF K1RZ W6CPL W3ZZ K1PXE	36 35 31 26 25 25 25 22 21 21 19	WA2TEO WBØWAO/8 WØVB W9IP/2 W3ZZ K1RZ W3IP KB3QM K2UOP/4 VE3ASO KA2WKA WB3JYO K1LPS WB1GQR (WB2JSJ,op)	28 28 26 25 24 23 23 23 22 21 20 20	KDSRO KB3QM WB3JYO K2UOP/4 W3ZZ W1RIL WB2YEH WA3JUF K1RZ WAZTEO WB9MSV WBOHU WA3EOQ K2GK	15 14 13 13 13 12 12 11 10 10 10
WATHYN	37	WB3JYO	12			KD5RO	7
		WA3JUF WB2YEH KD5RO WB1FKF W1RIL W1JR N1W WA1MBA N2WK W5RCI WA4GPM VE3ASO	0998733333222			WB3JYO WA3JUF WB2YEH W1FIL WB1FKF N11W WJJR WA1MBA N2WK W5RCI WA4QPM VE3ASO	.4444880000000

Division Leaders Single Operator Multioperator						
Call	Score	Division	Call	Score		
KB3QM WB9MSV KØIR* WSRCI WA8TJL N2BJ KØIFL WA2TEO KE7CX WSFF K2UOP!A WA4NJP W6CPL KSOM*	95,850 32,292 21,944 13,600 33,580 22,308 22,308 17,952 109,475 4,050 7,880 3,195 76,076 31,740 19,778 43,470	Atlantic Central Dakota Delta Great Lakes Hudson Midwest New England Northwestern Pacific Rocky Mountain Roanoke Southwestern Southwestern West Guif	W1XX/3* WØUC/9 K65MD WD8ISK NV2D* WB8DRL* W2SZ/1* WB6PFJ N6ENU WQ4V K6MEP WB5VYE	600,655 170,680 10,011 171,580 140,524 267,384 751,215 7,359 138 331,890 46,136 10,912		
VE3ASO*	99,188	Canada	VE3LNX*	189,435		

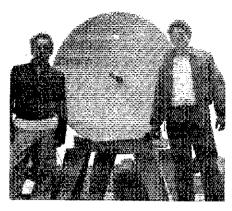




Dean, WAØTKJ, operated on 7 bands and from 16 different grids totaling over 900 miles.

Multioperator QSO Leaders By Band

Multiope	rator Q	SO Leaders By	Bar
50 MHz		902 MHz	
K1TR W2SZ/1 W8UC/9 K3YTL W1XX/3 KA1ZE W2DRZ WQ4V K1WHS N2CEI N4EQT NV2D K2XR VE3LNX W48FB	338 297 246 237 230 220 193 186 170 155 150 145 116	K3YTL W1XX/3 W2SZ/1 K2BWR K1TR W2DRZ VE3LNX K2XR WBØDRL KA1ZE WD8ISK W2DMC WB2PSI K1WHS NM8X	40 38 32 29 28 27 25 24 19 18 17 17 12
144 MHz		1296 MHz	
W1XX/3 K3YTL W2SZ/1 K1TR KA1ZE W2DRZ WQ4V K1WHS NV2D WD8ISK VE3LNX N4EQT WISL W3KWH	573 551 523 483 383 383 368 345 340 313 289 276 271 267 254	W1XX/3 K3YTL W2SZ/1 K1TR WBØDAL KA1ZE K1WHS K2XR WQ4V NV2D W2DRZ W2DRZ W2DMC VE3LNX W3KWH K6MEP	66 64 59 54 47 36 35 31 31 30 25 22
220 MHz		2304 MHz	
W2SZ/1 K3YTL K6MEP K1TR W1XX/3 WQ4V KA1ZE K1WHS WD8ISK K2XR W2DRZ N2CEI NV2D VE3LNX WBØDRL	138 127 118 108 107 77 73 63 61 58 56 49 48	W2SZ/1 K3YTL W1XX/3 WBØDRL VE3LNX K2XR N2CE! K1WHS WB2PS! WQ4V W2DRZ K1TR	53 21 16 16 13 9 7 7 7 6
432 MHz			
W25Z/1 K3YTL W1XX/3 K1TR KA1ZE WQ4V WD8ISK W2DRZ WBØDRL K1WHS W2DMC VE3LNX K2XR NM8X NV2D	207 201 200 141 136 123 102 101 99 96 93 80 64 64 61		



Jack, N6XQ, and Dennis, WA5LIG, the operators of XE2GFH, set a new North American record of 595 miles on 10 GHz.



Bruce, WD4JQV, racks up some of the 51 grids that WQ4V earned on 432 MHz during their 5th place overall finish.

those in the warm-weather climes. Or do we have some hardy souls out there with snow shoes and dog sleds?

Speaking of the VHF Sweepstakes, that event is the next stop on the VHF contest calendar, January 14-16—the weekend before the Super Bowl. Get ready to "CQ SS." C ya!—W1XX

SOAPBOX

How about that aurora! It was here in central Connecticut only Saturday and Sunday night, but I could hear stations not much further north running aurora Sunday morning, too. I was also on the edge of the western tropo Sunday evening as well. But what more could a September weekend offer—even if everyone couldn't get in on the aurora and tropo (W3EP/I). After getting off to a slow start, aurora activity Sunday provided me with my best 2-meter DX to date, when I worked WI8L (EN82) and N8DEJ (EN74) using an indoor beam! (WAINLD). Shared the trip with KH6CP/I. At one point we

were both on 2 meters at the same time, but we didn't think to work each other (NNIG). KIWHS was putting out a big signal on 3456 MHz, 59 + 20, from over 80 miles away! (WB1FKF). Since upgrading to Technician this past February, and purchasing my first 2 meter hand-held in June, this contest was the first in which I was eligible to participate. Although I probably hold the record for the fewest contacts and points, I still had a lot of fun parti-cipating and look forward to trying again next year (KAIIOD). A new 6-meter stacked antenna system was put to good use although there was little DX to be worked. A good aurora Sunday night enabled the 144-MHz and 220-MHz stations to work quite a few DX stations (K1WHS). I missed operating on Sunday, so naturally the bands opened up (NIIW). If it wasn't for the FB aurora on Saturday and Sunday night, this would have been a very dull contest! (W1BDC). 6-meter and 2-meter aurora contacts were very interesting. Other than aurora, 6 meters was mostly dead. 2 meters was also not as active as the June contest (K9ES). Conditions were pretty good and grid square totals on 2 meters were excellent because of the aurora. Contacts were hard to make though (WA2SLY). First aurora of the season . . . what timing! (WB2ZSY). I tried to get my 2-year-old daughter to do logging on the computer for me, but the only thing she typed was

Multioperator Multiplier Leaders By Band

50 MHz		902 MHz	
WØUC/9 WQ4V W2DRZ W1XX/3 K1TR W2SZ/1 N4EQT WBØDRL K3YTL W4BFB KA1ZE K1WHS NV2D N2CEI VE3LNX	95 76 73 69 67 68 58 56 54 51 50 47 47 44	W1XX/3 W2DRZ WBØDRL K3YTL VE3LNX W2SZ/1 K2BWR WD8ISK K1TR K2XR KA1ZE WB2PSI NM8X W2DMC N2CEI	23 19 18 18 17 16 15 12 10 10 8
144 MHz		1296 MHz	
WD8ISK WQ4V W1XX/3 W2DRZ WB0DRL W0UC/9 K9MRI N4EQT W3KWH K3YTL VE3LNX W2SZ/1 WI8L KA1ZE K1TR	102: 93: 88: 85: 84: 82: 77: 75: 74: 71: 66: 65:	WBØDRL W1XX/3 K3YTL W2SZ/1 WQ4V W2DRZ K1TR WDBISK KA1ZE W3KWH K1WHS VE3LNX W2DMC NV2D K2XR	38 30 26 25 19 18 17 16 14 13 13 13
220 MHz			
		2304 MHz	
W1XX/3 WQ4V WD8ISK WBØDRL W2SZ/1 K3YTL W2DRZ KA1ZE VE3LNX K1TR WØUC/9 K1WHS W3KWH N22D N2CEI	51 49 45 41 40 37 33 33 32 31 30 29 25 24 23	W2SZ/1 W1XX/3 W150DRL K3YTL VE3LNX WB2PSI W2DRZ K2XR WQ4V N2CEI K1TR K1WHS	152 122 109 665 553 32
WQ4V WD8ISK WBØDRL W2SZ/1 K3YTL W2DRZ KA1ZE VE3LNX K1TR WØUC/9 K1WHS W3KWH NV2D	49 45 41 40 37 33 33 32 31 30 29 25	W2SZ/1 W1XX/3 WBØDRL K3YTL VE3LNX WB2PSI W2DRZ K2XR WQ4V N2CEI K1TR	12 12 10 9

GX*/R2B7DHJ! (WA2YEI). The aurora was great in the north, but the 6-meter kW decided to go south (NV2D). The K2XR group is back, a little older and wiser! (K2XR). The aurora was very good to me (W9IP/2). It was a great contest; I had my all-time high on 220 MHz (N2WK). Good to have an aurora during a contest (K2GK). This was my first contest using 432 MHz. I was pleasantly surprised that I did so well using low power (W2WGL). Not much of a score, but we did have fun operating from FM14 (W2HAX). The aurora was the icing on the cake! (WB3JYO). The aurora was a nice surprise. It was still difficult, however, to break through some of the stations on 2 meters (K3ZO). Best DX was N4EQT in EM86. Too bad we didn't stick around for the aurora opening! (K3HKK). Would have been great to have the conditions experienced on September 8th (WA4LIT). Poor conditions, low activity and limited operating time made for a dull contest (WA4CQG). Good activity level on 2 meters, but propagation was nothing special (AB4JA). Everyone in our crew had a great time (WQ4V). Not much action, but still it was fun (WA4JNE). Not bad for a September

contest, except that I had to towel dry my 432 Yagi after the rain on Saturday. Special surprise was the three contacts from Argentina, one to Honduras and an opening to Texas, Oklahoma and Louisiana (WD4MGB). This was my first time on 220 MHz (W4DO). No exceptional conditions were observed here, but working the old regulars is always fun! Maybe the January contest will give us a break (W5FYZ). Conditions were poor as usual this September. Activity lower on 144 MHz than last year (W5FF). I wish people would spread out from 144.2 to 144.2 ± 10-20 kHz. It's a real mess sometimes (K9MK/5). There was good tropo Sunday morning to the north, but 50 MHz was dead the entire contest (W5NZS). This was my first contest. I'm 11 years old. I plan to participate in more contests like this, because everyone was so nice (N5JWD). I had a good time on the Glendora Mountain road up out of the smog. I'm looking forward to the next contest (W7ERH/6). Thanks to all the stations who pulled me out of the noise. Due to budgetary constraints, I couldn't get the antenna and amps I wanted, Next contest watch out! To all my friends in 2-land, I'm back! (WY6U). I would like to thank the local cable company for all that interference to the east and west (WB6VYH). There wasn't much activity, but I still managed new grids on 144 and 432 (N7CFC). I missed the aurora opening Sunday afternoon while taking a coffee break, I should swear off the stuff (WB7ATP). This is not like the Northeast corridor in terms of making QSOs (WA1KIR/7). This was the first time on 902 and 1296 MHz for both NM8X and VE3CKU-it worked out great! (NM8X). Excellent conditions from our hilitop location. There was no Murphy amazingly enough (KB8JI). Some of the locals made a special effort to get on 220 MHz in an effort to save 220. Even though not as many turned out as hoped, some of us plan to send a copy of our logs with an explanation to our Senators and Congress-men (N8CCC). I hadn't intended on entering, but things got so wild by Sunday that I decided to give it a shot (KD9JQ). Things were rather dead

until the aurora came along (WA9LZM). This is the third time we've placed EN2Ø on the air, but the QSLs keep rolling in. We'll be there again in June 1989 (WØRPK), Had a great time, there were a lot of stations on the air (NØIGZ). The VE gang's activity on 50, 144 and 432 MHz is great. Let's get

more Canadians on 220, 903, 1296 and 2304 MHz (VE3DSS). My first contest of any kind (VE3OYH). We had a poor location for VHF contesting. There aren't enough hams nearby (VE7PRC). We had a great cruise and a great day, but the number of QSOs was a disappointment (WITUM/MM).

AURORA

The aurora borealis, or "northern lights," is a beautiful spectacle which is seen occasionally by those who live in Canada, the northern part of the USA and

... The aurora is caused by the Earth intercepting a massive number of charged particles thrown from the Sun during a solar "storm," These particles are funneled into the polar regions of the Earth by its magnetic field. As the charged particles interact with the upper atmosphere, the air glows, which we see as the aurora. And, important to VHFers, these particles also provide an irregular, moving curtain of ionization which can propagate signals for many hundreds of miles

You'll notice Au by its characteristic hiss. Signals are disturbed by reflection and scattering off the rapidly moving curtain of ionization. They sound like they are being transmitted by a leaking high-pressure steam vent rather than radio. SSB voice signals are so badly distorted that often you cannot understand them unless the speaker talks very slowly and clearly. The amount of distortion increases with frequency. Most 50-MHz Au contacts are made on SSB, where distortion is the least. On 144, 220 and 432 MHz, CW is the only really useful means of communicating via Au.

If you suspect Au... listen with the antenna to the north... Try swinging the antenna as much as 45 degrees either side of due north to peak signals. In general, the longest-distance DX stations peak the farthest away from due north... to work stations far south of you... your antenna is often pointed north.—The ARRL Operating Manual, 1987, p.12-10, 12-13.

Scores

Scores are listed by ARRL Sections. Within each section, single-operator scores are listed first and then multioperator scores. From left to right, each line lists: call, score, QSOs, multipliers and bands worked (A = 50 MHz; B = 144 MHz; C = 220 MHz; D = 432 MHz; 9 = 902 MHz; E = 1296 MHz; F = 2.3 GHz; G = 3.4 GHz; H = 5.7 GHz; I = 10 GHz; J = 24 GHz; K = 48 GHz; L = Light). An asterisk before the call sign denotes a QRP-Portable station. Among the single-operator stations, the single-band winners are noted with band letter(s) being in boldface print indicating the band won. For example, in Connecticut, WA2TEO is the section winner as well as the single-band leader on 144, 220 and 1296 MHz. W3EP/1 is the single-band leader on 50 MHz. AB1U is the single-band leader on 902 MHz. K1FO is the single-band leader on 432 MHz.

16,472- 135- 71-ABCD9EF 9,163- 145- 49-ABCD

2,844 62- 36-ABCD 2,147- 79- 19-ABCDE 1,065- 34- 15-CE

756-

NIE, TFH, W3HQT, KØZK)

New Hampshire

5,805- 129- 45-A 2,117- 73- 29-B 14 7- 2-B

KIWHS (+KIS LL,MNS,TOL,KKIW,KYIK,WAIS

199,690- 745-190-ABCD9EFGHU



Connecticut WA2TEO

109,475-562-145-ABCDE 28,670-284-94-ABD 25,201-319-79-AB 24,450-205-75-ABCDE 22,200-186-75-ABCD9E 10,281-129-51-ABCD9E K1PXE AB1U KF6AJ 10,251- 129- 51-ABCI 9,711- 249- 39-B 9,380- 130- 38-D 1,508- 67- 24-B 1,180- 38- 20-809 646- 38- 17-A 570- 38- 15-B WBIBXS K1FO WA1NLD KH6CP/t WtWHL K1WVX *NN1G 560-KH6CP/1 (FN31) 560- 40- 14-AB 15- 11-ABCE KE1A 180- 20- 8-B KA1ZE (+ AC1T,N1DPM,NC11,WB1 249,613- 866-211-ABCC W1QK (+ KA1RLX,KB1US,N1ABY,I WA1WXV,WB1CVW)

Eastern Massachusetts

28,670- 284- 94-ABD	Mew usurbanna
25,201- 319- 79-AB	AC1J 18,626- 200- 67-ABCDE
24,450- 205- 75-ABCDE	NITW 6,930- 96-42-ABCD9EF
22,200- 186- 75-ABCD9E	K1KA 4,998- 119- 42-B
10,251- 129- 51-ABCD9E	W1BDC 2,324- 83- 28-AB
9,711- 249- 39-B	WA1YZN 1,536- 64- 24-8
9.380- 130- 36-D	*KA1LMR 84- (1- 6-ABCD
1.608- 67- 24-B	111121111
1,160- 38- 20-BD9	Rhode Island
648- 38- 17-A	WA1HYN 11,770-114-55-8CDE
570- 38-15-B	KB1EM 1,216- 50- 19-BCD
560- 40- 14-AB	W1AQ (K1s AQA,CH,KM1X,NI1S,NO1U,
FN31)	WAIVEK,WAIVPC.ops)
308- 15- 11-ABCE	19.668- 240- 68-ABCD
180- 20- B-B	14,400 %10 4071600
ACIT.N1DPM.NCII.WB1FVS)	Vermont
249.613- 865-211-ABCD9E	WB1GQR (WB2JSJ.op)
(ATRLX,KB1US,N1ABY,NA1S,	53,788- 372-113-ABCDE
,WB1CVW)	K1LPS 21,504-173-84-ABCDE
47,090- 439- 85-ABCDE	WIAIM 16,356- 147- 87-ABCDE
assachusetts	Western Massachusetts
22,081- 166- 71-ABCD9EFG	W1RIL 65,611- 378-103-ABCD9EFG
	. , . ,

KX1C

K1TQ K1VZI

Maine

WAITRE WIPLX KA1IOD

WIGXT KAIDHO

K9ES	49,217-	454-	89-A	BCD	
KA1KRJ	8,773-	283-	31-B		
WAIMBA	4,828-	76-	34-BI	138C	
NA1W	4,290-	77-	30-RI	CDE	
*N1EWB (F	N32)				
	1,470-	47-	21-80	CDE	
WIKK	1,083-	57-	19-A		
K1JG	63-	9-	7.0		
W2SZ/1 (K1	DH,KA1D	ZV,V	/A1s i	JGE,ZI	VIS,K2*
MM,TR,KA	2FWN N2	2GXH	W2A	RQ,WA	28 AAU,
GFP,SCA.	SPL,W82	KMY.	AK4L	WA8U	SA.opsi
	751,215-1	426-3	05-Ai	3CD9E	FGHIJ
K1TH (+K1	s BA,EG,	EA,N	IAFQ	NR1E	WAIs
PBU,VFJ I	KSWM,KM	(3T)			
	387,310-1	160-2	30-AI	3CD9E	FGHI

2 Eastern New York

22,308- 236- 66-ABCD9E 12,870- 171- 65-ABCD 10,030- 141- 59-ABD 9,016- 184- 49-B 1,596- 84- 19-8 WA2BAH WA2FUZ **KD2IX** WZDMC (KZMME,KAZIBV,KB2s EMB,CJJ, N2s BJ,HIG,W2GQ,WA2s EHI,KFS,WB2NEC, WI2E,ops) 87,483- 496-121-ABCD9E

a i c—rong	19101117		
WB2CMI	5,694-	146-	39-AB
WA2EIO			37-B D
WA2SLY	4,375	125.	35- B
K2QV\$	2,992-	72	34-ABD
WBZZSY	2,175	75	29-B
WA2EUS	912-	24-	t6-DE
WA2YEI	468-	36	13-AB
WA1OUB/2 (+ops)		
	2,093-	91-	23-B

Northern New Jersey

13,230- 294- 45-B 8,642- 119- 58-ABD 2,365- 55- 43-B 1,968- 41- 18-E WB2QOQ K4BNC N3AHF 1,924 60 28 ABC WA2UDT WB2BPY 1,173- 51- 23-AB NV2D (+ KX2O,N2WM,WE2Z) 140,524- 638-172-ASCDE K2XR (K2s JWE, OWR, KA2UHS, KB2ENE, KC2PX, KT2B, N2GUF, ops) 128,370-510-168-ABCD9EF N2CEI (+ WB2ONA) 94,752- 475-144-ABCD9EF

Southern New Jersey

WB2YEH 48,195- 278-105-ABCD9EF 48,100- 377-100-ABCD 41,370- 246-105-ABCD9E 24,786- 249- 81-ABD K2GAL W2HRW W2EIF W2PAU N2BGF 23,023- 208- 77-ABCD9F 7,095- 108- 55-ABD 644- 46- 14-B K2BWR K278.1 46,410- 252-119-ABCDE

Western New York

W9IP/2	94.872-	436	77-ABCD	
Namk	90,216	333	69-ABCD9	EF
KD5RO	50,850	249	13-BD 9EF	:
K2GK	22,500-	169-	90-ABCDE	
KU2A			76-ABCD9	Ę
K2O\$	8,240-	103-	40-D	
NM2J	7,076-	95-	58-ABCD	
	4,165-			
W2AWF	1,053	39-	27-B	
W2WGL			16-D	
W2DRZ (K2s SMN	EXT.	KB2s,CCQ	FLO,NY2Z,
NI3Xj				

301.853- 798-277-ABCD9EF

WBIFKE

WB2PSI (KA1AVC,K2OEQ,KD2OM,N2s	W4DR 1,479- 51- 29-A	7	lowa
AJX,AJY,W2AV,WA2ZKD,WB2s KAO,QCJ,ops) 55,544- 287-131-ABD9EFIL	N4BDH 1,127- 49- 23-B *KB4NFY 943- 41- 23-B	Arizona	WORAP 12,166- (10- 77-BDE
NA2O (+WB3JSU)	W4LMJ 165- 15- 11-A	WASPZL (+NGENU)	NRCIH 6,664- 83- 56-ABCD
7,300- 95- 50-BCDE W2HAX (+NV2S)	WA4MMP 30+ 5- 5-ABD K4HWG (+K9RI)	552- 36- 12-BD	KAØTLJ 6,460- 170- 38-B KDØBT 154- 14- 11-A
1,092- 39- 28-AB	32,736- 280- 88-ABCDE	₩870HF (+K87CRT) 98- 14- 7-A	WØRPK (+ WAØs BGU,JFS)
	KB4VIR (+ KB4WYR,KD8R,NQ8C)	Idaho	24,582- 190-102-ABDE
3	2,898- 67- 38-ABCD	KC7IJ 25 5 5-A	Капваз
Delaware	5		NBLL 16,016- 143- 88-ABD
KB3QM 95,850- 452-150-ABCDE	Arkensas	Nevada	KØSMI 15,048- 131- 72-BCDE WØRT 11,778- 121- 78-ABD
Eastern Pennsylvania	*WA5NFC 2,166- 46- 38-ABCD	W7LQV 1,518- 53- 22-AHD N7CFC 1,320- 50- 20-BD	KØVUA 3,003- 62- 39-BD
WB3JYO 82,137- 386-131-ABCD9EF	KG5MD (+ KA5NTT,N5DL,WD5CAP)	K7KYT 420- 35- 12-B	WD0G 2,232- 62- 36-AB
WA3JUF 14,787- 115- 53-BCD9EF KZ3X 10,773- 142- 57-ABD	10,011- 115- 71-ABD	KD7YZ 9- 3- 1-E	NØIGZ 1,769- 61- 29-B WAØTKJ (EM19)
WB3LNZ 9,690- 135- 57-ABCD	Louisians	Oregon	646- 22- 17-ABCD9EF
K3YTL (WA1MKE,KD2NW,NA2T,K3MKZ,	N5KWB 741- 35- 19-BC	KE7CX 4,050- 113- 30-ABCDE	WA#TKJ (EM18) 312- {3- 13-ABCD9EF
KASEEO,KB3QI,KS3Y,WA3s JWP,JWV,NVS, YQN,WB3s FAA,FYT,WZ,ops)	W5FYZ 406- 29- 14-B	NR6E/7 975- 32- 25-ABDE	WASTKJ (EMØ9)
554,000-1281-277-ABCD9EFGHIJ	Missisalppi	Utah	276- 13- 12-ABCD9EF
Maryland—DC	W5RCI 13,600- 102- 85-ABCDEF	WA4GPM 180- 10- 9-ABDEF	WANTKJ (EMØ8) 231- 11- 11-ABCD9EF
K1RZ 88,128- 421-153-ABCDE	New Mexico	N6ENU (+ WA6PZL) 138- 19- 6-BD	WANTKJ (DM99)
W3IP 67,539- 327-141-ABCD9E	W5FF 3,195- 71- 45-AB		200- 10- 10-ABCD9EF
W3ZZ 63,510- 304-146-ABCDE WB2DNE 45,942- 328-114- ABD	KN5\$ 910- 35- 26-AB	Washington	WASTKJ (DM98) 200- 10- 10-ABCD9EF
WB2DNE 45,942- 328-114- ABD K3ZO 20,636- 268- 77-AB	North Texas	WB7ATP 152- 19- 8-B *WA1KIR/7 75- 13- 5-BE	WAØTKJ (DM97)
WA3EOQ 12,383- 117- 61-BCDE	K9MK/5 27,090- 252- 86-ABD9E		112- 7- 7-ABCD9EF
KB3HH 3,330- 76- \$0-8D W6AXX 2,268- 84- 27-B	N5WS 26,481- 211- 97-ABDE	Wyoming	WAØTKJ (EMØ7) 112- 7- 7-ABCD9EF
W6AXX 2,269 84 27-B N3FHD 1,100 50 22-B	AA5AM 8,004- 119- 58- A BD KF5PE 900- 33- 20-8E	WA7KYM 1,406- 66- 19-ABD	WBØDRL (+KXØO,NOØY,WAØD,WBØHYV)
W3GN 570- 31- 15-ABD	KY5N 55- 11- 5-A	8	267,384- 527-312-ABCD9EFG
KA3CXG 528- 33- 16-B WA3GYW 476- 28- 17-A8	WB4GWX/5 (+ KC5ST)	Michigan	Minnesota
WA3GYW 476- 28- 17-A8 W3MSN 253- 21- 11-ABD	840- 48- 15-ABD NQ5X (+KB5GBN.N5MUJ)	N8DGN 33,330- 249-101-B DI	KØIR 21.944- 173-104-ABDE
	798- 42- 19-AB	WBØWAO/8 31,527- 206-113-ABCD	W#V8 11,592- 90- 72-BCDE
Western Pennsylvania N3FYD 9,495- 211- 45-B	Oklahoma	KUBP 27,621- 245- 99-ABD	W#OHU 2,992- 43- 34-BDE KB#ZQ (EN34)
W3HDH 2,144- 67- 32-A	K5CM 43,470- 284-120-ABCDE	N8DEJ 14,288- 188- 76-B N8FUJ 4,329- 93- 39-BD	2,728- 60- 44-ABD
W3KJM 560- 28- 20-A	W5NZS 10.626- 109- 66-ABCD	WB8OOA 4,200- 105- 40-B	WA0BWE 1,748- 38- 23-D NØHJZ (EN14) 126- 14- 9-8
W1XX/3 (+ K1s GX,JX,W10D,AA2Z,KA3s JR1, MMM,WA3FFC)	N5JWD 2,928- 74- 38-A8C W5UGO 1,431- 42- 27-8D G	WASGVK 2,240- 80- 28-B	NØHJZ (EN24) 80- 12- 5-B
600,655-1230-335-ABCD9EF	W5UGO 1,431- 42- 27-BD G KB5FCH 1,350- 34- 27-ABCD	NSIOV 522- 29- 18-B NMSX (+VE3CKU)	NØHJZ (EN15) 40- 8- 5-B
W3KWH (K3s RYA,TP,KA3KSD,N3EQP,W3s HH,	KA6ZKI 544 29- 16-ABD	80,631- 378-153-ABCD9E	NØHJZ (EN25) 30- 6- 5-B NØHJZ (EN16) 20- 5- 4-8
SV.J.WA3TTS,WB3EML,cps) 127,282- 476-197-A8CD9EFHI	WB5VYE (+ K58ZH, WA6ZKO)	K88JI (+ N8ITY,WB8CPW) 34,809- 214:123-ABCD	NØHJZ (EN26) 12- 4- 3-B
K3HKK (AF1T,KA3RRF,KB3KJ,ops)	10,912- 144- 62-ABD9	WISL (+ WBSG)	Missouri
651- 31- 21-B	South Texas	19,241- 271- 71-8	KOTFL 17,952- 134- 96-ABCDE
4	WB50B\$ 5,811- 110- 39-BCDE W50WB 4,005- 69- 45-A6CD	Ohio	KM9A 16,992-140-98-ABCD
Alchome	WD5ERG 425- 22- 17-ABD	WASTJL 33,580- 236-115-ABCD	WIJRP 5,985- 83- 57-ABCD
Alabama	WASS (+KCSFP)	WB8K 22,594- 196- 79-B D	W&AV 544- 32- 17-B AJØE (+NSJJLKØTLM,NØHOB,NJØX,WBØROQ)
WA4LIT 5,508- 86- 51- BD WA4CQG 3,002- 61- 38- A B C D	2,325- 60- 31-ABCD	KEBFD 6,077-103-59-AB NBCCC 3,815-79-35-ABCD	26,656- 174-112-ABCDE
KD4ZO 84- 12- 7-B	West Texas	W8HBG 3,239- 69- 41-8D	North Dakota
WA4VUG 60- 10- 6-B	W8CM 1,770- 53- 30-ABD	N8ZM 2,684- 74- 36-B	KØALL 2,368- 48- 37- ABCDE
Georgia	6	WD8CTX 2,280- 60- 38-AB WB8IGY (EM88)	Nebraska
WA4NJP 51,740- 212-115-ABCDE		966- 24- 23-ABCD9E	
KX4R 8,614-112-69-ABCD KJ48F (EM74) 6- 2- 2-BD	East Bay	WA8SVV 792- 35- 22-ABC	NØSTN 10,362- 110- 65-BCD WAØTKJ (DN9Ø)
	WB6PFJ (+ WB6LRV) 7,359- 174- 33-ABD	N8HBF 371- 38- 7-BC W88IGY (EM89)	420- 16- 16-ABCD9E
Kentucky	Los Angeles	242- 11- 11-ABCD9E	WASTKJ (ENSS) 364- 14- 14-ABCD9EF
KC4EG 3,157- 52- 41-8 CD KK4BD 2,048- 64- 32- B	W6CPL 19,778- 215- 58-ABCD9E	WD8ISK (WA3OJX,KB4OZH,KA8IFC,N8GYE,	NØAJU 352- 22- 16-AB
N4EQT (+KA8SSB,W8ULC,WF8Z)	KB6PHX 2,200- 87- 22-ABCD	WA8s OGS,R,WB8GEX,W9VNE,ops) 171,580- 512-230-BCD9EF	WAØTKJ (EN11)
113,322- 518-187-ABCDE	N6NVF 440- 55- 8-AB	WB8IGY (EM78) (+ WA8NJR)	253- 11- 11-ABCD9EF WAØTKJ (ENØ1)
W88IGY (EM77) (+WA8NJR) 858- 27- 22-ABCD9E	W7ERH/6 429- 30- 13-ABC WB2ODH/6 369- 41- 9-B	819- 23- 21-ABCD9E WB8IGY (EM79) (+WA8NJR)	231- 14- 11-ABCD9E
WB8IGY (EM87) (+ WA8NJR)	W6PFE 240- 24- 10-AB	228- 13- 12-ABCD9E	WAØTKJ (EN18)
510- 20- 17-ABCD9E	W6UE (DMB4) (N6DLU,op)		200- 10- 10-ABCD9EF WARTKJ (DN92)
North Carolina	4- 2- 2-AB NBRMJ (+ WABHXD)	9	200- 11- 10-BCD9E
N2CJP 5,400- 96- 45-ABCD	17,940- 205- 60-ABCDE	Illinois	WASTKJ (ENS2) 105- 7- 7-BCD 9 E
AB4JA 2,112- 64- 33- B KJ4BF (EM65) 286- 11- 11-BD 9EI	Orange	WB9MSV 82,292- 187-117-ABCDE	WAØTKJ (DN91) 72- 6- 6-ABCD9
WO4V (+ N3AHI,AA4S,N4s AH,OOT,WB4s NMA,	WB6FC\$ 8,800-138-50-ABCD	AF8Z 18,252-196-78-ABD KD9JQ 11,392-178-64- B	
SLM,WD4s IIS,JQV,MBK,WS4F,WW4T)	K6IBY 4,142- 80- 38-ABCD	NC9F 3,526- 62- 41-ABCD	VE
331,890- 802-299-ABCD9EF(N4DT (+AJ4N,KJ4X,N5AYD)	N6NJI 2,574- 64- 33-ABCD KI6DJ 1,235- 50- 19-BD	N9AQ 1,764 49 36-B N9HSP 360- 24 15-B	Maritime—NFLD
34,776- 248-108-ABCD9EFI		N9JF 273- 21- 13-B	K1GVM/VE1 198- 22- 9-B
Northern Florida	Santa Barbara	Indiana	Ontario
WA4JNE 1,092- 34-28-ABD	*K6LMN (CM94) 1,911- 64- 21-ABCD9E	WA4VWV 8,109- 159- 51-B	VE3ASO 99,188- 435-181-A8CD9EF
South Carolina	WD6BCN 792- 37- 18-ABD	K9MRI (+K9TVZ)	VE3028 42,721- 310-119-ABD VE3DSS 15,066- 137- 81-ABCDE
NB4S 2.077- 67- 31-B	N6QOA 464- 29- 16-B N6MA 462- 27- 14-BCD	48,824- 312-136-ABCD9 WB9EEA (+ N9KC)	VE3PCW 12,906- 239- 54-B
N4LBJ 1,352- 52- 26- A B	*K6LMN (DMB4) 91- 12- 7-ABC	4,988- 79- 43-ABCD9E	VE3SMA 6,468- 104- 49-ABDE
WA4LDU 416- 19- 16-ABD KJ4BF (EM84) 77- 8- 7-ABCD	K6MEP (NS6X,W6YLZ,WA6s DJS,FPX,HSI)	W9YB (KA9CCR,KC9AG,ops)	VE3OAT 2,496- 64- 39-B VE3DJ 738- 30- 18-BD
W4BFB (WB2NHQ,AA4ZZ,K4s JQU,TP,KB4UFO,	48,136- 385- 79-ABCDEI	364- 26- 14-B	VE3OYH 465- 31- 15-B
KC4s AIG, AU, FSC, KK4L, WB4s PCS, QCS, ops)	Santa Clara Valley	Wisconsin	VE3FVW 192- 18- 8-BD
65,512- 337-152-ABCDE	W6RXQ 7,880- 127- 40-ABCDEF	WA9LZM 4,450- 80- 50-ABD	VE3LNX (+ VE3s ADJ,NSQ) 189,435- 597-219-ABCD9EF
		W9YCV 4,416- 83- 47-BD	
Southern Florida	K6KM (CM87) 868- 52- 14-ABCD WY8U 572- 41- 11-BCD	WA9OKB 3,040- 76- 40- A B	Saskatchewan
WD4MGB 5,671- 101- 53-ABD	K6KM (CM87) 868- 52- 14-ABCD WY6U 572- 41- 11-BCD N6RER 85- 11- 5-ABCD	KD9TH 2,856- 84- 34-B	Saskatchewan VE5LY 100- 10- 10-AB
WD4MGB 5,671- 101- 53- AB D WBHXT 1,827- 57- 29-ABD	K6KM (CM87) 868- 52- 14-ABCD WY8U 572- 41- 11-BCD N8RER 85- 11- 5-ABCD K6KM (CM97) 2- 1- 1-C	KD9TH 2,856 84 34 B WB9QCY 1,269 47- 27-B	VE5LY 100- 10- 10- AB
WD4MGB 5,671- 101- 53- AB D WBHXT 1,827- 57- 29-ABD K1FJM4 1,457- 44- 31-ABD K4SC 920- 40- 23-A	K6KM (CM87) 868- 52- 14-ABCD WYBU 572- 41- 11-BCD N6RER 85- 11- 5-ABCU K6KM (CM97) 2- 1- 1-C San Diego	KD9TH 2,856-84-34-B WB9QCY 1,268-47-27-B KB8ZQ/9 (EN44) 1-1-1-A W8UC/8 (+K9s FVF,GUX,N6s AKC,BSH)	VE5LY 100- 10- 10- AB Alberta
WO4MGB 5,671- 101- 53- AB D W8HXT 1,827- 57- 29-ABD K1FJM/4 1,457- 44- 31-ABD	K6KM (CM87) 868- 52- 14-ABCD WY8U 572- 41- 11-BCD NBEER 85- 11- 5-ABCD K6KM (CM97) 2- 1- 1-C San Diego WA5BNH 4,290- 99- 30-BCDE	KD9TH 2,856- 84- 34-B WB9QCY 1,268- 47- 27-B KBØZQ/9 (EN44) 1- 1- 1-A	VESLY 100- 10- 10- AB Alberta VESAFO 1,328- 84- 13-ABD
WD4MGB 5,671- 101- 53-ABD WBHXT 1,827- 57- 29-ABD K1FJM4 1,457- 44- 31-ABD K4SC 920- 40- 23-A WD4AHZ 768- 40- 16-BD Tennessee	K6KM (CM87) 868- 52- 14-ABCD WYBU 572- 41- 11-BCD NBEER 85- 11- 5-ABCD K6KM (CM97) 2- 1- 1-C San Diego WA5BNH 4,290- 99- 30-BCDE W60YJ 363- 27- 11-BI	KD9TH 2,856-84-34-B WB9CD 1,258-47-27-B KB8ZOJ9 (EN44) 1-1-1-A WMUC/9 (+ K9s FVF,GUX,N6s AKC,BSH) 170,580-565-251-ABCDE	VESLY 100- 10- 10- AB Alberta VESAFO 1,328- 84- 13-ABD
WD4MGB 5,671- 101- 53-ABD WBHXT 1,827- 57- 29-ABD K1FJM4 1,457- 44- 31-ABD K4SC 920- 40- 23-A WD4AHZ 768- 40- 16-BD Tennessee K4SWP 4,459- 79- 49-ABD	K6KM (CM87) 868- 52- 14-ABCD WYBU 572- 41- 11-BCD NBEER 85- 11- 5-ABCD K6KM (CM97) 2- 1- 1-C San Diego WA5BNH 4,290- 99- 30-BCDE W60YJ 363- 27- 11-BI 'KB6MEG 200- 20- 5-C	KD9TH 2,856-84-34-B WB9GCY 1,258-47-27-B KB8ZQ79 (EN44) 1-1-1-A W8UC/9 (+ K8s FVF,GJX,N8s AKC,BSH) 170,580-565-251-ABCDE	VE5LY 100- 10- 10-AB Alberta VE6AFO 1,328- 84- 13-ABD VE6BOJ 740- 74- 10-B
W04MGB 5,671- 101- 53-ABD W8HXT 1,827- 57- 29-ABD K1FJM44 1,457- 44- 31-ABD K4SC 920- 40- 23-A WDAAHZ 788- 40- 16-BD Tennessee K4FWP 4,459- 79- 49-ABD K4FL 3,280- 82- 40-AB	K6KM (CM87) 868- 52- 14-ABCD WY8U 572- 41- 11-BCD N8RER 85- 11- 5-ABCD K6KM (CM97) 2- 1- 1-C San Diego WASBNH 4,290- 99- 30-BCDE W80YJ 363- 27- 11-B[*KB6MEG 200- 20- 5-C San Francisco	KD9TH 2,856-84-34-B WB9CG 1,258-47-27-B KB8ZCJ9 (EN44) 1-1-1-A WMUC/9 (+ K8s FVF,GJX,N8s AKC,BSH) 170,580-565-251-ABCDE	VESLY 100- 10- 10-AB Alberta VE6APO 1,328- 84- 13-ABD VE6BOJ 740- 74- 10-B VE6KC 34- 21- 4-B British Cotumbia
WD4MGB 5,671- 101- 53-ABD WBHXT 1,827- 57- 29-ABD K1FJM4 1,457- 44- 31-ABD K4SC 920- 40- 23-A WD4AHZ 768- 40- 16-BD Tennessee K4SWP 4,459- 79- 49-ABD	K6KM (CM87) 868- 52- 14-ABCD WY8U 572- 41- 11-BCD NBRER 85- 11- 5-ABCD K6KM (CM97) 2- 1- 1-C San Diego WASBNH 4,290- 99- 30-BCDE W60YJ 363- 27- 11-BI *KB6MEG 200- 20- 5-C San Francisco WB6FFC 336- 27- 16-ABD	KD9TH 2,856-84-34-B WB9CQY 1,269-47-27-B KBRZQJ9 (EN44) 1- 1-1-A WMUCN9 (+K9s FVF,GUX,N8s AKC,BSH) 170,680-565-251-ABCDE 6 Colorado W1XE 1,968-66-24-ABCD	VE5LY 100- 10- 10- 10- AB Alberta VE6AFO 1,326- 84- 13-ABD VE6BOJ 740- 74- 10-B VE6KC 34- 21- 4-8
WD4MGB 5,671- 101- 53-ABD WBHXT 1,827- 57- 29-ABD K1FJM4 1,457- 44- 31-ABD K4SC 920- 40- 23-A WD4AHZ 768- 40- 16-SD Tennessee K4SWP 4,459- 79- 49-ABD KF4FL 3,280- 82- 40-AB WB8IGY (EM76) (+ WA8NJR) 1,728- 42- 27-ABCD9E	K6KM (CM87) 868- 52- 14-ABCD WY8U 572- 41- 11-BCD N8RER 85- 11- 5-ABCD K6KM (CM97) 2- 1- 1-C San Diego WASENH 4,290- 99- 90-BCDE W60YJ 363- 27- 11-B[*K86MEG 200- 20- 5-C San Francisco WB6FFC 386- 20- 16-ABD San Joaquin Valley	KD9TH 2,856-84-34-B WB9GCY 1,258-47-27-B KB8ZQ79 (EN44) 1-1-1-A W8UC/8 (+ K8s FVF,GJX,N8s AKC,BSH) 170,580-565-251-ABCDE 6 Colorado W1XE 1,988-66-24-ABCD W8KJY 1,955-51-23-BCDE W8MXJY (DM78)	VE5I,Y 100- 10- 10-AB Alberta VE6AFO 1,326- 84- 13-ABD VE6BCJ 740- 74- 10-B VE6BC 34- 21- 4-B British Columbia VE7PAC (+ VE7s BEE,EHQ,GSB,SKP,TAJ)
WD4MGB 5,671- 101- 53-ABD WBHXT 1,827- 57- 29-ABD K1FJM4 1,457- 57- 29-ABD K4SC 920- 40- 23-A WD4AHZ 768- 40- 16-BD Tennessee K4SWP 4,459- 79- 49-ABD KF4FL 3,280- 82- 40-AB WB8IGY (EM76) (+ WA8NJR) 1,728- 42- 27-ABCD9E Virgidia	K6KM (CM87) 868- 52- 14-ABCD WY8U 572- 41- 11-BCD N6RER 572- 41- 11-BCD N6RER 572- 41- 11-BCD N6KM (CM97) 2- 1- 1-C San Diego WASBNH 4,290- 99- 30-BCDE W60YJ 363- 27- 11-BI 'KB6MEG 200- 20- 5-C San Francisco W86FFC 336- 20- 16-ABD San Joaquin Valley W8UE (OM85) (N6DLU,op)	KD9TH 2,856 84 34-B WB9COT (2,269- 47- 27-B KB8ZOT9 (EN44) 1- 1- 1- 1- 4 WWILC79 (+K9s FVF,GUX,N8s AKC,BSH) 170,680- 565-251-ABCDE Colorado W1XE 1,968- 66- 24-ABCD W6KJY 1,955- 51- 23-BCDE W6MXY (DM78) 637- 33- 13-ABCD	VESI,Y 100- 10- 10-AB Alberta VEGAPO 1,326- 84- 13-ABD VEGBOJ 740- 74- 10-B VESKC 34- 21- 4-B British Cotumbia VETPRC (+ VE7s BEE,EHQ,GSB,SKP,TAJ) 287- 41- 7-B Marins Mobile W1TUM/MM (+ KB1KM,W1ZNY,WA1s YFZ,ZVA,
WD4MGB 5,671- 101- 53-ABD WBHXT 1,827- 57- 29-ABD K1FJM4 31-ABD K4SC 920- 40- 23-A WD4AHZ 788- 40- 16-BD Tennessee K4SWP 4,459- 79- 49-ABD KF4FL 3,280- 82- 40-AB WB8IGY (EM76) (+ WR0JK2) 1,728- 42- 27-ABCD9E Virginia K2UOP/4 76,076- 369-143-ABCDE W4D0 16,536- 161- 78-ABCD	K6KM (CM87) 868- 52- 14-ABCD WY8U 572- 41- 11-BCD NBRER 85- 11- 5-ABCD K6KM (CM97) 2- 1- 1-C San Diego WASBNH 4,290- 99- 30-BCDE W60YJ 363- 27- 11-BI *KB6MEG 200- 20- 5-C San Francisco WB6FFC 336- 20- 16-ABD San Joaquin Valley WAUE (DM95) (N6DLU,op) 1,387- 48- 19-ABCDE	KD9TH 2,856-84-34-B WB9GCY 1,258-47-27-B KB8ZQ79 (EN44) 1-1-1-A W8UC/8 (+ K8s FVF,GJX,N8s AKC,BSH) 170,580-565-251-ABCDE 6 Colorado W1XE 1,988-66-24-ABCD W8KJY 1,955-51-23-BCDE W8MXJY (DM78)	VE5I,Y 100- 10- 10- AB Alberta VE6AFO 1,326- 84- 13-ABD VE6BCJ 740- 74- 10-B VE6KC 84- 21- 4-B British Columbia VE7PRC (+ VE7s BEE,EHQ,GSB,SKP,TAJ) 287- 41- 7-B Marins Mobile
W04MGB 5,671- 101- 53-ABD W8HXT 1,827- 57- 29-ABD K1FJM4 1,457- 44- 31-ABD K4SC 920- 40- 23-A WD4AHZ 768- 40- 16-BD Tennessee K4SWP 4,459- 79- 49-ABD KF4FL 3,280- 82- 40-AB WB8IGY (EM76) (+ WA8NJR) 1,728- 42- 27-ABCD9E Virginia K2U0P4 76,076- 369-143-ABCDE W4DO 16,536- 161- 78-ABCD W44SBC 14,058- 150- 66-ABCD	K6KM (CM87) 868- 52- 14-ABCD WY8U 572- 41- 11-BCD N6RER 572- 41- 11-BCD N6RER 572- 41- 11-BCD N6KM (CM97) 2- 1- 1-C San Diego WASBNH 4,290- 99- 30-BCDE W60YJ 363- 27- 11-BI 'KB6MEG 200- 20- 5-C San Francisco W86FFC 336- 20- 16-ABD San Joaquin Valley W8UE (OM85) (N6DLU,op)	KD9TH 2,856 84 34 B WB9GCY 1,258- 47- 27-B KB8Z079 (EN44) 1- 1- 1- 1- WWUC78 (+K8s FVF,GJX,N8s AKC,BSH) 170,580- 565-251-ABCDE 6 Colorado W1XE 1,968- 66- 24-ABCD W6KJY 1,955- 51- 23-BCDE W6MXY (DM78) 597- 33- 13-ABCD W6MXY (DM69) 284- 15- 12-BD	VESLY 100- 10- 10-AB Alberta VEGAPO 1,328- 84- 13-ABD VEGBOJ 740- 74- 10-B VEGKC 34- 21- 4-B British Cotumbia VETPRC (+ VE7s BEE,EHG,GSB,SKP,TAJ) 287- 41- 7-B Marins Mobile W11UM/MM (+ KB1KM,W1ZNY,WA1s YFZ,ZVA,
W04MGB 5,671- 101- 53-ABD W8HXT 1,827- 57- 29-ABD K1FJM4 1,457- 44- 31-ABD K4SC 920- 40- 23-A W04AHZ 788- 40- 16-BD Tennessee K4RWP 4,459- 79- 49-ABD KF4FL 3,280- 82- 40-AB W88IGY (EM76) (+ WABNJR) 1,728- 42- 27-ABCD9E Virginia K2UOP/4 76,076- 369-143-ABCDE W449D 18,536- 161- 78-ABCD WA4SBC 14,058- 150- 66-ABCD K90Y0/4 10,230- 132- 62-BD	K6KM (CM87) 888- 52- 14-ABCD WY8U 572- 41- 11-BCD NBRER 8- 11- 5-ABCD K6KM (CM97) 2- 1- 1-C San Diego WASBNH 4,290- 98- 30-BCDE W60YJ 363- 27- 11-BI *KB6MEG 200- 20- 5-C San Francisco WB6FFC 336- 27- 16-ABD San Joaquin Valley WAUE (DM85) (N6DLU.op) 1,387- 48- 19-ABCDE WB6COT (+AASH.NEPNZ,WA6YDI,WB6ITM)	KD9TH 2,856 84 34-8 WB9CCY 1,269- 47- 27-8 KB8ZCJ# (EN44) 1-1- 1-1A WMUCN9 (+K9s FVF,GUX,Nos AKC,BSH) 170,680- 565-251-ABCDE Colorado W1XE 1,968- 66- 24-ABCD W6KJY 1,955- 51- 23-BCDE W6MXY (DM78) 637- 33- 13-ABCD W6MXY (DM89) 284- 15- 12-BD	VESILY 100- 10- 10-AB Alberta VE6APO 1,326- 84- 13-ABD VE6BO1 740- 74- 10-B VE6KC 34- 21- 4-B British Columbia VE7PRC (+VE7s BEE,EHQ,GSB,SKP,TAJ) 287- 41- 7-B Marine Mobile W1TUM/MM (+KB1KM,W1ZNY,WA1s YFZ,ZVA, WB1ABI) 1,679- 52- 23-ABCD DX
W04MGB 5,671- 101- 53-ABD W8HXT 1,827- 57- 29-ABD K1FJM4 1,457- 44- 31-ABD K4SC 920- 40- 23-A WD4AHZ 768- 40- 16-BD Tennessee K4SWP 4,459- 79- 49-ABD KF4FL 3,280- 82- 40-AB WB8IGY (EM76) (+ WA8NJR) 1,728- 42- 27-ABCD9E Virginia K2U0P4 76,076- 369-143-ABCDE W4DO 16,536- 161- 78-ABCD W44SBC 14,058- 150- 66-ABCD	K6KM (CM87) 868- 52- 14-ABCD WY8U 572- 41- 11-BCD NBRER 572- 41- 11-BCD K6KM (CM97) 2- 11- 5-ABCD K6KM (CM97) 2- 11- 1-C San Diego WASBNH 4,290- 99- 30-BCDE W60YJ 363- 27- 11-BI *KBBMEG 200- 20- 5-C San Francisco W86FFC 336- 20- 16-ABD San Joaquin Valley W8UE (DM85) (N6DLU,op) 1,387- 48- 19-ABCDE WB6COT (+AA8AH,NEPNZ,WA6YDL,WB8ITM) 3,132- 79- 27-ABCD Sacramento Valley	KD9TH 2,856 84 34 B WB9GCY 1,258- 47- 27-B KB8Z079 (EN44) 1- 1- 1- 1- WWUC78 (+K8s FVF,GJX,N8s AKC,BSH) 170,580- 565-251-ABCDE 6 Colorado W1XE 1,968- 66- 24-ABCD W6KJY 1,955- 51- 23-BCDE W6MXY (DM78) 597- 33- 13-ABCD W6MXY (DM69) 284- 15- 12-BD	VE5LY 100- 10- 10-AB Alberta VE6APO 1,326- 84- 13-ABD VE6BCJ 740- 74- 10-B VE6KC 34- 21- 4-B British Cofumbia VE7PRC (+ VE7's BEE,EHQ,GSB,SKP,TAJ) 287- 41- 7-B Marins Mobils W1TUM/MM (+ KB1KM,W1ZNY,WA1's YFZ,ZVA, WB1ABI) 1,679- 52- 23-ABCD DX XE2GBO 1,224- 61- 17-ABCD XE2GFH (WASLIQ,N8XQ,ops)
WD4MGB 5,671- 101- 53-ABD WBHXT 1,827- 57- 29-ABD K1FJM4 1,457- 44- 31-ABD K4SC 920- 40- 23-A WD4AHZ 768- 40- 16-BD Tennessee K4SWP 4,459- 78- 49-ABD KF4FL 3,280- 82- 40-AB WB9IGY (EM76) (+ WR0JK); 1,728- 42- 27-ABCD9E Virginia K2JOP/4 76,076- 369-143-ABCDE W4D0 16,538- 161- 78-ABCD WA4SBC 14,088- 150- 68-ABCD WA4SBC 14,088- 150- 68-ABCD K4FTO 4,264- 85- 41-ABD	K6KM (CM87) 888- 52- 14-ABCD WY8U 572- 41- 11-BCD NBRER 8- 11- 5-ABCD K6KM (CM97) 2- 1- 1-C San Diego WASBNH 4,290- 99- 30-BCDE W60YJ 363- 27- 11-BI 'KB6MEG 200- 20- 5-C San Francisco WB6FFC 336- 22- 16-ABD San Joaquin Valley WAUE (DM85) (N6DLU.op) 1,387- 48- 19-ABCDE WB6COT (+AASAH.NEPNZ,WA6YDI,WB6ITM) 3,132- 79- 27-ABCD	KD9TH 2,856 84 34 B WB9GCY 1,258- 47- 27-B KB8Z079 (EN44) 1- 1- 1- 1- WWUC78 (+K8s FVF,GJX,N8s AKC,BSH) 170,580- 565-251-ABCDE 6 Colorado W1XE 1,968- 66- 24-ABCD W6KJY 1,955- 51- 23-BCDE W6MXY (DM78) 597- 33- 13-ABCD W6MXY (DM69) 284- 15- 12-BD	VE5I,Y 100- 10- 10-AB Alberta VE6APO 1,328- 84- 13-ABD VE6BOJ 740- 74- 10-B VE5KC 34- 21- 4-B British Columbia VE7PRC (+ VE7s- BEE,EHQ,GSB,SKP,TAJ) 287- 41- 7-B Marins Mobile W1TUMMM (+ KBIKM,W1ZNY,WA1s YFZ,ZVA, WB1ABI) 1,679- 52- 23-ABCD DX XE2GBO 1,224- 61- 17-ABCD

Rules, 1989 Novice Roundup

1) Object: For Novice and Technician operators in the United States (and possessions and territories) to contact and exchange OSO information with as many stations as possible on the Novice bands. All authorized emissions modes may be used (see scoring information). Higher-class licensees work Novices and Technicians only.

2) Contest Period: The week that spans the end of January and the beginning of February, including both weekends. Begins 0000 UTC Saturday, January 28, 1989, and ends 2400 UTC Sunday, February 5. Operate no more than 30 hours during this nine-day period. Nonoperating periods must be at least 15 minutes; listening time counts as operating time. Times on and off must be indicated in your log.

3) Entry categories

(A) Single Operator: One person performs all transmitting, receiving and logging functions during the contest period.

(B) Multioperator: Single transmitter only. This category includes stations making use of any form of assistance, such as help with logging or relief operator, during the contest period.

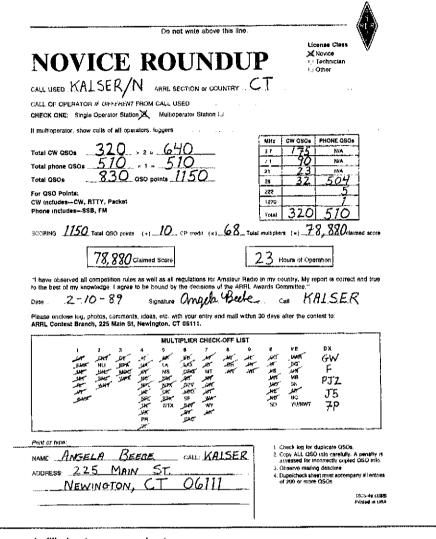
4) Exchange: Signal report and ARRL/CRRL Section (country for DX stations). Both stations must receive and acknowledge the complete exchange for the contact to count. Novices should send /N and Technicians /T after their call sign so others will know their license class.

5) Scoring

(A) OSO Points: Count one point for each complete voice QSO and two points for each complete CW OSO. Voice modes include SSB and FM; CW includes all authorized digital modes such as RTTY and packet radio. You may work stations only once on a voice mode and once on a digital mode, regardless of frequency band.

(B) Multiplier: Each ARRL/CRRL Section, plus VE8/VY1, plus each DXCC

country.



A properly filled out summary sheet.

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Novice Roundup

log street L of 5

CALL USED KAISER

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Log sheet

(C) Code Proficiency: Additional points can be earned if you have qualified for an ARRL (not FCC) Code Proficiency certificate. CP credit equals the speed in words per minute indicated on the latest certificate or sticker held by the entrant. For more details on the Code Proficiency program, see Contest Corral, this issue.

- (D) Final Score: Add your Code Proficiency credit to your total number of QSO points. Multiply that total by your ARRL Section/DXCC country total for your final score.
- 6) Miscellaneous: Crossband and crossmode contacts are not permitted. Novices and Technicians work any amateur stations;

others work Novices and Technicians only. Contacts made through repeaters (or locally used repeater output frequencies) are not permitted. Packet radio contacts made through digipeaters are not permitted.

- 7) Reporting: Contest forms (log sheets, summary sheet, dupe sheet) are available from ARRL HQ for an SASE. Official forms are recommended. Any entrant making more than 200 total QSOs must submit duplicate check sheets (an alphabetical listing of stations worked). Incomplete or late entries will be classified as check logs and are not eligible for competition or awards. Logs should indicate dates, QSO times, on and off times, complete exchange sent and received for each contact, and band. Postmark your entry within 30 days after the contest ends (March 7, 1989). Send entries to: ARRL Contest Branch, 225 Main St, Newington. CT 06111.
- 8) Awards: Certificates to every Novice and Technician entrant who submits a valid entry. Endorsements for top Novice and Technician entrant in each ARRL Section/Division. Non-Novice/Technician entries are not eligible for awards.

9) Conditions of Entry

- (A) Each entrant agrees to be bound by the provisions as well as the intent of this announcement, the regulations of his/her licensing authority and the decisions of the ARRL Awards Committee.
- (B) Disqualifications: See page 104 of this issue.

Strays



SEMPER FI

☐ I am currently doing my second tour in the Marine Corps. My primary job is a Communicator, but at the time the following incident occurred, I was participating in an exercise in Yuma, Arizona in charge of a security team. On October 8, 1988, my team had to go out and guard a helicopter that had to make an emergency landing in the Californian desert due to mechanical problems. We were taken out in another helicopter and dropped off with enough provisions to last us through the night and the first meal in the morning, at which time they said they would be back to pick us up. I also had a military HF radio, with the frequencies for which to contact them in case we ran into any trouble. While the night went by without incident, the day held a few surprises for us. At about 0500L, I lost communications with my contact. I didn't worry about it too much because they were supposed to pick us up at 0700. I really didn't expect them to show up until 0800, so I let my team sleep in. As they got up, I started letting them know about certain doubts I had about being picked up until about 1300, so I made them wait before they ate their last meal. As the morning rolled by, my doubts became reality, so about 1200,

I let my team eat their last meal with the feeling that we would be picked up at noon. I tried to raise my contact and inform them that we had only one more meal each and about three gallons of water left, but it was to no avail. After 1300 came and went, I started to get a little nervous about our situation. We had about two gallons of water left, and it was getting hotter. I tried to raise them every half hour in hopes that I could get through. At about 1430, I switched to the the Novice voice section of 10 meters and started looking for someone, anyone. After listening for about 10 minutes, I heard CQ CQ CQ FROM KILO CHARLIE FOUR CHARLIE YANKEE VICTOR, KC4CYV CALLING CO. I figured what could I lose, so I called back, KILO CHARLIE FOUR CHARLIE YANKEE VICTOR THIS IS KILO CHARLIE FOUR FOXTROT UNIFORM ALFA SLANT SIX, and to my surprise he came back. We rag chewed for a couple of minutes and he told me his name was Amos. He said that he was 13 years old and his QTH was North Carolina. I told him where I was and asked him to do me a big favor. I explained my situation and gave him a phone number to call. He said he would relay my message and to stand by, and he would get back to me. After what seemed like an eternity (actually about 10 minutes), he came back and said that he had gotten through and passed on what I asked him to. We rag chewed a little more, and I promised him a QSL, then I had to go listen up for my ride. We were picked up at 1600, and they relayed to me that Amos said

"Hi." I want to thank Amos for a job well done. And to think, we still had a gailon and a half of water left.—Cpl Branko C. Resanowitch, KC4FUA

QST congratulates...

- ☐ radio amateurs on 60 years as ARRL members:
- Richard E. Nebel, W2DBQ, Hempstead, New York
- Henry J. McDade, W1LMU, Waban, Massachusetts
- Orin C. Levis, Jr, W6DZ, Sacramento, California
- Carl A. Felt, Jr, N2XJ, Chatham, New Jersey
- Earl D. Dryer, WØDHN, Kansas City, Missouri
- ☐ the following radio amateurs on 50 years as a ARRL members:
- Walter P. Bernadyn, W2FP, Mahwah, New Jersey
- Geoffrey S. Vore, W9QBJ, Sister Bay, Wisconsin
- Victor W. Paounoff, N4XR/1, Woodstock, Connecticut
- William C. Pease III, W4AYF, Columbus, Georgia
- Marvin E. Juza, W6FGD, Sunnyvale, California
- Lt Col Harry W. Robinson, W2AZ,
 Vineland. New Jersey
- Reid H. Burrows, W5TGU, Madison, Wisconsin

Club Competition Rules and Contest Disqualification Criteria

he 1989 contest season is upon us. Three of the ARRL-sponsored contests during 1989 include an ARRL-affiliated club competition—January VHF Sweepstakes, February/March International DX Contest and the November Sweepstakes. There are a few ground rules to follow to ensure that your club's scores are properly credited (and to ease the log checker's burden). These are detailed below.

From time to time it becomes necessary to consider disqualifying an entry to an ARRL contest. The particulars are listed below. Most of the time the reason is simply that the person submitting the entry was not accurate in copying call signs or contest exchanges. As long as you are careful only to log QSOs when you are sure of the information, you should have nothing to worry about. (The use of standard ARRL contest forms will help ensure that your score is figured properly and speed up the publication of contest results in QST.)

Don't hesitate to call or write if you have a question about the rules listed here or the rules for any particular contest. The time to ask is before the contest, not afterward.

Club Competition

Only ARRL-affiliated clubs may participate in the club competition. A member must be listed in the regular score listings to be counted for a club.

For a club to be listed, two conditions must be met:

- 1) At least three different entries from members of the club must be submitted.
- 2) All members wishing to be included in the club score must indicate the club name on their summary sheet and the club secretary must send a list of all club members eligible to compete for the club and which level (unlimited, medium, local) they wish to enter for each competition. Remember to meet the mailing deadline!

There are three levels of club competition: 1) Unlimited: Any club submitting 51 or more entries. (One station can submit two entries—one on phone and one on CW in the November Sweepstakes and the DX Contest.) All stations and all operators must reside within 175 miles of the club's center. All members must attend at least two club meetings per year to be eligible to submit an entry. If, however, they have not been a member for a year's time, they must have attended a meeting as a member prior to the contest. To be considered bona fide, a member must be active in club affairs. Members living outside of 175 miles and/or members operating stations outside 175 miles may not compete in the club competition. The club must be ARRL-affiliated.

2) Medium: Any club submitting 50 or fewer entries except as noted in local club criteria below. The same mileage and attendance requirements apply as the

unlimited class club. The club must be ARRL-affiliated.

3) Local: Any club submitting 10 or fewer entries. All members must reside within 20 miles of the club's center. There is no attendance requirement. Again, the club must be ARRL-affiliated.

Single- and multioperator station scores may be counted. At a guest-operated single-operator station, both the guest operator and the station licensee must be members of the same club in order to count the score for that club. At multioperator stations, at least 66 percent of the operators must be members of the same club for the score to count for that club.

In conjunction with the two meetings per year rule, the club must hold at least four inperson meetings per year. A club's entry classification may be changed if, in the opinion of the ARRL Awards Committee, the club has manipulated its number of entries to fall into a lower classification (for example, if a club with 100 members submits only the 10 highest scores, even if more than 10 of its members wish to compete.)

It is not within the intent of these rules that a club should vote out a member or that a member resign and then be voted back into the club later so the member-attendance rule can be met.

The highest affiliated-club entry will be awarded a gavel in each category (unlimited, medium, local).

The highest single-operator CW score and the highest single-operator phone score (ARRL International DX Contest and ARRL November Sweepstakes) in any club entry will be awarded a club certificate when at least three single-operator CW and/or three single-operator phone scores are submitted.

Disqualification

If the claimed score of a participant is reduced by 2 percent or more, the entry may be disqualified. Score reduction does not include correction of arithmetic errors.

Score reduction may be made for taking credit for unconfirmed QSOs and/or multipliers, duplicate contacts and/or other scoring discrepancies.

An entry with more than 2-percent duplicate contacts left in the log or an entry in which more than 2-percent "rubber clocking" (altering the actual time to increase the operating time so that it is greater than the allowable (limit) is detected will be automatically disqualified.

If a participant is disqualified, he or she will be barred from submitting an entry in the next annual running of that specific contest; for example, disqualification from the 1988 phone SS prohibits submission of an entry for the 1989 phone SS, but 1989 CW SS participation is okay.

The calls of all disqualified participants will be listed in the QST contest report.

Any participant on the borderline of disqualification, but not actually disqualified, may receive a warning letter.

For each duplicate contact or miscopied call sign that is removed from the log by HQ, three additional contacts will be deleted as a penalty. The penalty will not be considered part of the 2-percent disqualification criteria.

In all cases of question, the decisions of the ARRL Awards Committee are final.

Mini Directory

As a convenience to our readers, here is a list of items of particular interest and when they most recently appeared in QST.

QS1.	
Advisory Committee	
Members	May 1988, p 55
Club Contest Rules	This issue, p 104
Considerate Operator's	
Frequency Guide	This issue, p 77
DXCC_Annual Listing	This issue, p 71
Frequency/Mode	
Alfocations	This issue, p 77
Hamfest Calendar Rules	Apr 1988, p 73
License-Renewal	
Information	This issue, p 76
Major ARRL Operating	
Events and	
Conventions—1989	This issue, p 65
Packet-Radio Frequency	
Recommendations:	
Below 225 MHz	Sep 1987, p 54
Above 225 MHz	Mar 1988, p 51
QSL Bureaus	
Incoming	Dec 1988, p 74
Outgoing	Sep 1988, p 71
Reciprocal Operating	
Agreements	Oct 1988, p 63
First ARRL RTTY Round	· ···•
Announcement	Nov 1988, p 88
Third-Party-Traffic	
Agreements	Oct 1988, p 63
VUCC Annual Listing	Dec 1988, p 85
What is Amateur Radio?	Dec 1988, p 88

Strays



I would like to get in touch with...

☐ anyone with info on modifying the Clegg FM27B transceiver for 144 MHz. Michael Klein, KC3NE, 721 Strahle St, Philadelphia, PA 19111.

☐ anyone who has a technical manual (Army TM-5815-???-??) for Army or Air Force teletypewriter set TT-44/TG, by National Cash Register. Adjustment procedures of a high level needed. Heard Lowry, K4VFA, 915 Madison St, Manchester, TN 37355.

Dec 31-Jan 1

ARRL Straight Key Night, 24-hour period UTC (from 7 PM EST Dec 31 until 7 PM EST Jan 1). This is a friendly meeting on the air using straight keys. Suggested areas of operation of 80, 40 and 20 meters are 60 to 80 kHz from the lower band edges and 10 kHz from the lower Novice band edges. When participating in SKN, use SKN instead of RST preceding the three-digit report to clue in passersby. Following SKN, send a list of stations worked plus your vote for best fist heard (not necessarily one you've worked) during that period. This is not a contest; quick contest-like exchanges are discouraged. Vote also for the most interesting QSO. Mail your report by Jan 10 to ARRL HQ.

January

West Coast Qualifying Run, 10-35 WPM, at 0500Z Jan 5 (9 PM PST Jan 4). W6OWP prime, W6ZRJ alternate. Frequency is approximately 3.590 MHz. Underline one minute of highest speed you copied, certify that your copy was made without aid and send to ARRL HQ for grading. Please include your full name, call sign (if any) and complete mailing address. A large SASE will help expedite your award or endorsement.

ARRL RTTY Roundup, Nov QST, p 88. Hunting Lions in the Air Contest, CW, Dec QST, p 105.

W1AW Qualifying Run, 10-35 WPM, at 0300Z Jan 14 (10 PM EST Jan 13). Transmitted simultaneously on 1.818 3,58 7.08 14.07 21.08 28.08 50.08 147.555 MHz. See Jan 4 listing for further details.

Mid-Winter Contest, CW, Dec QST, p 105.

14-15

Hunting Lions in the Air Contest, SSB, Dec OST, p 105.

14-16

ARRL January VHF Sweepstakes, Dec QST, p 104.

QRP ARCI Fireside Sprint, Dec QST, p 105. Mid-Winter Contest, SSB, Dec QST, p 105.

21-22

Texas QSO Party, sponsored by the West Texas DX Assn, from 0000Z Jan 21 until 1800Z Jan 22. Phone and CW. Single operator only. Work stations once per band and mode. Mobiles may be worked again in each county. Exchange serial number and state/province/country (county for TX stations). Score 1 point per phone QSO, 2 points per CW QSO, 5 points per phone QSO with TX mobile station (non-TX stations only) and 7 points per CW QSO with TX mobile station (non-TX stations only). TX stations multiply by total number of states/provinces/countries and TX counties. Others states/ provinces/ countries and 1 A counties. Others multiply by total number of TX counties worked (max 254). Suggested frequencies; CW—3,565 3,710 7.065 7.110 14.065 21.065 21.110 28.065 28.110; phone—3.940 7.260 14.280 21.370 28.600. Certification of the contribution of the countries of the coun cates and plaques. Send logs to be received before Mar 14 to Les Bannon, WF5E, 3400 Bedford, Midland, TX 79703.

North Dakota QSO Party, Dec QST, p 105. Michigan QRP Club CW Contest, Dec QST, p 105. AGCW-DL QRP Winter Contest, Dec QST, p 105.

26

W1AW Qualifying Run, 10-35 WPM, at 2400Z Jan 26 (7 PM EST). See Jan 13 listing for further details.

CQ World Wide 160 Meter Contest, CW, Dec QST, p 105.

28-29

REF French Contest, CW, sponsored by Reseau Des Emetteurs Francais, from 0600Z Jan 28 until 1800Z Jan 29 (phone 0600Z Feb 25 until 1800Z Feb 26). 80-10 meters. Single operator and multioperator. Work French stations, including overseas territories and DA1/2 French military stations. Exchange signal report and serial number. Count 1 point for QSOs with own continent, 3 points for other continents. Multiply by total of French departments, (Corsica-TK-has 2 departments: 2A and 2B), FFA (DA1/2), DOM-TOM per band. F6REF/00 gives one special multiplier. Entries must be received by March 15 (phone by April 15) to REF French Contest, c/o Pacchiana Christian, F6ENV Chemin des Ecoles, Quartier St Jean, 13110 Port-De-Bouc, France.

YL-ISSB QSO Party, CW, Dec QST, p 105. UBA Contest, CW, Dec QST, p 106.

28-Feb 5

Novice Roundup, this issue, p 102.

West Coast Qualifying Run. 10-40 WPM, at 0500Z Feb 1 (9 PM PST, Jan 31). See Jan 4 listing for more details.

February

Vermont QSO Party, sponsored by the Central Vermont ARC, from 0001Z Feb 4 until 2400Z Feb 5. Stations may be worked three times per band (once each on CW, phone and RTTY). All QSOs must take place in the appropriate mode subbands. Exchange signal report and QTH (county for VT stations; state/province/country for others). Suggested frequencies: phone—lower 25 kHz of the 80-15 General bands, 50.110 144.200; CW—3.540 3.720 7.040 7.120 14.040 21.040 21.140 28.040; RTTY-3.620 and 90 kHz from lower band edges. Count 1 point per phone QSO. Multiply by number of states/province/countries for VT stations; others multiply by number of VT counties worked (max 14). 20 point bonus points for working W1BD. Awards. Official log sheets available for SASE to sponsor. Mail entry by Mar 1 to D. Loverin, WA1PDN, 50 Liberty St, Montpelier, VT 05602.

Ten-Ten International Net Winter Phone QSO Party, sponsored by the Ten-Ten International Net, from 0000Z Feb 4 until 2400Z Feb 5. Open to all amateurs but only paid-up 10-10 members are eligible for awards. Single operator only. SSB, AM and FM. Work stations once on 10 meters only. Contacts must be in the phone subband. Exchange call, name, state and 10-10 number (if member). Count 2 points for each QSO with a member, count 1 point for each QSO with non-member. Final score is total QSO points. Awards. Send logs along with cover sheet and dupe sheet before Mar 1 to Fort McHenry Chapter, c/o Fred Plitt, W3DCN, 2271 Four Seasons Dr, Gambrills, MD 21054.

New Hampshire QSO Party, sponsored by the NH ARA, from 1900Z Feb 4 until 0700Z Feb 5 and 1400Z Feb 7 until 0200Z Feb 8. Work stations once per band and mode. Exchange signal report and QTH (county for NH stations; state/province/ country for others). Suggested frequencies: phone—1.875 3.935 7.235 14.280 21.380 28.380 50.115 144.205; CW—1.810 and 35 kHz above band edges; Novice-35 kHz above lower Novice band

edges. Count 1 point per phone QSO, 2 points per CW/RTTY QSO and 5 points per Novice/Tech QSO. NH stations multiply by total states/ provinces/countries worked. Others multiply by total number of NH counties worked (max 10). Count 20 bonus points each for working WBICAG, N1BYQ, W1FN, WBIGXM, N2BD, WIGUA and W1WQM. Awards. Must be postmarked by Mar 10 (include SASE for results). Send logs to Mt Moriah RS, c/o Bud Valcourt, N1BYQ, 19 Teague Dr., Salem, NH 03079.

North American Sprint, CW, sponsored by the National Contest Journal, from 0000Z-0400Z Feb 5 (phone contest 0000Z-0400Z Feb 12.) Contests are separate; 80, 40, 20 meters only. Suggested frequencies: CW-3.530-3.550 7.030-7.050 14.030-14.050; phone—3.870-3.910 7.210-7.240 14.260-14.290. For a valid QSO, you must send and receive all of the following information: other station's call, your call, serial number (consecutive starting with 001), your name and state (or province/country). An operator may use only one call sign during the contest. Multiply valid QSOs by sum of states, provinces and North American countries (not W/VE). KH6 is not counted as a state or as an NA country. VE multipliers are Maritimes (VE1, VO1, VO2) and VE2 through VE8 (8 max) Non-NA countries do not count as multipliers. Special QSY rule: Stations soliciting a call by sending CQ, QRZ and so on, are permitted to work only one station in response to that solicitation. They must thereafter move at least 1 kHz before working any other station, or at least 5 kHz before again soliciting calls. Team competition: Each team has a maximum of 10 members as a single-entry unit. Clubs having more than 10 members may submit more than one team entry. To qualify, the name and call sign of each operator (and station operated if a guest op) must be registered with W6OAT. The team information may be contained either in a letter received by W6OAT before the start of the Sprint or in a Western Union mailgram dated at least 24 hours before the start of the Sprint. There are no distance or meeting requirements for a team entry. CW and phone teams are separate. Entries must be received no later than 30 days after the Sprint. Mail CW entries to Rusty Epps, W60AT, 651 Handley Trail, Redwood City, CA 94062. Phone entries go to Rick Niswander, K7GM, 910 W Claremont, Phoenix, AZ 85013.

W1AW Qualifying Run, 10-40 WPM, at 0300Z Feb 12 (10 PM EST, Feb 11). See Jan 13 listing for further details.

PACC Contest, sponsored by VERON, from 1200Z Feb 11 to 1200Z Feb 12. CW and phone, 160-10 meters. Work PA PB PI stations. Single and multioperator categories. Exchange signal report and serial number. Dutch stations will send signal report and province (GR FR DR OV GD UT NH ZH FL ZL NB LB). Work stations once per band, regardless of mode. Count one point per QSO and multiply by number of provinces worked per band for final score. Mail logs by March 31 to PACC Contest, F. Th. Oosthoek, PAØINA, PO Box 499, 4600 AL Bergen op Zoom, Netherlands.

YI.-OM Contest, phone, sponsored by Yl.RL, from 1400Z Feb 11 until 0200Z Feb 13 (CW portion will be 1400Z Feb 25 until 0200Z Feb 27). Phone and CW are separate contests. YLs work OMs, OMs work YLs only. Use all bands; no cross-band operation. No net contacts or repeater contacts. Work stations only once per band. Exchange QSO number, signal report and state/province/country. Count one point for each station worked and multiply by the total number of states/provinces/ countries worked. Stations running 150 W CW or

200 W PEP SSB or less multiply final score by 1.25. Entries with more than 200 OSOs must submit dupe sheets and must score each hand separately. Time limit is 24 hours and logs must indicate rest periods. Suggested frequencies: CW—3.540-3.570 7.040-7.070 14.040-14.070 21.120-21.150 28.120-28.150; phone —3.940-3.970 7.240-7.270 14.250-14.280 21.380-21,410 28,380-28,410. Awards, Logs must be received by Mar 30. Mail them to Carol Schrader, WI4K, 4744 Thoroughgood Dr., Virginia Beach, VA 23455.

12

North American Sprint, phone, see Feb 5 listing for further details.

18-19

ARRL International DX Contest, CW, Dec QST, p 103.

24

W1AW Qualifying Run, 10-35 WPM, at 2100Z Feb 24 (4 PM EST). See Jan 13 listing for further details.

24-26

CQ World Wide 160 Meter Contest, phone; Dec *QŠT*, p 105.

REF French Contest, phone, see Jan 28 listing for further details.

25-27

YL-OM Contest, CW, see Feb 11 listing for further details.

Deadline: The deadline for receipt of items for this column is the 1st of the second month preceding the publication date. For example, your information would have to reach HQ by Feb 1 to make the April issue. Please include name of contest, dates, times (Z) and complete rules. Send to Contest Corral, 225 Main St, Newington, CT 06111.

Special Events

Pasadena, California: The Relay Repeater ARC will operate KG6AX, starting Dec 29, until Jan 2, each day between 1600Z-0400Z to commemorate the 100th anniversary of the Tournament of Roses Parade and the 75th anniversary of the Rose Bowl Game. Suggested Frequencies: 3,885 7,260 14,260 21,335 28,450 and 28,550. For certificate, send QSL and 9- x 12-in SASE to Relay Repeater Club, PO Box 81, Arcadia, CA 91006-5019.

Honston, Texas: The Houston ARC will operate W5DPA through the year of 1989 to commemorate its 71st year. Operations will be on all bands including the WARC bands. A plaque will be awarded to those who work W5DPA on all bands using 7 of the 8 following modes: SSB, CW, AMTOR, ASCII, Baudot, packet, FAX and SSTV. A total of 15 contacts with W5DPA will also earn the plaque. A certificate will be awarded to any standard to any sta Honston, Texas: The Houston ARC will operate the plaque. A certificate will be awarded to any station who works W5DPA on all bands regardless of

Duluth, Minnesota: The Beargrease AC will operate KABTMW on Jan 12 to Jan 16 from 1400Z-0200Z each day, in conjunction with the 6th annual Beargrease Sled Dog Race. Operations will be in the lower portions of the General 80-10 meter phone and CW bands. For QSL, send a QSL and SASE to Loren Kuhnly, 4702 Lavaque Bypass, Duluth, MN 55811.

Jamaica, New York: The Hall of Science ARC will operate WB2JSM on Jan 16 to celebrate their 17th anniversary. Suggested frequencies: CW-14.065 21.135; SSB-14.335 21.365. For a certificate, send a QSL and a large SASE to HOSARC QSL Manager, Arnie Schiffman, WB2YXB, 81-22 250th St, Bellrose, NY 11426.

Coloma, California: The El Dorado County ARC will operate WA6LYE from 1600Z Jan 22 until (1200Z Jan 23 to commemorate the discovery of gold in California on Jan 24, 1848. Suggested frequencies: CW-7.050 14.050 28.050; SSB—the lower 25 kHz of the general 40- and 20-meter bands and the Novice 10-meter band. For a QSL, send an SASE to El Dorado County ARC, PO Box 451, Placerville, CA 95667.

Marshall Islands: The Kwajalein ARC will operate KX6BU from 0600Z Jan 27 until 0600Z Feb 6 to commemorate the 45th anniversary of the battle of Kwajalein and Roi-Namur. Suggested frequencies: CW-7.025 14.050 28.050; SSB-14.250 21.350 28.550. For a QSL and book on the battle of Kwajalein and Roi-Namur, send a large SASE to ARS KX6BU, Box 444, APO San Francisco

Deadline: The deadline for receipt of items for this column is the 1st of the second month preceding the publication date. For example, your information would have to reach HQ by Feb 1 to make the April Issue. Please include the name of the sponsoring organization, the location, dates, times(Z), frequencies and call sign of the specialevent station. Requests for donations will not be published.

QSLing Special-Event Stations: To get your QSL or certificate from any of the special-event stations listed here, follow these simple guidelines. (1) After working the station, carefully fill out a QSL card for the QSO. Show the date and time accurately using UTC. (2) Prepare a selfaddressed, stamped envelope. If sending for a certificate, use a 9-x 12-in envelope if you want an unfolded certificate, or a no. 10 envelope if folds are okay. Include enough postage for return of your envelope. (3) Mail both your QSL and your

SASE to the address listed, or to the address given on the air by the station you QSO. Be patient, Special-event stations will often print their cards and/or certificates after the operation is over so they will know how many to order.

Conducted By Mark Gamble, N1FOZ

Assistant Contest Manager, ARRL

W1AW Schedule

October 30, 1988-April 2, 1989 MTWThFSSn = Days of Week Dy = DailyW1AW code practice and bulletin transmissions are sent on the following schedule:

Slow Code Practice MWF: 0300, 1400; TThS: 0000; TThSSn: 2100; Sn: 0300 Fast Code Practice MWF: 0000, 2100; TTh: 0300, 1400; S: 0300: Sn: 0000 Dy: 0100, 0400, 2200; MTWThF: 1500 CW Bulletins Teleprinter Bulletins Dy: 0200, 0500, 2300; MTWThF: 1600 Voice Bulletins Dy: 0230, 0530 Slow Code Practice

MWF: 9 AM, 7 PM; TThSSn: 4 PM, 10 PM MWF: 4 PM, 10 PM; TTh: 9 AM; TThSSn: 7 PM Fast Code Practice CW Bulletins Dy: 5 PM, 8 PM, 11 PM; MTWThF: 10 AM Teleprinter Bulletins Dy: 6 PM, 9 PM, 12 PM; MTWThF: 11 AM Voice Bulletins Dv: 9:30 PM, 12:30 AM

MWF: 8 AM, 6 PM; TThSSn: 3 PM, 9 PM Slow Code Practice Fast Code Practice MWF: 3 PM, 9 PM; TTh: 8 AM; TThSSn: 6 PM Dy: 4 PM, 7 PM, 10 PM; MTWThF: 9 AM **CW Bulletins** Dy: 5 PM, 8 PM, 11 PM; MTWThF: 10 AM **Teleprinter Bulletins** Dy: 8:30 PM, 11:30 PM Voice Bulletins

Slow Code Practice MWF: 7 AM, 5 PM; TThSSn: 2 PM, 8 PM MWF: 2 PM, 8 PM; TTh: 7 AM; TTh\$Sn: 5 PM Dy: 3 PM, 6 PM, 9 PM; MTWThF: 8 AM Fast Code Practice CW Bulletins Teleprinter Bulletins Dy: 4 PM, 7 PM, 10 PM; MTWThF: 9 AM Dy: 7:30 PM, 10:30 PM Voice Bulletins

Slow Code Practice MWF: 6 AM, 4 PM; TThSSn: 1 PM, 7 PM Fast Code Practice MWF: 1 PM, 7 PM; TTh: 6 AM; TThSSn: 4 PM **CW Bulletins** Dy: 2 PM, 5 PM, 8 PM; MTWThF: 7 AM Dy: 3 PM, 6 PM, 9 PM; MTWThF: 8 AM Teleprinter Bulletins Voice Bulletins Dy: 6:30 PM, 9:30 PM

Code practice, Qualifying Run and CW bulletin frequencies: 1.818, 3.58, 7.08, 14.07, 21.08, 28.08, 50.08, 147.555 MHz.
Teleprinter bulletin frequencies: 3.625, 7.095, 14.095, 21.095, 28.095, 147.555 MHz.
Voice bulletin frequencies: 1.89, 3.99, 7.29, 14.29, 21.39, 28.59, 50.19, 147.555 MHz.

On Monday, Wednesday and Friday, 1400 through 2200 UTC, transmissions are beamed to Europe on 14, 21 and 28 MHz.

Slow code practice is at 5, 7½, 10, 13 and 15 WPM. Fast code practice is at 35, 30, 25, 20, 15, 13 and 10 WPM.

Code practice texts are from QST, and the source of each practice is given at the beginning of each practice and at the beginning of alternate speeds. For example, "Text is from July 1988 QST, pages 9 and 87," indicates that the main text is from the article on page 9 and the mixed number/letter groups at the end of each speed are from the contest scores on page 87.

On Fridays, UTC, a DX bulletin replaces the regular bulletin transmissions.

On Tuesdays and Saturdays at 2330 UTC, Keplerian Elements for active amateur satellites will be sent on the regular teleprinter frequencies.

Teleprinter bulletins are 45.45-baud Baudot, 110-baud ASCII and 100-baud AMTOR, FEC mode. Baudot, ASCII and AMTOR (In that order) are sent during all 1600 UTC transmissions, and 2300 UTC on WThFSn. During other transmission times, AMTOR is sent only as time permits.

W1AW is open for visitors Monday through Friday from 8 AM to 1 AM EST and on Saturday and Sunday from 3:30 PM to 1 AM EST. If you desire to operate W1AW, be sure to bring a copy of your license with you. W1AW is available for operation by visitors between 1 and 4 PM Monday through Friday.

In a communications emergency, monitor W1AW for special bulletins as follows: voice on the hour, teleprinter at 15 minutes past the hour, and CW on the half hour.

W1AW will be closed on December 25 and 26, January 1 and 2, February 20 and March 24.

Major reconstruction at W1AW is expected to begin soon. Some or all of the scheduled transmissions and visitor operating periods may be preempted at times. Check W1AW bulletins for up-to-date information.

The ARRL Field Organization Forum

ATLANTIC DIVISION

ATLANTIC DIVISION

DELAWARE: SM, Hal Low, Wa3WIY—ASM: Walt Dabell, KD3GS. There has been a change in Section Managers. Bob Pegritz (KC3TI) has left Delaware to chase a rainbow. Hal Low (WA3WIY) has been appointed Section Manager for the ramainder of Bob's term. Walt Dabell (KD3GS) will be doing the log work for Hal as his assistant. We wish Bob good luck, and thank him for a job well done in his short term as SM. Congratulations to all who helped with the October Air Force emergency simulation for a job VERY well done. In the test, hams were assigned to buses transporting simulated wounded to area hospitals. The test involved the entire state and showed some great teamwork. organization. and cooperation. A to area nospitals. The test involved the enture state and showed some great teamwork, organization, and cooperation. A MERRY CHRISTMAS TO ALL, AND TO ALL, GOOD DXI October net rpt: DTN stns 356 ftc 21 sessions, DEPN stns 48 tfc 6 in 4 sessions, SERN stns 48 tfc 2 in 4 sessions. Traffic: W3QQ 57, K3YBW 42, WB3DUG 39, K3JL 20, KA3GRQ 20, WA3WIY 16, W3FEG 10, KC3FW 3,

W3QQ 57, K3YBW 42, WB3DUG 39, K3JL 20, KA3GRQ 20, WA3WIY 16, W3FEG 10, KC3FW 3, EASTERN PENNSYLVANIA: SM, Kay Craigie, KC3LM—ASM: WA3PZO, KA3A, KO3B, K3ZFD, SEC: KB3YS, ACC: KC3QB, OOC: W3IS, SGL: WA3IAO, STM, BM: KB3UD. TC: W3FAF. PIO: W3ZVO. Happy New Year! To spread out the workload for our ARES leadership, Philadelphia and Delaware Counties are now ARES Dist. 1, with DEC KD3DE. Bucks. Chester, and Mongomery Counties are now Dist. 2, with DEC W33IPX. Previous Dist. 2 is now number 11; Districts 9 and 10 have swapped numbers. Welcome two new EC's: in Dist. 4, N3FHI has succeeded WB3HVJ as EC Lehigh, and in Dist. 2, KA3MEI is now EC Bucks. SEC KB3YS visited South Mountain Repeater Assn. In November. KC3LM enjoyed talking about DX with OES W3PTM at the RF Hill hamfest. To all ARES/RACES volunteers, our best New Year's wishes and thanks. Doesn't matter what you call if — what matters is that you DO it. Attention all hamfest sponsors: as soon as your 1989 date and place are firm, write to ARRIL HQ for an application for ARRIL approval. Approval does NOT carry over from year to year. There is no application fee or other cost to the sponsor. ARRIL's local Awards Managers in EPA ere KLI3A, KA3GHA, WB3DNA, K3NTD, W3IIT, WA3CKA, and WA3WBJ. They can certify a number of popular HF and/or VHF operating awards (not DXCC). Please contact them with an SASE to inquire before sending applications. In the technical area, ATC WA3DSP spoke about radon at a warminster ARC meeting. ATC W3OF will give a program on antennas at this month's Mid-Atlantic ARC meeting. Reading RC's W3UQC was honored by fellow amateurs and representatives of state, county, and local government for more than 30 years of community service through Amateur Radio. A feature appeared in the Philadelphia Inquirer about the ham group sponsored by W3CBF at Inglis House, a residence for the disabled. This is another excellent example of how ham radio brings out the "can do" in people. Happy 25th anniversary to the Warminster ARC. RF Hill ARC's 5-night Halloween c 25th anniversary to the Warminster ARC, RF Hill ARC's 5-night Halloween community patrol was successful, with N3EYM, WB3ABH, W3BUR and XYL, N3FGH, K3UEL, and the family of N3NFI/NG3M/harmonics participating. Delaware-Lehigh's new officers are W3PYF, W3TDF, NQ3D, and KA3MNY. You may recall W3PYF as SCM a few years back. Good to see a few new calls in the traffic list. SCESN is Schuyikill County Emergency Services Net. Traffic (October): N3AZW 568, N3DFM 192, W3JKX 140, N3COY 99, N3CD 88, KD3AO 76, KA3DLY 73, AA3B 58, K3WPI 51, W3DP 32, W3KAG 32, W3KOD 31, KU3R 81, WA3CKA 30, W3IPX 30, K3TX 30, W3BKPE 30, W3AQN 27, W4UQ 27, W3BUR 24, N3EFW 23, W3FAF 16, W3BNR 14, W3VA 14, KA3RGF 12, W3GJC 8, KA3QYH 8, W3ADE 6, W3HK 3. Sept. W3IPX 50, Nets (October QNI/QTC): EPA 470127, EPAEFTN 556/132, PTTN 249/92, SCESN 90/2, MARCTN 147/41, MARCARES 54/7, SEPATN 90/17, DSESN 75/11, PBBS: K3RLI 286, WA3TSW 260, KB3UD 232, WB3JOE 78, WA7SSO 71.

MARYLAND-DC: SM, Philip E. Battey, W3FZV—Hams who helped during the recent violent hurricane Gilbert are to be thanked and commended. This section is at the hub of concern helped during the recent violent hurricane Gilbert are to be thanked and commended. This section is at the hub of concern in our country, and, as usual, hams did all that they could to help. Amateur Radio received some good words in the U.S. Senate relative to this service. A minI-SET was held in Oct. by the N and S PG Cty ARES organizations. Their scenario was that a hurricane had knocked out all power in the area. Another, larger, SET involving hams from several areas was held at Patapsco State Park on Nov. 19. The Frederick Co. ARES net meets Mon. at 0030z on 147.06/96 MHz. The manager is N3RO. The Mountain ARC and the Goddard ARC have been renewed as SSCs. The Metrovision ATV and the Kent ARCs are in good standing for another year. NF3X helped in a triathton, a road show, and the Hagerstown Air Show. Sat to report that W3LMZ, Lorence Fraser, is a Silent Key. He was a real OT with 66 years on the air. Wait, KX3U, has completed a big job in issuing a complete list of all PCs in the MDD area, with a cross-roterence map. If you need a copy, please let Walt know. Jeff, KZ3F, and John, KV3B, have passed the Amateur Auxiliary exam and are now OOs. A listing of upcoming licensing exams is given each month in Auto Call magazine. The ARRL is trying hard to get the WARC 18 MHz band opened to us. Art, WA3CVG, knows about NiCAD batteries. The world from ASM KJ3E is that we need more dedicated formal traffic handlers in packet radio. He sez "... It is not very complicated it is a lot of fun, and it is going to overwhelm SSB and CW in the future. "WB3KHQ writes a column on packet for the MARC News. There's a nice article about packet in the Nov. Auto Call. KJ3E is getting new equipment to enable him to be a BBS. MSN draws lots of out-of-state members, WA3TID and WB3EVS won a foxhunt. WA3SCW was in DU land; lots of voice and packet activity. New officers of the Bay Area ARS are W3QLP, KC3ZM, KA3PQR, and N3EYV, in the usual order. Happy New Year to all. WITH THE NETS: NET/MGR OND/QTC/QNI: MSN/KC3Y 31/47/385, PON/WB3BFK 26/18/264, MDD/W3FA 62/273/588 (TOP BRASS W3QQ/92, W3FA/91, K3GHH/87, NC3V/59, WASYLO/58), MEPN/K2EB (SEP) 31/113/820, MEPN/K2EB (OCT) 30/13/5/825, HOCARES/WATQAA 21/1/3, MAVENW3YVQ 10/3, PSHR:WASYLO 96, W3FA 91, NSEG 83, W3YVQ 81, KC3Y 79, KJ3E 79, NC3V 78, K3GHH 61, Traffic: W34WI 841 (BPL), NC3V 279, KJ3E 238, NB3P 192, K3GHH 140, K3RXK 110, W3FA 107, KX3U 103, KC3Y 98, WASYLO 85, N3EGF 80, KK3F 38, W3YVQ 37, WB3FK 34, KA3DXX 33, K2EB 32, K3NNI 31, W3FZV 27, NC3Z 19, KD3JK 17, NF3X 16, W3DQI 16, KC3DW 11, W3LDD 10, WA1QAA 7, W3ZNW 4, WA3GYW 4, WA2WDT 0.

NATIONA 7, W3ZNW 4, WA3GW16, KCSDW11, W3LDD 10, WATOAA 7, W3ZNW 4, WA3GW4 4, WA2WDT 0.

SOUTHERN NEW JERSEY: SM, Richard Baler, WA2HEB—ASM: N2CER, SEC: K2QJJ, STM: WB2UVB, ACC, K2IXE, TC.

XBQT. PIO: KAZRAF, SGL: VACANT, BM: W82UVB, OOC:

WA2HEB, ATCs: K2JF, KA2RJA, and WB2MNF, Best wishes
to you and your families for a safe and healthy 1999. As some
of you might guess, my New Year's Resolution is to get us
an exemption from the Scanner Law. We are making slow,
out seemingly steady progress. Please remember that the SNJ
AFIES Section Net meets every Sunday morning at 8 AM local
time on either the 145, 47 (4600) Chatsworth repeater, or the
147.15 (+600) Mount Holly repeater. The net is open to
everyone. If you're interested in ARES, this is the place to
check in. You are under NO obligation. JSARS VE testing
January 21, 10 AM at the AMVETS Post #2 on Rt. 571 in
Jackson. For further info contact Bill Haldane, AC2F at (201)
269-5659. VE testing in Bellmawr Community Bldg., Browning
Rd. at Lewis Ave. Test begin at 7 PM sharp. For further info
contact Bill Helmetag, WA2VQG at (609) 548-7710 or
393-3032. Until next month, 73. Traffic: WB2ZJF 262,
WA2HEB 15.

WASHEB 15.

WESTERN NEW YORK: SM, William W. Thompson, W2MTA—Field Day Congrats: 1A KD2A WB2EL W K2ZWI; 2A Battery W2LZ (#9); 2A W2FR (#2) W2TZ (#12) W2SB K2IQ NF2B K2T W12F W2UXC K2JD N2F2S KIZY; 3A K2SA (#37) K2MP (#38) W2SAM W2VDX WAZL NC2O NW2X N2DM; 3A Commercial W2FCX (#1); 1A W2SEX (#49); 4A Commercial W2FCX (#1); 1C W2MTA (#18), Yep, Jim and urs trooly had funl New York State Hams' census: 25,809 (4th in US) with CA, FL and TX ahead! (US totals 436,912.) Silent Keys had W2SNF become an eternal member; John was Rochester RRA President (former W9KFQ) and will be greatly wilssed. CLUB OFFICERS: Lockport ARA KB2XM WB2BGA K2CYN K2BXS; No. Chatauqua ARC WB2SNF W2ELH WADPTV K2OAD; Rome RC W4BNY N2GNH K2JXA KA2EFH. Chautauqua Co. Amateur FM Association has renewed for a fourth tour. CCAFMA is one of two of the earliest SSC in WNY, Congrats! Net information: NYSM* CW 378/240/31 TIGARDS FM 054/008/05 NYSM* CW 378/240/31 TIGARDS FM 054/008/05 NYSM* FM 299/112/33 WDN/E* CW 99/11/3/31 NYS/E* CW 99/11/3/31 N

CW 378/240/31 FM 299/112/33 SSB 558/320/31 NYPON NYS/E* CW 991/176/31 FM 240/033/28 CW 393/070/31 SSB 522/084/31 FM 048/000/05 BLUELINE VHF THIN BRVSN ESS NYSPTEN LCARES FM 290/033/28 FM 031/004/04 FM 296/002/31 FM 215/081/31 FM 223/081/31 FM 399/108/33 FM 048/000/05 SSB 018/000/04 FM 063/145/31 FM 336/002/31 FM 245/084/31 270/000/31 ORTN OCTEN/E* CNYTN* OCTEN/L* O NET WONG

O NET FM 336/002/31 WDNL* FM 399/108/33 STAR* FM 245/084/31 NYS/L* CW 316/176/31 Pathfinder 270/000/31 **NTS Net. Section Packet Node Stations (SPNS) Reports: WB2ACV 17. All four SPNS in Western New York Section are requested to send monthly reports of ST and KT to W2MTA. (Other WNY SPNSs are NA2B, KC3BQ and W2ICZ.) Reports received from other PBBSs in WNY: KA2JXI had 8 from Ogdensburg area. PSHR: N2ABA N2EIA N2EVG WA2FJJ W2FR W2GJ KC2HJ W2MTA WB2OWO KA2QOO ND2S KD2UV NJ3V K2YAI KA2ZNZ. No October BPL. RAGS Hamfost was big success. The K2KIR "Roast" honoring Bud's 25 years as Eastern Area Net Menager saw long-time associates meet to give Bud a turn "over the coals: "W3ABC W2ABV W2BCH VE3CYR NT2D N2DC N2EIA W2FR KN1K W2MTA W8PMJ WB2QIX KA1T KA2USD W4UO and K2WC the Master of Ceremonies. Champlain Valley ARC honored WA2HSB in TELENEWS. WNY club newsletters received are tops in my estimation. If your club wants to exchange, I recommend these: Chenango Valley ARA "Bullthistle Bugle," Champlain Valley ARC "Telenews," (BRAM News, Kodak Park ARC, "RAGS Review," RARA RAG," No. Chautauqua ARC "Static Sheet," Liverpool ARC, "Longwire," Salt City DXA "Salt Tablet," Tompkins County ARC "Hilltopper," "WNYDXA Report." HAWNY has honored W2YE with life membership. New STAR Net Manager is KASSDB. Reports: (OO) KA2CHX. Traffic (Oct): W2MTA 454, NJ3V 410, WB2OWO 375, N2EIA 352, KC2HJ 257, KZYAI 215, KA2OOO 198, N2ABA 164, WA2FJJ 161, WB2IJH 181, ND2S 157, W2FR 155, KA2ZNZ 103, WB2QWS 86, KA2UBD 88, N2ABA 564, WA2FJJ 161, WB2IJH 181, ND2S 157, W2FR 155, KA2ZNZ 103, WB2QWS 86, KA2UBD 88, N2ABA 164, WA2FJJ 161, WB2IJH 181, ND2S 157, W2FR 155, KA2ZNZ 103, WB2QWS 86, KA2UBD 88, N2ABA 164, WA2FJJ 161, WB2IJH 181, ND2S 157, W2FR 155, KA2ZNZ 103, WB2QWS 86, KA2UBD 88, N2ABA 164, WA2FJJ 161, WB2IJH 181, ND2S 157, W2FR 156, KA2ZNZ 103, WB2QWS 86, KA2UBD 88, N2ABA 164, WA2FJJ 161, WB2IJH 181, ND2S 157, W2FR 156, KA2CNZ 157, KZYAI 215, KA2TWY 6, WA2CEP 2, KZYR 1, (Sep) WZPHQ 4, Happy New Yearl WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA: SM, Otto L., Schuler, KSSM

N3DOK. Net WPACW QNI QTC Sess kHz 7:00 P/D WA3UNX 6:00 P/D WA3HLN 1:00 P/D KA3OEM 236 118 31 527 62 31 231 70 23 192 151 31 3585 WPAPTN KFN 3983 3985

WPA2MTN 244 63 31 NWPA2MTN 571 29 29 146,28/88 8:00 P/D KA3BGC WPA2MTN 244 83 31 146.28/88 8:00 Pt/b KA3BGC NWPA2MTN 571 29 29 45.3745.13 9:00 Pt/b KC3NY On October 25, a simulated drill was held at the Beaver Valley Nuclear Power Plant. An accident releasing nuclear fuel into the atmosphere caused the alarms to be activated. The emergency services in the various towns in Beaver County were put on standby. Evacuation was put on standby to be implemented as soon as it was deemed necessary. The Beaver County EME Director asked the radio officers and the local EC to ask the amateurs to take their assigned posts. Frank Cole, KC3TN, (RO) and Dave Leiser (EC) were at the County EME Headquarters to direct the amateur effort. 67 operators were on duty in Beaver County to assist in any necessary evacuation. The following counties were to be host counties for evacuees. They were Allegheny, Lawrence, Butler and Westmoreland. Each county had EME offices set up and the American Red Cross had teams set up at the designated shelters. The Allegheny County EME Office now has a good set up. We have a Ten Tec Corsair, two two-meter transceivers and one 220, one 440 transceivers. October traffic: KC3T 315, N3EMD 181, W3OKN 181, NO3M 105, N3FM 98, W3NGOS 81, N3AES 72, K3SMB 65, KA3OEM 48, KC3YE 40, W3KUN 29, N3COR 26, KA3EGE 7, WA3DBW 6, WA7SSO/3 142 (BB), WAJUNX 64. 44.53/45.13 9:00 P/D KC3NY

CENTRAL DIVISION

ILLINOIS: SM, Dave Carlson, AA9D—SEC: W9UBQ, STM:
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(continued on page 112)

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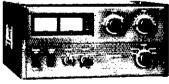


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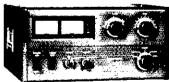
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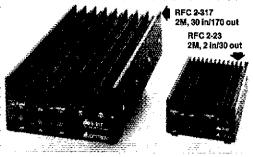
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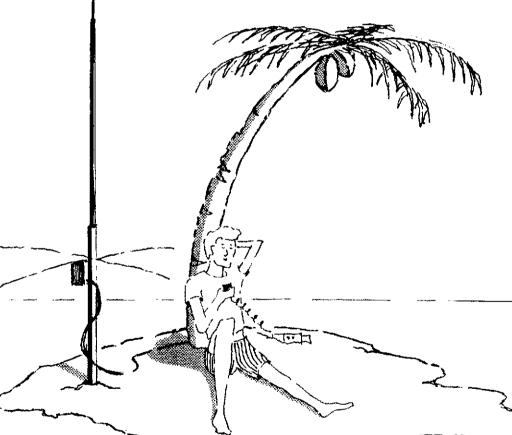
I'm still receiving very few club newsletters directly, WD9EBQ has been kind enough to forward the ones he continues to receive each month, but this takes an extra step that slows has been kind enough to forward the ones he continues to receive each month, but this takes an extra step that slows the process and should be unnecessary. I cannot publicize/recognize your activities of I don't know about them. Enus add Marry Central Illinois hams helped with communications for the MS-150 Bike Tour to Hannibal, Missouri. The list (my apologies if anyone's left out) includes: N9CBW, WB9VFS, W9SKO, W1HTA, KA9JPT, WA9DKO, WD9IRE, N9HNL, KA9YMD, K9SC, KA9YSE, N9FAM, WD9HYY, WD9HQW, W9KVJ, W9ACU, N9FTZ, KE9KS, K9EZL, KB9BHB/KT, KB9RHC/KT, and KA9UFX. Hats off to everyone who took part! The Northwest Cook ARES group has been busy! Their assistance was requested by Hanover Park ESDA for shelter and evacuation when a fire destroyed 7 townhomes on Cotober 15. Responding were WB9URA, N9BHU, NBINO, N9APM, N9BFR, and KY9N. The Fox River Radio League will be collecting canned goods on behalf of Hesed House, an agency which serves the needs of the less fortunate in the Fox Valley. W3ZUV, K9EED, W9BNR, W9CA, N9AIB, K9UND prenk, KOSIC, N9HU, K9PBN, K2VSP, and K9UVN provided necessary communications during the Eight Mile Race at Kennedy School. Thanks to these members of the Hamfesters Radio Club who donated their time and effort. Traffic: KA9FEZ 26Z, W9LWH 144, NNSM 118, W9HIX 114, WA9RUM 109, WA9VLC 65 NC3T 62, KA9QXI 60, W9BTVD 54, K9CNP 48, W9KR 36, W9OBU 27, W9HDI 25, KA9UNT 7, W9VEY/M 7, W9LNQ 6, W9UHD 4, WD9CIR 3, WD9EBQ 3, WA9AXL 2. WASAXI. 2

INDIANA: SM, Bruce Woodward, W9UMH—SEC: WD9AVQ. STM: NX9I, ACC: K9ZBM. TC: WASJWL. SGL: WASYCO. BM: W9OCL. PIO: KA9WXT. OOC: KJ9G. Net Managers: ITN: KA9EIV, QIN: KJ9J. ICN: KD9EH. VHF: W9PMT. IWN:

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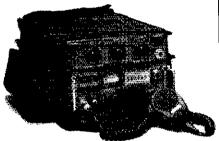
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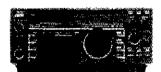


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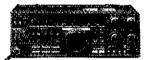
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all who sent in SAR's and PSHR's for the month. Now the question is how to get more stations to send me reports...at least the SAR's. We run about 20 - 22 each month and I know we can do better than that! By the time this reaches you, we'll no doubt be winding up the Holiday Season traffic load and it's not too soon to say thanks to all time this reaches you, we'll no doubt be winding up the Holiday Season traffic load and it's not too soon to say thanks to all for what! Know will be a great job of moving traffic. The details will come later of course, but it will be interesting to see how it all turns out. It's been a long time coming, but it really is a special pleasure to announce that Dale Ritchie, WD@BAC, Little Falls has been chosen by the Section Leadership as the October Amateur of the Month. Congratulations Dale and this wasn't only for Cotober but for many many months of great work. Keep it up Dalel Jim Stodoka, We'ffty, tells me that at a recent Tuesday Lunch Bunch meeting that the eleven Hams attending averaged 55 years of Hamming. How about that? Here's one for CW ops. Have trouble with your key or paddle moving around on your desk, especially when dust accumulates? Recently Geb, W@GRW, Shoreview sent me a sample piece of "Scoot-Guard." This is a thin (1/16 inch or so), no "stickum" or adhesive plastic material available at RV supply lealers. Anyway all you do is slip a piece of this material under your key or paddle and it will slide around no more, even with a heavy fist. . . It won't move unless you decide to reposition. As I said, no "stickum" or adhesive. Works great gang — give it a try. And thanks Geb to the tip. And so with that, 73 es GL. See you next time. Jim Keyshir, KABEPY, STM. MN EMERGENCY FREQUENCY 3860 kHz BULLETINS 3860. NET FREQ TIME ONI/OTC/SESS NM MSN/1 3885 6:30P 369/81/31 NR®S MSN/2 3885 10:00P 361/42/31 KD@NH MSDW/NJ 3860 1:265P 474/168/31 WB@WNJ

MSN/2 MSPN/N MSPN/E 10:00P 3685 361/42/31 KDANH 474/168/31 829/220/31 284/19/31** WBØWNJ KCØT KAØSBY 12:05P 5:30P 3860 6:00P 6:00P 3710 3860 KDØCI WDØBAC MAWN 339/182/21 2787/418/117 PAW 3925 9:00A

PAW 3925 9:00A 2787/111717 WUBSAC "*MSSN handled 75 training missages not counted. Traffic: WBMNJ 981, WAØTFC 463, KAMEPY 330, NØFOO 173, KAØARP 151, KAØSBY 103, WØGRW 89, KDØCT 72, NØYE 88, WDØGUF 60, KØOGI 52, KØQBE 51, NRØS 51, WØTIV 44, KCØT 43, NØJP 42, KDØNH 42, WGØS 35, WFØQ 24, NØHWD 17, KAØPDM 17, WØKYG 15.

17, KARPDM 17, WRKYG 15.

NORTH DAKOTA: SM, Bill Kurtti, WCBM—19 Minot-area hams responded to a call from Burlington city officials to search for a 78-year old woman who had wandered from her grandson's home at midnight Cot 16. Devils Lake area hams have had a busy year providing communications for dog sled races, fishing tournaments, Boy Scouts, March of Dimes & SKYWARN. They also held Filed Day and a well attended hamtest with a testing session. Congratulations to the following upgrades. Tech: KBØCKV, KAØPXC, KAØPXC, KBØAUS & KBØCTN. General: KAØZVT. Advanced: MØLLL Extra: WAØINI at the FØRX Hamfest. ND hams from Grand Forks, Fargo, Bismarck & Dickinson had a fun-lited week operating We the at the PBHA Hamiest. ND nams from Grand Forks, Fargo, Bismarck & Dickinson had a fun-filled week operating We the People event. Anyone needing ND should have got it there. VEC reminder: It you are planning a lesting session, please contact WDBH, Bob Tracey, and he will help coordinate it so it will not interfere with other testing sessions. Traffic: KABFSM.

TIME SESS/QNI/QTC MGR GOOSE RIVER 1990 kHz 9AM SU 5/13R/3 DATA 3885 kHz 6:30PM DA 29/585/11 Wøgre 3885 kHz resumed operation 3685 kHz DURING STORMS ONLY WAGEE WCOM STORMNET

SOUTH DAKOTA: SM, R.L. Cory, W6YMB—Asst. SM: NØABE, WA0FPR. SEC: KA0KPY. STM: K06YL. S. Dak Section Emergency Test was run on Nov. 5 and due to bad band conditions, East River was run on 75 meters and West band conditions, East River was run on 75 meters and West River on 40 meters with into going into Sloux Falls and put on packet to the National Wx service and the exercise was a success. Aberdeen VEC test on Oct. 1. KABZEE to Tech. REMOUH to Advanced, KBMCUH to Tech, and NAIML to Advanced, South Dakota has 20 two-meter repeaters. STM KDMY reports a decline In checkins on the 9. D. Novice Net. Net meets Sunday on 3725, 7 PM CST. Official Observer reports for 1988 were 31 per cent for out-of-band followed by 15 per cent for chirp with most on 20 meters followed by 40 meters. SEARC at Sloux Falls have improved coverage of their packet station by moving it to their repeater site. Total SD traffic reported for Oct was 416. Traffic: NMOPF 15 CAADALE 116, KOERM 68, WMAZI 42, WABVRE 38, WBOOMF 31, KDMYL 23, WMYMB 19, KAWKPY 17.

DELTA DIVISION

DELTA DIVISION

LOUISIANA: SM, John "Wondy" Wondergem, K5KR—ASM: KB5CX. SEC: NSADF. ACC: K5DPG. SGL: KD5SL. TC: W5RWF. OOC: KE5CK. Packet: NESS. The Acadiana DX Association 1989 officers are Pres: Noel, K4SWOQ, VP: Bodie, WD5GJB, SecTres: Francis, WD5LWP. Very interesting that the club's ethics committee consisting of Bob. W5RPK, Howard, K5BLV, and Boyd, K45DGX all lay claims to wearing the proverbial "Golden Halo." Sandy, W5TWW in the New Orleans area runs an experimental trader PBBS on 145.01 MHz. It is open to everyone within digi range of the Slidell (SLI) or the New Orleans (MSY) digipeaters. No general buffetins as the BBS carries only swap/sell amateur related items. The BBS operates 24 hours a day. Now is the time to plan for the annual Southeastern La. ARC Hamtest in Hammond being held on Saturday 21 January 1989 in the Old Men's Gym on the SLIJ Campus. Joe, N5HDW is this year's Hamfest Chalrman. The 1988 SELARC officers are: Pres: Joe, WC5R, Pt.-Joe, N5HDW, Sec: Phil, AASFI, and Tres: Dave, KASUAL I need help from ARRI. members with technical experience to accept ARRIL Field Volunteer appointments as Technical Assistants and help as "Elmers" and RFI advisors. For more details contact Bill, W5RWF the ARRIL La. Technical Coordinator in Baton Rouge or "Wondy," K5KR listed on page 8 of QST. Seasons Greetings to all.

MISSISSIPPI: SM, Jim Davis, KKSZ. ASM: W5TRD. SEC: KAAPKA SGI: KASWRX. PIO: WSM. STM: KBSW. BM:

of QST. Seasons Greetings to all.

MISSISSIPPI: SM, Jim Davis, KK5Z. ASM: W5TRD. SEC:
KA4PKA. SGL: KA5WRX. PIO: WNSM. STM: KB5W. BM:
W5EPW. TC: KF5DE. OOC: KK5K. ACC: NC5Y. Congrats to
following upgrades: To Extra: NSMMI. Advanced: Charles
Wood; N5MWY. General: WD5DCK, KB5BFU, KB5GCP,
KB5FST, KA5ZIN. To Tech: Robert Cauther, Sam Oberlin,
Clem Guillot, KB5HLY, Reg Moody, KB5ENG, KB5GRH,
KB5FHX, KB5GMR, KB5FDU, KB5FFL, KA5QDF, and
KB5HIU. To Novice, Melving Stacey, James Yelverton. CAND
(N5SM) Sess 31, QTC 577. DRN5 (WBSYDD) Sess 62, QTC
503. Miss rep 95% by KT5Z, W5HKW, KB5W, WB7CQQ.

NS5M, and N5HBB. Walk-ins W/B accepted at Helena, AR, on 10 Jan 89, 1000 hours, at Central High School. Contact AISK for info. MS CW Tfo Net; (KBSW) Sess 31, ONI 182, OTC 41. Miss CW Slo Net (WSYRX) Sess 21, QNI 98, QTC 8. Mag Sec Net (WSYRX) Sess 31, QNI 476, QTC 10. Miss/Lou Net (NEEZX) sess 5, QNI 109. ARRL Info Net (KK5Z) Sess 1, QNI 10. MSBN (KF5DE) Sess 31, QNI 2071, QTC 39. GCSBN (W5JHS) Sess 31, QNI 1152, QTC 7, COAST ARES (NSLKT) Sess 6, QNI 153. Mni tks to all who attended ARES forum at Biloxi Hamfest. To date, we have all DECs, 9 x 9 and 61 x 82 ECs tks to KA4PKA. SEC: MISS ARRL. Traffic: NSSM: S-43, R-43, Q-5, Total 91. WSDEJ: S-10, P-11, D-26, Q-4, Total 51. WSJDF: S-33, R-33, Q-5, Total 71. KB5W: S-211, R-247, Q-7, D-3, Total 468. KT5Z: S-47, R-41, D-1, Total 89.

W5.DF; S-33, R-33, O-5, Total 71, KBSW; S-211, R-247, O-7, D-3, Total 488, KT5Z; S-47, R-41, D-1, Total 89.

TENNESSEE: SM, Harry Simpson, W4MI—Eastern Assistant SM and PIO W4TYU, Central Assistant SM W44GLS, Western Assistant SM and ACC: K4CXY, STM: NG4J, SEC: K4UVH. COC: K4LSP, SGL: N4PQY, TC: W4HHK. The TN Phone Net is on 3980 kHz with early sessions at 6:40 AM Eastern. Regular sessions at 7:45 AM Eastern Monday thru Friday, at 9 AM Eastern on Saturdays, Sundays and Holidays. Evening sessions are Monday thru Saturday at 7:30 PM Eastern. Work Sessions are on 3935 kHz at 8 PM Eastern, Monday thru Friday. It is with a great deal of regret that I report two silent keys this month — W4SNX Murray Bynum of Jackson, and KA4UVR John Ray of Athens, John was longtime Net Manager for the Evening Net. Both will be screly missed by their friends. W44HkU Wylodean England has agreed to manage the Evening Net until STM NG4J is able to make a replacement. Now for a bit of G0COD news1 i received a call from the TN Motor Vehicle Bureau. I was asked to spread the word to all TN amateurs that you do not need to reapply for automobile license tags each year! It you have your ham tags, you will simply renew by mail each year until your license expires. When you get an FCC license renewal, you will send the state a copy and reapply at that time. Only if you do not have your tags will you apply to the stato. The month of October was one of Hamfests in TN. First, Memphis, then Tn-Cities, and finally Chattaneogal Memphis was in the Convention Center for the first time, and had plenty of room to grow. Tn-Cities, at Gray, was excellent, with super facilities and a good crowd. My hearty congratulations to the Chattaneoga group for the best (in my humble opinion) TN Hamfest of the year. The camaradere, friendship, displays, crowds, and cooperation were outstanding. Traffic: WA4FMR 137, W4DDK 47, K4WOP 33, W4TYY 27, W4MI 28, K4CXY 19, W4PFP 18, W4PSN 3.

GREAT LAKES DIVISION

KENTUCKY: SM, John Thernes, WM4T—ASM: KC4WN. SEC: WB4NHO. 8TM: KA4MTX. PIO: WA4SWF. (OCTOBER) Preliminary numbers indicate that the simulated emergency test was again very successful. I will be publishing another edition of the KSN in January and hope to include the SET results. Mammoth Cave ARC publishes a very fine newsletter. An informal meeting was held at the Lousiville Hamfest on repeater coordination for Western KY. A report will also appear

repeaser coordination for Wi in the January KSN. NET QNI CTC MKPN 1467 281 KTN 882 136 KYN(E/L) 336 144 TSTMN 445 49 KNTN 349 119 SESS MGR WD4RWU WD4RWU 33 63* 32* 52* K4AVX/KZ8Q KZ8Q WA4EBN

KNTN 349 119 52" WA4EBN "Includes simulated emergency test sessions. Traffic: (Oct.) WD4RWU 246, K4VHF 176, N4GNL 146, WA4EBN 92, N4PET 73, KI4QH 63, WA4SWF 56, KA4MTX 48, K4AVX 47, K84UJA 44, KC4WN 33, WB4AUN 22, K4HOE 20, WAANOG 15, N4PEK 14, KU4A 9, WA4HLW 8, WD4CQF 3, PSHR: N4GNL 120, KI4QH 104, KA4MTX 78, (Sept.) WA4SWF 23. KB4UJA 44, KC4WN 33, WB4AUN 22, K4HOE 20, WA4NCG 15, N4PEK 14, KU4A 9, WA4HLW 8, WD4CQF 3, PSHF1, N4GNL 120, K14QH 104, K44MTX 78, (Sept.) WA4SWF 23. MICHIGAN: SM, George E, Race, WB8BGY (@N8FTY)—ASM: WA1LRI (@WA1LRI). STM: WD8KCC (@NTSR). SEC: N8AYQ (@TVC). SGL: N8CVY. TC: W8YZ. OOC: WA2AJQ. ACC: N8JVA, PIC: KA8ZOV. Silent Keys, with deep regrets: W8LX and W8GC. Please help me welcome the newest member of the ARRI. MI Staff, Diane Penn, KA8ZOV. Diane is our new Public Information Officer. The position of the PIO is a very difficult job to undertake. Diane will be putting together a state-wide publicity program that will highlight Amateur Radio and the MI Amateur. Diane is looking for others to join the PIO Staff as Public Information Assistants (PIAs). Please contact her if you would like to take up the challenge in your area. The 1988 winner of the Olinghouse Michigan Field Day Award goes to the Motor City Radio Club. My congratulations to all involved in this all-out effort. As 1 am going to be vacationing during the deadline period for the column, I have asked our STM, WD8KQC, to provide what follows. Our SEC, N8AYQ, says that preliminary reports indicate that activity and participation in this year's SET were at an all-time high. Adding interest to the exercise was the fact that several of our most active ARES organizations were involved in "live" public service events on SET Saturday. The NTS Net Managers agreed unanimously that the lialson stations from local ARES Nets performed in an exemplary manner on the traffic nets. Welf done; now please don't "disappear" until next year's SET Your participation through-out the year is very much welcomed. MNN Manager, KASQVH, has reinstituted the 8:00 PM session of the Michigan Novice Net. Please encourage Novices and Techs in your area to join in. Regular on-the-air activity is the best way to sharpen those CW skills in preparation for that upgrade, learn traffic handling procedures and have a great time, all while performing a valuable public service. It is a ple achievements in 1989. Your Section Staff sends best wishes to all for a Happy and Prosperous New Year. Please support the following MI area nets:

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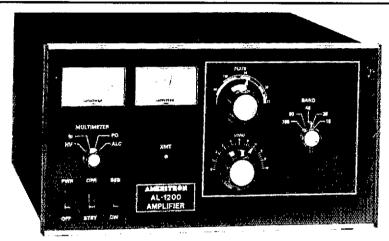


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The cooling system in both amplifiers keeps the tube safely below the manufacturers ratings even when operating at 1500 watts output with a steady carrier. The filament supply has inrush current limiting to insure maximum tube life.

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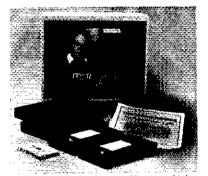






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QNI QSP 1165 47 381 141 MGR WASDHB KSOCP 5:00PM DV 11:00AM M-Sa 7:00PM Dy 6:00PM Dy MACS* 638 289 865 220 WB8R OMN 3863

MITN 3953 6:00PM Dy 85 229 5 W88R SEATN 145.33 10:15PM Dy 490 142 34 N8HSC MNN* 3722 5:30PM Dy 490 142 34 N8HSC MNN* 3722 5:30PM Dy 108 9 31 KA9CVH MNN* 3722 5:30PM Dy 1220 45 31 KA9CVH MSSSN 3935 7:00PM Dy 1220 45 31 KA9CVH MSSSN 3935 7:00PM Dy 681 24 30 W8NDI NF ACTIVITY REPORT No Report NORO 100 NR 40 NR 40

OHIO: SM. John Haungs, WASSTX—Phone: (513) 563-7373. ASM: David Kersten, NSAUH. SEC: WDBMPV. STM: KF8J. ACC: KJSO, BM: WBZM. TC: KBBMU. OOC: WB8ZCE: SGL: NSCVK.

ONL OTC SESS TIME(LOCAL) FREO NET QNI QTC SES BN(E) 253 113 31 BN(L) 188 93 31 BNR 255 95 31 BSSN 200 83 29 QSN 309 84 31 QSSN 2062 832 97 QSSN 183 79 31 2345Z 0300 3.577 3.577 WD8C KBTVG 1800 1900 3 405 WAEK KASUYN WDSKBW KASCGF 1810 3.709 1030,1815,1830 3.9725 0645M-F, 3.577 0800S-SN 3.708 KD8HB KD8HB

CSSN 208 832 97 1030,1815,1830 3,9725 KABCGF
CSSN 183 79 31 0646M-F, 3,977 KD8HB
CGSN 183 79 31 0646M-F, 3,977 KD8HB
COTON 347 100 32 09152 DAILY 14,42 KBABAG
BSTN 288 71 35 0630 DAILY 14,43 KBABAG
BSTN 288 71 35 0630 DAILY 14,724 DAILY 1

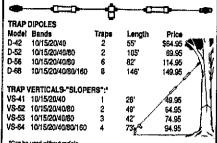
HUDSON DIVISION

HUDSON DIVISION

EASTERN NEW YORK; SM, Paul S. Vydareny, WB2VUK—ASM & STM: K2ZM, SEC: WA2ZYM. BM: WB2IXR. PIO: K8ZTM, OOC: N2DVQ, ATC: WA2VGM. SGI.: K8ZHQ, ACC: KVZA, ASM & NWSLTR ED: WB2NHC. ASM FOR PACKET: N2FTR. NET REPORTS FOR OCTOBER (QNI/QSP: AESN 40/4 CDN 636/57 ESS 393/70 HVN 129/16 NYPON 558/320 NYS/E 931/176 NYS/L 316/186 NYS/M 378/240 SDN 275/112. CLUB NEWS: Albamy ARA held their annual auction in November. They welcome new members WA2/WP WA2/MY WD9GIT. AARA's WA2YBM reports WA2/WP WA2/MY WD9GIT. AARA's WA2YBM reports WA2/WP WA2/MY WA2/MY NCO-NZEXU WB2CXZ WA2WQZ WB2FMB assisted in the Juvenile Diabetes Walk on Oct 23 and W2CJO KA2SKG WB2BEJ KCZVC KB2EIK WB2VXS WB2FMB WA2WQZ WB2ZCM KA2MJL NB2Q WA2YBM WB2SBO KA2DDK KOZID KA2SH NC2G WB2VJC K2AFE in the Pumpkin Patrol on the 30th and 31st. The Catskill Min. ARA had some films lined up for the Nov. meeting. CCNR heard WD2SQ explain HT operation and repeaters. Overlook Min. ARC held elections. Report next month. W2XL was awarded the gavel for 1st place finish in the 87 ARRL DX contest. They report upgrades KB2GHW KB2CCY. WB2GZR spoke to Barakoga RACES on digital proportional radio equipment (radio control). They welcome new member K2ECJ and report that KG2H WA2QCY KA2DXK K2DLL WB2NSC W2HQW helped with communications for the Clifton Park Stampede. Schenectady ARA had W2OOC Isli all about the K2AE repeaters. They welcome new member KB2GHF KE2FF KB2FOX N3GIA KB2FTX N2JS KB2FSN KB2FOY K2JIK. They have new treasurer WB2EAR upon

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		,	•
Model	Band	Length	Price
D-10	10	16	\$17.95
D-15	15	22'	18.95
D-20	'20	33"	19.95
D-40	40	65*	22.95
D-80	80/75	130"	25.95
D-160	180	280"	34.95

Includes assembly instructions, Deluxe center connector, 14ga Stranded CopperWeld Antenna wire and End insulators.

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RG-8X	100*	18.95	20.95

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- receivers, etc. Completely Factory asso
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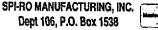
VISA

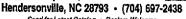
electrical length; with only 70 feet physical length; Utilizes Heavy 14 guage stranded CopperClad (CopperWeld) antenna wire, (30% copper; 70% high-strength steel) NO rust, Will not stretch like coppe

inverted "V", or almost any co Shorteners provide full 135 te

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Will handle 10 sq. ft. antennas at 50 MPH winds.								
MODEL No.	HEIGHT MAX.	HEIGHT MIN.	NUMBER SECTIONS	WEIGHT POUNDS	SEC Top	. OD Bot.	SUGGESTED HAM PRICE	
MA-40	40'	21 '6"	2	242	3" sa.	41/2*	\$ 809.00	
MA-550	55'	22.14	3	435	3 sq.	6"	\$1369.00	
MA-550MDP*	551	22'1"	3	620	3" sq.	6*	\$2909.00	
MA-770	71'	22′10*	4	645	3" sq.	ġ-	\$2509.00	
MA-770MDP*	71'	22'10"	4	830	3" sq.	ã"	\$3969.00	
MA-850MDP*	85'	23'6"	5	1128	3 sq.	10"	\$5349.00	

*MDP models complete with heavy-duty motor drive with positive pull down.

FREE STANDING CRANK-UP TOWERS

viii nanule 16 sq. II. antennas at 50 MPH winds.							
MODEL	HEIGHT	HEIGHT	NUMBER	WEIGHT	SEC	. OD	SUGGESTED
NO.	MAX.	Min.	SECTIONS	POUNDS	Top	Bot.	HAM PRICE
TX-438	38′	21'6"	2	355	1214"	15"	\$1019.00
1X-455	55′	22'	3	670	1214"	18"	\$1539.00
TX-472	72′	22'8"	4	1040	1214"	21 % "	\$2529.00
TX-472MDP*	72′	22'8"	4	1210	1214"	21%"	\$4069.00
TX-489	89'	23'4"	5	1590	121/2"	25%"	\$4399.00
TX-489MDPL*		23'4"	5	1800	121/2"	25%"	\$6599.00

*TX-472MDP includes heavy-duty motor drive with positive pull down. TX-489MDPL comes with heavy-duty motor drive with dual level wind and positive pull down, (Both motor drive models include limit switch brackets).

FREE STANDING HEAVY-DUTY CRANK-UP TOWERS.

viii nande 30 sq. n. antennas at 50 MPA Winds.							
MODEL NO.	HEIGHT MAX.	HEIGHT Min.	NUMBER Sections	WEIGHT POUNDS	SEC Top	. OD Bot.	SUGGESTED HAM PRICE
HDX-538	381	21'6"	2	600	15*	18*	\$1319.00
HDX-555	55*	22'	3	870	15*	215%	\$2309.00
HDX-572	72'	22'8"	4	1420	15"	251/6"	\$3959.00
HDX-572MDPL*	72'	22'8"	4	1600	15"	25%"	\$6049.00
HDX-589MDPI*	891	23'8"	5	2440	15*	2/15/4"	\$7010.00

Includes heavy-duty motor drives with dual level wind and positive pull down. HDX-572MDPL includes limit switch brackets only. HDX-589MDPL includes limit switches and limit switch brackets.

FREE STANDING "LOW PROFILE" COMPACT CRANK-UP TOWERS.

veni nanore i	o sq. n. and	ennas aco	W WILL MILL)\$. (IMIN-	93 <i>3HD</i>	nanaie	IS 24 SQ. IL.)
MODEL No.	HEIGHT MAX.	HEIGHT MIN.	NUMBER SECTIONS	WEIGHT POUNDS	SEC Top	, OD Bot.	SUGGESTED HAM PRICE
TMM-433SS*	33'	11'4"	4	315	10"	18"	\$1089,00
TMM-433HD*	331	11'4"	4	400	121/5*	2074"	\$1319.00
TMM-541\$\$*	41"	12'	5	430	10*	2074*	\$1429.00

Hv-Gain and some Alliance rotors when installed inside tower will restrict retracted bejont by approx. 24". Most Kenpro models allow full retraction,

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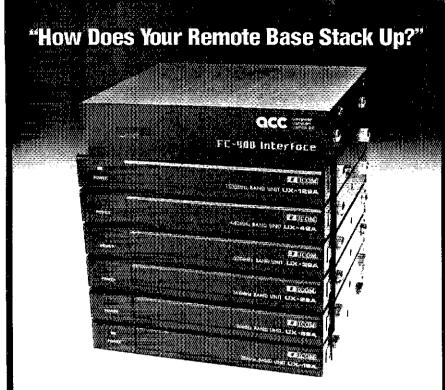
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retirement of WB2OCZ. W2SZ ARC had KA2HTU of AARA talk about the latest in amateur radio. WARA had an antenna presentation. K2ZVI demonstrated making printed circuit boards to WECA. OCT. PSHR: WB2VIJK WE2G WA2JBO N2HF K2ZVI WB1BTJ KB2EPU. OCT. Traffic: N2HIF 252, K2ZVI 135, WB2VUK 115, WB2EAG 79, WB1BTJ 77, WA2JBO 63, KB2EPU 49, WA2YBM 44, WE2G 38, KZZM 35, N2FTH 30, WA2GYY 27, W2CJO 16, K2HNW 13.

NEW YORK CITY-LONG ISLAND: SM, Walter M. Wenzel, KAZHGI—ASM Admin: NZGOR, ASM VE: WZNL. ACC: KAZWIJ. STM: KZMT. SEC: WAZUJI. OOC: NB2T. TC: WAZYNH. BM: WZJUP. PIO: KAZLCC. On behalf of all of the WAZTYN, BM, WADTY IN AZZEC AND Bental training way Year finds everyone well, and we wish for the best for everyone throughout its days. The following are traffic nets in and around the section that handle NU messages:

SES QNI QTC QSP FREO TIME DAY MGR. BAVHF 145,350/R 2000 146,745/R 1930 K2YOK K2HPG 545 52 52 558 354 320 378 267 240 391 187 176 SCVHE 145 370/R 2000 KA2.IMA 145.370/H 3.913 kHz 3.677 kHz 3.677 kHz 3.677 kHz KA2UBD N2EIA DLY DLY DLY NYS/M 1000 NYS/F 1900 KU2N DLY KUZN WED KB2BKE 318 207 NYS/L 28,450 kHz 2100 3 590 kHz 1800 145.01 24hr N/A ... 393 70 N/A

that this net is designed for your participation. EVERYONE THAT HANDLES TRAFFIC MESSAGES PLEASE TAKE NOTE: make sure that any traffic you handle to or from the USA is for third-party agreement countries only, there has been some messages going around that should not have been handled. I want to thank Dom, WA2UJI, for taking over as SEC. Mitch, KB2CLI has taken on the responsibility of EC for the township of Babylon. EXAM SESSIONS: LIMARC-second Saturday of each month at NY Inst. of Technology, Old Westbury-contact Jee, N2NL, 516-541-2450; SUFFOLK COUNTY VE TEAM-second Saturday of each month at Sulfolk County Community College, Selden—contact George WAZVNV 516-751-0894; GRUMMAN ARC-second Weds. of each month (until June) at the Bothpage High School, Bethpage—contact Howard W2QUV 516-354-6851; GREAT SOUTH BAY ARC-every month on the fourth Sunday at the Babylon Town Hall Annex, North Babylon—contact Walt, KA2RGI 516-957-5726, if your group holds regularly-scheduled license exam sessions and/or classes, let me know at least three months in advance so they can be added to the column before the printing deadline. New Novice classes are starting at the Nassau County ARC and the Great South Bay ARC within the next few weeks. Please contact me for any last-minute additions as there is usually a few more new classes that start in the spring. EC/DEC reports: KZTWZ WA2UJI. If you need more information about your club's activities and would like to see them printed fire, please send me the information and, space permitting, I'll add it to the column. NORTHERN NEW JERSEY: SM, Robert R. Anderson, KZRIG—ASM's NEXX (SE) NEWM (NWW) WB2NOY (SW). you need more Information about your club's activities and would like to see them printed here, please send me the information and, space permitting, I'll add it to the column. NORTHERN NEW JERSEY: SM, Robert R. Anderson, K2BJG—ASM's: N2CXX (SS, N2WM (NW), WB2NQV (SW), N2XJ (CEN AND VE). SEC: N2BMN, STM; KA2F. OO/AAC; KA2BZS. ACC: WB2HBZ. SGL: W2KB. TC: K2BLA. BM: WA2UPK. PIO: NW2L, NNJ Ham Radio Info Line 201-680-1585. New appointments effective 11/88 are EC's: Montclar K2HBX, Fairview N2HQQ, Nutley WA2MHA, and East Orange WF2Q. OES's Raritan Bay ARC club station K2GE and N2HQQ. OES's Raritan Bay ARC club station K2GE, PIA: NZ2T. Appointment endorsements for the next two year erm etaring 01/89 are DEC Passiac County N2DZZ. ATTENTION NNJ Clubs! The annual meeting of the Hudson Amateur Radio Council (HARC) will be held starting 930 AM January 7, 1989 at the Fire Training Center Valhalta, NY. Send your delegates. Congratulations to the following who were newly licensed or upgraded during October sessions conducted by: Northeast NJ Testing Asso. (2/2), Raritan Bay ARC (10/6), NNJ VE Board (21/16), Ramapo Mountain ARC (3/2), Bergen ARA (50/23), and Ocean Monmouth ARC (3/2), Bergen ARA (50/23), and Ocean Monmouth ARC (3/2), Bergen ARA Feldner, M Fenik, J O'Shea, E Worral, KA2ARE, KB2GHI, KB2GIY, A Feldner, M Fenik, J O'Shea, E Worral, KA2ARE, KB2GHI, KB2GIY, KB2GDV, KB9HP, KA2UZR, WA2WMX, W Ayala, M Barabas, KA2EH, KB2HDB, R Tubitz, KB2FTR, KB2GIY, A Feldner, M Fenik and T Kenny, General (7): KB2FIQ, KB2GDV, WA2DWB, N2HDV, KE2HK, KE2IS, WA2LWA, KA2RKU, KA2BOP, WACCYU, KSFNW, MSPVW AND WA2ULHH. Total applicants (121): Total new or upgraded (69). 57%. The State Line RC provided communications for the 15th annual "Crop Walk for the Hungry" of the Upper Pascack Valley. Traffic Nets and Statistics for September 1988: NET MGR FREQ TIME SESS SES OSP QNI NJM WB2ZUF G695 1000 DY 34 102 273 NJPN W20C 3550 1800 DY 34 102 273 N

FREQ 3695 3950 3695 MGR WB2ZJF SESS DY DY 123 235 102 273 1000 1800 NJM NJPN W2CC NJN/E OPEN 3695 WAZOPY 3695 1900 DY/P DY/P 95 KAZINE KA2F N2DXP 3735 147.12 N.ISN 1830 DY 30 2000 2100 OBITN 223.88 NUTTEN

NJ/PI. N2FGC 146.49 2230 DY/P 3D 90 523
NJ/PI. W2QNL 145.01 24HR VIA WA2SNA-1
Packet NTS activity for October, 1988: Total 190. WA2SNA-1
auto forward (68) plus faison (122) by NZZT (18), N2HQQ (7)
W2QNL (83), WB2FTX (6), WAZEXX (7), and KR2J (1),
SAR/PSHR for September W2RRX 281/124, W2QNL
382/138, K2VX 141/90, KB2BNW 27/47, W2XD 13/-, W2CC
20/-, NZXJ 278/104, N2DXP 182/82, KA2INE 71/78, WB2FTX
138/65, WB2QMP -/69, ND2K 11/MIDWEST DIVISION

IOWA: SM, Wade Walstrom, W6EJ—ASM: W8ØAVW. SEC: KD8BG, STM: KCØXL. ACC: NUØP. OOC, WAØQMU. BM: KØIRA, TC: KØDAS. PIO: W6ØM. The upcoming Section Manager election is, so far, a W6EJ and W8ØAVW rematch.



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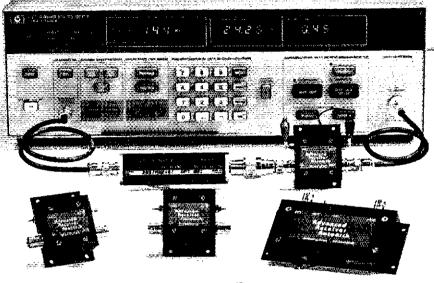
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inline (rt switc	hed)					
SP28VD SP50VDG SP50VDG SP144VDA SP144VDG SP220VDA SP220VDA SP220VDG SP432VDA SP432VDA SP432VDA SP432VDA SP432VDA	28-30 50-54 50-54 144-148 144-148 144-148 220-225 220-225 420-450 420-450 420-450	<1.2 <1.4 <0.55 <1.6 <1.1 <0.55 <1.9 <1.3 <0.55 <1.9 <1.2 <0.55	15 15 24 15 24 15 24 15 20 15 15	0 + 12 0 + 12 0 + 12 0 + 12 - 20 + 12	DGFET DGFET GAASFET DGFET GAASFET DGFET DGFET DGFET GAASFET Bipolar Bipolar GAASFET	\$59.95 \$59.95 \$19.95 \$59.95 \$67.95 \$109.95 \$67.95 \$109.95 \$62.95 \$7.95 \$109.95

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KØKCJ 5 WBØCKA 2.

KANSAS: SM, Robert M. Summers, KØBXF—SEC: NØBLD.
STM: WØCYH, ACC: KØBXF. TC: KAØHEP, BM: KØUDD. SGL:
NØBLD. NM's: CW-WBØZNY, VOICE-WØFRC, RTTY-OPEN,
SLOW SPEED CW-WØMYM, WX NET-WBØYWZ, PIO:
WBØMSG. DEC's: WØCAG, WØEB, WBØYJT, WØFRC, NKØY,
WBØMDF, WAØCVR. Sorry to hear that NØIDW's vacation in
Oklahoma ended in a stay at a hospital. Also reported in the
hospital at report time is WØTQ. Best wishes lor speedy
recovery to both. WØKL reports that 10 members of the
Chippewa ARC furnished communications for the KC Regional
Aerobatics contest this past month. New officers for the Chippewa Art. Uninshed communications for the Aerobatics contest this past month. New officers for the Kansas Nebraska ARC: Pres NØALB, VP WØTQ, Set KAØUAR, Treas WØVXY, New officers for Kansas Chapter 110 QCWA, Pres WØ

for September. NET QNI QTC 115 23 675 585 KSBN KPN 1226 375 KWN KWN 959 708 1953 CSTN 65 CKS CKS-SS 509 49

CKS-SS 49 8
I am happy to report that Jim, NXØR, has consented to help coordinate the PACKET activity in the state of Kansas. A group did meet at the state convention in Wichita and decided to form the KSPRG, (Ke Packet Radio Group). Alroady information is on the Packet network and more will be following with reference the intended plans concerning traffic handling etc. Traffic: KØEXF 190. NZØM 174. WØFR 170, WØFRC 152, WØCYH 114. WBØZNY 82, WØFD 168, NBØZ 58, KAØRCH 56, WØQMT 46, KXØI 29, WØMYM 19, NØBDG 13, WØRBO 8, NDLL

WICAMT 46, KX8I 29, WDMYM 19, NDBDG 13, WBRBO 8, NSLL 2.

MISSOURI: SM, Ben Smith, K6PCK—After several years of faithful duty as Net Manager of the Missouri Emergency and Weather Net, Glien, K6DSC, has resigned from that position. Ed. WDSGELL, who had been acting as Net Manager has accepted a permanent appointment, I want to thank Glen for his work with the net, and I know Ed will keep the net going as it has been. The net meets every evening on 3.963 kHz at 2330 UTC. The Kansas City Amateur Radio Club has a new repeater on the air. The frequency is 444.25 MHz. The St. Charles ARC has announced they will hold their 1989 Hamfest Sunday August 27 at Blanchette Park. KAØLIXQ and NOHMZ are co-chairmen. Amateurs in the Kansas City area have been busy providing communications for different fund-raising events in their community. On Oct 13, hams were on hand to help with the 1988 "Walk for the Hungy." WBAIB organized the amateur operation. On September 10 and 11, 33 amateurs assisted with the Multiple Sclerosis "150" bike four. WBBIZY was primary NCS with WB6EJJ, WBGRED, WAGBVX, KM6E and WAØOG doing NCS duty. Six members of the Heart of America ARC provided safety support for the Armour Hills 5 K Race. KM6E organized the amateur participation. Amateurs in the St. Louis area also helped with the Multiple Sclerosis "150" bike four. Twelve Hams were involved with WB6DDK in charge. KE9AH and KC6NJU provided communications for the 6th Mo. River Bike Trek on Oct. 1. Father Moran, 9NtMM was guest speaker at the Oct 6 dinner meeting of the Kansas City DX club. I received a very Interesting and informative letter from NBCADIKAZXAE, the only experimental licensee in the Missouri Section and one of the very few in the US. Fred described the activity on the 17 meter band. He has a weekly schedule on 18. 111 at 1900 UTC with other experimental stations in the US, Greece and Souffi Africa. Everyone is invited to copy the mail. Silent Key report: WAØITI, WBNGX and KC6AS.

THE PARTY OF							
NET	SE\$	QNI	QTC	DAY	TIME(PM)	FREQ	MGR
MOSSB	31	674	153	p	6:00	3 963	K#ORB
MEOW	31	602	112	Ð	5:30	3.963	WD0ELL.
MON	62	202	98	Ď	7/9:45	3.585	AIDO
HBN	21	355	25	M-FR	12:05	3,880	KODSQ
RHABN	25	260	19	D	9:00	147.69	KEBANP
HARC	4	67	8				KABSXY
CMEN	5	88	4	W	9:00	146.76	KOPCK .
SLARES	5	348	3	М	9:00	146,91	KOWEX
PHD		******	1491	М	8:00	146,43	WARKUH
ZAEN	4	44	3			ATTS	WDOELL
LOZBC(AUG)	26	484	0	M-Sa	6:30A	146.73	OVHON
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Traffic: NOØG 532, WAØYJX 258, AIØO 170, WAØHTN 112, NDØN 101, WØOUD 48, KØPCK 39, K9OCU 33, WB8TVV 15, KØVNB 10, WØRL 8, KEØAH 8, NØMU 1.

NEBRASKA: SM, Vern Wirka, WBBGCM, STM: Jerry Kohn, WDBEGK, SEC: Michael Ruhrdanz, NØFER. The Nebraska Unicameral will convene this month. Please listen for information on the amateur license plate legislative bill that will be introduced. Information will be distributed through the section nets, local nets, packet BBS and Official Bulletin

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Telephone: (414) 241-8144 Thiensville, Wisconsin 53092 Stations. Please contact your local state senator and let him or her know your opinion. As of this month, your Section Manager begins another two-year term. I am looking forward to serving the Nebraska section level and Field Organization appointments will remain in place. Remember there is always room for more volunteers in the Field Organization. Thanks for a job well done to Kenneth Albright, WB@GMQ, of Orleans, NE for all of his efforts in his former capacity as Harian County EC. WB@GMQ continues to serve as the Net Manager for the Nebraska Cornhusker Net which meets everyday at 12:30 PM central time on 3.980 MHz. The Orman area QCWA monthly luncheon location is now Denny's restaurant, 515 North 98th Street, (east side of the westroads shopping center) in Ornaha. The QCWA group will meet on the fourth Wednesday of the month at 11:30 AM central time, Dodge County ARES members participated in an October 1 drill organized by EC Christensen, W@NNL, of Fremont. The drill consisted of a scenario where a young AM central time. Dodge County AHES members participated in an October 1 drill organized by EC Christensen, W&NNIL of Fremont. The drill consisted of a scenario where a young girl is reported missing and local amateurs are asked to help in the search. To add realism to the drill, W&NNL obtained a Mannequin from a local dept store, dressed it like a young girl and actually hid the Mannequin in a Comfield, according to the Pioneer Radio Club newsletter. The Pioneer Glub also reports that during a September cross country meet in the urral north bend area, Steve Narans, WBØVNF, and his wife witnessed a participant collapse. WBØVNF called for assistance on the WBRCH 145.07-67 MHz repeater. Steve Benke, NØLA, answered and called 911. The North Bend resuce squad was on the scene in ten minutes. The teenage girl had a high blood sugar level. Because of the quick response of Amateur Radio and rescue spressonel, the girl received the proper medical attention at a local hospital and was treated and released. On September 22, Omaha area amateurs participated in a drill that tested capabilities of Omaha hospitals to deal with receiving large numbers of patients from a disaster in another community. Traffic: K&DKM 890, KEBXQ 44, WABBOK 28, W&KBS 25, WBØTED 25, NEW ENGLAND DIVISION

NEW ENGLAND DIVISION

KeMZY 17, NOBA 9, WBBGOM 6, WCBO 2.

NEW ENGLAND DIVISION

CONNECTICUT: SM, Caesar Rondina, N1DCS—ASM: KB1H.

STM: K1EIC. SEC: N4GAA. OOC: NA1L. ACC: NK1J. BM:

N1EEE. PIO: WA1CMF. TC: W1HAD. SGL: K1AH. As we enter a new year, I hope everyone will took back and remember all the good that 1988 brought them. We wish to all, the best of the holiday seasons and a most healthy and Happy New Year. I've had the great opportunity to visit many clubs since I took the reins in October, and have found a great deat of enthusiasm in the section. This spring, we will be planning a CT Section gathering of all clubs in CT. The purpose will be to meet each other and get to know some of our counterparts in other areas of the state. There will be more into as the time comes closer. Also, I strongly urge each and every CT club to become involved with the Connecticut Council of Amateur Radio Clubs. They meet every Tuesday of the month at 7:30 PM at ARRI. Headquarters. The group's sole purpose is to swap ideas and to be a common ground for each club helping one another. I have been attending, and the idea is superil! For more into, contact Les. KATKRP. Let's show our spirit; get involved. KA1ION and members of WARC went to Mattatuck Boy Scout Camp to set up and operate two stations for JOTA. Congrats to FARA for a place in the New England Division Newsletter competition. Congrats to SCARA for another successful flea market. Way to go... congrats to N1EEE for his appointment to Bulletin Mgr. He can be reached at 288-8444. Remember all, our field appointees are always ready and willing to speak at any one of your club functions. Just call them. Members of TSARC. Places make note of the address change for your records: TSARC. P.O. Box 415, Farmingville, NY 11738. Remember, support your clubs, help them to make it happen till the next time. 73.

NET SES ONI OTC NM
CSCONN 35 473 132 NG1P

112 40 473 132 217 59 649 178 432 144 101 4 WESCONN RASON 35 31 NUTMEG CPN TMRCN **NM1K** KY1F NM1K

TMRCN 5 101 4 NMTK
Traffic: NMTK 408, N10DM 378, WB1GXZ 236, KA1GWE 163,
KA1JAN 120, N1API 107, KA1FVY 91, KY1F 76, N1FNN 56,
W1WP 54, NK1N 53, KY1T 33, KB1ZC 32, N1BOW 25,
W1YOL 25, NK1J 22, W1BDN 22, WB4FCC 19, KA1RVI 16,
KA18JU 10, KA1SBI 8, W1CUH 8, W1QV 7, WB2SGI 7, K1HEJ 3.

KA1SJU 10, KA1SBI 8, W1CUH 8, W1CV 7, WB2SGI 7, K1HEJ 3.

MAINE: SM, Bill Mann, W1KX—SEC: KABUVQ. STM: WAZERT. ASM (PACKET): N1AHH. ACC: W1RWG. SM: W1JTH. SGL: K1NIT. TC: KQ1L. Maine observed the annual simulated Emergency Test on Oct. 26 in conjunction with NVOAD — National Voluntary Organizations Active in Disseter. Red Cross, Me. Emergency Management Agency, Salvation Army, etc. participated in various counties and messages were handled on their behalf. Kennebec Co. EC KA1LPW reported 23 Amateurs participated and handled 19 messages were handled on their behalf. Kennebec Co. EC KA1LPW reported 23 Amateurs participated and handled 19 messages in their exercises. A Mini PBBS, N1CBA-8, is now operating in Augusta and dedicated solely for ARES. Boy Scouts from around the state participated in this year's Jamboree-On-The-Ari, Oct. 15-16. Amateurs toured the new National Weather Service office at the Portland Jetport on Oct. 29 at an open house which was set up by N1DEE. The tollowing Augusta ARA members participated in a United Way Marathon on Sept. 27: N1ESW, KA1DLZ, N1CBA, KA1RFD, KA1LPW, KC1AC, W1TGY, W1TH and N1FJL. The Sea Guil Net celebrates its 50th year in 1989. K1GUP is collecting copies of old logs, etc. Anyone with anything that relates to SGN history or with ideas to help celebrate the event should contact K1GUP. Congratulations to Augusta ARA's "The Augustan" for winning an Honorable Mention for News Reporting in the 1988 New England Division Newsletter Competition. The State of Maine YLs (SMYLs) hold their fall meeting in Old Orchard Beach. Any YLs interested in joining SMYLS should contact W1TGY. Silent Keys: KA1CS, W1WXI. VE Exam: Jan. 7. Rockland (Know Co. Court House), 8:30 AM (KC1CG3). Six OBSs sent 14 ARRIE. Bulletins and 7 Me. Bulletins during Oct. Happy New Year!

NET SESS TFC QNI MGR AROCSTOOK EMERG NET 4 1 85 WA1YNZ CENTRAL ME EMERG NET 4 1 85 WA1YNZ CENTRAL ME EMERG NET 4 1 85 WA1YNZ CENTRAL ME EMERG NET 4 1 81 WA1YNZ CENTRAL ME EMERG NET 4 1 85 WA1YNZ CENTRAL ME EMERG NET 4 1 81 WA1YNZ C

MGR WA1YNZ N1EUK KA1ODT AROOSTOOK EMERG NET ARCOSTOUR EMERG NET CENTRAL ME EMERG NET CUMBERLAND CO ARES HANCOCK CO NET KENNEBEC CO ARES/RACES 3 163 Û 96 50 WAZERT 19 KA1LPW







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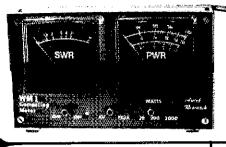
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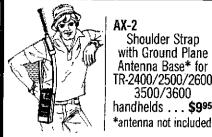
NEW HAMPSHIRE: SM, Bill Burden, WB1BRE—TC: W1JY. SGL: N1AIX. Recently, I got a call from someone I had worked with 20 years ago and had seen only once in the intervening years. He had been a Ham, but had "dropped out" years ago. He is now living in Plymouth and both he and his wife decided NEW HAMPSHIRE: SM, Bill Burden, WB18RE—TC: W17Y. SGL: N1ADX. Recently, I got a call from someone I had worked with 20 years ago and had seen only once in the intervening years. He had been a Ham, but had "dropped out" years ago. He is now living in Piymouth and both he and his wife decided to get back into the hobby. After he recovered from technology shock of a visit to a local Ham Store, he said they were ready to go for their licenses. I contacted Johnny, W1JY, who was the closes contact. As it turned out, he and John had worked together 25 years ago. Johnny channeled their enthusiasm into preparing for the Novice classes in Laconia and helping them get information. Within a matter of days of the initial inquiry, these folks had information, training packages, help from area Hams and were preparing for classes! It was clear that we have the training material and taclitiles to get people started, but more important—we have Hams like Johnny throughout the section willing to put the effort in to follow up and make sure thit it all happens! Our ability to grow is directly related to the effort we personally put into the hobby. Help someone get into Ham Radio—it's a good teeting! My travels this month took me to Boxborough convention to see many of you. It was a full weekend and I enjoyed the opportunity to speak with many NH Hams. Dot and I loined a group from the IRS on a dinner trip aboard the "Mt Washington" on a cruise around Lake Winnipesaukee. Later in the month, we attended a tuncheon meeting of the 10-10 White Mountain Chapter in Manchester. I was invited to speak on current FCC actions and Section activities by host John, KA1LEY. Novice classes are own in till swing in Rochester. Derry, Manchester feller and support organizations. Clubs and groups around the state participated in the SET and in the Scotus Jamboree on the Air. Both activities were on the same weekend, providing opportunities for some exposing scotus to Ham radio. New section appointments unclude of Sex NB1HBB, KA1NXT, and KA1OL. ECS—NET

(PSHR 79), WA1CRY 29. Hope everyone has a Happy New Year.

VERMONT: SM, Jonathan P, Maguire, N1CQE—ASM (RFI): W1CTM. ASM (Education): WB2MIC. ASM (Packet): K1AUE. SGL/SEC: W1KRV. STM: K1TQ. TC: W1AIM. PIO: WA1YOY. Now that the holiday season is over, it's time to think about doing some serious operating! There are many contests coming up—the Novice Houndup, and the 1st RTTY contest. Check your QST magazines for details. WB2JSJ reports the following activity at the Oct. 14 exam session: Adv. N1EOZ. Tech: KB2FIJ, KB2GCS. Gen: KA1NWI, N1FKT. WA1JVV reports these upgrades at the 11/7 Border ARC session: Adv. KA1PYK. Gen: N1FYC, KA1QZR. Tech: KA1QZP, new ham Larry Messier. Congratulations to all and happy hamming! The results of the Oct 15th SET are in. W1KRV reports that we had a fairly good showing. However, more people are needed to make this thing work. VTN handled over 25 pieces of traffic. A good place for training is the VT Phone Emergency net, 0830 local, Sunday, on 3976 kHz. Please check in. Due to the efforts of W1KRV, we have 227 ARES members. If you're not a member, why not join now. PSHR Stations: WA2SPL, KT1Q. NB1A, WA1JVV, N1DHT, WA2SPL earned another BPL, and Vermont had 100% on 1RN/2 and 1RN/3, and 98.4% on 1RN/4. Fantastici October traffic: WA2SPL 2277, KT1Q 416, WA1JVV 190, WA1VXW 190, N1DHT 150, KC1KI 130, W1KRV 83, NB1A 71. Net reports: CN 26/454/48, CVFMM 5/100/14, GMN 26/465/23, TwinSFMEN 4/45/0, TriSFM 4/68/6, VTN 32/153/173, VPN 5/81/7, VT Slow Speed 11/75/9.

WESTERN MASSACHUSETTS: SM, Bill Voedisch, W1UD-

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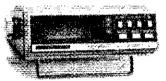


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OO/RFI: N1CM. PIO/ACC: K1BE. SEC/SGL: WB1HIH. TC: KA1JJM. STM: W1KK. It's been a busy month. Clubs in the sections are back in the swing of things. Thanks to Chrisk WA1CVF, the Cycle 1 WMTN had an impressive 189 check in during the first month of operation. Her 10 AM slot on Mt. Greylock (K1FFK/R) cleared over 50 messages. John herl Outlets needed. Jean, KA1IFC, is now Packet Net Manager. An impressive traffic score (875) was totaled between her, KA1EXJ and KB1TH. Great job! Since Jean assumed the job of Packet Net Mgr. traffic is flowing throughout the section on packet as well as the other modes of communication. I have a PMS operating on 145.07 that is operating 24 hours. Droy your section news and other information into the PMS. It is programed for third party use, and if an answer is expected, your section news and other information into the PMS. It is programed for third party use, and if an answer is expected, you can pick it up off the PMS. N1CQ spoke to the members of the Mt. TomARA on propagation predictions. It was an interesting program and the members enjoyed it. On October 8th, the Mt ARA provided communication for the Mt. Holyoke Regatta. Great job. W1NY-2 will be moving to N1EUZ's QTH. W1NY is the official packet gateway station of Western Mass. mr-eoung rims. That suit can be accessed through W1NY-1, W1NY is the official packet gateway station of Western Mass. Section. They will be using new software. That should enhance and expand its operation. The guys and gals from NOBARC did it again. They found a downed plane on Greylock. Considering the ceiling was at 1200 feet and the plane crashed at 2500 feet. Cooperation between CAP, MSP, NYSP, US Coast Guard, EMTs, DEM and NOBARC made the find possible. Great job. Great PR also as the media covered rescue. I'm very proud of the inter-agency cooperation. This just illustrates that it is possible to work together. The WMEN AHES nets meet Sunday morning on 3.937 MHz at 8:30 AM, Mn 146.910 MHz at 9:00 AM, on 53.230 MHz at 9:15 AM on 224.1 MHz at 9:00 AM, on 53.230 MHz at 9:15 AM on 224.1 MHz at 9:30 AM. The WMPN meets at 6:00 PM Monfrion 3.937 MHz and Sunday at 6:00 on 28.450 MHz. The WMN (CW) meets at 7:00 PM daily on 3562 KHz. These are your section nets. Participate in them. Traffic: KA1IFC 621, KA1EX J 162, WB1HIH 79, KB1TH 92, WA1YYK 90, K1JHC 33, W18JV 31, KA1GPC 89, W1KK 85, WA1OPN 12, KI2L 22, KCIIU 23, W1ZPB 8, W1UD 200.

NORTHWESTERN DIVISION

NORTHWESTERN DIVISION

IDAHO: SM, Don Clower, KATT—ASM: K7REX. STM: W7GHT. OOC: WB7CYO. ACC: N7BI. PIO: WG7E. I attended the Emmett ARC meeting last month and they should have their repeater up in a couple of weeks. The freq. is 147.700/100 and will have phone capabilities. The Twin Falls ARC is getting a new antenna for their repeater. Twin's Xmas party is Dec. 10 at 7 PM at the Mandarin House in Twin. I would like to wish all of you a merry Xmas and hope you have a safe and happy New Year. Traffic: WS7U 68.

and happy New Year. Traftic: WS7U 68.

MONTANA: SM, Ken Kopp, KØPP—FVARC (Kalispell) gives first year membership to its new Novlces. Their KrGL SK on 20th Oct GHRC's N7GDM replaces retiring WA7U as EC for Gallatin County. Their NVTY authored Nov QST article. VARC's N7FFA (Glasgow) is EC for Valley County. HARC's (Wissoula) KC7ZO has info (biz sase) to use C-64 or 128 as packet TNC. GFAARC (Great Falls) provided comm for Lick Creek file and for 900 runners during Sept. You'll get ballots for SM election in early Jan. Ever wonder how size of QST Section News columns are set? Depends or member count ur section gets about 16 lines. Traffic: W7TGU 504, (PSHR) W7BKB 4.

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OREGON: SM, Randy Stimson KZ7T—ASM: KM7R. STM: W7VSE, SEC: W7FBP, PIO: KC7YN, SGL: KA7KSK., ACC: WF7Q, RFI: AK7T. OC: WNTW, STC: N7ENI. We have a new Emergency Coordinator in Linn County. His name is Jason Conolly and his call is N7IME. The unusual thing about this Emergency Coordinator in Linn County. His name is Jason Conolly and his call is N7IME. The unusual thing about this appointment is that Jason is 14 years old. He wrote and asked if it were possible for him to be the EC. I talked it over with my SEC Date W7FBP and we telt that if Jason had an Assistant EC who could handle some of the adult situations, there would be no reason for him not to be the EC. I would think that Jason has to be one of the youngest ECs in the country. There are some interesting stories coming out of the fires in Oregon. Some hams in Lane County called LAPS (Lane Amateur Public Service) set up a two meter phone patch for the fire lighters at the Hills Creek Spike camp. Over four evenings they handled 142 phone calls around the United States. How it all got started was Gary, KBZEOQ, the Emergency Manager of Lane County contacted Fran, F7TWD, to see if something could be worked out. Fran contacted Stan, W7OLN, Emergency Coodinator for Lane county, and between them they set up the patch. Fran and a group of hams worked at the site and Stan did the phone patch at home. Fran said in the Grants Pass area there were twenty hams who manned an evacuation center for the Mt. Walker lire. They drove 240 miles and spent 146 hours in manning the center. Traffic (P) = Packert W7VSE 340, N7BGW 247, WB7VSN 238, WG7H 161, KA7EEE 155, W7XI 150P, W7CNE 145, W7LRB 140, WB7WB 120P, K7TG 77P, W7ODG 59, KA7SYG 57, WJ7E 56, KV7F 53, WB7EMO 43P, KZ7T 38P, KD7YJ 17P, KA7AID 18, W7BDI 11P, N7CPA 11P, N7IXS 6P. (Sept.) N7CPA 239P, WJ7E 65, W7ODG 41.

239P, WJ/E 65, W7ODG 41.

WASHINGTON: SM, Brad Wells, KR7L—STM: KD7ME. SEC:
KA7INX. TC: W7BUN. OCC: N7DVR. SGL: KD7AC. BM:
N7CAK. PIO: N7FV. ACC/ASM: KC7PH. ASM: KA7CSP.
ASM: W7UOF. ASM: K7CLL. How about a New Year's
Resolution to try a different operating specialty? Nothing so
dramatic as buying a burch of new equipment, but rather
doing something different with your operating time. If you'r
active in traffic handling, why not try chasing a little DX? How
about a little casual contesting? If you have never done any
public service operating, why not check into a traffic net once
a week? After spending some time in amateur radio, many
of us become single specialty operators. Our hobby becomes
DX, or contesting, or traffic handling, or ARES, or something
else. We should use our existing equipment to periodically
investigate other operating modes. This will provide a fresh
perspective and maintain an appreciation for what others are
doing with their time and equipment. Another excellent
resolution is for each of us to recruit one new amateur into
our ranks. More hams provide additional political muscle at
both state and federal levels. The VHF Sweepstakes is this

month. While this contest generates a lot of activity on the East Coast, there is only moderate activity from this Section. Why not give 6 meters a try? The MUF may reach 50 MHz on this weekend and provide some rare DX opportunities. Don't forget the RITY Roundup on January 7th and 8th. The driving force behind the creation of this event was the Inland Empire DX Assn. Expect lots of competition from the Spokane area in this one. Effective January 1, the ARRL/VEC will charge \$4.75 for amateur examinations. The resolution to split this Section, east and west, may see action at this month's Empire DX Assn. Expect lots of competition from the Spokane area in this one. Effective January 1, the ARRLIVEC will charge \$4.75 for amateur examinations. The resolution to split this Section, east and west, may see action at this month's ARRL Board of Directors Meeting. North Krisap ARC is now meeting at the Silverdale United Methodist Church, 9982 Silverdale Way (2nd & 4th Tuesday & 7:30 PM). Our Section Traffic Manager, KD7ME, offers the following update on packet traffic handling in Washington Section: "Incoming traffic usually comes through the HF Gateway stations WB7DCH. Due to schedule constraints, he permits no user connects. He forwards all incoming packet mail to a hub BBS, N7HFZ. The hub BBS permits only imited user connects other than BBSs. Packet mail is forwarded to all major BBSs serving the Section. We use ZIP code routing. Fifteen 3 digit ZIP codes exist for Washington. All but two have been assigned to a specific BBS. Incoming NTS traffic moves towards its destination through the packet network using the automatic routing capabilities of the store-and-forward BBSs. Outgoing traffic follows the reverse route: BBS to hub BBS to HF Gateway BBS or adjacent Section BBS. In-section traffic Is sent directly to adjacent BBSs or to the hub for routing." The Western Washington DX Club is working to develop a packet DX spotting network. Look for another WWDXC 10 meter dash in May. This has become a semi-annual, low power, 2 hour contest open to all. Congrats to Bbb Brunkow, K7NHE, to being elected the Seafair President for 1988-89. The Northwest DX Convention will be July 28-30 at the Remon Hollday. In .622 hams signed the register at the W7DK booth in the Hobby Hall at the Western Washington State Fair in September and 373 radiograms were transmitted through the NTS utilizing CW, SSB, FM, and packet. One result of the Section's formal agreement with the PCC has been a dramatic increase in our RFI/TVI caseload. We need additional Assistant Technical Coordinators to help resolve these problems. If you're 97, KD7ME; KR7L. PSHR: KD7ME, WB7WOW.

PACIFIC DIVISION

PACIFIC DIVISION

EAST BAY: SM, Bob Vallio, W6RGG—ASMs: W6ZF, W6SFCV. SEC: W6LKE. STM: K6APW. OOC: NY6Z. TC: N6AMG. The CCCC welcomes new members N6PXY & N6SPY, and congratulates K6BYQJ on his upgrade to N6SQD. MDARC membership now stands at 293, and they have 45 in their Novice class plus 8 in their Tech/Gen class EBARC's "The Blown Fuse" has taken on a new look in which they and editor, WD6GGC, can take pride. Member WD6DLR is currently giving Novice classes to 15 members of the Richmond Yacht Club. LARK reports the following upgrades — N6SCJ/ADV, N6SYP & N6SLE/GEN, & K6BYWYTECH; and welcomed new member N6ST. BARC is once again involved in collecting items for the orphanage in Mulege, Mexico. Among the most sought after are eyeglasses and sunglasses, which will be prescribed by the Rotarian doctors at Mulege. If you have spare pairs of either type, please contact KE6IA on their Monday night nets on 147.735 (-600) and 442.750 (100.0 PL), or give Dave a call at 707-745-4939. HRC's newsletter contained an informative article by Section OO, NT6V, as well as the general rules for the JARL Awards Program. Oct. traffic: WB6DOB 223, W6VOM 144, K7VA 12. (Sept.) K7VA 35. (Sept.) K7VA 35.

NEVADA: SM, Joe Lambert, W8IXD—ASM: Curly Silva, K7HRW. Thanks to all who contacted their congressmen relative to FCC NPRM 87-14. All four congress persons were co-aponsors of resolutions in the Senate and House support. ing the amateur position. Can any other state match that?? SIERA is holding training sessions for emergency net control operation and also VEC exams. Contact W6FFT about either. operation and also VEC exams. Contact W6FFT about either. Truckee Meadows Amateur Radio Association is making extensive preparations, including installing 4 repeaters in northwestern Nevada, tor upcoming Special Olympics on April 1-8. If you can help with this event, contact WA7UJB, NARA, WADG and FARS all operated W200 Bicentennial stations and made thousands of contacts. RACES needs net control stations for its Monday night 75 meter net. Contact K7HRW if interested. JARA now has a voice mailbox on NR7A repeater. All of the clubs report a very successful 1988. We wish you an even better New Year!

PACIFIC: SM, Wayne Jones, NH6GJ—Greetings to all from the land of Aloha! The first coordinated statewide SET was the land of Alohal The first coordinated statewide SET was held Oct. 22. The event was coordinated by AH6CP, State RACES Officer, and was well done. Amateurs on all major islands participated, and we all learned a lot! Congrats to KH6HU who opened the Waimea High School ARC station for the first 8 hours of the CQ WW 8SB contest. 15 students participated and made 230 contacts. W1YRM, KH2CC, AH2BY, KH8AH and WH2AEN provided support to the SUN-ZEN/USO Bike race on Oct. 29. New officers for EARCY. President-KH6NJ, VP-KH6BIO, Secv-KH6OV, Treas-NH6CY. Directors-KH6CIZ, NH6GJ, AH6BJ, NH6LF, KH6TB. Traffic: KL 7IVQ 94, KH6S 39, KH6H 38. Aloha from all of us to all of you!

SACRAMENTO VALLEY: SM, Bob Watson, W6IEW—This month's report has some bad news and some good news. The bad news is the illness of some of the prominent members of our Section—the good news is that they are recovering. Alan Christian, WW6B, president of the River City ARCS, suffered a brain aneurism after hitting his head in a bicycle accident and spent several weeks in the hospital. He is up and about and by the time your read this should be back at work. Chet Almond, N6DRU, the Northern California MARS Emergency Coordinator, was really hit with the flu and pneumonia. He ended up in intensive care for several days but latest reports have him improving. I am sorry to report that John Szucs, WA6ZGS, an Assistant Technical Coordinator for years has resigned for health reasons. John has given a great deal of technical help to many hams and has served SACRAMENTO VALLEY: SM, Bob Watson, W61EW-This



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the community in many other ways including maintaining the Lifeline equipment as an unpaid volunteer. Take a welf-deserved rest, John, and know that you have the thanks of many people. Might as well finish this column in the same vein noting that Andy, WA6WGQ, is doing nicely recovering from his surgery and Wes, W6PI, claims that he can see better than ever after having cataract surgery. The REALLY good news is that the rains are here, and we should not have to respond to calls from the USFS or the California Department of Forestry for communications help at wildfires for several months. Traffic: WA6WJZ 430, N6LUY 178, WA6ZUD 88, W6FIF 35, W6CFQ 33, K6SRF 33, WBSSRG 18.

WaCFQ 33, K6SRF 33, WB6SRQ 16.

SAN JOAQUIN VALLEY: SM, Charles McConnell, W6DPD—SEC: WCGU, STM: N6AWH. TC: WA6EXV. ACC: W6DPD. Asst. SMs W6TRP and K6YK. Appointments renewed: ORS WA6YAR; EC KA6HAB. The Turlock ARC operates a link to yosemite National Park. The link output is 147.000 MHz with the input on 147.600 MHz. The link joint is tied to W6BXN/R 147.030/44.700 MHz. The link operates 24 hours per day. The Turlock ARC invites all materies to check in when visiting yosemite National Park. New officers of the Central California DX. Club are Pres. WA6UOR; VP W6YO; S/T W6QON. KA6AMD, K16LA, W6YTT, and W6EZLA are Extra. KA6ADP, WA7PEZ, and N6SIZ are Advanced. KB6YAG, KA6HUG, N7IRY, N6RSS, and N6SIX are General. K86SZPV, K86ZPH, K86ZPO, and K86YZT are Tech. K86ZNV is N6TJP. K8EZNU is N6TJP. K8EZN

is N6TLB. WB6VPG has an IC32AT. Traffic: N6AWH 94, WA6YAB 12, N6MXG 9, K6RAU 7.

SANTA CLARA VALLEY: SM. Glenn Thomas, WB6W—SEC: WA6OCV. TC: WA6PWW. STM: N6JLJ, PIO: WB6OML. ASM: N6JQJ. ACC: W6MKM. BM: (vacant) OOC: K46S. JULY—First, a reminder. There is a telephone number that has information on Amateur Radio License classes. Well. . . it only has the into that I put on it, and I can only put on it what I know about. PLEASE, let me know about any classes your group or club is sponsoring so that I may include them on the recording. My phone number is on page 8 of this issue of QST and is (408) 263-9450. Some folks have wondered what the number in parenthesis after each call in the traffic totals is. That is the number of messages originated or delivered. The most important part of traffic handling is contact with the public has with NTS. The additional number is recognition for those who have made the public contact and spread the good word about Amateur Radio. As many of you have noticed, the SCV column wasn't in the last couple of issues. My apologies. My time was spent motivating people to speak to their Congressmen and Senators concerning 87-14, the 220 grab. Hopefully, we will not have another crisis like that any time soon. We now have an Official Observer Coordinator in the section. He is Steve Wilson, KA6S. I am confident that the OO program will now move ahead at a much more satisfactory rate now that Steve is at the helm. I saw and met many of you at the ARRL Pacific Division Convention, Pacificon '88. Those who were there had a wonderful time. Thanks to all of the convention committee for their hard work and dedication, and especially to Shorty AE6Z who pulled the whole thing together as Chairman for the third year in a row! The Simulated Emergency Test (SET) was moved from October to early November to avoid conflict with the convention. I had a message already waiting for me from the excellent SET hold on Monterrey in October. Also, county wide coordinated SETs. message already waiting for me from the excellent SET held on Monterrey in October. Also, county wide coordinated SETs were held in Santa Clara and San Mateo Counties. Thanks were held in Santa Clara and San Mateo Counties. Thanks and well done to all who participated, and especially to the "Murphy Committees" who scripted and coordinated the SETs for all the ECs involved. JUNE: NR7E 128 (0). JULY: W6KZJ 100 (5). NR7E 32 (5). AUGUST: NR7E 111 (1). W8KZJ 59 (3), KA6SXW 18 (0), KB6IWG 10 (1), WA6HAD 4 (3) SEPTEMBER: AB3B 95 (19) OCTOBER: NR7E 47 (0). Phone numbers: Amateur Radio Classes (408) 971-1424. License Exams (408) 934-8353 (ARRL VEC) or (408) 255-9000 (Sunnyvale VEC).

ROANOKE DIVISION

(Sunnyvale VEC).

ROANOKE DIVISION

NORTH CAROLINA: SM, W. Reed Whitten, AB4W— ASM: AB4S, SEC: NAMYB, STM: K4NLK, BM: K4IWW, ACC: WCAT. TC: K4ITL. SGL: KE4ML PIO: AB4FW John Coan, KE4ML, has been SGL since 1985. Under John's leadership in General Assembly enacted legislation which reduced the extra fee for an Amateur Radio license plate by 80%. In addition to keeping aware of pending legislation, the SGL acts as liaison to all State agencies. John has been very active in emorgencies and exercises and has a key role with the State Emergency Response Team (SERT). John's XYL, Anne, is KB4ZLU and his father is W4CTP, Jack. KE4ML has done an excellent job for the Amateurs of our section and I appreciate his help. [BT] Good luck to the newly organized North Carolina Packet Radio Council (NCPRC) which held its second meeting on November 12 at the State EOC in Raleigh. There were about 18 present. The purpose of NCPRC is to advance the general interest and welfare of Amateur Radio digital communications in NC. The next meeting is planned for February 11, 1989, again at the State EOC in Raleigh. NCPRC officers are: N4CLH (P), WB4WOR (VP), KA4QJN (S), WB2LEI (1) & KK4L (newsleiter editor). Think about joining this group if you have an interest in packet radio. [BT] All ECs-please don't forget to turn in your SET reports. K4CF, EC of Moore County, reports an extensive SET which involved virtually every town in the county and over 100 messages composed by the county EM director. Total score for this one county's effort was 550 points. Walt's group had the highest score in the section fast year, looks like they will repeat again. Congratulations to Walt and his ARES group. [BT] Recent furricane activity in the Caribbean resulted in good publicity for Amateur Radio throughout the section. Tv and radio stations were looking for stories with a local interest and sought Amateurs involved in H&W traffic to the area. Many Amateurs appeared in Tv news stories. Don't pass up an opportunity to be on Tv, their skillful editing can ev SOUTH CAROLINA: SM, Charles Moeller, N4FVU— To our outgoing SM, Jimmy Walker, WD4HLZ, TNX for a job well done! Congrats & good luck, Jimmy, in your Roanoke Division Vice Director assignment. We shall continue to rely on your

valuable guidance. As your SM, I want to establish channels of communications with all of you. This Section News column is yours. In this column we want information that will encourage our unique global traternity of licensed Radio Amateurs to grow more in South Carolina. I want you to look forward to reading this column each month! Send me your Newsletters, schedule of VE exams nets, hamfests, special travers of the part framewall You real reach part. Newsletters, schedule of VE exams nets, hamfests, special events, etc. I want to hear from you! You can reach me by mail, phone, or Packet; N4FVU @KK4L. Include requests for South Carolina ARRI. Information about appointments, applications, forms and activities. I want to establish a full roster of state-wide appointments. Present appointees and others are invited to send me their thoughts on how we can achieve our goals and their personal plans to continue serving. Traffic: NAMEJ 98, W4ANK 93, KA4LRM 30, KJ4DT 28, W4ANK WADRE

VIRGINIA: SM, Glynn Coates, KB4WT—BM: AB4U. SGL: W4UMC. PIO: AA4VP. TC: WX4C. STM: KB4WT. SEC: M4EYO. ACC. M748. OCC. M742.

N4EXQ. ACC:	NT48, OOC; W4HU,		
NET	TIME	FREQ	MGR
VTN	1 PM	3907	KB4NGO
VSBN	6 PM	3947	KI4BR
VSN	6:30 PM	3680	N4KSO
VN(EARLY)	7 PM	3680	N4GHI
VN(LATE)	10 PM	3880	WB4KSG
VLN	10:15 PM	3947	W4JLS
SVEN	7:15 PM	146.82	NT4S
STARES	8 PM	146.97	KJ4VT
DEC/ED	9:45 (3RD WED)	3910	KA4NWK
	u who have not atten		

For those of you who have not attempted to write a column that will appear two months hence and are still attempting to report NEWS, it is quite an experience. Therefore, I would like to ask each of you who read this column to send me (KB4WT) any information you might have from your corner of Amateur Radio in the Virginia Section. Send me letters, club news. to ask each of you who read this column to send me (KB4WT) any information you might have from your corner of Amateur Radio in the Virginia Section. Send me letters, club news-letters, newspaper clippings, radiograms, and packets. If I don't hear from you out there, it is likely that the only news you will see is from those parts of the Virginia Section that I know the best—Southeastern Virginia. Packet Radio, and Traffic. I promise you will attempt to make the column as representative of what is happening in the Section as I know it, and that will depend on what I hear from you. I am interested in knowing your club activities, any local/regional/state legislation affecting Amateur Radio, local Hams making the news, local DX operators who have distinguished themselves, new PBB3's, local Ham activity involving emergency/public service, and any interesting tidbits regarding Amateur Radio in the Section that you think ought to be shared. By the way, when you put me on the mailing list for this information, please include AA4VP on the list also. He has a difficult task of putting together the VIRGINIA HAM, and he has the same problem I have; he needs information from out there where it is happening. I have been requested of NASS, 4RN Packet Manager, to name a Section Packet Manager/Coordinator for the Section. Although the dulies of this cosition have not been specified, it appears that the SPM/C will monitor packet activity in the section to offer suggestions as to modifications or procedures to expedite orderly movement of packet traffic in accordance with this request, I have appointed Steve, WB4ZTR, as the Virginia Section Packet Manager/Coordinator Please assist Steve in this new, undefined position by sending suggestions for the orderly flow of packet traffic through the section. Just to show you the neat information gleaned from Club Newsletters, I notice that Curt Holsoople, K9CH, formerly Club Services Department Manager at AFRIL Headquarters is currently serving as Editor of the Massanutten Amateur Radio

4, N4FNT 3, K4JST 3, N4RC 2, WATVRL 2.

WEST VIRGINIA: SM, Karl S. Thompson, K8KT—SEC:

K8QEW. STM: N8FXH. ACC: WA8CTO. SGL: K8BS. TC:

K8LG. REPT. COORDINATOR: WB8GDY. Charleston Area
H. F. will be April 15, at Civic Center. Mark you calendars now
Contact N8AJC for details. Sorry to report that Bernard Dodd,
W8ETF has become a silent key. In years past Dodd had been
an active NCS on WVFN and was a friendly voice to all. We
shall all milss him. I enjoyed my recent QSO with N8JPR on
2 Mirs. Happy Holidays to all from Becky and me.

NET FREQ TIME QNI CTC SESS NM
WVFN 3855 6:00 1032 118 31 WD8DHC
WVN 3557 7:00 266 67 31 K280
WVMD 7235 11:45 785 55 31 WD8V

266 765 WVMD 11:45 55 7235 WDaV 217 27 WG8D WVNN 3730 7:30 95 15 31 WYNN 3/30 / 7/30 | 162 | 20 | 31 | W397 | Hilbilly 14290 NoonSu 162 | 20 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30 | 7/30

ROCKY MOUNTAIN DIVISION

ROCKY MOUNTAIN DIVISION
COLORADO: SM, Bill Sheffield, KQ3L—ASH: KABMQA. SEC: WB9DUS. STM: KB9Z. ACC: WB9DUV. ATC: WBLJF. PIO: NBDZA. SGL: WB9FQB. OOC: KABCDN/W&UR. Bob Gobrick, WA6ERB, Rocky Mountain Packet Radio Asan President and SYSOP of the metro area BBS, has been transfered to Callf. We will miss Bob; his leadership in RMPRA has been very instrumental in building up the packet network, not only in Colo., but in the surrounding states of our Division. W1HAB sumes the office of RMPRA President, and WB2ENA assumes the Denver Lan BBS as WB2ENA-1 Good luck to all in your future endeavors. A new DX BBS is now on 144.930 as KE6I.T-4 with many new packeteers coming on the scene from Mile-Hi DX Clubs. Look for Colo Springs to host the 1989 ARRIL Amateur Radio Computer Networking Conference. Congrats to KX8O who on the third try set a new 3456 MHz record from Pikes Peak of 454 miles to WB5AFY in Texas.

(continued on page 134)

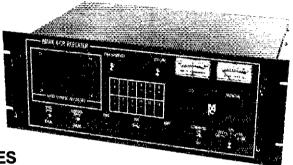
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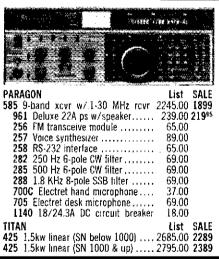


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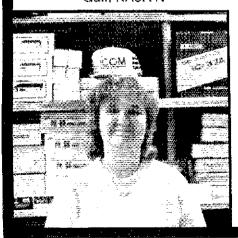
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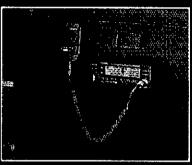
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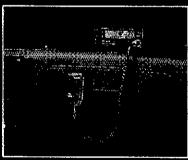
Katherine, KA3IYO

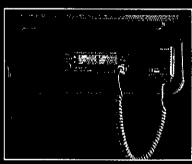


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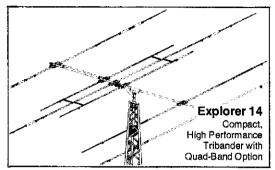
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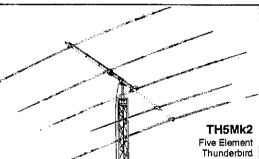
Explorer 14

Unique PARA-SLEEVE design (patent pending) achieves exceptional proadband performance in this compact antenna. Forward gain and front-to-back ratio outperforms other antennas of the same size. Surface area is 7.5 sq. ft. (.69 m²), With a 14 ft. (4.3 m) boom the turning radius is only 17 ft. (5.3 m). The ideal choice where space is limited. Great for roof mounts or small towers. Optional kit for 30 or 40 meters.



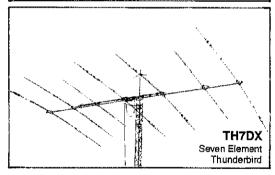
Five Element Thunderbird TH5Mk2

Broadbanding is achieved with our unique dual driven element system. Five elements on the 19 foot boom (5.8 m), with four active elements on each of the three bands. A rugged antenna with 7.4 sq. ft. (.68 m²) of surface area. Turning radius is a manageable 18.4 ft. (5.6 m).



Seven Element Thunderbird TH7DX

Successor to the legendary TH6DXX. Five active elements on 10 meters and four elements on both 15-20 meters. The TH7DX represents the ultimate in highperformance arrays whether you're comparing other large tribanders or stacked monobanders. Surface area of 9.4 sq. ft. (.87 m), a 24 ft. (7.3 m) boom and a turning radius of 20 ft. (6.1 m). Conversion kits for TH6DXX available.



FEATURES COMMON TO EX14, TH5Mk2, AND TH7DX:

- · Separate Hy-Q traps for each frequency. Factory assembled and individually resonated to insure uniform performance. • Handles maximum legal power with a respectable margin of safety.
- Unique broadband beta match assures efficient energy transfer and places the entire antenna structure at dc ground.
 BN86 balun supplied.
 Top quality stainless steel hardware supplied at no added cost. . Super strong, taper swaged 6063-T832 thick-wall aluminum tubing used throughout. • Unique Hy-Gain die cast aluminum boom to mast bracket. Accepts mast diameters up to 21/2" (63 mm). • Twist and slip proof die formed heavy gauge aluminum element to boom brackets.
- All tubing deburred and cleaned for ease of assembly.
 Only one set of dimensions for complete coverage of all three bands below 2:1 SWR. • Designed to survive winds of 100 mph (160 km/hr).

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The Parker Marathon had members of ARA handling communications under coordination of KDRNT. Thanks also to members of PPRAA for communications coordinated by W&MCT during the Teller Hill Climb in Divide. 73, KORJ. Notes: Col. QNI-948 GTC 49-106, QNF 965, 29 sess. CWN: QNI-61, QTC-43. QNF 277, 27 sess. HNN: QNI-1711, QTC-118-542, QNF-1100, 31 sess. NCTN: QNI-168, GTC-29, QNF-24, 29 sess. SCTN: QNI-277, QTC-46, QNF-304, 30 sess. Traffic: N&HFZ-392, K0HOA 312, KBZC-64, WBDFFY-53, KADWIE 52, KEDWC-33, WBDMFW-9, MEM-24-200.

KB&Z 64, WB0FFV 53, KADWIE 52, KEBWC 33, WB0NFW 9.

NEW MEXICO: SM, Joe T. Knight, W5PDY—ASM: KSBIS.

SC: K6YGJ, DEC: WD5HCB, STM: ND5T, NMs: WA5UNO, KASNNG, W5CNR, TC: W3GY, ACC: KASBEM, Souttwest Net meets daily, 3583 @ 0230 UTC, handled 79 msgs with 197 checkins, NM Roadruner Net meets daily 3939 @ 0100 UTC, handled 96 msgs with 125 checkins, NM Breakfast Club meets daily, 3939 @ 6:30 AM, handled 157 msgs with 957 checkins, Yucca 2-mtr Net, 78/18 handled 23 msgs with 957 checkins. Caravan Club 2-mtr Net, 66/06 with 148 checkins, SCAT Net, 68/06 handled 9 msgs with 566 checkins, Info Net 12/72, with 60 checkins, ZiA Packet Net with 73 checkins. El Paso Hamfest was a great success with good reports. Congrats to Pecos Valley ARC's new officers, W5VTL, KG5EP & N5MOH. Vy sorry to report the passing of K1RGD of Socorro who was very active in SAR activities. He will certainly be missed. Tnx so much to K5BIS for gathering info for these reports. WA5UNO, K5BIS & K6YEJ for picking up NC8 when I can't make it. Traffic: W5DAD 76.

WSDAD 76.

UTAH: SM/STM: Jim Brown, NA7G—SEC: Rich Fisher, NS7K. A correction from a recent Section News column: Laura Zitting, WE7B, and Vitate Zitting, WI7M, are sisters: Laura, WE7B, won the award from UARC. My apologies to both for the confusion. Scott, WA7VYJ reports that the new TC/ATC manual is a valuable resource. Bob. WA7KHE is recovering from recent eye surgery. Kevin, N7IUN, has been getting UCN members together for breakfast one Sat. every month. CNI UCN for details. The BUN now has 100 members on the roster-steady growth for the thirty yr old net. 73 de NA7G. Traffic: WA7MEL 54, WA7KHE 53, N7JLC 44, N7IUN 43, N7ASY 27, NA7G 25, NS7K 21.

53, N7LC 44, N7UN 43, N7ASY 27, NA7G 25, NS7K 21. WYOMING SM, Jim Haisler, N7GV—ASM: Steve Cochrane, WA7H. SEC: Jim Anderson, W7TVK. STM: Dan Ransom, K7MM. It's time to look back on 1988 and think about that one HAM who should be crowned Ham of the Year. Please drop ine a letter with ur nomination. Larry Hudson, KD7BN, is proposing a statewide FM system to be able to the Cheyenne and Casper to other towns through out the state. I'm sure Larry world like to beer from twith ur clone sto. Terfition NNT-Larry. would like to hear from u with ur ideas, etc. Traffic: NN7H 192, W7SQT 126, W7TZK 173.

TIME 5:45PM *OOAM FREQ QNI QTC SESS NM Cowbov 3923 Pony Ex. Area 5 3923 2 Mtrs 73 till next month.

SOUTHEASTERN DIVISION

SOUTHEASTERN DIVISION

ALABAMA: SM, James Spann, WO4W—ASM: W4XI. SEC: KB4GDN. STM: N4RT. PIO: KB4KCH. ACC: A44BL. OOC: KB4GDN. STM: N4RT. PIO: KB4KCH. ACC: A44BL. OOC: KF4VS. SGL: N4FRO. BM: KA4ZXCL. Two of my main projects for 1989 will be a continued emphasis on establishing our new ARES district system, and development of the "ALP"—the Alabama Linking Project, a plan to link all of our ARES districts using FM repeaters and links. Our SEC, KB4GDN, and TC, N4OII, are helping greatly to coordinate this, and we will be needing help from every club in the section. Watch your local packet BBS or club newsitetier for more details. Tucacloosa has a new packet BBS —WD4DAT on 145.01. The Mobile ARC set up a ham radio display at a local mail to handle holiday messages. Many of our ARES districts had a busy night on Nov. 4 with a number of tomadoes reported all across the state. New Shelby County ARC President is KB4TUE, with N4SSI serving as VP. The East Ala. ARC has a new 10 meter net that meets Mondays at 8 PM on 28. 330 MHz. All check ins are welcome! Over 25 amateurs from across the state helped with Christmas On the River in Demopolis in December. Good to see many of you at the Montgomery hamfest. If your club would like an ARRL program, please contact me—I will be glad to come if my schedule allows! Don't forget to support our traffic nets—ACNB on 3755, ARD on 3725, and ATNM on 3965 BPL: WAAJDH 755. WAPIM 168, WACKS 109, W4ZJY 41, W4DGH 10, WC4W 5.

10, WOA'W 5.

GEORGIA: SM, Eddy Kosobucki, K4JNL—SEC: NC4E, STM: WB4WQL BM: WB4ZQJ OOC: W4TG, PACKET: W4QO, PIO: WB4DEB, SGL: WB4VUV. TC: WD4PAH. As we begin another year, we are without an ACC. WA4ABY has resigned as of 31 bec due to an extra workload. Tnx Sandy for all that u fave done for the section. As of this writing, I haven't made a new appt. I have just returned from Lawrenceville where the Stone Mt club did it agn. A FB affair as usual. This concluded the HAMFEST SEASON for 1988. A quick reminder for the 1988 season, get ur paperwork NOW from Bernice Dunn at ARRL HQ if u want a SANCTIONED hamfest. She keeps records on all hamfests, so she can tell u if u have any competition nearby. Also remember that if u want to be listed in the HAMFEST COLUMN in QST, the Info should be in at least THREE months before ur scheduled affair. PSHR honorees for the month of Qct are: WB4DVZ, WI4COL, KJ4NK, WB4WQL, W4RWB, KA4HHE, KB4JPN, W4HON & K4ZUY, 1988 was a banner year for the GA section. We now have over 8500 hams in the section, 1100 ARES members, over 3000 ARRL members, more local ARES nets & I could just go on & on. All this happened because 1100 ARES members, over 3000 ARRL members, more local ARES nets & I could just go on & on. All hits happened because of u who are the greatest hams on earth. To the GA OMs and YLs who make up this section; once again my heartiest thanks for helping make it this way. I do want to say a word to club officers. PSE fill out & send in to ARRL HQ the annual report form that is sent to u. The tag issue should be resolved by the time u read this. If not, fet's still give all we can to help resolve it. WB4UVW & many more have give their time & efforts in the best way they knew how to get some new legislation to help preserve what many states do to identify us as PUBLIC SERVICE volunteers. A HAPPY NEW YEAR TO U & UR FAMILY. GOD BLESS. Traffic: WB4UVL 46, WA4TXT 38, K4ZUY 23, W4HON 17, K4JNL 16, N4MWR 12, N4UZ 11, W4RWB 7. NORTHERN FLORIDA; SM, Roy Mackey, N4ADI—STM: Rip, NORTHERN FLORIDA: SM. Roy Mackey, NAADI—STM: Rip, AA4HT. BM: Dave, N4GMU. TC: Ed, W6RAO. SGL: John, KC4N. OARC gave Ham of the Year to Chris, NX4N, for his efforts which led them to Number 1 in the Nation for Class 6A of FD. Great Job, OARC! Also Ham of the Month to Raiph,

KENWOOD

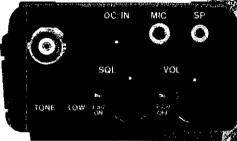
... pacesetter in Amateur Radio

This HT Has it All Y TH-215A/315A/415A

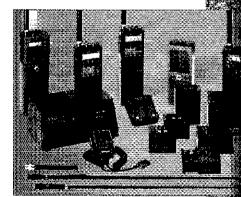
Full-featured Hand-held Transceivers

Kenwood brings you the greatest hand-held transceiver ever! More than just "big rig performance," the new TH-215A for 2 m, TH-315A for 220 MHz, and TH-415A for 70 cm pack the most features and the best performance in a handy size. And our full line of accessories will let you go from hamshack to portable to mobile with the greatest of ease!

- * Wide receiver frequency range. Receives from 141-163 MHz. Includes the weather charmels! Transmit from 144-148 MHz. Modifiable to cover 141-151 MHz (MARS or CAP permit required).
- TH-315A covers 220-225 MHz.
 TH-415A covers 440-449.995 MHz.
- 5, 2.5, or 1.5 W output, depending on the power source. Supplied battery pack (PB-2) provides 2.5 W output. Optional NiCd packs for extended operation or higher RF output available.
- © CTCSS encoder built-in. TSU-4 CTCSS decoder optional.
- 10 memory channels store any offset, in 100-kHz steps.
- Odd split, any frequency TX or RX, in memory channel "0."
- Nine types of scanning! Including new "seek scan" and priority alert. Also memory channel lock-out.
- Intelligent 2-way battery saver circuit extends battery life. Two battery-saver modes to choose, with power saver ratio selection.
- Easy memory recall. Simply press the channel number!
- 12 VDC input terminal for direct mobile or base station supply operation. When 12 volts applied. RF output is 5 W! (Cable supplied!)
- New Twist-Lok Positive-Connect "locking battery case.
- Priority alert function.
- Monitor switch to defeat squelch.
 Used to check the frequency when CTCSS encode/decode is used or when squelch is on.

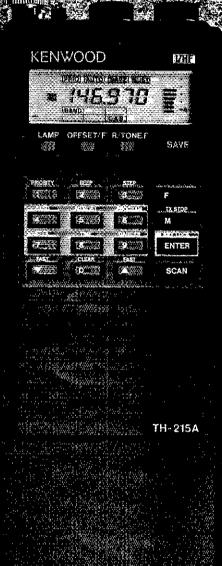


- Large, easy-to-read multi-function LCD display with night light.
- Audible beeper to confirm keypad operation. The beeper has a unique tone for each key. DTMF monitor also included.
- Supplied accessories: Belt hook, rubber flex antenna, PB-2 standard NiCd battery pack (for 2.5 W operation), wall charger, DC cable, dust caps.



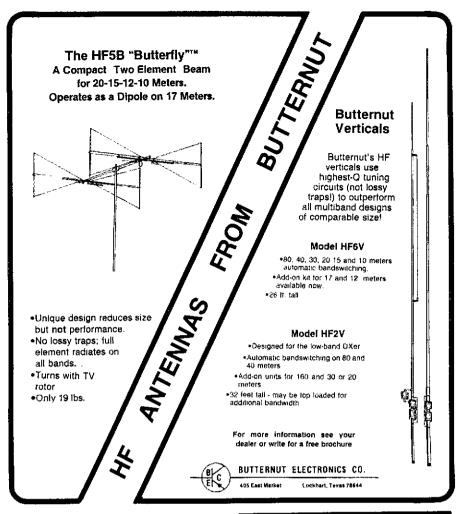
Optional Accessories:

 PB-1: 12 V, 800 mAH NtCd pack for 5 W. output • PB-2: 8.4 V, 500 mAH NiCd pack (2.5 W output) • PB-3: 7.2 V, 800 mAH NiCd pack (1.5 W output) • PB-4: 7.2 V, 1600 mAH NiCd pack (1,5 W output) BT-5 AA cell manganese/alkaline battery case • BC-7 rapid charger for PB-1, 2, 3, or 4 . BC-8 compact battery charger 3MC-30 speaker microphone • SC-12, 13 soft cases • RA-3, 5 telescoping antennas RA-8B StubbyDuk antenna • TSU-4 CTCSS decode unit • VB-2530: 2m, 25 W amplifier (1-4 Winput) • LH-4, 5 leather cases • MB-4 mobile bracket • BH-5 swivet mount • PG-2V extra DC cable PG-3D cigarette lighter cord with filter.



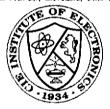
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N4HTU and Carol, N4OWW, for their help in Jamaica with traffic. Bob, N4MHV, also helped there for a week. They all gave of their time to help the Hams of Jamaica get the materials they needed. Congratulations to all who aided the efforts! Our ACC, Giff, WD4HIQ, has asked to be replaced. His work is very interesting since it requires contact with the many clubs in our section, if you are interested, please send your name and phone to N4ADI so he can talk to you about it. We all want to thank Giff for the good job he has done for our Section. We wish him welt in all his future endeavors. HAMM-RAMM has elected Buzz, W4UJL, as Pres; Hank, K4RLH, VP, Jack, WD4AKL, for Trees; and Lamar, WA4DFA, Secy. Good Luck for 1989 to all This is the time of year that most clubs have chosen their officers for the coming year. It your club does not have a copy of the ARRL Club President's Workbook, get in touch with HQ and purchase a copy. It will be of help to all fine clubs and will make your organization runuch more smoothly. It has schedules for each month and more ideas than you could use in any one year. Get it! Seasons Greetings to all. Have a great '891'73, Roy. Traffic: WX4H 517, N4SS 313, KB4LB 303, A4HT 282, WA4QXT 281, WC4D 184, K4CY 144, W7YWF 135, A4AFG 132, N4GMU 124, KC4FL 83, N4JAQ 81, KB9LT 79, N4DY 59, WB3AVZ 65, WA4EYU 62, WAMGQ 54, WAAPUP 54, W4UEA. 53, KI4MU 8, NFAO 48, N4UE 47, N4JH1 43, WB4TZPI 40, WA4STZ 38, KI4CQ 34, N2AQXX 30, KB4FIY 29, N4QYS 23, W4DTY 23, WA4SYW 18, NANKI 16, W8IM 13, WA4T 8, N4OZD 5, WB4FIY 5, WB4JJH 2.

SOUTHERN FLORIDA: SCHORL SERVICE CLUSTER SHANK RESE.

WSB-STM: K4ZK. TC: K14T. BM: WD4K8W. PIC: NAPBF. SGL: KCAN. OOC: WATAH. ACC KAELK. WD1AWB reports 113 bulletins received and 173 sent by AA48N 22, W4DL 68, WAFIEC 72, W174-138, K4IEK 25, WD4K8W 28 and WASWD 24. The big news this month is that the Memorandum of Undorstanding between the FCC and the Northern and Southern Florida Amateur Audilary has been signed by all three FCC Florida offices and both section managers. Many three fool Florida offices and both section managers. Many three fool Florida offices and both section managers. Many three fool Florida offices and both section managers. Many three fool Edwards and the Section was the driving force behind the achievement of this goal. KBAKE sent he following: Joel Kandel, Kl4T, and Bill Manley, KBAKE, were interested guest of the deep with the show foatured Amateur Radio. Many phases of the Amateur Service were discussed and questions were answered for lilateners who called in to the stallon during the four-hour production. KBAXE also reported that for the third consecutive sear. Coral Springs amateur radio operators, assisted by members of the IBM ARC, Motorola ARC and Racal-Milgo ARC, helped their city celebrate the annual Our Town Festival by serving as parade marshalls. Coral Springs Mayor Ben Gelger came up on the net to personally thank the amateur for their perclusions with the service of the celebrate the service of the service of the celebrate the percentage the celebrate the cele

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- Built-in front panel selection of 38 CTCSS tones. TSU-5 programmable decoder optional.
- Simplified front panel controls makes operating a snap!
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- Packet radio compatible!
- Programmable band scanning with memory scanning and
 - memory channel lock-out. ∍ New amber LCD display.

- Kenwood non-volatile operating system. All functions remain intact even when lithium battery back-up fails. (Lithium cell memory back-up. est, life 5 vrs.)
- e 14 full-function memory channels store frequency, repeater offset, sub-tone frequencies, and repeater reverse information. Repeater offset on 2 m is automatically selected. There are two channels for "odd split" operation.
- Super compact: approx. 1-1/2"Hx5-1/2"Wx7"D.
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- High quality, top-mounted speaker.
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For TM-221A/321A/421A/521A. Optional telephone-style handset remote controller RC-10 is specially designed for mobile convenience and safety. All front panel controls (except DC power and RF output selection) are controllable from the RC-10. One RC-10 can be attached to a combination of two transceivers with the optional PG-4G cable. When two transceivers are connected to the RC-10, cross band, full duplex repeater operation is possible. (A control operator is needed for repeater operation.)



Optional Accessories:

- RC-10 Multi-function handset remote controller
- PG-4G Extra control cable for second transceiver
- PS-50/PS-430 DC power supplies TSU-5 Programmable CTC\$\$ decoder • \$W-100A
- 450 MHz) SW-200A SWR/power meter (1.8-150

Compact SWR/power/volt meter (1.8-150 MHz) SW-100B Compact SWR/power/volt meter (140-MHz) • SW-200B SWR/power meter (140-450

MHz) • SWT-1 Compact 2 m antenna tuner (200 W PEP) • SWT-2 Compact 70 cm antenna tuner (200 W PEP) • SWC-4 1200 MHz Directional coupler, • SP-40 Compact mobile speaker ■ SP-50B Mobile speaker • PG-2N Extra DC cable ▶ PG-3B DC line noise filter • MC-60A, MC-80, MC-85 Base station mics. . MC-55 (8-pin) Mobile mic, with gooseneck and time-out timer • MA-4000 2 m/70 cm dual band antenna with duplexer (mount not supplied) • MB-201 Extra mobile mount

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59, KF4RL 53, WT4F 47, KY4U 41, WD4DHO 41, WA4NBE 41, KA4SIH 38, WB4GCK 35, KB4MON 28, K4JI 28, W4DWN 27, KJ4WJ 26, AB4BC 25, KA4AJR 25, N4SDS 24, W4DWP 23, KC4WK 20, KA9AKY 20, WA4HDH 19, K4CWN 17, WIKAM 17, N4ILN 16, K4GVI 16, W3JJR 15, K9ALX 15, KB4UJA 14, WA4WJ 13, KB4JHC 12, WD4NXK 12, KA4AMC 12, KAØGYF 11, W4MPV 10, K9EHP 10, N4COI 9, N4FKU 8, AA4CH 8, WA4HXU 8, KA4GDU 8, WA4PIL 5, N4RHJ 4, KB4TIU 4, N4OIA 4, W4JM 4, N4PSV 3, W4MFD 3, WBANYN 1, WA9CYR 1, (Sept.) N4KFU 33.

3. WBANYN 1, WA9ÖYR 1, (Sept.) NAKFU 33. VIRGIN ISLANDS: SM, Ron Hall, KP2N. ASM: Lou Bean, KV4JC. SEC: John Ellis, NP2B. NM: Bob Denniston, VP2VIW&DX. Congratulations to the new upgrades: WB3EDO to Extra and is now NP2E, WP2AFU to General. St. Croix ARES reports QNI of 72 for the month with St. Thomas/St. John QNI of 24 and 1 QTC. Visited the St. Croix ARC on Oct. 8 and had 15 members in attendance. They will host the first VI section convention. KV4CR has feft Water Island and is now full time in Tevas. 22 in Novice Class on St. Croix and 18 in class on St. Thomas. New Section Managers net is Monday at 22302 on 146.810, Traders net follows. NP2E has been appointed EC on St. Thomas. Any member seeking Section leadership appointment see SM or ASM. Merry Christmas to all.

SOUTHWESTERN DIVISION

ieadership appointment see SM or ASM. Merry Christmas to all.

SOUTHWESTERN DIVISION

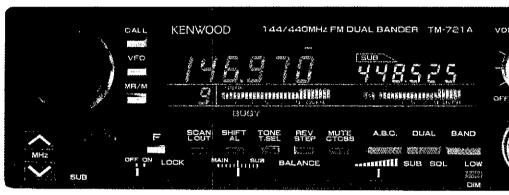
ARIZONA: SM, Jim Swafiord, W7FF—STM: W7EP. NMs: K7POF, K6LL, K16ZH. OPRCs. Tucson hamfest was a big success with approx. 500 hams attending. They hope to make it an annual event and expand it to a two-day affair. J-B, WA7AHF was sparkplug. W1PHX, Green Valley is a recent Silent Key, (tnx, WO7H). Ray, W7LQM, Sun City has been named HF and VHF Awards manager for West Valley ARC, a Special Services Club. W7LVB sentin nice report on recent activities of the London Bridge ARA, Lake Havasu. Their new officers are: WF7Z, Pres., K87AOC VP, WA1SPA Treas. K8BDPE SEcy, and W7IRC activities Mgr. Club meets second Mondays of the mo. at Lake Havasu H.S. and they are an affiliated club. (Tnx, Lee). Green Valley ARC participated in annual GV fair with W7EHV, W7IRH, KC7MF, KA7NBM, WB7ORC, W85XX, KBKP, and W9ROD manning a command station and six outlying posts along the parade route. (Tnx, W0ROD). K7KYW, Pima Co. DEC sent in FB report on recent SET test with 95 amateurs participating and 110 third-party SET messages handled. 74 stations were using emergency prower. Congratutations to all who participated. Also received 1988 annual EC reports from Yavapi Co. EC, WC7R. as well as K7KYW. KQ7T, DEC for Yavapar sent several individual reports on public service activities of the Verde Valley hams, including an off-the-air tape recording of their recent simulated emergency drill. Good work, John. W16S and KQ7T were both interviewed on local BC station about ham radio in the Cottonwood area. Program was taped and was very well done. These folks really are promoting Amateur Radio up there. Keep up the good work, John. W16S and KQ7T were both interviewed on local BC station about ham radio in the Cottonwood area. Program was taped and was very well done. These folks really are promoting Amateur Radio up there. Keep up the good work, John. W16S and was a number of applicants tested. Ongrats to all AZ Section VEs who participated. For you convention goers,

K7POF 38,WYOIF 36, KA7ARZ 24, K7JKM 18, N7ETP 14, W7GAQ 9, WYKKE 9, KE7EO 6. (Sept.) W7KCM 74. LOS ANGELES: SM, Phineas J. Icenbice, Jr., W6BF—This is the season for signing CONTRACT8 in the Los Angeles Section. We have just signed contracts with the City of Los Angeles for Emergency Communications — AFIES, thanks to the efforts of AK6Y Ron, K6YMJ Hank and KA6GSE Dennis. We have many good friends at City Hall who have our mutual Emergency Communications interests at heart. Chief Cone of LAFD, Chief Gates of LAPD, Councilman Hal Bemson and many staffers are among our loyal supporters at City Hall. Things don't just happen — they must be pushed a little. Which reminds me that we need some political and/or legal help to push for a good Antenna ordnance. Marry Woll, N8Vi has prepared a page of very good information on this subject. Write or call Marty N6VI, 17780 Ridgway Rd, Granada Hills, CA 91344, (818) 360-N6VI. A contract was signed by Joe Cira, KB6AXK, Chairman for HAMCON 89 with the Los Angeles Hilton Hotel located north of the TRW Swapmeet location. (5711 W. Century Bl.) Special parking and a Dayton Hamfest atmosphere for HAMCON 89 with bus service between the Hilton Hotel and the Swap-meet are scheduled for Aug 25/26 & 27 - 1989. Planning meetings are scheduled every month at the Hilton Hotel for the club delegates who are members of the Los Angeles Council of Amateur Radio Clubs, Inc. Send suggestions to your Club delegate. We want this HAMCON 89 to be a super Hamfest but your committee needs your help. If Dayton is #1 — HAMCON 89 SIS TOO, (two) Ohl Well it is up to US. — E. Forrest Boyd, Jr., M.D. "Frosty" KB6FNW

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- Separate frequency display for "main" and "sub-band."
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 RC-10 Multi-function handset/remote controller • PS-430 Power supply • TSU-6 CTCSS decode unit • SW-100B Compact SWR/power/volt meter • SW-200B Deluxe SWR/power meter • SWT-1 2 m antenna tuner • SWT-2 70 cm antenna tuner • SP-40 Compact mobile speaker • SP-50B Deluxe

- 30 multi-function memory channels.
 Dual antenna ports. 14 memory channels and one call channel for each band store frequency. repeater offset, CTCSS, and reverse. Channels "A" and "b" establish upper and lower limits for programmable band scan. Channels "C" and "d" store transmit and receive frequencies independently for "odd splits".
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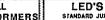
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SAN DIEGO: SM, Arthur R, Smith, WSINI—PIO: NSPKY. TC: N6JZE. SEC: W6INI. STM: N6GW. Phil Leonelli, WF6L (757-7008) has been appid EC for the Tri-City district. The district includes North coastal SD County and Inland to 1-15. ATTH REPEATER OWNERSI It is vital that planning for disaster comm include the use of repeaters. If you would like to be included in ARIES plans, please contact W6INI (273-1120), These plans will be tested in Apr 1989 which is Earthquake Revent How does not repeated that the second repeated with the control of the second repeated with the wides well repeated stack unclude the second repeated with the wides well repeated stack unclude the second repeated with the wides well repeated stack unclude the second repeated with the wides well repeated the second repeated the second repeated with the second repeated repeated the second repeated the second repeated repeated the second repeated repeate

These plans will be tested in Apr 1989 which is Earthquake Preparedness Month. How does your repeater stack up? Is building fireproof (inc froof)? Are racks & btrys secured to prevent toppling/sliding? Do you have automatic backup power? Do you have plans to provide a generator with gas supply before batteries rundown? Do you have semergency crew to restore repeater if operation is interrupted? Do you have replacement antennas for repeater and control system? Vitally needed are portable repeaters. New exam sched for SANDARC VEC starting Jan B9: 1st Sat El Cajon, 2nd N County, 3rd Normal Higts, 4th Chula Vista & Escondido. W6KSI is proud owner of new TS440. WD5CGY runs RTTY net Tuesdays, 1900, on 145.71. Traffic: KI6ZH 82.

SANTA BARBARA: SM. Thomas I. Geiger, W2KVA — ASMs:

(818) 952-2693 is the EC (Emergency Coordinator) for the

(818) 952-2693 is the EC (certafgeticy Coordinator) for the Kaiser Hospital Net. Biweekly drills are scheduled on 145.550 simplex. The first drill was on 7 Sept. 1988 at 12:15 PM local time and Net Control was Jerry Hawkins, WB6CKN with nine Kaiser Hospital checkins. New ideas for this Hospital Net are always welcome. Write or call Frosty Boyd if you have some new inputs. Hopefully the Kaiser Foundation Hospital Net can

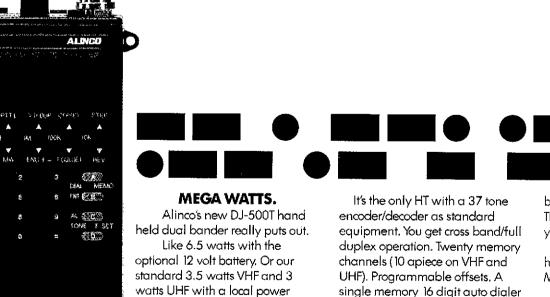
become a valuable addition to interfacility coordination, disaster response assistance, community assistance and planning with medical and civil authorities to save lives and aid

disaster response assistance, community assistance and planning with medical and civil authorities to save lives and ain human and economic recovery. If you can't find Frosty call non Boan, AKSY, Dave Otley, WB6NER or your local ARES DEC or EC. Some suggestions are emerging for interfacing with Northern California in a cross band 40 (meters) operation. The Los Angeles Shrine Hospital Net at eight AM on Sunday mornings is a potential starting point (7.242 MHz). — Lockheed Employee's Rec. Club ARC, 2314 Empire Ave., Burbank, CA 91504 is offering a deall They have a stock of used QST, Ham Radio, CQ and 73 magazines for sale. 75 cents each for pre-1976 issues and one dollar each for 1976 or later issues. Ken Herike, KE5AR (818) 349-0927 or the Oct 88, LERC ARC CLUB BULLETIN will provide more details. This is also a good place to donate your old magazines. The Southern Cal. Six Meter Club is a sparkplug operation. They are sponsoring the HAMCN 89 "T" HUNT. Any suggestions or help for the Aug 25, 26 & 27, 1989 "T" HUNT — SEND THEM TO: Gracie, N6FSL, 854 Bernard Dr., Fullerton, CA 2833S. You may have a prize that you would like to donate—see Gracle Hastings. Have you ever tried a DX pedition? Well if you want to try one in Africa call Spud Monahlan, K6KH or if you just want a local ORP run call Frank Hovey, N8RNX. Frank has explained his trip in the Oct. Antelope Valley Shot Circuit. STM News. After the storm in the Gulf of Mexico and the Jamaican storm, traffic has slowed down for the last two weeks. Keep up the good work and don't forget Thanksglying, and following the holidays, we will need all the help we can get. Sorny to announce that one of the area's old-timers is a Silent Key. W6BWG was one of the early birds in our area. Traffic: K6UYK 456, W6INH 230, W6TH 125, N7CZF 48, W6INKE 27.

WSNKE 27.

ORANGE: SM, Joe H. Brown, W6UBQ—ASM: Riv. Co. W6LKN, Bob (714-886-3823) ASM: Org. Co. Ralph, WB6JBI (714-776-9272) ASM: San Ber. Co. Ken, WA6ZEF (714-983-1272). Ken has been appointed to replace Tony, WB6QIHB, who was appointed DEC for San Berdo Co. Tony was elected to chair the county ARES/RACES Council. This group got off to a somewhat rocky start, but with common sense and cool heads, effectiveness will prevail. Talks with David, WB6JZJ, Co. RACES Officer, John, WA6HYQ, Asst. Chilaf Telcom Div. State CES, ASM Ken, WA6ZEF, DEC. Tony.

group got off to a somewhat rocky start, but with common sense and cool heads, effectiveness will prevail. Talks with David, WB8JZJ, Co. RACES Officer, John, WA6HYQ, Asst. Chief Telcom Div. State OES, ASM Ken, WA8ZEF, DEC, Tony, WB8QHB, indicate that working together for the good of Amateur Radio and public service is the name of the game. The Orange Section SET from what could be heard was a great success. Thanks to Ron, AK6Y, SEC Los Angeles Section, a multi section exercise came about. Listen up, now let's follow it up with the SET and annual report. ACC: Sandy, WA6WZN, most clubs qualify for Special Service Club status. Just think, your very own awards manager! Call 714-549-8516 for info. Shriley, N6LFA, I am proud of my twelve years association with VVARC and extremely humble by the Life Membership award. Happy Birthay to the Victor Valley ARC. May the next 32 years be easier. None of the accomplishments have been shabby, but a club requires a lot of work, many hours of dedication. The hard part is lighting a lire under the members, nurturing new ideas and promoting traditional events that have worked. Fullerton RC T-Hunt report, for the first time in 8 years, it happened. N6MJN and K86KJN snookered the hunters. First in were Walt and Vince. They sirove 31 miles. The Western Amateur RA has been officially designated as a Special Service Club. Determination to serve Amateur Radio and the community preceded this recognition. CONGRATULATIONS to officers and membership of WARA-PACKET RADIO: The SCDCC works with local groups, packet committees and individual operators to help provide guidelines, tech concepts and promote packet within So Cal. Pres Mike NEKZB (ASM) VP Don W88UCK, Sec. Treas Jim, KellyK. Welcome back to NTS/BBS system. KA&JOB, KB6GVT, WB7QKP, all with new versions of BBS software. For info. call Mike 714-682-6212. Messages forwarded from N6MVS 330. NTS: KD6SO-2 (435), NRSCB (65), NRSP-1 (21). NTS News STM Dan, WF6O. AJ6F-1 now moving fots of the on meters. SCN1 CW 3598 kHz. 6:30 PM. 31 SEC, CNI 2



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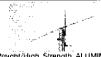
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individual community exercises or county wide drills as appropriate for this time. Ventura County ARES again wins the honors for the biggest, most wide-ranging, scenario. WB6RVA planned a joint drill for ARES and RACES Involving all the cities' EOCs. County and City public safety personnel. Participating cities were: Simi Valley, Moorpark, Thousand Oaks, Camarillio, Oxnard, Point Hueneme, Ventura, Santa Paula, Fillmore, and Ojai, Also participating was the Ventura County Red Cross. To the north, Santa Yraez Valley ARES ran a "table top exercise" with their respective Santa Barbara County OES counterparts, and then rush to participate in County Fire Department training. Several SYV ARES members, including EC Glen Todd, KF6OV, are training for certification as tirrelighters. Santa Maria Valley ARES participated in a City sponsored emergency exercise, receiving much support and praise from SM Fire Chief Crakes, while Lompoc ARES also worked with City emergency personnel in a local training exercise. Reports not yet in from San Luls Obispo County and Santa Barbara South County. If all this training weren't enough, Ventura County Red Cross held their annual incident Command System (ICS) training, with materials and information provided by the County Fire Department. More than 110 people participated, including 81 amaterus. On the repeater front, NEJMI is undergoing modification for a more intelligent controller and emergency power/earthquake tolerance. Packet news is that WA6VQP, Jim Hendershot, has tilled the large hole left when W6IXU took his bulletin board off the air. WA6VQP, and MORBAY node WD6Z are now both operating on 145.09. The change in frequency also seems to have helped reduce collisions and has improved packet access. Thanks to Mike, W6IXU, for providing his valuable service as long as he was able to, and to Jim for picking up the slack. Thanks also to Max, WD6Z, and all the other node and gateway stations. Without your support packet radio just wouldn't work! A final note: some of you have expressed WEST GULF DIVISION

WEST GULF DIVISION

NORTHERN TEXAS: SM. Phil Clements, K5PC—Asst. SM: K5MXQ. SEC: W5GPO, STM: W5VMP, PIO: K5HGL. OOC: W5LJBP. SGL: N1CWP. BM: W5QXK. TC: W5LNL. Congrats to K5UPN and KF5BL for making Brass Pounders League by having traffic counts for October of over 500 points. Our mettle was again tested this past hurricane season with a couple of close calls. The Temple ARC was deeply involved in the dibort operation and received cudes from Temple public safety officials for a super job in handling refugee traffic in the area. Congrats and best wishes to the new officers of the Lake County ARC out Graham way. SKYWARN classes will be starting in a few weeks in our area. Let's get caught up on all the latest technology and communications requirements of the National Tic System lanks to KF5BL for his great effort and perseverance in the implementation of packet radio into the National Tic System here in the DFW metroplex. Public Service Honor Roll for October: KF5BL K5UPN SKCL W5YQZ and K5MXQ. Traffic: K5UPN 557, KF5BL SW5YQZ and K5MXQ. Traffic: K5UPN 557, KF5BL SW5YQZ and K5MXQ. Traffic: K5UPN 557, KF5BL SW5YQZ 172, W5VMP 171, K5MXQ 138, WZ5N 106, N5KCL 99, W3OYL 91, KASAZK 46, WASEZT 21, WSSQ 21, WB5CPY 15.

CKLAHOMA: SM, Joe Lynch, N6CL—ASM: Carol King.

138, WZ5N 106, N5KCL 99, W9OYL 91, KA5AZK 46, WA5EZT 21, WX5O 21, WB5CPY 15.

OKLAHOMA: SM, Joe Lynch, N6CL—ASM: Carol King, K5CPZ, ACC: Ernie Buck, WB5CDW, SEC: Bennett Basore, W5ZTN, SGL: Larry Hazelwood, WSNZS, STM: Sam Sitton, KVSX, TC: Ken Isbell, W5CMJ, OCC: Bill Goswick, K5WG, Edmond ARS participated in Myrrad Gardens run on Oct. 1 as well as other clubs. Ears also ran the communications for the Edmond Crop Walk. Your SM was a guest of the Broken Arrow ARC. Their guest speaker was a rep from the Broken Arrow ARC. Their guest speaker was a rep from the Broken Arrow ARC and the speaker was a rep from the Broken Arrow Fire Dept, who spoke of the relationship between the city and Amateur Radio. Tulsa area and Northeast Oklahoma Amateurs had an excellent SET exercise involving a simulated earthquake (yes the area can have earthquakes) on Oct. 15. Oklahoma liaison net is looking for a few good checkins. The meet daily at 8 PM local on 3882.5 and will GRS for new or slow ops. The big news of the state was the well attended Texoma Hamarama (this year the Oklahoma State Convention). While rain dampened the spirits of the flea market, the attendance was up to nearly 1,000 registrants. W3AZD represented Headquarters while WBSUP and N5TC represented the division. The banquet and QCWA breaktast were well attended. Special congratulations to Dave Cox. NBSH, outgoing President of the association for the excellent job. It is not to early to get involved with the planning of next year's West Gulf Cornvention. Contact your SM for turther into or to volunteer to help. Traffic: WBSOHK 270, WASOUV 244, KFSRD 154, NSKN 116, KSCXP 99, WSRB 63, K6GBN 63, KVSX 45, WASOGC 27, WASCOO 21, WSVOR 20, WSVUR 16, KSCAP 8, KSCPZ 6.

KV5X 45, WA5OGC 27, WA5ZOO 21, W5VOFI 20, W5VLW 18, K5CAY 8, K5CPZ 6.

SOUTH TEXAS; SM, Arthur R. Ross, W5KR— SEC: K5DG, STM: WR5O. PIO: WA5UZB. TC: NZ5U. ACC: W5SYDD. OOC: K5SBU. BM: K5CVD. SGL: K5KUN. AARC-OVER, Austin ARC, reports KE5AL received nice TV coverage during Hurricane Gilbert's Jamaica passage; he was NCS on the 14,275 kHz Hurricane Net at the time of their visit; KD5VU received plaque #5 for 5-Band WAS via packet; CONGRATULATIONS all around. DRNS NM W5SYDD reports 530 messages in 62 October sessions; South Texas represented 99% by KD5KQ, W5kLV, WV5X, N5KKM, NZ5U, KD5CBW, WB5HZQ, KE5ZV, WB5EPA, WB5FQU, N5BHQ, WB5YDD. BARN, bulletin of Beaumont ARC, reports club will be operating W200RIN during Texas anniversary week December 24 thru 30, Proud papa WA2VJL reports son KB5FTU, 13 year old 8th grader, received a letter of commendation from San Benito City Council for his Amateur Radio service to the city during the Hurricane Gilbert enlergency; great goling, Miguell: PIA NZ5J, Seguin, reports regrets on being unable to visit ARRL HQ as he passed thru Newington; had good visit with West Massachusets SM W1UD; reports Hays County ECV NOSE has organized an emergency net on 147.101.70 Wilmberty repeater: meets 8:30 PM local time 2nd Wednesday each month. PIA NSFIX, Northwest ARS, Houston, reports NSLSP is new NARS public Service Coordinator; also reports all Houston Hams joined in preparation for Hurricane Gilbert;



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they held "mock" drills, practiced message handling and "worst case scenarios" in order to be ready for a great deal of message handling if the need arcse; it could come in handy later. CAND NM K5UPN reports 577 messages in 31 October sessions; RN5 represented 100%; South Texas stations helping were WB5EPA, WB5FQU, KD5KQ, W5KLV, NX5V, WB5YDD, KE5ZV. Traffic: WB5J 323, WB5YDD 238, WSCTZ 143, WR5Q 136, WD5GKH 112, NV5L 51, K5CVD 47, AC5Z 47, K5RG 33, W5BGE 17, NZ5J 10, WSKLV 9, WA5UZB 6, NEIAN 4 NEIAL 4

47, KSRG 33, WSBGE 17, NZSJ 10, WSKLV 9, WASUZB 6, NSIAL 4.

WEST TEXAS: SM, Milly Wise, W5OVH—Wish to thank all clubs and individuals who send me news to enter into the SM column in QST. El Paso ARC members participated in the 1988 Scout Jamboree of the air. Cubmaster McLean (waiting for license) and several den masters with 20 cub scouts visited W5ES with Jack, KBSVQ, and Clay, KSTRW, operating the station enabling the scouts to talk to other scouts in various parts of US. Wish to welcome back as an affiliated club of AHRL in the West Texas Section the Sun City ARC, KSWPH. The Kilo-What, newsletter of San Angelo, W50X, activises the luggage rack/antenna for the club van was constructed and installed with the help of W50WX, KSROV, NSSF, and other members. Lubbock ARC news sends congrats to James Chandler to Extra Class, Bill N5NFX to Adv. and Rex, KBSHNC, to Tech. New calls in Lubbock: Betty, N5NQQ, and Donna, N5NER. ASM Glenn, KASPTG, reported the comm for the Easter Seal bike tour was supplied by the local ARES/RACES group: N5DWN, KBSAZA, KBSCTM, NSAE. WBSQLI, KASRSR, WDSBWR, WBSPUM, KBSEKY, NSLTZ and KASPTG, SEC Sandy, W5MVJ, reports as of Oct 30 there are 325 ARES members. Shorted circuit of top of Panhandle ARC said hams demonstrated ham radio to Boy Scouts 18 troops for merit badges. Congrats to Scott. WA1ZVC, urgraded to General. The Keyer Newsletter of Key City ARC of Abilene for October was a very informative and enjoyable newsletter. Next month will list section appointees again. 73, Milly, WSOVH. Traffic: AESI 132, K5KKO 35, N5KUC 20, W5ERT 16, K5UYH 12.

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The freight forwarder mis-delivered all our ALPHA amps, ICOM transceivers, and towers to Curação. Eight missing Cushcraft beams were discovered in a Miami warehouse just three days before zero hour. And we were getting pretty edgy when late Thursday afternoon arrived before our P40 operator licenses.

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But things finally came together, All bands were on the air by 2359Z Friday and 48 hours later a new all-time record was in the log - 50,000,000plus points! 20,000+ QSO's . . . multiplier over 900 . . . and only three 80M countries short of a 48 hour 5BDXCC!



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Helpful Hints For Newcomers

COM is always sincerely interested in newly licensed amateurs and veteran operators returning to the shortwave bands after several years of inactivity. We understand your first contacts may be awkward, but they are also thrilling experiences... and the excitement only dets better with each day's operation! ICOM congratulates you on obtaining your new amateur radio license. A fascinating world of lifelong enjoyment is now open to you, and ICOM is dedicated to assuring all of your endeavors are a total success."

ICOM's "helping Elmer" assistance is available to you at friendly ICOM DAY promotions and amateur conventions nationwide. If you have a question that needs answering, from how to use ALC metering for setting mic gain to how long is a Morse dot or dash, step up and ask us! A series of ICOM's RADIO NEWS newsletters are also being published and distributed throughout the U.S. They guide you step-by-step through antenna selection and installation, station assembly, operating procedures, DX'ing, mobiling, packeting, and much more. If you have not received ICOM's newsletters, tell us. We are on your side and anxious to help you!

Many new licensees begin their on-theair activities with FM operations on the popular 222MHz band. These voice communications are perfect for emergency use, keeping in touch with other ham family members and joining repeater conversations in almost every city. The line-of-sight range of VHF bands like 222MHz is several miles, and extends according to your area and its repeaters.

ICOM manufactures two models of handheld 222MHz FM transceivers to meet each amateur's needs. The simple-to-

operate IC-3AT is a 1.5 watt unit with convenient top-mounted thumbwheels for easy frequency selection. It includes a front keypad for autopatching, and it is an ideal first rig for portable use. ICOM's deluxe 5watt IC-03AT sports a dual purpose front keypad that is used for both operating and autopatching. You can enter frequencies, repeater offsets, memory and scanning selections, and enjoy full base station operations right from your hand.

When VHF mobiling is your choice, ICOM's 25-watt IC-38A transceiver is the perfect selection. This "two-in-one special" can be used as easily as an auto's AM/ FM radio or operated as a fully deluxe unit with band and memory scanning, any repeater offset selection, and much more. Alternately you can choose all mode operating luxury both at home and in your auto with ICOM's all-in-one cabinet IC-375A transceiver. It includes a built-in AC supply, DC power socket, 99 memories, 25 watts and a data switch for convenient packet operating. Today's VHF activities are indeed exciting, yet they are only a tip of the iceburg.

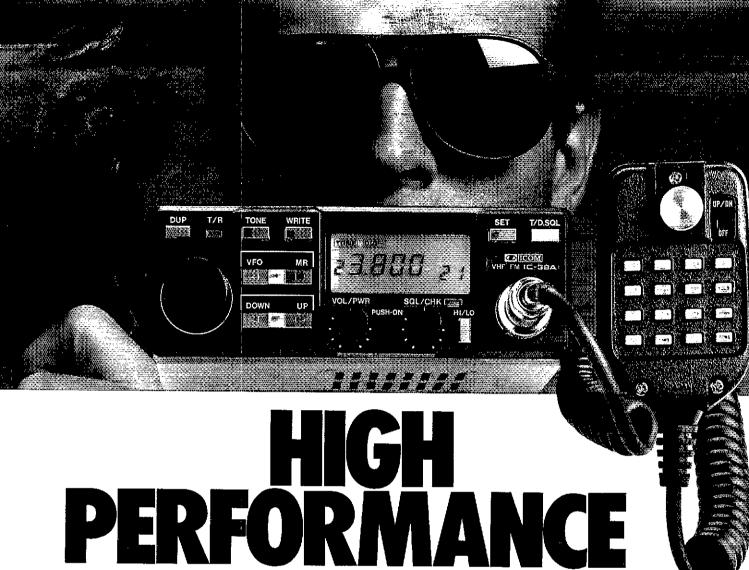
Ten meters is a Novice operator's delight for working the world with a barefoot transceiver and basic antenna system. This band is typically open for action from midmorning until one or two hours around sunset, with Spring and Fall equinox usually enhancing conditions, and you can enjoy voice operations using SSB between 28,300 and 28,500MHz.

There's more! You can use Morse Code for operating on the big DX band of 15 meters and the "stateside favoring" bands of 40 and 80 meters. Morse Code also bridges many language barriers for super exciting DX'ing. Studying to upgrade your license? You can increase your code speed by copying W1AW's evening code practice on 40 and 80 meters.

Remember, too, a license is not required to listen on any frequency. Make hamming a family affair by tuning in hurricane nets or rare DX on 20 meters, ships on marine frequencies or direct-from-the-source foreign news broadcasts on international shortwave bands. In fact, that's how many of today's upper class operators were first inspired to become radio amateurs!

The long term benefits of owning a full coverage HF transceiver are endless, and the most popular units among new amateurs are ICOM's IC-735 and IC-751A. Both 100 watt output units include full shortwave reception. all mode operation, memories, scanning, and a wealth of special features you can use or overlook as your desires dictate. The compact IC-735 fits into most small spaces. You can enjoy it at home, in your auto, or portable on vacations. Its simple front panel layout makes operation a breeze. Add its optional PS-55 AC supply and SP-7 speaker, and you have a setup that is as beautiful to view as it is to operate. ICOM's midsize IC-751A has the same outstanding features, plus it includes more memories and more CW operating attractions. Install ICOM's optional PS-35 AC supply inside the IC-751A and it becomes a complete station.

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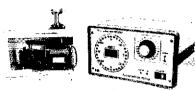
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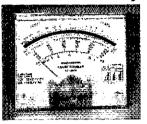
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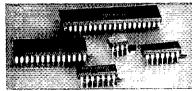
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The IC-900 includes an ultra compact remote controller, an interface A unit, Interface B unit, SP-8 speaker, HM-14 up/down DTMF mic. fiber optic and controller cables.

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Hz readout.

Interface Unit A is installed in a location near the driver's seat.

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Interface Unit B controls

the six band units and can be installed in your car's trunk. A fiber optic cable runs from Interface A to Interface B, which transports an abun-

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UX-19A 10W/1W 28-30MHz UX-29A 25W/5W 138-174MHz Rx; 140.1-150MHz Tx UX-29H 45W/5W 138-174MHz Rx; 140,1-150MHz Tx UX-39A 25W/5W 216-236MHz Rx; 220-225MHz Tx UX-49A 25W/5W 440-450MHz UX-59A 10W/1W 50-54MHz

inches wide by I inch deep, the remote controller can be installed on your car's Power Output Frequency dash or sun visor with the supplied velcro. And, if you want, take the controller with you when you leave your car. The controller features a super large, highly visible LCD. UX-129A 10W/1W 1240-1300MHz







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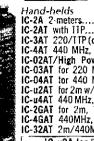
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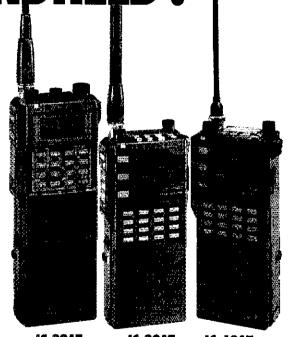
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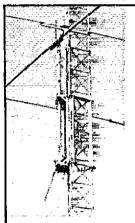
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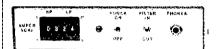
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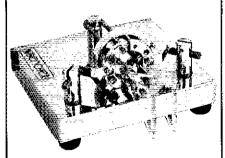
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The brains of the operation: The FT767GX. This intelligent HF/VHF/UHF base station includes four microprocessors for unparalleled flexibility and ease of operation.

Features include 160 to 10 meter transmit, including WARC bands. Optional plug-in modules for 6-meter, 2-meter and 70-cm operation. Receiver coverage from 100 kHz to 30 MHz. AM, FM, SSB, CW, AFSK modes built in. Ten memories that store frequency, mode, and CTCSS information (optional CTCSS unit for controlled-access repeaters). Memory check feature for checking memory status without affecting operating frequency. Dual VFOs with one-touch split frequency capability. VFO tracking for slaved VFO-A/VFO-B operation at a constant offset. Digital display in



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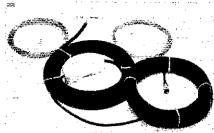
RF clipping speech processor. IF shift for both receive and transmit (TX side allows you to adjust voice frequency response pattern). IF monitor. IF notch filter. Audio low-pass filter.

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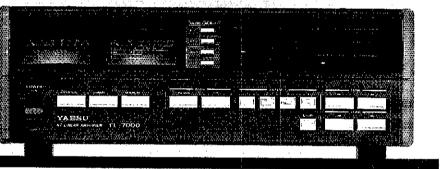
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rated dissipation 290 watts each) operated at 24 volts for excellent intermodulation rejection in transmitter.

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Sixty-two programmable memories that store

frequency, mode, filter selected, channel number and a 7 character alpha-numeric "tag" for entering channel I.D. Scan rate is selectable and as each memory is scanned all of the stored information is displayed (what a light show!). Alternately, the memories can be funed with the main tuning knob.

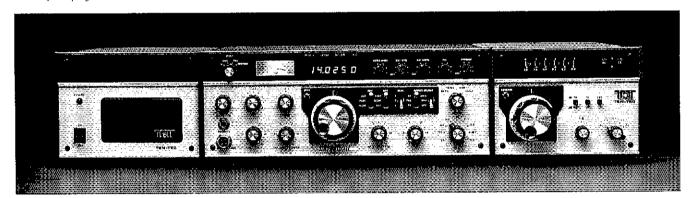
Frequency selection is with the main tuning knob, direct keypad entry or up/down buttons that will shift in 100 kHz or one MHz increments or to the next ham band. DISPlay button selects 24 hour clock or date or tag. VOICE button causes a voice frequency announcement with optional synthesized voice board installed.

Rear panel controls are provided to adjust the VOX, cw monitor level and tone, and SSB

sidetone monitor level. Switching is provided to control conventional linear amplifiers and of course, high speed switching for QSK linears, such as the Titan or the Hercules II. Other rear panel inputs and outputs for transverters, FSK (170 Hz shift), fixed level audio out, audio in, external speaker, aux dc jack and provision for the optional RS-232 control interface. An absolute delight for the all mode operator.

The Paragon is the result of a three year engineering effort. We are proud of the Paragon and we think it has set new standards of

excellence in synthesized rigs. Check it out vourself. We think that you will share our pride in the Paragon.



The Classic CORSAIR

Unique in all the world, the CORSAIR II is the only ham transceiver available that uses a crystal mixed, permeability tuned oscillator. The ability of this scheme to reject strong adjacent signals and to dig out weak signals under the most adverse conditions is legendary. The 95 dB of dynamic range is all useable!

Frequency tuning is also unique. The main tuning is 18 kHz per turn. Dual range offset tuning

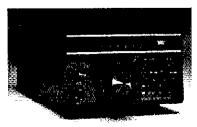
can control transmit, receive or transceive. Selectivity is enhanced with a 16 pole crystal ladder filter and pass band tuning, The $50+\,\mathrm{dB}$ notch filter virtually eliminates carrier type interference. An eight pole audio filter is standard and the I-F filters are selectable independent of mode for superior operation on the digital modes.

The transmitter is well known for outstanding audio quality on SSB and QSK CW performance is

simply beyond comparison. All ham bands are covered, 160 through 10 meters with WWV at 10 MHz. The front panel is a thoughtful and spacious arrangement with only the controls that you need.

If your number one priority is outstanding performance on the ham bands, and simplicity is still a virtue, you may be the kind of purist who deserves the classic CORSAIR II.

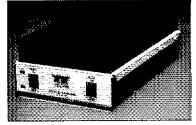
Add Satellite Communications To Your HF Station



Model 2510B

The Model 2510B, mode B, satellite station is a 70 cm, 10 watt SSB and CW transmitter with a super-sensitive, low noise, 2 meter to 29 MHz receive converter. The receive conversion idea takes advantage of the excellent selectivity and sensitivity that you arrantage of the excellent selectivity and sensitivity that you already have in your HF station. Frequency tuning is with the PTO in the 2510B and the transmitter automatically tracks the receive frequency for "transceive" operation. "Split" operation is also provided. Two bands are included for full coverage of Oscar 10 and Coort 13. Oscar 13

The Model 2410 is an all mode, broadband, 100 watt, 70 cm amplifier that adds 10 dB of gain to your up-link signal. Tx/Stby control can be hard-wired or automatic when the drive signal is present. Primary power is 12 to 14 Vdc at 20 amps.



Model 2410



TITAN: A Gallon And A Half Out! (5.68 Liters)

Titan

The TITAN has it all! 1500 watts output with ease, all legal bands 160 through 15 meters including MARS frequencies (10 meters after owner mod), lightning fast QSK for full break-in CW or the digital modes and a two speed blower for quiet operation on SSB. This awesome performance from a 17 lb desk top amplifier is made possible by a pair of Eimac® 3CX800A7 ceramic triodes and an external 45 lb power supply that is an absolute "horse."

The heart of the power supply is our own tape wound, four core Hypersil® transformer that weighs in at an impressive 41 lbs. The

transformer is conservatively rated at 2.5 kva CCS. (9.5 kva IVS.) The power supply is housed in a separate utility enclosure and is nearly noiseless even at full power.

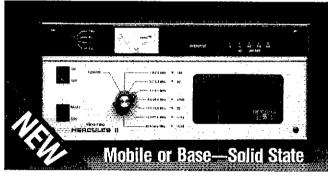
Front panel features include a ten element

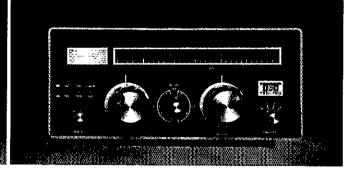
Front panel features include a ten element LED bargraph that displays peak power, a multimeter selectable to read plate voltage, forward or reverse power and grid current. A matching meter is dedicated to display plate current. The TUNE and LOAD controls use 3:1 vernier drives which, in combination with a great RF deck design, make the TITAN a real "pussy cat" to operate.

The low drive requirement of the TITAN (65 watts for 1500 watts output, typical) makes life much nicer for your exciter too. This is especially comforting when operating keydown modes such as RTTY. Two product review articles have been published, see QST April 1986, CQ February 1986.

If you are ready to choose your dream amplifier the TITAN has everything but the highest price. Check it out!

THE TITAN IS BACKED BY A THREE YEAR LIMITED WARRANTY.





Hercules II No Tune HF Amplifier

The HERCULES II, Model 420, is an amplifier design that offers a combination of unique features that can only be achieved using modern solid state technology. Instant on, 12 - 14 Vdc operation, no-tune broadband final and compact size. General coverage operation from 1.8 to 22 MHz (to 29.999 MHz with authorized modification). Add to that lightning fast QSK cw, remote control, superb linearity and a low drive requirement. Outstanding!

The HERCULES II will interface nicely with virtually all transceivers. The front panel includes an analog multi-meter for collector current, voltage, forward power and SWR. A 10 element LED bar-graph display indicates peak output power. Band selection is made from the front panel switch or remotely controlled through a rear panel connector. Accessories are available for mobile remote control and automatic band tracking when using a Paragon. A front panel speaker is built-in.

The Model 9420 115/220 Vac power supply is in a separate utility enclosure and connects to the RF deck using a 6 foot power cable. It provides 80 amps to the amplifier plus 20 amps at 13.8 Vdc to power a 100 watt output exciter.

KW Antenna Tuner

The Model 229B adds a lot of versatility to your HF station antenna system. With this tuner you can load virtually any unbalanced (coax or single wire) antenna. With the accessory balun, antennas with balanced feeders can be used. Maximum legal power may be used from 1.6 to 30 MHz. The modified "L" network will tame an SWR of at least 10:1, any phase angle, without "false load" problems. Lighted multi-meter shows power in two ranges plus reflected power. A great way to operate all bands with something less than a world-class antenna farm.

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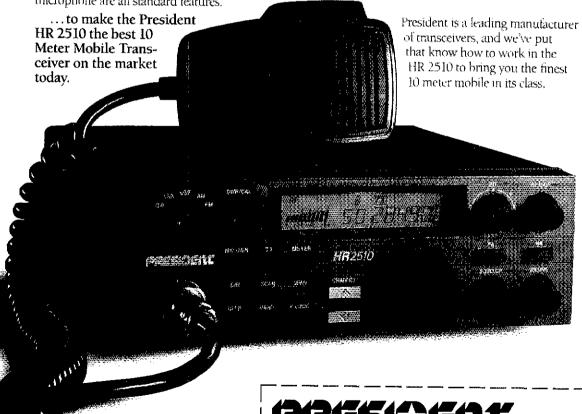
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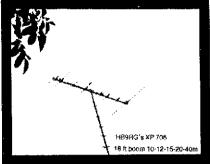


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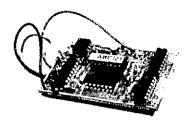
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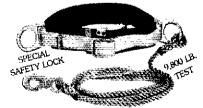
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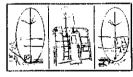
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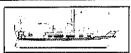
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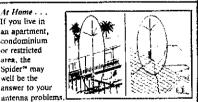
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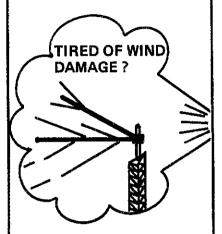
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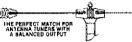
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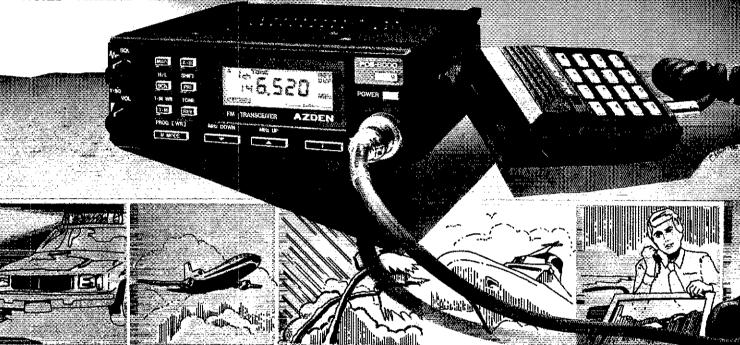
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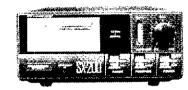
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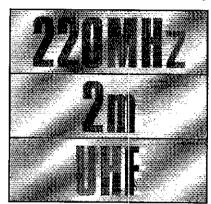
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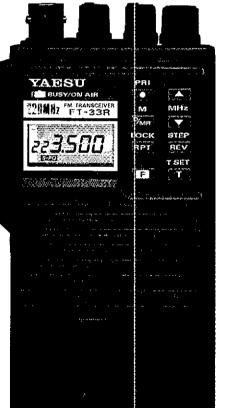
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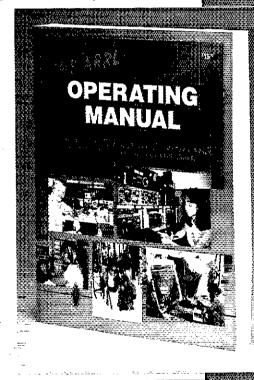
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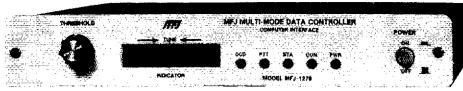
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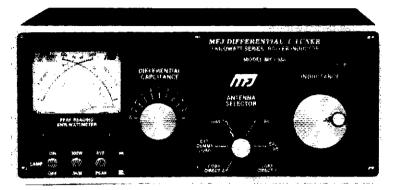
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You get a 6-position ceramic antenna switch that lets you select two coax lines and/or random wires (direct or through tuner), balanced line and external dummy load.

A new current balun for balanced lines minimizes feedline radiation that causes field pattern distortion, TVI and RF in your shack. Ceramic feedthru insulators for balanced lines withstand high voltages and temperatures.

New Antenna Tuner Technology
MFJ brings you three innovations in
antenna tuner technology: a new
Differential-Tim circuit simplifies tuning:
a new directional coupler gives you more
accurate SWR, forward and reflected
power readings; and a new current balun
reduces feedline radiation.

Differential-T Tuner^{im}: A New Twist on a Proven Technology

By replacing the two variable capacitors with a single differential capacitor you get a wide range T-network tuner with only two controls — the differential capacitor and a roller inductor

That's how you get the new MFJ Differential-T Tunertm that makes tuning easier than ever, gives you minimum SWR at only one setting and has a broadband response that ends constant re-tuning. You'll spend your time QSOing

instead of fooling with your tuner.

The compact 10¾ x 4½ x 15 inch cabinet has plenty of room to mount the silver-plated roller inductor away from metal surfaces for maximum Q -- you get high efficiency and more power into your antenna.

The wide spaced air gap differential transmitting capacitor lets you run a full 3 KW PEP -- no worries about arcing.

A New Directional Coupler: Accurate SWR and Power Reading

MFJ's Cross-Needle SWR/Wattmeter gives you more accurate SWR and power readings over a wider frequency range with no frequency sensitive adjustments.

That's because MFJ's new directional coupler gives you up to an order of magnitude higher directivity and coupling factor than conventional circuits . . . plus it gives you a flat frequency response that requires no frequency compensation.

The cross-needle meter lets you read forward/reflected power in 2 ranges: 200/50 and 2000/500 watts. The meter lamp is front-panel switched and requires 12 volts.

A switch lets you select peak or average power readings.

A New Current Balun: Reduces Feedline Radiation

Nearly all commercially built tuners use a "voltage" balun. The "voltage" balun forces the *voltages* to be equal on the two antenna halves. It minimizes unbalanced currents *only* if the antenna is perfectly balanced --not the case with practical antennas.

The MFJ-986 uses a true current balun to force equal currents into the two antenna halves -- even if your antenna is not perfectly balanced -- so you get minimum unbalanced currents.

The current balun gives superior balance over the "voltage" balun.

Minimum unbalanced current reduces field pattern distortion -- which concentrates your power for a stronger



MFJ ENTERPRISES, INC. Box 494, Miss. State, MS 39762 601-323-5869 Telex: 53-4590 MFJSTKV signal - plus it reduces TVI and RF in your shack caused by feedline radiation.

The MFJ-986 Differential-T Tunerim: Get absolute minimum SWR

Get the tuner that incorporates the latest innovations by the world's leader in antenna tuner technology.

See your dealer today for the new MFJ-986 Differential-Tim 3 KW Roller Inductor Tuner. Include \$10 shipping/handling if ordering direct.

WHY CHOOSE AN MFJ TUNER?

Hard-earned Reputation: There's just no shortcut. MFJ is a name you can trust — more hams trust MFJ tuners throughout the world than all other tuners combined.

Proven Reliability: MFJ has made more tuners for more years than anyone else — with MFJ tuners you get a highly-developed product with proven reliability.

First-rate Performance: MFJ tuners have earned their reputation for being able to match just about anything -- anywhere.

One full year unconditional guarantee: That means we will repair or replace your tuner (at our option) no matter what for a full year.

Continuing Service: MFJ Customer Service Technicians are available to help you keep your MFJ tuner performing flawlessly -- no matter how long you have it -- just call 601-323-5869.

Your very best value: MFJ tuners give you the most for your money. Not only do you get a proven tuner at the lowest cost - you also get a one year unconditional guarantee and continuing service. That's how MFJ became the world's leading tuner manufacturer -- by giving you your very best value.

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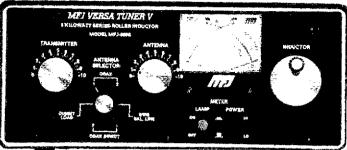
Invest in the finest 3 KW roller inductor tuner money can buy with dummy load, new peak reading Meter and more.

The MFJ-989C is a compact 3 KW roller inductor tuner with a new neak reading Cross Needle SWR/Wattmeter. The roller inductor lets you get your SWR down to absolute minimum,

With three continuously variable components - two massive 6 KV capacitors and a high inductance roller inductor - you get precise control over SWR and the widest matching range possible from 1.8-30 MHz.

You get a new lighted peak and average reading Cross Needle SWR/Wattmeter with a new more accurate directional coupler.

You get a giant two core balun wound with teflon wire for balanced



MFJ-989C

lines and a 6-position antenna switch with extra heavy switch contacts.

You get a 50 ohm 300 watt dummy load for tuning your exciter, a tilt stand for easy viewing and a 3-digit turns counter plus a spinner knob for exact inductance control.

Its compact 103/4x41/2x15 inch cabinet slides right into your station.

The MFJ-989C is not for everyone. However, if you do make the investment, you'll get the finest 3 KW tuner money can buy - one that will give you a lifetime of use, one that takes the fear out of high power operation and one that lets you get your SWR down to absolute minimum.

MFJ's Best VERSA TUNER II



MFJ-949C

The MFJ-949C gives you more precise matches than any tuner that \$13995 uses two tapped inductors. Why? Because you get two continuously

variable capacitors that give you infinitely more positions than the limited number on switched coils.

This gives you the precise control you need to get your SWR down to a minimum. After all, isn't that why you need a tuner.

You also get a dual range lighted Cross-Needle SWR/Wattmeter, 6-position antenna switch, 50 ohm 300 watt dummy load, balun for balanced lines and continuous 1.8-30 MHz coverage -- all in a compact 10x3x7 inch cabinet that fits right into your station.

With MFJ's best 300 watt tuner you get an MFJ tuner that has earned a reputation for being able to match just about anything -- on that is highly perfected and has years of proven reliability

MFJ's smallest VERSA TUNER

MFJ-901B The MFJ-

901B is our smallest -- 5x2x6



inches -- and most affordable) 200 watt PEP Versa tuner -- when both your space and your budget is limited. Matches dipoles, vees, random wires. verticals, mobile whips, beams, balanced and coax lines continuously 1.8-30 MHz. Excellent for matching solid state rigs to linears. Efficient airwound inductor. 4:1 balun for balanced lines

144/220 MHz VHF TUNERS

MFJ-920

MFJ-921 \$69⁹⁵ m MFJ's newest VHF

tuners cover both 2 Meters and the new Novice 220 MHz bands. They handle 300 watts PEP and match a wide range of impedances for coax fed antennas. MFJ-921 has SWR/Wattmeter.

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MFJ's Fastest Selling TUNER MFJ's 1.5 KW VERSA TUNER III



The MFJ-941D is MFJ's fastest selling MFJ-941D 300 W PEP antenna tuner! Why? \$9995 Because it has more features than tuners costing much more and it matches everything continuously from 1.8-30 MHz.

It matches dipoles, vees, verticals, mobile whips, random wires, balanced and coax lines.

SWR/Wattmeter reads forward/reflected power in 30 and 300 watt ranges. Antenna switch selects 2 coax lines, direct or through tuner, random wire/ balanced line or tuner bypass. Efficient airwound inductor gives lower losses and more watts out. Has 4:1 balun, 1000 V capacitors, 10x3x7 inches,

MFJ's Mobile TUNER



MFJ-945C **\$79**95

Don't leave home without this mobile tuner! Have an uninterrupted trip as the MFJ-945C extends your antenna bandwidth and eliminates the need to stop. go outside and readjust your mobile whip.

You can operate anywhere in a band and get low SWR. You'll get maximum power out of your solid state or tube rig and it'll run cooler and last longer.

Small 8x2x6 inches uses little room. SWR/ Wattmeter and convenient placement of controls make tuning fast and easy while in motion, 300 watts PEP output, efficient airwound inductor, 1000 volt capacitors. Mobile mount, MFJ-20, \$3.00.

2 KW COAX **SWITCHES**

MFJ-1702 \$**1 9**95 (°

MFJ-1702, \$19.95. 2-positions.

60 dB isolation at 450 MHz Less than .2 dB loss. SWR below 1:1.2.

MFJ-1701, \$29.95. 6-positions. Unused positions grounded. For desk or wall mount,



For a few extra dollars, the MFJ-MFJ-962C 962C lets you use your barefoot rig \$1 995 now and have the capacity to add a 1500 watt PEP linear amplifer later.

Two continuously variable 6 KV capacitors give you precise control for getting your SWR down to a minimum. And lots of inductance gives you the widest matching range possible.

You can read both peak and average power with the lighted 2-color Cross Needle SWR/Wattmeter. A new directional coupler gives you more accurate readings over a wider frequency range.

Has 6-position ceramic antenna switch and a teflon wound two-core balun with ceramic feedthru insulators for balanced lines, 103/4x41/2x14 7/8 in.

MFJ's Random Wire TUNER

MFJ-16010 \$3995 You can operate

all bands anywhere with any transceiver when you let the MFJ-16010 turn any

random wire into a transmitting antenna. Great for apartment, motel, camping operation. Tunes 1.8-30 MHz. Handles 200 watts. Ultra compact 2x3x4 in.

MFJ artificial RF ground \$79⁹⁵ MFJ-931

You can create an artificial RF ground and eliminate RF "bites"



feedback, TVI and RFI when you let the MFJ-931 resonate a random length of wire and turn it into a tuned counterpoise. The MFJ-931 also lets you electrically place a far away RF ground directly at your rig - no matter how far away it is - by tuning out the reactance of your ground connection wire.

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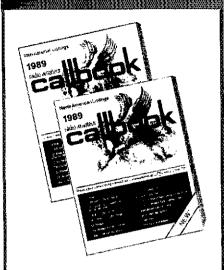
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'N-TENNA Quad Kits, Boomless Tribanders, \$64.50. Box 5332, Hickory, NC 28603.

KWM-380/HF-380 Repairs. Kirby, K7WOC, 713-320-2324.

TUBES WANTED: I pay cash or trade for all types of transmitting or special purpose tubes. Mike Forman, 1472 McArthur Blvd., Oakland, CA 94602, 415-530-8840.

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HAM PROGRAMS for Commodore, IBM-PC, Apple, TI99/4A. Send legal size SASE: EPO Software, 7805 NE 147th Avenue, Vancouver, WA 98682.

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APARTMENT Dwellers/Portable Antenna System. For HF. SASE for Information. Burk Electronics, 35 North Kensington, I.a Grange, IL 60525, 312-482-9310.

WANT: RS-6 Radio or Components of, W8MFL, 612-698-4851.

WANTED: Six Meter FM Equipment. Interested in Genave GTX-600, Regency HR-6, etc. Also GE, Motorola, RCA portables, mobiles or bases that are low band high split that could be converted for six meters. Reasonable. WA3RSP, 469 Jayson Avenue, Pittsburgh, PA 15228.

NY HAMS Dream House. A modern ranch house on 1.5 acres, 450 th. above sea level, 40 ft. tower, good reception, 2M and 6M extends over 200% miles north of the Empire State Building in White Plains. NY. Easy commute to Manhattan, 360° view of horizon, no other buildings or structures at same level for miles, very private setting, borders 1000 acre natural preserve. For Sale by owner, \$750,000. Dick, 914-761-1966, 717-253-1278 eves.

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DIL AWARDS for that LID you know. Set of four different of-ficial awards. Worked All Neighbors, Radio's Biggest Egotist. Nothing Ever Works and World's Biggest LID. 37 ppd. Fred England, W2SV8, 3900 Canterbury Road, New Bern, NC

BIRDS on your antenna? Try our Decoy Owl, \$19.95. They really work! Ham Radio Outlet, 1-800-854-6046.

WANTED: Six Meter SSB Equipment. Interested in Drake, Swan, Heath, etc. Also interested in RF amplifiers. Reasona-ble. WA3RSP, 469 Jayson Avenue, Pittsburgh, PA 15228.

FOR SALE: ComTek ACB-4 Array Switch. For your 2 or 4 element phased vertical arrays on 160M, 80M, or 40M. Complete. Contains remote switchbox with hybrid power dividers and relays, and console control box. Handles 5 KW. Complete directions. Works with 1/4 wave verticals or 1/2 waves. Now you can get gain and directivity at the throw of a switch. Compete with the big boys. Only \$195 US + \$18 S.&.H. (Foreign, add 10%). ComTek, P.O. Box 202, Hopkinton, MA 01748.

SPY RADIOS Wantedl Any type or periodl Military radios in civilian suitcases; radios beginning in "RS"; "SS", (example "SSTR-1" "RR-6", sel; AN-PRC-1, 5, 10! Melton, days 318-747-9616, evenings 318-798-7319.

CIPHERING Equipment (M-209, M-94, others) Wanted, Books, Manuals, anything related to secret writing. W. Alfred Road, Merrick, NY 11566, 516-378-0263.

WANTED: ICOM IC-30A, 440 MHz Xtal. Rig. \$100 if good condition. Dave, K5JOI, 6714 Gaston Avenue, Dallas, TX 75214-4028, 214-826-0535.

LIMITED Space Dipoles...Tri-Bander 160/80/40...\$75; Dualband 160/80, 160/40, 80/40...\$59.50; 80/20...\$49.50; 40/10...\$47.50. All coax led, fow YSWR, no tuning required, maximum power. GSRVz...\$35; GSRV junior...\$32, UPS prepaid. SASE. Tom Evans, W1JC, 113 Stratton Brook, Simsbury, CT 06070.

KENWOOD VFO 520 Wanted, W1LF, 617-899-2624.

VACATION—Ham high in Colorado Rockies. Furnished Mt. Chalet with 205B @ 85' and Collins station. By week. WØLSD, 719-395-6547 nights.

EXCELLENT HRO-60 with A, B, C, D, G, AC Coils. Speaker, \$200, K7LQ1

NOSTALGIC OM looking for Hammarlund HQ-140-XA or Hallicrafter SX-52. Also a WRIL Globe King 500A. B OT Transmitter. Even if not working, unit should be cosmertically mint or near mint or else I get thrown out of the house along with "att that dirty junk". Will pay fair price. Contact WA1YIW, 3245 Heather Hill Lane, Tatlahassee, FL 32308, 904-893-3936 after 9 PM.

AUSTIN, Texas QTH of N5CQ: 4 bedroom, 2 bath home, 2000 square feet, with 2 fireplaces on large, fenced, fully landscaped lot with oak trees and established rose, vegetable, and herb gardens. Round Rock school district, convenient to major employers. One bedroom is set up as a hamshack with dedicated 110, 220, and phone circuits. Good elevation with 80 foot professionally installed Ronn 455 with A4, 2M beam, discone, dipoles. \$115,000. Call 512-250-9032.

alpoiss. \$115,000. Call 312-220-503.

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CHEAP PACKET for the C64/C128. Digicom>64 TNC emulator software with documentation and schematics for AM7910 based HF-VHF interface, \$6 ppd. Complete kit \$49.95. Assembled \$79.95. Both include free disk. Add \$2.50 shipplangues with the complete kit \$40.00 pdg. See my 73 Magazine article (August 1988) for details. SASE for into. Barry Kutner, W2UP, 614-B Palmer Lane, Yardley, D4 10067.

OTH—20 acre mountain top in scenic Southeast Oklahoma. 2450 feet msl. 1900 feet above average terrain. One of the highest spots in Eastern Oklahoma. Ideal DX, contest, camp-ing, cabin location. 360 degree unobstructed view. Write or call for information and photos. Stan Wigh, WB6UYG, 2133 14th, Kingsburg, CA 93631, 209-897-1124, Priced at \$11,000.

ADOPTION, I have listened in the night and have heard, low ADOPTION. I have listened in the night and have heard, low against the ground the cry of lonely, orphaned, and forgotten Telegraph Keys and Bugs. Times past, they were loved, and used, daily, nay hourly, but now languish, almost unknown in many a dusty box or drawer. If you happen to lind any of these unfortunates, please give them our address or telephone number and we would be overjoyed to pay the adoption fee and give them regular attention, care and use. Thank you, Reno Telegraph Key Orphan Home, W7SK Headmaster, c/o Box 7415, Reno, NV 89510-7415, 702-356-0615 collect.

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ATLAS HADIOS Wanted-working or not. RF Parts Co., 619-744-0720, 800-854-1927.

DXpedition to Montserrat for only \$300/week, radio included. Complete details for SASE or call: Box 50, Fulton, CA 95439, 707-523-1001.

WANTED: Heath 5010 Keyer, KA5FIKC.

WANTED: SB220/1 or equiv., TH6, TH6 to TH7 Kit, T2X Rotator, Heath CW Keybd., Heath lambic Keyer, Bencher lambic Key. W2UGM, 66 Columbus Avenue, Closter, NJ 07624, 201-767-0123.

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WANT: R-1004 Receiver, part of AN/GRC-109. Miles Anderson, K2CBY, RFD 2, Cornell Road, Sag Harbor, NY 11963, 516-725-3431 evenings.



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minations are requested for 'Radio Amateur of E Year,' 'Special Achievement' and 'Technical hievement' awards. Contact; Hamvention Awards airman, Box 964, Dayton, OH 45401.

ense Exams

vice thru Extra exams scheduled Saturday and inday by appointment only. Send FCC form 610 lg. 1985 or later) - with requested elements own at top of form, copy of present license and eck for prevailing ARRL rates (payable to RL/VEC) to: Exam Registration, 8830 Windbluff lnt, Dayton, OH 45458

· Asst. General Chairman, Ed Hillman, N8ALN

1989 Deadlines

Award Nominations: March 15

Lodging: April 7

License Exams: March 26

Advance Registration and banquet:
USA - April 4 Canada - March 31

Flea Market Space:

Spaces will be allocated by the Hamvention committee from all orders recieved prior to February 1. Express Mall *NOT* be necessary! Notification of space assignment will be mailed by March 15, 1989.

Information

General Information: (513) 433-7720 or, Box 2205, Dayton, OH 45401 Lodging Information: (513) 223-2612 (No Reservations By Phone)

Lodging

Please write to Lodging, Dayton Hamvention, Chamber Plaza, 5th & Main Streets, Dayton, OH 45402 or refer to our 1988 Hamvention program for lodging information which includes a listing of hotel/motels located in the surrounding areas of Dayton. Reservations for the surrounding area will then become the responsibility of the individual.

HAMVENTION is sponsored by the Dayton Amateur Radio Association Inc.

vance Registration Form	<u>How</u>	Many	
ton Hamvention 1989 ervation Deadline – USA-April 4. Canada-March 31 Market Reservation Deadline: February 1	Admission (valid all 3 days) Grand Banquet	@ \$10.00* { @ \$20.00** {	
lose check or money order for amount indicated send a self addressed stamped envelope.	Women's Luncheon (Saturday) (Sunday)	@ \$7.00 \$ @ \$7.00 \$	
se Type or Print your Name and Address clearly.	Flea Market (Max. 3 spaces) Admission ticket must be ordered with flea mai	\$25/I space \$50/2 adjacent \$150/3 adjacent ket Uckets Total	·
	* \$12,00 at door	** \$22.00 at door, if	available

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3716EHS	500' galvanized 7 strand	\$40.00	
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1745110	DOG GENERALITY OF STEERING.	4 10 00
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THOURS	3 element "Junior Thunderbird"	. \$221.00
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TH2MK3S	2 element Thunderbird*	\$202.00
TH7DX5	element (hunderbird)	\$537.00
FXP 14	septorer 14 triband beam	\$365.00
0K710	30740 M conv Exp 14	\$91 UU
	Monoband	
103BAS	long John is element 10 mlr	578 00

1058AS	tong John i5 element 10 mtr	\$174.00
155BAS	long John 5 element 15 mtr	\$265 00
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i-18	Discoverer' rotary dipole 30/40mt/	\$150,00
7-23	Discoverer 2 etem 40 meter beam	\$420.00
7.35	converts 7-2\$ to 3 elem. beam	\$264 00
	Multiband Verticals	
18HTS	Hy-Yower' 10 thru 80 meters	\$502.00
18VS	base loaded 10 thru 80 meters	\$39 00
TRAVUS	trap vertical 10 thru 20 meters	\$49.00
14AVD/WBS	trap vertical to thru 40 meters	\$84.00
IBAVI/WBS	trap vertical 10 thru 80 meters	\$123 00

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2800S	trap doublet 40 and 80 meters	\$59.00
5800S	trap doublet 10 thru 80 meters	\$109.00
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2588	? meter 5 element heam	\$33 00
8BS	: meter 8 element beam	\$39.00
7148S	2 meter 14 element beam	\$50.00
6488	i element b meter beam.	\$84.00
V-25	colinear gain vertical 138-174 MHz.	\$56.00

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V-25	colinear gain vertical	138-174 MHz.	\$56.00
V-3S	colinear gain vertical		\$49 00
V-45	colinear gain vertical		\$67.00
GPG2A	base, 2 mtr ground VHF & UHF Mo	plane	\$24.00
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HB144G8I	HyBander 2mtr	379-24 mt	\$49 00
HB144MAG	HyBander 2 meter		\$24.00
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A3		\$246.00
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A744	7 & 10 MHz add on kill for A4	
4218XL	18 element 2 mtr, 28 8° boomer	\$125 00
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A144-201	40 element 2 mtr 19scar .	\$77.50
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BC55XLT BC200XLT BC175XL BC210XLY BC800XLT BC560XLT BC560XLT BC760XLT	10 Ch 10 Band hand held 200 Ch 12 band hand held 800 MHz 16 Ch 11 band arcraft AC/0C. 40 Ch 11 band arcraft & weather 40 Ch 12 band arcraft & 800 MHz 16 Ch 10 band mobile weather 100 Ch 11 band mobile weather 100 Ch 12 band arcraft & 800 MHz	\$114.90 \$269.90 \$149.90 \$179.90 \$239.90 \$189.90 \$279.90



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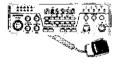
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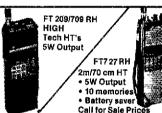


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AS7A	5	
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H\$20A	16	
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W-SELIER MITHER MOTEL		_	
Model	Cont. Amps	ICS Amps	Price
RS4A	3	4	\$ 45
AS7A	5	7	55
AS12A	9	12	75
H\$20A	16	20	95
AS20M	16	20	115
ASSSA	25	35	145
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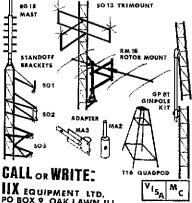
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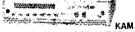
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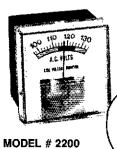
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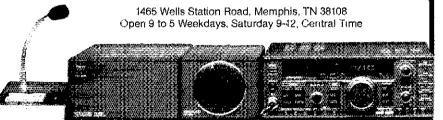
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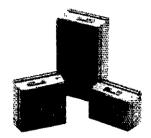




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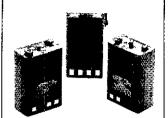
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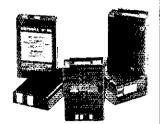


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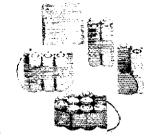


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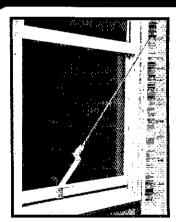
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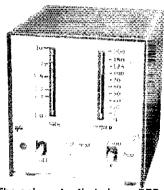


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Note-towers rated at 50 mph to EIA specifications

ALL ACCESSORIES IN STOCK—CALL

Ant. Lead*

15.4 sq. ft.

13.3 sq. ft.

11.7 sq. ft.

34.8 sq. ft.

29.1 sq. ft.

28.4 sq. ft.

ROHN GUYED TOWER SECTIONS

20G

25G.

Model

FK2548

FK2558

FK2568

FK4544

FK4554

FK4564

TOWER/GUY HARDWARE

1/4 "Preformed Guy Grip

3/16 EHS Guywire (3990 lb rating).

5/16 EHS Guywire (11,200 lb rating)

1/4 CCM Cable Clamp (1/4 * Cable)... 1/4 TH Thimble (fits all sizes)

3/8EE (3/8 * Eye & Eye Turnbuckle)

5/32 7 × 7 Aircraft Cable (2700 lb rating) 3/16 CCM Cable Clamp (3/16 ° or 5/32 *

3/8 EJ (3/8 "Eye & Jaw Furnbuckle) 1/2 × 9EF (1/2 " × 9 " Eye to Eye Furnbuckle)

1/2×9EJ (1/2×9*Eye & Jaw Turnbuckle) 1/2×12EE (1/2*12*Eye & Eye Turnbuckle)

6 * Diam · 4 ft Long Earth Screw Anchor

1/2 × 12EE (1/2"12" Eye & Eye Turnbuckle) \$12.95 1/2 × 12EJ (1/2" × 12" Eye & Jaw Turnbuckle)\$13.95 5/8 × 12EJ (5/8" × 12" Eye & Jaw Turnbuckle)\$16.95 3/16" Preformed Guy Grip. \$2.49

1/4 EHS Guywire (6650 ib rating)

10 FT, \$TACKED SECTIONS G \$49.50 45G G \$59.50 55G

ROHN FOLDOVER TOWERS

Height

48 ft.

58 ft.

68 ft.

44 ft.

54 ft.

64 ft.

25G Double Guy Kit.....

45G Double Guy Kit.....\$299.

"Above antenna loads for 70 mph winds w/guys at hinge and apox. All foldover lowers shipped freight prepaid in 48 states. Prices 10% higher west of Rockies.

RQ-213U



\$.36/ft \$349/1000 ft. Up to 600 ft via UPS

RG-213/U-95% Bare Copper Shield MII-Spec Non-contaminating Jacket for longer life than RGS cables

Our RG-213/U uses virgin materials. Guaranteed Highest Quality!

\$.22/ft \$209/1000 ft. RG8X—95% Bare Copper Shield • Low Loss
 Non-contaminating Vinyl Jacket Foam Dielectric

\$.42/ft \$409/1000 ft, Same Specs as Reiden 9913

	attility of become no constant and to
٠	Lower loss than AG8U
٠	100% shielded-braid & foil

* 100 % Silipinga-Digiti ox it	ш
HARDLINE/HELIAX®	-
THE PERSON	

	Lowest Loss for VHF/UHF!
/2" Alum, w/poly Jacket /2" I.DF4-50 Andrew Heliax®	\$.79/tt.
%* LDF5-50 Andrew Heliax* .	\$4.99/ft.

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Country Cubi					
Cable Type	împed.	10MHz	30MHz	150MHz	450MH:
RG-213/U	50	.6	.9	2.3	5.2
RGBX	52	.8	1.2	3.5	5.8
9085	50	.4	.54	1.7	3.1
⅓ ″ Alum	50	3	.5	1.2	2.2
1/2 "Heliax	50	.2	.4	.9	1.6
% " Hellax	50	.1	.2	.5	.9

HARDLINE &	HELIAX®	CONNECTO	RS	
Cable Type	UHF FML	UKF MALE	NFML	N MAL
% " Heliax"	\$29	\$29	\$29	\$29
% " Heliax®	\$55	\$55	\$55	\$55

COAX CONNECTORS	
Amphenol Silver PL259 . \$1,50 UG218 N Male . \$3,50 9086/9913 N Male Connector . \$4,95	

ANTENNA WIRE & ACCESSORIES	
Stranded Copper 14ga	.\$.10/ft.
1/4 mile 18ga copper-clad steel wire	\$30
Dog bone end insulator	\$.79 aa.

Van Gerden	
1:1 Balun\$15 Cente	er Insulator\$8
Dipole Kits	0 \$31.95/D40 \$28.95
Short Dipole Kits SD80	\$35.95/\$040 \$33.95
All-band Dipole w/ladder tine	£20 Q5

DX-A 160-80-40 Slaper	\$49
CUSHCRAFT A3 3-el Tribander A4S 4-el Tribander Beam w/S.S. Hdwre	.\$259

	A4S 4-el Tribander Beam w/S.S. Hdwre\$349
ļ	A743 & A744, 30/40 mtr KIT for the A3 & A4.\$ 89
i	R4 20-10 mtr Vertical
	AP8 80-10 mtr Vertical
	AV5 80-10 mtr Vertica(\$119
	D40 40 mtr Dipale
	40-2CD 2-ei 40 mtr Beam
	A50-5 5-el 6 mtr Beam
	215 WB NEW 15-el 2 mtr Beam 89
_	230 WB NEW 30-el 2 mtr Beam\$229
ļ	4218 XL 18-el 2 mtr Beam
-1	nada da ina intern

3219 19-ei 2 mtr Beam......\$109

ARX2B 2 mtr Vertical....

424B 24-BI 432 MHz Beam.....

Discoverer 2-ei 40-mir Buam . .

	Discoverer 3-ei Conversion Kit	· v
	EXPLORER-14 SUPER-SPECIAL	щ
	OK710 30/40 mtr. Add-On-Kit.	<u>0</u>
	V2S 2-mtr Base Vertical	0
-	V4S 440MHz Base Vertical	0
	TH5MK2S Broad Band 5-el Triband Beam.	
	TH7DXS 7-el Triband Beam	=
	TH3JRS 3-el Triband Beam	⊴
	205BAS 5-et 20-mtr Beam	Ü
	155BAS 5-el 15-mtr Beam	Ū
	105BAS 5-el 10-mtr Beam	ď
	204BAS 4-el 20-mtr Beam	G,
	64BS 4-el 6-mtr Beam	
	12 AVQ 20-10 mtr vertical	~
	14 AVQ 40-10 mtr vertical	0
	18 AVT/WB 80-10mtr Vertical	ı.
	18HTS 80-10 mtr Hy-Tower Vertical	
-	23B\$ 3-el 2 mtr Beam	4
	25BS 5-el 2 mtr Beam	_
	28BS 8-el 2 mtr Beam	- 4
	214BS 14-el 2-mtr Beam	C
4	2BDO 80/40 mtr Trap Dipole	
1	5BDO 80-10 mtr Frap Dipole	
ı	BN86 80-10 mtr KW Balun W/Coax Seal	

HUSTLER				
6BTV 80-10 mtr Vert	\$149	5BTV	80-10 m	tr Veri
481V 40-10 mtr Vert	\$99	G7-14	4 2-mtr	Bas e

G6-144B 2-mtr Base .\$89						
Mobile Resonators	10m	15m	20m	40m	75m	
400W Standard	\$16	\$17	\$19	\$22	\$26	
2KW Super	\$20	\$22	\$25	\$29	\$39	
Bumper Mounts - S	orinas	· Foldi	по Ма	sts in S	tock	

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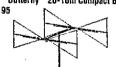
HF2V 80-40m Vertical \$139 Delivered

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Accessories:	
RMK II Roof Mtg. Kit \$55	
STR II Stub-Tuned Radials \$35	
TBR160 160m Coll Kit \$55	
30m Add-on Kit	
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FREE UPS on ACCESSORIES when HF2V purchased with antenna

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- Unique Deslan Reduces Size
- Turns w/TV Rotor

HFRV

- . Boom Length 6 Feet . Element Length 12.5 Feet

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KT34XA 6-el Broad Band Triband Beam.	\$589.9
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ROTORS

	Alliance HD73 (10.7 sq ft rating)	\$1	19.9
Ì	Alliance U110 (3 sq ft rating)		
ı	Telex CD 45H (8.5 sq ft rating).		\$Cal
	Telex HAM 4 (15 sq ft rating)		\$Cal
į	Telex Tailtwister (20 sq ft rating).		\$Cal
l	Telex HDR300 Heavy Duty (25 sq ft rating)		\$Cal

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Standard 8 cord cables \$.22/ft, (viny! |acket 2-#18 & 6-#22 ga) & Heavy Duty 8 Cond cable \$.39/ft (vinyl jacket 2-#16 & 6-#18 ga)

500 D Guy insulator (5/32 * or 3/18 * Cable) 502 Guy insulator (1/4 * Cable) 5/8 " Diam - 8 It Copper Clad Ground Rod PHILLYSTRAN GUY CABLE HPTG2100 Guy Cable (2100 lb rating) HPTG4000 Guy Cable (4000 lb rating) HPTG6700 Guy Cable (6700 lb rating) 9901LD Cable End (for 2100/4000 cable). 9902LD Cable End (for 6700 cable) Socketlast Potting Compound (does 6-8 ands)

GALVANIZED STEEL MASTS

Meavy Duty Steel Masts 2 in OD - Galvanized Finist					
Langth	S FT	18 FT	15 FT	20 F	
.12 in Wall	\$29	\$49	\$69	\$8	
.t8 in Wall	\$49	\$89	\$129	\$14	
	\$69	\$129	\$189	\$24	
	Longth 12 in Wall 18 in Wall 25 in Wall	. (8 in Wall 🕽 🗝	18 m Wall 349 359	. to in stall	

Alaska & for information



G5RV all band ante-

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- All Band, All Mode Transceiver
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FT-767GX BASESTATION

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- Mobile 10 Meter Transceiver
- SSB/AM/FM/CW
- 25 Watts PEP
- Computer Controlled Operation SALE PRICED

KENWOOD



TS-140S AFFORDABLE DX-ing!

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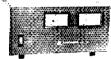
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- 144-147-995 MHz CAP and MARS Modifiable
- 10 Memories
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- 3 kw Roller Inductor Tuner
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Because the FT-757GX/II packs all its HF performance into one highly compact, action-ready case. A case so small, it even fits under airplane seats.

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With new features like memory storage of operating mode. Slow/fast tuning selection. Automatic step-change according to mode. IF notch filter, 10 memories. And VFO to VFO scan.

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100-watt RF output.

QSK operation. Massive heatsink and duct-flow cooling system for continuous RTTY operation for up to 30 minutes.

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Of course, the FT-757GX/II offers the kinds of options you'd expect from Yaesu, too. Including standard and heavyduty power supplies, automatic antenna tuner, and more.

So no matter where you work the DX, take along Yaesu's FT-757GX/II. The full-featured HF rig you'll have a real field day with.

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TS-140S

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Compact, easy-to-use, full of operating enhancements, and feature packed. These words describe the new TS-140S HF transceiver. Setting the pace once again, Kenwood introduces new innovations in the world of "look-alike" transceivers!

- Covers all HF Amateur bands with 100 W output. General coverage receiver tunes from 50 kHz to 35 MHz. (Receiver specifications guaranteed from 500 kHz to 30 MHz.) Modifiable for HF MARS operation. (Permit required).
- All modes built-in. LSB, USB, CW, FM and AM.
- Superior receiver dynamic range Kenwood DynaMix™ high sensitivity direct mixing system ensures true 102 dB receiver dynamic range.



- New Feature! Programmable band marker. Useful for staying within the limits of your ham license. For contesters, program in the suggested frequencies to prevent QRM to nonparticipants.
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- M. CH/VFO CH sub-dial. 10 kHz step tuning for quick QSY at VFO mode, and UP/DOWN memory channel for easy operation.
- Selectable full (QSK) or semi break-in CW.
- 31 memory channels. Store frequency, mode and CW wide/narrow selection. Split frequencies may be stored in 10 channels for repeater operation.
- RF power output control.
- AMTOR/PACKET compatible!
- . Built-in VOX circuit.
- MC-43S UP/DOWN mic. included.

Optional Accessories:

- AT-130 compact antenna tuner AT-250 automatic antenna tuner HS-5/HS-6/HS-7 headphones IF-232C/IF-10C computer interface
- MA-5/VP-1 HF mobile antenna (5 bands)
- MB-430 mobile bracket MC-43\$ extra
 UP/DOWN hand mic. MC-55 (8-pin) goose neck mobile mic. • MC-60A/MC-80/MC-85 desk mics.
- PG-2S extra DC cable PS-430 power supply
- SP-40/SP-50B mobile speakers SP-430 external speaker SW-100A/SW-200A/SW-2000 SWR/power meters TL-922A 2 kW PEP linear amplifier (not for CW QSK) TU-8 CTCSS tone unit
- YG-455C-1 500 Hz deluxe CW filter, YK-455C-1 New 500 Hz CW filter.



TS-680S

All-mode multi-bander

- 6m (50-54 MHz) 10 W output plus all HF Amateur bands (100 W output).
- Extended 6m receiver trequency range 45 MHz to 60 MHz, Specs, guaranteed from 50 to 54 MHz.
- Same functions of the TS-140S except optional VOX (VOX-4 required for VOX operation).
- Preamplifier for 6 and 10 meter band



Complete service manuals are available for all Kenwood transceivers and most accessories, Specifications, features, and prices are subject to change without notice or obligation.

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